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A COMPUTER ANALYSIS OF AFRICAN POLITICAL IDEOLOGY:
GHANA AND GUINEA

by
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African political ideology is linked with political action by content analyzing a series of speeches by African leaders. Kwame Nkrumah of Ghana and Sekou Toure of Guinea were selected for study. Political ideology, defined in terms of content, function and attributes, can be operationalized in a content analysis dictionary, the Pirro African Dictionary, created for use with the General Inquirer content analysis programs. Using this method of analysis, coupled with various statistical techniques, several hypotheses can be answered. A factor analysis of the content analysis uncovered major elements of African political ideology which include: a pragmatic or idealistic orientation; concern for legitimacy; ambiguity about relations with the outside world, particularly the west; goals of continental unity and anti-imperialism and emphasis on the role of government and party.

The finding that Ghana and Guinea have a major difference in their ideological orientation reverses general assumptions about the similarity of ideology throughout Africa. Ghana was practical and pragmatic while Guinea was idealistic and abstract. This finding led to a number of differences in content between the two countries. On the other hand, ideological content remained relatively the same over time. Both leaders developed a rhetoric at the time of independence which remained consistent over the ten-year period after independence. Reflection of these findings in the actions of Ghana reveal Nkrumah's unyielding stance on political development questions, his tendency to redefine participation as party organization rather than citizen response, his focus of all politics in the party and government which is epitomized in his person. Thus, if political change was to occur in Ghana, Nkrumah had to be removed. A military coup accomplished this in 1966. Further study is needed to show if these elements hold for other countries.

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CHAPTER ONE: POLITICAL IDEOLOGY

1. Introduction

This study focuses on the substantive content of political ideologies, the functions they perform and certain structural characteristics of these ideologies as seen in the newly independent African states. Political ideology is a complex phenomenon. It is a set of political beliefs which can be characterized as a pair of eyes. The lens of the eye bends light rays to hit the eyeball in certain directions and thus give "correct" vision. The world could be tall and skinny, short and fat, blurry up close, or hazy far away, etc. The viewer can look through thick lashes or watery tears. He could be color-blind or color-sensitive. Political ideology like a pair of eyes limits the perceptions of an individual.

This is not to imply that political ideology is determinative. The political system feels the impact of a number of things of which ideology is only one. Conceivably, political ideology could sway the direction of action, but an action could also change the political ideology. Political ideology can be used before, during or after political action.

2. Research Assumptions

I am going to look at political ideology in African countries through the words of the political leaders of these countries. I shall assume that the political ideology of the nation and the words of the political leader are the same. The leader has usually shaped the

nature of politics from the beginning of African political activity to the present day.¹ His words have been addressed to all the people in his country. Hence, they cross tribal, ethnic and language barriers. No other politicians, no other leaders, have done this same thing. No alternative sets of ideas have shaped political thought. The leader has seldom had to incorporate recalcitrant interest groups or political renegades, a thing which causes many Western politicians to continually modify their

¹ In most of the African countries political activity was initiated by the few individuals who were first to be educated. The leader who emerged from this group usually remained at the forefront as the politics gained momentum incorporating other incipient groups and other members. The life cycle of these leaders typically included a period of study at a university outside the country. Occasionally, as in the case of Hastings Kamuzu Banda or Jomo Kenyatta, a leader of previous generation remains the focal point of political activity and returns from abroad or exile to assume command. Ghana's Nkrumah is typical of the pattern going to the USA for university education and returning home to work with fledgling political groups in his country. Guinea's Touré is atypical in that he did not spend a great deal of time in France and his leadership training came in the trade union movement. Descriptions of the course of independence movement and their leaders is found in the works of many scholars, notably Thomas Hodgkin, Nationalism in Colonial Africa (Oxford University Press, 1956).

ideas.² But, because of this national character of all utterances, the political leader has been general and comprehensive rather than specific and particular. This is not to imply that he did not accommodate special groupings. For instance, Nkrumah of Ghana, gave a special ritualized place to chiefs because of his problems with the Ashanti chiefs. Rather, it indicates that the political ideology is the leaders' because there was no other potential or actual source of political ideology in these countries. If this is true, then an examination of the speeches, writings and other pronouncements of an African political leader ought to give us an understanding of his political ideology.³

²This statement is perhaps overgeneralized. Exceptions can be found, notably the Kenyan political renegade Oginda Odinga. However, the politics of these countries lacks the developed interest sectors found in most Western societies. There are few trade unions, farmers and businessmen are not organized. Most business is dominated by the government or foreign concerns. What interest group politics occur usually have tribal or ethnic bases. The political leaders are usually detribalized and Westernized to the extent that they view the nation as a whole political entity rather than a series of tribal groups. Hence, their speeches are national and general. The two leaders treated in this dissertation are typical of this. Both Nkrumah and Touré lacked large interest groups in their countries before independence. Nkrumah had opposition from the Ashanti chiefs and from a rival political group which favored a more individualized, tribalized organization. Toure's main opposition came from outside his country, from other leaders in similar French political groupings who perceived their colonial situation differently.

²George Herbert Mead discussed the problem of a man's words and their reflection of the self in Mind, Self, and Society, Charles W. Morris, ed. (Chicago: University of Chicago Press, 1934). Gregory Stone and others continue this discussion, bringing it up to date in a reader edited by Arnold Rose, Elements of Human Behavior (Boston: Houghton-Mifflin Co., 1962).

Using this kind of data, I will examine three basic questions about political ideology in Africa: 1. What is political ideology in the new nation-states of Africa? 2. How does the ideology change when the independence period is past? 3. What is the relationship of political ideology and political actions, in particular those actions regarding political development?

Although this research will look only at the three questions listed above, there are many more fascinating questions and problems of political ideology in Africa which are left for future research.⁴

To answer these questions, a variety of methods are possible: close reading and analysis; hand content analysis; surveying the listeners to the speeches, or computer content analysis. In order to handle accurately a large volume of material, I will use computer content analysis. The particular system I will use is known as the General Inquirer.⁵

In the second chapter, I shall describe the operationalization and methodology for obtaining answers to these three basic questions. In chapter three I shall discuss my findings about the nature of political ideology in Africa. By taking time periods before and after independence, chapter four will show how the crucial fact of independence affects the

⁴Some of these possibilities are listed by Kenneth Grundy, "Recent Contributions to the Study of African Political Thought," World Politics, 18:4 (July, 1966), pp. 674-98.

⁵This title refers to a series of computer programs developed in the Social Relations Department of Harvard University. Appendix I described the use of these programs in greater detail.

political ideology. I also will discuss how the different brands of colonialism can be reflected in post-independence politics. Chapter five attempts to gauge the impact of political ideologies on political strategies followed by the African leaders. Also, I will be looking at changes in the ideologies as reflected in political actions, especially with regard to political development.

In the remainder of this chapter I shall clarify two crucial terms: political ideology and political development. Also, the major propositions of the research will be set forth.

3. Political Ideology

There is no general agreement on a definition of political ideology. In current usage, the term has three major definitions. The first says political ideology is any emotional revolutionary theory.⁶ Second, political ideology can be any set of ideas or theory which opposes the

⁶The term "ideology" was originated by Destutt de Tracy in his multi-volume work on the French thinkers known as the Ideologues. Antoine Louis Claude, Destutt de Tracy, *Elements d'Ideologie* (4; Paris, 1825-7). To them "Ideology . . . was a philosophy by which all truth, justice, knowledge and correct decision were found through the mind and senses of each individual." Jay W. Stein, "Beginning of Ideology," South Atlantic Quarterly, 55 (April, 1956), pp. 163. Other noted scholars such as Marx and Engles, Pareto, Hegel and Weber, had definitions of ideology similar to the above. Pareto, for example, considered ideology as the essential functions and phenomena of non-logical actions. Pareto cited in Karl Loenstein, "Political Systems, Ideologies and Institutions: the Problem of Circulation," Western Political Quarterly, 6 (December, 1953), pp. 689.

status quo. This second use is clearly pejorative in intent.⁷ The third definition is more generalized. A political ideology is the entire system of philosophy plus the action orientation of an individual or group. Thus, every person and every group has an ideology of some kind. This third use rejects any normative judgment of ideology in a non-empirical setting.⁸ I will adopt this third type of definition. Political ideology then can be conveniently summarized in terms of its content, its functions, and the qualitative characteristics of its attributes.

a. The Content of Political Ideology

The first aspect of political ideology is its Content which will be discussed in three parts corresponding to the questions, "Who am I?" "Where am I going?" and "How do I get there?"

The collected group of leaders and people known as the nation-state answer the question, "Who am I?" with a series of what I call

⁷ Napoleon began the derogatory connotation of the term when he used it against the Ideologues. This use has been picked up for any theory of any group which opposes the status quo. Its extension includes the ideas of power-holders in the writings of their opponents. Thus, Webster's dictionary defines ideology as: "The integrated assertions, theories and aims constituting a politico-social program, often with an implication of factitious propagandizing," Webster's New International Dictionary, New Words Section (1956).

Karl Loenstein summarizes this second variety of the term: "The motive forces and incentives of political ideologies are either (a) the desire for change of the existing socio-political order... or (b) the desire for the maintenance and preservation of the existing socio-political status quo and the location of political power resulting therefrom," Loenstein, op. cit., p. 692.

⁸ This third use is more generalized. As L. H. Garstin said, "Ideologies finally are a universal phenomenon, found in all societies from the most primitive to the most civilized." L. H. Garstin, Each Age Is a Dream (New York: Bourgy and Curl, 1954), p. 8.

basic beliefs.⁹ These are fundamental descriptions about the nature of life and environment. Four basic beliefs will be discussed. The nature

⁹ Most of the scholars writing about political ideology make some reference to "basic belief" concepts. Robert E. Lane uses the following: "They (basic belief concepts) deal with the questions: Who will be the rulers? How will the rulers be selected? By what principles will they govern? . . . They (concepts) integrally affect some of the major goals of life . . . and all ideologies like all other beliefs, imply an empirical theory of cause and effect in the world, and a theory of the nature of man." Robert E. Lane, Political Ideology (Glencoe, Illinois: The Free Press, 1962), pp. 14-15. L. H. Garstin includes both nature of history and nature of man in his summary of these elements in his definition of ideology: "Ideologies in the true sense of the term include in their scheme a philosophy of history, an analysis of the present state of man's development in light of that philosophy . . ." Garstin, op. cit., p. 3. Harold D. Lasswell and Abraham Kaplan in Power and Society (New Haven: Yale University Press, 1950), p. 117, describe "basic beliefs" in their discussion of the political myth, admitting that the political myth is close to the concepts described above: "The political myth is the pattern of the basic political symbols current in a society. The basic symbols are those having a bearing on the social structure, not merely on some one particular power relationship or practice. They formulate the most general perspectives concerning interpersonal relations in the society . . ." David Apter in his "Introduction" to Ideology and Discontent (New York: The Free Press of Glencoe, 1964), p. 47, calls political ideology, "an application of particular moral prescriptions to collectivities." In this same volume, Leonard Binder speaks of it as "the values upon which political legitimacy and policy are said to exist." Leonard Binder in Apter, op. cit., p. 128. Karl Loenstein says of ideology in part: "An ideology is a consistent and integrated pattern of thoughts and beliefs, or thoughts converted into beliefs, explaining man's attitudes toward life and his existence in society, and advocating a conduct and action pattern responsive to and commensurate with such thoughts and beliefs." Loenstein, op. cit., p. 691.

This discussion of scholarly writing illustrates the "basic belief" concepts found throughout the literature. It is from these writings that I called the four "basic beliefs" to be investigated in this research.

of the political is first. Within each nation-state, normative boundaries are set for what is proper in the political sphere and what is not. It is decided who can and who cannot rule.¹⁰ Second, the nature of the past. Certain parts of history will be positively emphasized, other parts forgotten. In a nation-state there is wide variety in historical evidence and records and decisions must be made how to use these. Of particular interest in Africa is the role of tradition and traditional practices versus modernization.¹¹ The third basic belief to be discussed is the nature of man. Man has a set of roles both as an individual and collectively. He relates to the polity in a variety of ways prescribed by

¹⁰For example, in the United States, age is a criteria and the President must be at least 33 years of age. In Africa or even Great Britain, the king could be a child. The United States, to give another example, tries to keep a rigorous separation between religion and politics. In the Middle East, the Moslem religion is a major part of politics. Such criteria form a part of basic beliefs.

¹¹To illustrate this, recent studies of foreign policy have made much of the Soviet Union's preoccupation with World War II as a basis for policy, while in the United States this same war holds a vastly different place. To the Soviets this was the time of great suffering when the soul of the Russian people came forward and helped the mother-country. Never again can such a war occur and they will do anything possible to prevent it. The United States thinks more of the Revolution and the Civil War in such terms and thinks of World War II as the United States rushing abroad to save allies and assume her rightful place of supremacy. Herbert Kelman, International Behavior (New York: Holt, Rinehart, and Winston, 1965), chs. 7, 8. In Africa, many decisions have to be made about the continued role of the extended family, the allotment of funds for investigation of archeological data on medieval and prehistoric Africa, the place of the colonialist period, etc.

his society.¹² In addition, in a nation-state the nature of man includes the nature of all men in society, what has been termed the national image, in the eyes of the people themselves. By this is simply meant that a nation-state's populace will describe themselves using a particular set of adjectives and verbs.¹³ The final part of the "Who am I?" answer deals with the nature of cause and effect. For each nation-state certain political results are held to be descendant from certain causes. The nature of these causes and the effects that result from them describe basic beliefs about action and living.¹⁴ These four kinds of basic beliefs which will be covered in this research can be found in scholarly writings on political ideology.

¹²In the United States a man is considered as an individual who must and should think for himself. Hence, the category "independent," in voting. He relates to the polity in a one-to-one relationship as a voter, taxpayer, and citizen. In other countries for instance, India, man is part of a group like a caste or a family grouping where his relation to the government is as part of a commune which pays the taxes. In the U.S. man's relation to the policy is indirectly through election of representatives who describe his views. In ancient Greece it was direct through individual citizen participation. Africa has much of this direct participation on the local level.

¹³Foltz provides a clear African illustration of this. The Soudanese at the time of the Mali Federation describe themselves as "honest, frank, simple, constant, loyal and sometimes outspoken, stubborn." The other partner in the Federation, the people of Senegal, are described as proud, aristocratic, bombastic, delighting in dance, and public show, and somewhat irresponsible. William J. Foltz, From French West Africa to the Mali Federation (New Haven: Yale University Press, 1965), chs. 7 and 8.

¹⁴Many Americans believe that certain bills are passed and others forgotten or rejected because lobbies put pressure on legislators and cause this action. The Chinese have an even clearer example of a different kind of cause and effect relationship in their Mandate of Heaven. This means that a cycle of disasters of any natural calamities are caused by improper government. Hence the removal of a dynasty or ruler would set nature in balance again.

The answers given to the second question, "Where am I going?" form the second aspect of Content which is called goals. Goals are descriptions of some desirable future state of affairs. It is possible, of course, that the future is seen simply as a continuation of the present. Goals can be a general and comprehensive state which the nation-state should achieve or it can be any number of specific, detailed ends about a variety of topics.¹⁵

The third question, "How do I get there?" is a question about means. The answers will be termed programs. Programs are ways and means to produce goals. Implied here is a normative decision by the nation-state about proper and improper programs. Programs include the particular actions and the timing deemed necessary to achieve goals. They usually take into account basic beliefs, resources, and the current political situation.¹⁶

All three aspects of political ideological content are interrelated. Content can be viewed as a particular set of selections from infinite alternatives. These selections can be placed along a time dimension. For

¹⁵ One example of this is Marx and Engle's "classless society" where the goal was a particular structuring of society. Other "utopies" or goals include the Socialist one of government ownership of all the means of production or simply the Africans' general goal of "development."

¹⁶ Programs are government's particular actions like the foreign aid program of the United States, or the Seven Year Development programs in many countries. L. H. Garstin speaks of: "some estimate of probable lines of future development and a set of prescriptions regarding how to hasten, retard and/or modify that development direction." Garstin, op. cit., p. 3.

example, the basic beliefs are chiefly selections of content made in some distant time past and a relation of that past to the present and future. Many of these selections are so old and so basic that no possible alternatives can currently be perceived. The choices are not consciously asserted as choices or even as assumptions. Yet, these basic belief choices are at the root of assumptions, goals and programs. As Dicey said:

The whole body of beliefs existing in any given age may generally be traced to certain fundamental assumptions which at the time whether they be actually true or false are believed by the mass of the world to be true with such confidence that they hardly appear to bear the character of assumptions.¹⁷

Goals are obviously future-oriented. This means that decisions are being made about eventual ends and aims. Programs are more immediate, the present. They are the means or strategies, the choice of which will enable the political system to operate to reach a given goal.

Here the interrelationship of these parts of Content is significant. For the goals which are very much in the future, can be amended in the present by a change in the current situation. In the same way current programs can be modified either because they can be shown faulty in promoting goals or because they do not align with the interpretation of the basic beliefs. The basic beliefs must be interpreted and reinterpreted in the light of changing situations and consequently, the emphases of various parts of the basic beliefs often change as goals are amended. What

¹⁷Dicey in Lasswell, op. cit., p. 117.

interests us in Africa is the particular linkage of these parts of Content, how that Content gets modified in light of subsequent political actions, and how political processes in the various new states of Africa are affected by a particularly structured political ideology.

b. The Functions of Political Ideology

By function is meant the uses of political ideology in a given society. There are a number of different functions possible to a particular ideology and sometimes several combined functions. Scholars differ about which function(s) are appropriate. ¹⁸ I view the functions of

¹⁸ When scholars discuss the problem of the function of a political ideology, they usually seize on one or another of the possible functions which often has the effect of assigning a pejorative definition to function generally. Thus, several such scholars talking of the United States often echo the words of Edward Shils or Daniel Bell. Shils calls ideological politics "an assumption that politics should be conducted from the standpoint of a coherent, comprehensive act of beliefs which must override every consideration. These beliefs attribute supreme significance to one group or class...." Edward Shils, "Ideology and Civility: On the Politics of the Intellectual," Sewanee Review 66 (Summer, 1958), 450. Daniel Bell defined ideology as "the conversion of ideas to social levers" and adds "one might say, in fact, that the most important latent function of ideology is to tap emotion." Daniel Bell, The End of Ideology (New York: Collier Books, 1960), pp. 394-5. Abram Kardiner, et al. consider the function of ideology to be rationalization: "They (ideologies) are compounds of projective systems, in the interest of which empirical evidence is mobilized and have therefore the same structure as rationalization." Abram Kardiner et al., in Lane, op. cit., p. 13.

These proponents come from "the End of Ideology School" which espouses a definition of political ideology similar to the second usage cited above and which sees ideology in terms of its functions within a society. They believe that political ideology was a characteristic of a historical age now past, hence the origin of the name. I would rather avoid this ongoing controversy and use the viewpoint of Karl Mannheim: "Since suspicion of falsification is not included in the total conception of ideology, the use of the term 'ideology' in the sociology of knowledge has no moral or denunciatory intent. It points rather to a research interest which leads to the raising of the question when and where social structures

political ideology as differing over time. In some instances ideology's functions can be interpretation and reinterpretation of the distant and nearer past, rationalization of actions already taken, putting ancestors in "proper" perspective, making certain acts part of a long chain of events, etc. In other instances, political ideology is a way of mobilizing a group of people in the present setting, of galvanizing them to action, of present current world views, and integrating disparate elements into a corporate whole such as the nation-state. In still other instances, political ideology functions as a predictor of the future, definer of ultimate goals or utopias, omen of desirable events. Many of these functions are combined and difficult to determine all the functions of political ideology in each political instance, but it is hoped this research illustrates some examples and may point to ways in which further study can illuminate more.

c. The Structural Attributes of Political Ideology

A third aspect of political ideology, called structural attributes, consists of characteristics which can be carefully described or measured. These are many possible attributes and selection among them is largely governed by the uses to which research is directed.¹⁹

come to express themselves in the structure of assertions and in what sense the former concretal, determines the latter." Karl Mannheim, Ideology and Utopia (London: Routledge and Kegan-Paul, Ltd., 1936), pp. 238-9.

¹⁹ For example, LaPalombara speaks of the coherence of a political ideology by which he is referring to a property of internal structure which could be tested and possibly measured. Joseph LaPalombara, "Decline of Ideology: A Dissent and an Interpretation," American Political Science Review, 60 (March, 1966), p. 7. Philip Converse defines a belief system

Here, where African political ideology is the focus, two attributes will be examined. The first is the positiveness of the political ideology, that is, the degree to which Content and Function are seen as advocating, approving or favoring various things. An ideology which is concerned with opposites or against something is negative rather than positive. The second structural attribute which will be measured is taken from the writings of Harold Lasswell.²⁰ The Content and Functions of a political ideology can be measured along an indulgence-deprivation dimension. Indulgence is essentially rewards and can be seen in ideologies which view politics as providing certain benefits both in values and materials. In an ideology which is characterized by deprivations or punishments, politics is seen as an area where people have lacked values and materials, or where these values and materials will be taken away

which he later equates to political ideology, in terms of two qualities, range and constraint. Range of objects refers to the "referents for the ideas and attitudes in the system. Some belief systems, while they may be internally quite complex and may involve large numbers of cognitive elements, are rather narrow in range." Constraint is somewhat similar coherence. "In the static case constraint may be taken to mean the success we would have in predicting, given initial knowledge than an individual holds a specified attitude, that he holds certain further ideas and attitudes... In the dynamic case constraint or interdependence refers to the probability that a change in the perceived status (truth, desirability and so forth) of one idea-element would psychologically require, from the point of view of the actor, some compensating change(s) in the status of idea-elements elsewhere in the configuration." Philip Converse in Apter, op. cit., p. 208. Leon Dion implies degrees of integration possible to a political ideology: "Thus a political ideology may be considered as a more or less integrated cultural and mental structure." Leon Dion, "Political Ideology as a Tool of Functional Analysis in Sociopolitical Dynamics: A Hypothesis," Canadian Journal of Economics, 25 (February, 1959), p. 49.

²⁰"Indulgence and deprivation are general terms for any improvement or deterioration in value position or potential.... Given certain

for "incorrect" thought and behavior. These two structural attributes should give some indications about the nature of political ideology in Africa.

d. Summary

Political ideology has been defined as a set of beliefs and an action orientation possessed by each and every individual and group. This set of beliefs has a particular Content, Function, and a number of Structural Attributes. This dissertation will proceed to explore the nature of this political ideology in the two countries of Ghana and Guinea. Before taking up the particular propositions to be researched, I will clarify the term political development.

4. Political Development: An Operational Definition

In many underdeveloped countries, one general function of a political ideology is the promotion of political development. The close relationship of the two, political ideology and political development, leads to much confusion for some aspects of development are goals of ideology, and some aspects of ideology are results of development. Political development itself is even more ambiguous in meaning and the subject of more controversy in current political science circles than political ideology.

goals; action is based on expectations of indulgence and deprivation with regard to these goals." Lasswell and Kaplan, op. cit., pp. 61-62.

For this research political development is defined as the successful passage of a nation-state through the six major crises of development.

In the course of efforts to modernize their political systems, every nation-state must encounter all the six crises and if it is to develop, it must look back at the crises with no general expectation of recurrence. The order in which any nation-state will undergo these crises will differ from nation to nation. The time it takes for any single nation to undergo a given crisis will also differ. A single crisis can last a few weeks or several years. Several crises can be undergone simultaneously. Crises can recur. Crises are rarely delimited in time. Seldom can one say a country has completed a given crises on a particular day. Rather, crisis termination is likely to be a threshold which a nation-state crosses but whose limits are difficult to set.

The advantages of using this approach to political development lie in the flexibility just discussed. Most of the ideas incorporated in the six crises are general ones in the field of political development, so that this work can be compared with that of other scholars. The major disadvantage is the problem of operationalization which occurs because the extreme flexibility leaves little concrete. Our particular method of analysis overcomes the operationalization problem by incorporation of the six crises into the instrument as discussed in Chapter 2.

The crises used here are adapted from the writings of Ward and Rustow. Six crises are used: 1. Legitimacy; 2. Economic Development; 3. Integration; 4. Penetration; 5. Participation, and 6. Output and

21
Distribution.

Legitimacy includes several notions. It incorporates maintenance of boundaries or defense, the place of tradition in society and the sense of identification and allegiance to the nation.²² Economic Development is the conscious effort on the part of a government to modernize and expand some of the major sectors of the economy.²³ Integration is what Deutsch has termed the "we-feeling", the sense of popular identification with the government. While Legitimacy deals with the state as a whole, Integration deals with the feelings of the inhabitants of that state.²⁴ Penetration is concerned with the Mind and tone of governmental outputs and how politics affects them, with the levels of alienation and/or apathy prevalent in many societies.²⁵ Participation is the extent to which the population possesses and exercises involvement in formal and informal

²¹ Robert E. Ward and Dankwart A. Rustow, Political Modernization in Turkey and Japan (Princeton: Princeton University Press, 1964).

²² "...some sense of identification with and allegiance to the nation," Ward and Rustow, op. cit., p. 447.

²³ Economic Development, in particular, but all the crises in general, are interrelated. Economic Development is tied to many other aspects of the modernizing process.

²⁴ Integration is "the degree to which a population accepts and when necessary, supports the nation-state within whose boundaries it resides. Integration may be regarded as an index of popular nationalist identification." Ward and Rustow, op. cit., p. 458.

²⁵ Penetration is "an index of politicization. It refers to the extent to which different elements and cross-sections are interested in and involved with ... the political process." Ward and Rustow, op. cit., p. 458.

political processes.²⁶ Integration, Penetration and Participation are all concerned with the relation of the masses to the political processes. Finally, Output and Distribution have two elements. First, there is the ability of the political system to accord political power to the populace. Second, is political performance, the ability of the political system to cope with demands made upon it.²⁷ These categories provide useful ways to discuss African political development and a means for relating it to political ideology.

5. Propositions for Research

Political Ideology and Political Development are highly complex phenomena. This dissertation will investigate three major propositions which explore the nature of the relationship:

1. that there is an African political ideology having common properties and structure that cross political boundaries.

This is simply what African themselves often claim. There are many accounts in speeches and writings, both by observers and Africans themselves about the African personality, the uniqueness of the African experience, and the oneness of the continent. The fact that political actions have not borne out the avowals of unity is no denial that political

²⁶Participation "is a measure of positive political activity which refers primarily to the extent to which a total national population possesses and exercises the suffrage or is involved in interest group action." Ward and Rustow, op. cit., p. 458.

²⁷Output and Distribution "can be viewed, first as a problem of allocating political power and political roles among the populace. . . . Or, second, it can be viewed as a problem of political performance. . . . There are for every polity minimal levels of performance below which it cannot fail and still avoid disintegration, revolution or some other form of drastic change." Ward and Rustow, op. cit., pp. 461-62.

ideology and unity have a high place in Africa.²⁸

Many scholars also believe there are common elements in the ideas of Sub-saharan Africa. Some of these generalize political ideas to all the thirty-eight states. Others give particular titles to the ideology to emphasize its African-ness.²⁹ There are dissenters from this view of a unified African political ideology, both in the scholarly community³⁰ and

²⁸ Every politician speaks positively of African unity. Much political action as well as talk is designed to emphasize the common basis of ideas. Instances can be found in the many conferences at Addis-ababa, Monrovia, Casablanca and recently at Kinshasha; in the attempts at political union like the Mali Federation, the Central African Federation and Tanzania, a union of Tanganyika and Zanzibar; and in the creation of a regional organization whose name and purposes stress common dimensions, the Organization of African Unity.

²⁹ Authors such as Immanuel Wallerstein, Africa: Politics of Independence (New York: Vintage Books, 1961), and Herbert Spiro, Politics in Africa (Englewood Cliffs, New Jersey: Prentice-Hall, 1962), Thomas Hodgkin, "A Note on the Language of African Nationalism," William J. Hanna, ed., Independent Black Africa (Chicago: Rand-McNally, 1964), pp. 235-253, Charles Andrain, "Democracy and Socialism: Ideologies of African Leaders," David Apter, ed., op. cit., pp. 155-205, believe in the similarity of ideas in African political ideology. Other authors title a common ideology. William Friedland and Carl Rosberg, Jr., use African Socialism in their book, African Socialism (Stanford: Hoover Institute on War and Peace, 1964); Joseph Nye, Jr., Pan-Africanism and East African Integration (Cambridge: Harvard University Press, 1965), and Colin Legum, Pan-Africanism (New York: Praeger, 1965), call it Pan-Africanism. In Ghana the work of Kwame Nkrumah has been titled Nkrumahism. In Guinea, no ideological title as yet has been attached to the thought of Sekou Touré.

³⁰ Claude Welch in Dream of Unity (Ithaca, New York: Cornell University Press, 1966), discusses the multiplicity of factors which prevents many of the political unions from success and includes among these reasons diversity in ideology. William Foltz in From French-West Africa to the Mali Federation (New Haven: Yale University Press, 1965), discusses ideological differences between the nations of Mali and Senegal. He attributes many of the causes of the Mali Federation's failure to these differences.

among some of the recent political leaders, many of whom are military leaders who have taken over government reins by coup d'etat. They play down the unity theme and stress national development as a solo effort.³¹ No one, however, has done much empirical work to determine whether there are, in fact, ideological strands held in common or whether diversity by nation is the rule. This is where my work begins: Is there a common ideology in Africa, and if so, what is it?

2. that this political ideology, although possessing a common foundation, differs in details between nation-states because of differing colonial experiences, and between time periods because independence causes procedural differences and governmental changes.

This proposition contends that there are a number of superficial differences which have been imposed on this unified ideology. Rather than list hundreds of tiny differences, I will concentrate on only two, which appear to have a great impact on political ideology: colonialism and time. Africans widely believe colonialism is the major cause of differences between today's nations. Many scholars would agree with the Africans' contentions that colonialism imposed differences where none had existed before. However, it can be pointed out that the current nations have done relatively little to change the differences. Few boundaries have been

³¹For instance, Ankrah's statement upon assuming power as reported in the Ghanaian Press and the London Times, February 28, 1966, stresses individual development rather than unity.

shifted. Most political leaders feel they must work within the existing systems and speak about the creation of national sentiments.

Argument also exists about the role independence plays in the construction of a political ideology. It would seem that although independence was a focal point of ideology, after the fact it would recede into the historical lore, while current politics would be primary. It is interesting to note that even today, years after many of these nations gained independence, the phenomena of independence is still being examined. What was its impact? How is it viewed today?³² Although there has been much speculation about both these differences, time and colonialism, very little empirical work has been done. I will make an examination of both these differences to see how much and in what direction changes occur.

3. that political action, especially those political actions relating to political development, are generated in ideological propositions and conversely, that all political action which impinges on political developments are incorporated into the political ideology.

For the third proposition, it is assumed that political action, particularly political development related action, is both generated by political ideology and is ex-post facto incorporated into political ideology. The question is how much and how closely the two are interrelated. In

³²For example, Victor Levine, "The Trauma of Independence" (Unpublished paper, 1966), would have his readers believe independence is the focal point of African history and all politics afterward is dependent on it.

this dissertation, I am arbitrarily cutting the pie by taking specific political actions regarding political development and examining the ideology which may have helped generate them.

In summary, then, this dissertation is an exploration of political ideology in an African setting. Using a particular definition of political ideology and an arbitrary notion of political development, I am examining three propositions about political ideology and political development using a particular kind of content analysis. In spite of the study's limitations, I expect interesting results from each of the three propositions.

CHAPTER TWO: RESEARCH METHODOLOGY

1. Operationalizing the Research Design

This dissertation is a methodological exploration. The question is, can this particular method be used to find answers to propositions like those posed earlier? Can the method further be generalized to similar hypotheses? To answer these questions, I must establish first what will constitute an answer to the three propositions cited in the previous chapter or rather, what would constitute confirmation or denial.

Rather than include the whole continent of over thirty countries, I chose two nations, Guinea and Ghana, in order to give the study depth. Results are of the sort that can be applied more generally at a later date.

Several reasons prompted the choice of Guinea and Ghana. Both countries are in the same geographical area, West Africa, an area with similar racial composition and little settlement by Europeans.¹ Both nations were the first of their colonial group to achieve independence, Ghana from Great Britain in 1957 and Guinea from France in 1958. Presumably these two countries being the first African nations to gain freedom would be emulated by other colonies on the brink of independence or struggling against colonialism. The decisions and political actions undertaken in Guinea and Ghana were not influenced by other African nations.

¹Roland Oliver, The Dawn of African History (New York: Oxford University Press, 1961), speaks about the "true African" as the general racial type found in West Africa. Although this is an oversimplification of a complex racial and cultural setting, the generalizations hold for the two countries under study here.

Finally, these two countries have enjoyed the longest time-span as independent African countries, allowing for a greater study period.²

The first proposition contends that African ideology is essentially the same throughout Africa. Conclusive proof of this can be obtained only if material is analyzed from each of the thirty-odd nations in Sub-saharan Africa and if these findings are compared with similar studies in other areas of the world. Since this research is limited, such similarity will be suggested in several ways. First, the similarity of African ideology can be inferred from the similarities found in the data analyzed. Second, I will use a testing device for non-African material with a Western value system in mind. Finally, the wresults will be compared with studies of Western values done using these instruments and differences noted.

It is impossible to ascribe definitively all differences found in political ideologies to their cited causes, colonialism and independence. I hope to suggest these ascriptions by careful delineation of the structure of political ideologies. By finding significant differences over time, we can infer the impact of independence. Also, we can describe the reactions to independence, the descriptions after the event and ways in which it is harked back to. Significant differences between countries can be ascribed to the influence of colonial background. Also, the political actions taken by the nations concerned and their relation to the political ideology should show the impact of the colonial powers.

²The time period of study for Ghana is 10 years; for Guinea, 9 years.

The third hypothesis presents similar difficulties. No one can say with certainty that a particular political action has its origin in one facet of the political ideology or vice versa. What we hope to do is suggest from close proximity of time, from similarity in ideas and from other not so obvious connections, what kinds of political ideological thought can influence and be influenced by political actions.

2. The Decision to Use Content Analysis

The primary research method used is content analysis.³ Previously, I spoke about a series of elements of political ideology. An element is here operationally defined as either: a. a single word; b. a phrase consisting of several words; c. a group of interconnected words. Each of these must have clear relevance to the ideological element.

Three major assumptions underlie this use of content analysis. First, there is the assumption that the man's words reflect his thought, and perceptions as they are brought to bear on the situation. Thus, the man's words reflect his thought, and perceptions as they are brought to bear on the situation. Thus, the leader is not just expressing his individual personal beliefs, but his political beliefs in a political

³"Content analysis is any research technique for making inferences by systematically and objectively identifying specified characteristics within text." Philip J. Stone, Dexter C. Dunphy, Marshall S. Smith, and Daniel M. Ogilvie, et al., The General Inquirer: A Computer Approach to Content Analysis (Cambridge: MIT Press, 1966), p. 5.

situation.⁴ For the African leader this means that his utterances are the echos of his country's political ideology.

Second, there is the assumption that these uttered words somehow relate to action. In Africa this indicates that the words of the political leader could be translated into political fact. Both these assumptions are made widely in content analysis literature of the past several years, and have been specifically investigated by several psychologists.⁵ Third, this research assumes that content analysis can obtain information about more than manifest content, getting at latent meanings.⁶

Content analysis can be a tedious and often unreliable method, obliging people to pore over manuscripts and count thousands of words.⁷

⁴ ... "C. H. Cooley (1902), George Herbert Mead (1934) and W. I. Thomas (see Volkart, 1951) - who have contended that the major source of the variation in behavior resides in the 'situation'." J. McVicker Hunt, "Traditional Personality Theory in the Light of Recent Evidence," in Edwin P. Hollander and Raymond G. Hunt, Current Perspectives in Social Psychology (New York: Oxford University Press, 1967). Also see: G. H. Mead in Don Martindale, The Nature and Types of Sociological Theory (Boston: Houghton Mifflin Co., 1960), p. 358; and G. H. Mead in Mind, Self and Society, ed. Charles W. Morris (Chicago: University of Chicago Press, 1934).

⁵ For example, Bernard R. Berelson, Content Analysis in Communication Research (Glencoe, Ill.: The Free Press, 1952); Harold D. Lasswell, Nathan Leites and Assoc., The Language of Politics: Studies in Quantitative Semantics (Cambridge: MIT Press, 1965); North, Robert, et al., Content Analysis (Evanston: Northwestern University Press, 1963); Charles E. Osgood, G. J. Suci, and P. H. Tannenbaum, The Measurement of Meaning (Urbana: University of Illinois Press, 1957); Ithial de Sola Pool (ed.), Trends in Content Analysis (Urbana: University of Illinois Press, 1959), and Stone, et al., op. cit.

⁶ Ibid., especially Stone, op. cit., chs. 2 and 7.

⁷ Harold D. Lasswell, Ithial de Sola Pool, Daniel Lerner, et al., The Prestige Papers (Stanford: Hoover Institute on War and Peace, 1951).

A recent development of computer counting and analyzing greatly increases the ability to process quantities of material, enabling me to use it for political ideology. The specific programs to be used are titled the General Inquirer. The operations of the various programs are detailed in Appendix I.

This method of analysis has several advantages. A large-scale computer can handle easily a large volume of material with many variables and high frequencies. Then the computer's speed means that several instruments could be tried, extending the study's flexibility and comparability. The General Inquirer insures that this research will be systematic, objective and quantitative. Systematic means that "all the relevant content is to be analyzed in terms of all the relevant categories in order to secure unbiased information."⁸ 'Objective' indicates that the procedure should be explicit, one that can be replicated exactly by other analysts. 'Quantitative' refers to the counting instance of each category. Thus, the General Inquirer system provides the researcher with a rigorous, reliable and efficient means of analyzing political ideology.

3. The Data to be Tested

The data to be analyzed consists of texts of speeches delivered by Kwame Nkrumah of Ghana and Sekou Touré of Guinea between 1955-1966. Two criteria governed the selection process by which data was obtained:

⁸ Stone, op. cit., p. 11.

1. The materials had to cover a wide range of subjects and an audience.
2. The materials had to be clearly political in nature, and of such a type that political ideology for the political system as a whole could be studied.

Books and pamphlets were eliminated because of their length and diversity. Newspapers were also eliminated for several reasons: many African papers are under the control of a small political elite.⁹

I decided to select the speeches of the single party leader who is also the government head, first because he is the embodiment of the nation and party and second, because the pattern of politics in African countries tends to stress this embodiment at the expense of other structures and institutions. Politics is designed to bring this single leader into more prominence before a wider audience, with great acceptability than before. A characteristic political campaign will see the leader in

⁹ Even allowing for the passage of newspapers from hand to hand, circulation is extremely small, though growing. Total circulation in Ghana is 32/1000 pop.; in Guinea it is .2/1000 pop. (Alker, Russett). This means that editorials and news accounts and columnists have a relatively small audience which is chiefly educated and Westernized. Often the speeches reported verbatim in the papers have reached more of the mass population than the newspaper account. In addition, The Spark in Ghana was said to have been under the control of one ideological wing of the party and their accounts are slanted. Colin Legum, "Socialism in Ghana: A Political Interpretation," William Friedland and Carl G. Rosberg, Jr., African Socialism (Stanford: Hoover Institute on War and Peace, 1964), 131-59. Although the Guinean newspaper is not reportedly slanted, the possibilities of any one story or editorial being so biased are high, given the strong ideological tenor of party officials. Statistics from: Bruce Russett, et al., World Handbook of Political and Social Indicators (New Haven: Yale University Press, 1964).

the back of a jeep or truck journeying to remote villages for a few minutes' speech. A typical leader sets aside a portion of each day to talk with anyone from his country who wishes to see him and common folk often walk many miles to air their grievances. Hence, it also appears that the leaders' pronouncements could be regarded as authoritative statements of political ideology.¹⁰

An earlier discussion described the rationale for considering the ideas of the political leader of an African nation as the political ideology of his country. I am assuming that these ideas are contained in his speeches. Even if the speeches were not written by the leader himself, the speeches are overt behavior of the president in a fairly structured

¹⁰Kwame Nkrumah's autobiography Ghana (London: Thomas Nelson, 1957), tells how he campaigned, living in the middle of the people's district, opening his doors at all hours to hear grievances and complaints. He was even sought in the middle of the night, "who on earth is there at this time of night?" ... 'It's about my wife, Kwame Nkrumah,' he began, 'we have travelled a hundred and twenty miles to see you....'" p. 224. For election campaigns and whenever starting a new program or a seven-year plan, Nkrumah took pride in traveling the countryside and making hundreds of speeches. He states that he has visited every constituency and every village. Later, after the attempts on his life in 1962, he shut himself away from the people, becoming a virtual hermit.

Sekou Toure also felt his contact with the people was essential. He made many tours throughout the country. Several of the collections of speeches, some used in this analysis, were delivered to village audiences. They are very brief. He went in a cavalcade of jeeps into a village, would deliver a five-minute address and then move on. In addition, Toure has been known to make great use of the radio. Many of the earlier speeches were "fireside chats" with his people about the meaning of independence. In the most recent elections he again felt the need to go off into the countryside "...to take the January 1968 election so seriously, stumping the bush tirelessly for four months." Russell Warren Howe, "A Talk with Sekou Toure," Africa Report, 13:1 (January, 1968), 49-53, p. 51.

situation of an audience and of nations. The man himself delivers the speech and accepts responsibility for its content. National leaders normally do take veto power over any inconsistency or unwanted phraseology. In much of Africa, however, there is a high value placed on spontaneous or even impromptu speeches. For both these men no notes are used and the speech is rarely given to news media beforehand. When the latter is done, the leader will often depart from the published text. There is little evidence that either Kwame Nkrumah or Sekou Touré used a speechwriter. The copies of speeches used in this research come from authoritative sources, which means they have official sanction. Let me just note that although I analyze a series of speeches by one man, for political ideological content, I do not presume to give a psychological analysis of the man himself.¹¹ The situation in which the speech is given is highly structured as a political occasion. The political leader must fulfill expectations of the situation, i.e., that he will give a political address which represents the thinking of his country.

Collections of speeches were made from 1955 to 1966 for Ghana; and from 1956 to 1966 for Guinea. This time span stretches from two years before independence to the present day, approximately ten years. A universe of all speeches delivered was impossible to obtain; hence, no perfect random sample could be drawn. Some randomizing techniques were used. From 1961 on the party newspaper of Guinea, HOROYA

¹¹ Appendix III gives a brief outline of the life and career of each political leader.

published all "important" speeches by Sekou Touré. Hence, a random sample of all available issues with speeches could be drawn.¹² Similar treatment was given the SPARK of Ghana after 1962. However, its appearance was more sporadic and there were some indications its editorial board comprised one party clique. This may have biased printing some of the speeches and not others.¹³

There was a great deal of interest in Africa at the time of independence and this interest extended to the political leaders. For this reason many of the speeches of this earlier period were published in collections or book form. Kwame Nkrumah has had a number of speeches released in this fashion in his four volumes of writings. Sekou Touré's speeches have been published in collections by his government. Some of these collections were reprinted in Paris, others are still unobtainable. Still other speeches were released singly as printed by Government Information Services for both countries. Where collections or official publications have appeared, it is reasonable to assume that the political leader or his delegate either selected or edited the works which then had his approval. In both countries tight censorship extends to all

¹² One major problem was locating issues of HOROYO. The only set available in the United States for these years was at the Library of Congress and this is incomplete. Their subscription started in 1961 with sporadic issues and seems to end in March 1965.

¹³ Comparisons between the same speeches issued by the Ministry of Information and the SPARK revealed no differences between the texts. The SPARK was obtained at Yale which did not receive issues regularly.

political materials, and one can be assured the political leader would endorse everything appearing over his by-line. In every cases where numbers of speeches appeared, a random sample of them was taken. Later speeches by these African leaders were more difficult to obtain. Most of the later speeches by Nkrumah are taken from the SPARK. The author is very grateful to Professor Victor DuBois of the American Universities Field Service for donating later speeches of Sekou Toure to this study.

Because of the absence of a true random sample, results of this analysis can be regarded only as indicative of the trends and ideas that a comprehensive and thorough study would find.¹⁴

A preliminary analysis of 25 speeches from both men showed that the data could be neatly divided for presentation into three time periods: early, middle and late. A selection of speeches was obtained for each of the time periods. Table 1 illustrates this selection in terms of the research design.

Table 1. Selection of Speeches by African Leaders

COUNTRIES	GHANA	GUINEA	TOTAL
Time Period			
Early	7	7	14
Middle	7	14	21
Late	9	7	16
Total	23	28	61

¹⁴ It is interesting to note here that some qualitative content analysis has already occurred in commentaries on these speeches by journalists and newspapers. For example, Africa Report regularly contains speeches and commentaries. A recent issue is devoted to Julius Nyerere.

No changes were made in the texts and each word in every text was analyzed.¹⁵ Each speech was coded for two descriptive variables, country and date of delivery. Appendix II gives a detailed description of the speeches used, including a complete listing, their dates, the occasion of delivery and audience and a brief notation of the content of the speeches. All speeches were delivered to audiences of native citizens. Although no random sample could be taken, it is felt this group of speeches is composed of a fair representation of the style and content of the addresses by these two leaders at various times.

4. Operationalization

All analysis is performed on African speeches which have been punched directly onto IBM cards. Hence, the entire speech is contained on a series of cards. Each card roughly corresponds to a typewritten line. An IBM 7094 computer then identifies words, word-roots and phrases (idioms) in the text by means of a dictionary look-up procedure described in Appendix I. The mechanical analysis then follows the

¹⁵Speeches by Sekou Touré were usually given in French. This was translated into English by two translators: Mrs. Georgette Peterson and Mrs. Barbara Woshinsky. The translations proved almost identical in terms of dictionary categories. A reliability test where data from each translator was run on the computers gave a .93 correspondence. Although the dictionary could have been translated into French, the results, in terms of category frequencies would have been virtually the same. The assumption underlying this use of two different cultures is spoken of by Gabriel Almond in The Civic Culture (Princeton: Princeton University Press, 1965), that the words used in one culture mean the same or almost the same thing in another culture. One defense of this use is that the African leaders knew that their words were being transmitted to the world and to international leaders as well as their own people. This meant they had to be universally understood and would choose language correspondingly.

subsequent steps on an IBM 1401 computer as outlined in Appendix I.

The dictionary is considered the major instrument by which raw data is translated into useful categories for future analysis. A dictionary consists of conceptual categories. These categories are selected by the investigator according to his theoretical notions. In this study, the dictionary will embody the previously discussed content, function, and descriptive attributes in conceptual categories called tags. TAG is simply the designation given in the program for a category as explained in Appendix I. At a point categories become too narrow to be useful. At this point a number of possible categories were excluded. For instance, the TRADITION category includes a rejected smaller category called CHIEFS. Then the second consideration was relevance to the propositions. Some interesting categories were rejected because they were peripheral to our concern with African political ideology.

It is recognized that selection and construction of tags can easily reflect conscious or unconscious biases on the part of the investigator. To prevent loss of objectivity by such biases several methods will be employed.¹⁶ Two dictionaries will be used instead of one. The first dictionary is the Pirro African Dictionary, or PAD constructed specifically for this research. Second is the Alker Merged Dictionary or AMD, which combined the "best" categories from the Lasswell Dictionary, the Harvard Third Dictionary and some specially constructed international

¹⁶ It is recognized that not all these biases can be eliminated. To a certain extent category selection is arbitrary.

relations tags.¹⁷ The AMD was created without reference to African materials. It has been used on a variety of materials by political scientists. Appendix IV lists the categories contained in this dictionary.

The Pirro African Dictionary attempts to fill two needs left by other existing dictionaries. First, it tries to get beyond Western terminology or symbolism to African symbolism. Second, it tries to examine political ideology, something which no other dictionary is specifically designed to do. Another consideration is that it is more specifically political than most other existing dictionaries which have been designed by psychologists and sociologists. Appendix V lists the tags included in this dictionary and gives criteria for word incorporation in each. The tags can be divided into several groups. The first group identifies in several categories all persons. They become either Africans or Westerners, WE or THEY, etc. The second group is adjectival in nature, and contains the degrees and permutations of positiveness and negativeness. Sample categories include: GOOD, VITAL, BAD, DISTRESS, DANGER, etc. The third group is chiefly verbs, where action is categorized in several ways. The origins of these categories are contained in the initial dictionaries created by Harvard. Here they are presented in revised form and can be ranged along a Passive-Active dimension. For

¹⁷ The categories from the other dictionaries were chosen on the basis of high frequency of appearance in a variety of materials. For example, in the Lasswell Dictionary, POWER/CONFLICT has appeared quite frequently while POWER/SCOPE INDICATOR has not and was omitted from the Alker Merged Dictionary. The Pirro African Dictionary is contained in Appendix V; the Alker Merged Dictionary categories are in Appendix IV.

instance, categories on the passive side include THINK, COMMUNICATE, etc., while the active side has MOVE, ATTACK, etc. A fourth group is a series of tags about foreign policy and international institutions, etc. The fifth group consists of tags about African politics and symbols. These were derived as explained in the appendix from writings on African ideology, from perusal of speeches by a variety of leader, from the preliminary testing and from intuition. They include UNITY, INDEPENDENCE, LEGISLATURE, etc. The final group of tags summarized the dictionary in terms of the Ward and Rustow categories described in Chapter 1, the six crises of political development. Taken together, these tags provide a concrete operationalization of political ideology. This system should give us more understanding and insight into Africa and its ideology.

There is another way in which political ideology will be operationalized. This is in terms of links or connections of concepts. In Appendix I about the General Inquirer, one of the programs mentioned provides the means to link a single word, a phrase, or a tag with any other such. The discovery of how often particular linkage occurs, how the statement is structured, or how a concept is described, can provide much knowledge in depth about political ideology. Table 2 illustrates this type of finding.

Table 2 gives the total tallies of the dictionary program in terms of frequencies for a series of tags. So Respect is mentioned 30 times in each period; Imperialism is mentioned 30 times in each time period. By means of the Retrieval program, all references to Respect are isolated.

Table 2. Illustration of Tag Tally Finding on African Political Ideology

<u>Tag</u>	<u>Respect</u>		<u>Imperialism</u>	
	<u>early</u>	<u>late</u>	<u>early</u>	<u>late</u>
Total mentions in one speech	30	30	30	30
Mentions of both tags together in one speech			25	8

This produces 30 sentences with references to Respect in each of the two time periods. The result was that a decline in references to imperialism connected with respect showed up. In the early period a typical statement would probably talk about imperialism as an evil, depriving respect. In the later period there is a sharp drop in reference to imperialism when respect is mentioned, which may indicate a difference in concept of Respect after independence and a decreasing concern with imperialism. Similar linkages can help illuminate many aspects of the propositions under investigation.

Political development has been defined previously as the successful passage of a nation-state through the six crises of political development described by Ward and Rustow. As such, it can be found as a series of words, phrases, and statements concerning these six crises. Thus, it can be operationalized in much the same manner as political ideology. The difference is that political development is treated with a much more explicit way. There will be direct references made to Legitimacy or "Output and Distribution."

To supplement the content findings, other empirical data such as aggregate statistics, legislature reports, etc. will be used. These statistics will supplement the statements made in the speeches and corroborate the findings made in the content analysis. For example, a statement might be made in a speech that, until more people get more educated, development can never be achieved. This statement is corroborated by a statistic that says 8 of 10 children are not receiving schooling. Additional evidence comes with the publication of a program of increased educational opportunities through a building and teacher training program. This is interesting to us in terms of political ideology because the speaker - in this case, Kwame Nkrumah of Ghana - links education as a goal of ideology with economic development, one of the crises of political development. Hence, I shall relate political actions such as new educational programs to ideological ideas like educational goals.

5. Summary

At the end of Chapter I, I stated certain limitations imposed on this study. Because the definitions are stipulative, because only a few propositions can be discussed in any detail within reasonable time and page limitations, the scope of this study of political ideology in Africa is narrowed. In this chapter, a second type of limitation has been imposed on the study, that of methodology. By using only content analysis, other possible explanations or ideas, generated from other techniques,

are excluded. Content analysis itself has limitations. In this instance, although the method is made more reliable by using computers rather than hand counting, there is still wide room for error. The choices of dictionaries also impose limitations. Certain ideas cannot be explored because they do not have high enough frequencies to be included as a dictionary category. Some day, hopefully, a theory of language usage, and conversation, will provide many of the solutions to problems of this kind. Then a dictionary will be constructed, not by individual selection, but by mathematical equation. Since this is still in the formative stages, the study retains all the limitations of the General Inquirer methods.

Rather than discussing African political ideology generally, only two countries are used in this study. The samples from these two countries are far from random. At best, results from this kind of sampling can be called interesting, not definitive. The statistical tools may or may not be the best possible way of describing the findings. Statistical significance is used chiefly as an indicator of direction.

The next chapter will examine the data, a set of speeches by two African leaders, Sekou Touré and Kwame Nkrumah, to describe in detail the content, function and attributes of the political ideologies contained in their addresses. In this data I will examine the associations between tagged words within each speech to determine the ideology as a whole and its variations and development. Subsequent chapters will treat the difference over time and differences between countries found in this political ideology and its relation to political actions. I believe

an aspect of political ideology can be found as a theme within the speeches made by these African political leaders. The next chapter proceeds to examine this belief in the data.

CHAPTER THREE: BASIC ELEMENTS OF AFRICAN IDEOLOGY

1. Introduction

This chapter characterizes political ideology in Ghana and Guinea as found in the results of the data analysis. The first hypothesis contended that there are a number of common elements which underlie all political ideology on the African continent. Thus, these elements should be common to both Ghana and Guinea and should appear in an analysis of both taken together. The analysis was operationalized by a series of categories. These categories or tags were derived from the definition of political ideology in Chapter One, in a process described in Appendix V on the Pirro African Dictionary and Appendix IV which lists the categories in the Alker Merged Dictionary. The total set of speeches selected for analysis was then content analyzed according to the 99 categories in the Pirro African Dictionary (PAD) and the 99 categories in the Alker Merged Dictionary (AMD). From this point on the speeches in sentence form are no longer worked with. Instead, the speech is divided into its words and phrases and a tag or category(ies) is attached to each word or phrase. The number of words in each category is tallied. This frequency count by category is the basic statistic used in further analysis. Thus, African political ideology can be considered as some set of combinations or correlations of these category counts. The underlying principal components as stated in the first hypothesis¹ can be considered as correlations between a category and

¹The first hypothesis is: that there is an African political ideology having common properties and structure that crosses political boundaries.

that underlying component.² To find the content of these underlying components a variety of statistical techniques are possible. The simplest technique and the one used here was factor analysis.³ To arrive at separate and discrete factors the basic statistic is correlated for each category with each other category over the whole set of speeches giving a correlation matrix. This matrix is then factor analyzed giving a factor matrix.⁴ Table 3:1 presents the unrotated factor matrix for the Pirro African Dictionary. Table 3:2 presents the unrotated matrix for the Alker Merged Dictionary. In each of these matrices the vertical set of correlations describes the distinct components which underlie the African political ideology. The horizontal sets of correlations describe each category's correlations with that underlying component or factor. This matrix was calculated using the standard procedures of the "principal

²This can be operationalized in a factor analysis as the factor loading of each variable on a particular factor or underlying component. This will be discussed further.

³A principal components factor analysis was used as described in Harry H. Harman, Modern Factor Analysis (Chicago: University of Chicago Press, 1967).

⁴The correlation matrix is 99 by 99, that is 99 categories by 99 categories. The mathematics for the factoring are given in Harry H. Harman, op. cit. The factor matrix is given in tables 3:1 and 3:2.

components" method of factor analysis.⁵ To simplify presentation and ensure accuracy of results, reduction was employed until 46 categories of the PAD remained and 47 tags remained from the AMD.⁶ Both factor matrices were then subjected to rotation procedures to provide factors of substantive interest.⁷

The expected results were a series of distinct factors which should represent underlying components of the African political ideology. It was expected that these factors would crosscut all the time elements involved and would occur regardless of nation of appearance. The two

5

The computations are contained in Harman, op. cit., ch. 8. "Principal component" method simply means that the first factor explains the maximum amount of variance, i.e., the first principal component is that linear combination of the original variables which contributes a maximum to the total variance; the second principal component, uncorrelated with the first, contributes a maximum to the residual variance and so on, until the total variance is analyzed. The sum of the variances of all n principal components is equal to the sum of the variances of the original variables. Since the method is so dependent on the total variance of the original variables, it is most suitable when all the variables are measured in the same units (which the basic statistic provides in this analysis for all tag categories). Harman, op. cit., p. 136.

6

Variables were reduced by computing a factor analysis, examining the factor matrix and discovering which variables had few instances of appearance (i.e., were of 0 or low frequency in the data), and contributed little to the analysis, and these were eliminated for the final computations.

7

Orthogonal rotation was employed. Rotation is a method of changing the factor matrix to give the factors a different appearance. Orthogonal rotation by definition removes the statistical dependency. It maximizes the structural differences between the factors accentuating the high and low loadings. The result is a small number of independent factors. It is a convenience for interpretation.

leaders' speeches were taken as a unit for investigation and analyzed together. In spite of this, the first factor of the Pirro African Dictionary showed a basic difference occurring between the two African leaders' concepts of the world, a difference between nations.⁸

Each dictionary produced six stable factors which explained about two-thirds of the variance in each matrix.⁹

African ideology is then operationalized by uncovering and describing the factors which in turn are the results of analyzing a correlation matrix of the original variables. Working backwards now, I shall describe the African ideology starting with the variables or statistics representing these variables and moving to the factors themselves which are abstractions from the factored correlation matrix. The analysis covers several basic elements, in the case of the unrotated factors, I shall be discussing: 1. what the factor's idea is, and 2. a description of the factor.

The unrotated factor matrix is presented as the basic data analysis. For both dictionary presentations tables 3:1 and 3:2 contain all the data

⁸ This difference appeared because one nation had a high negative leading and the other nation had a high positive leading showing that frequencies of association of each nation were with different ideas.

⁹ In the Pirro African Dictionary the total variance explained by the first six factors was 69.5476. The variance explained by each of the first six factors are: 1-16.5993, 2-12.88777; 3-9.3187; 4-8.1435; 5-6.4673; 6-6.1311. The Alker Merged Dictionary the total variance explained by the first six factors was: 62.6988. The factors each explained: 1-16.7649; 2-13.3482; 3-10.5850; 4-8.7170; 5-6.8424; 6-6.4413.

so that the reader can refer to these for further interpretation. In the discussion I will present only the most interesting and illuminating factors. The unrotated factors for the Pirro African Dictionary are the following: 1. an abstract vs. a practical factor which has Guinea on the abstract side and Ghana on the practical side; 2. an internal politics vs. outside forces factor; 3. a maintenance of power vs. system change; 4. political values vs. conspiracy of outsiders; 5. political establishment vs. colonialism, and 6. traditionalism vs. unity. The unrotated factors from the Alker Merged Dictionary are the following: 1. economic development vs. world politics; 2. politics vs. western norms; 3. African values vs. subjugation; 4. welfare of the state vs. outside influences; 5. African identity vs. Western culture, and 6. Unity vs. traditionalism. It can be seen at once that there are certain parallels between the two dictionaries and some factors unique to one dictionary. Section two of this chapter discusses this portion of the factor analysis.

In the case of the rotated or more specific factors, I shall be describing the following: 1. what each factor is named; 2. what is encompassed in descriptive details in each factor; 3. the variables which go into making up the factor, and 4. illustrating each factor from the texts of the data analyzed. Because of the statistical manipulations involved, the rotated factors are more specific than the unrotated and yield more of substantive interest in terms of the African political ideology. The six factors from the Pirro African Dictionary are: 1. "Pragmatism vs. Idealism"; 2. "Politics vs. Colonialism"; 3. "Goal Orientation";

4. "Political Necessity vs. Political Goals"; 5. "External Influences vs. Duty", and 6. "Continental Unity vs. Internal Politics". In the rotated factors from the Alker Merged Dictionary there are some similar factors to those of the Pirro African Dictionary. The six factors are: 1. "Practical Development vs. Abstract Goals"; 2. "Politics vs. Ambition"; 3. "Identity Crisis"; 4. "Coping with Threats"; 5. "Survival vs. Subversion", and 6. "International Unity vs. Internal Considerations". These factors are discussed in section three of this chapter.

Section four of this chapter will take the factors and try to describe how they incorporate African political ideology, exploring the question of what structure exists in this ideology. Some additional data will be presented to try to illuminate this structure. Finally, comparisons will be made with the ideological literature both on Africa and that using similar instruments of content analysis.

2. Unrotated Factor Matrix Analysis

a. Pirro African Dictionary

The first general factor indicates that the speeches either contain "practical measures" or "abstract" ones. Only rarely are these two general ideas considered in the same sentence. Ghana appears with practical aspects while Guinea appears with abstract. This means that in general, Ghanaian speeches consider practical elements while the Guinean ones deal with abstract matters. A look at Table 3:3 bears this out. This table which is abstracted from the factor matrix contained in

Table 3:1 contains the high loading variables on the first factor. On the left-hand side of the table are the variables which have high positive loadings. This means they each correlate highly with the underlying factor. It can be seen that references to Ghana, or the nation-state of Ghana correlate very highly with this factor, .7844, which has been called "practical." This means that GHANA, the category, is very close to the "practical" factor. On the right-hand side of the table are the inverse correlations, the negative loadings. These are the direct opposites of the positive loadings, inverse correlations with the underlying factor. Here they would be correlated with the opposite terms of the practical factor, "abstract." Guinea which is on the right-hand side of this table would be highly correlated with "abstract" and negatively correlated with "practical." Thus, the first factor, the major ideological element, is different in each of the two countries studied, a direct contradiction of the first hypothesis.

It should be borne in mind that the variables contained in each table are expressions of latent content which a general title has been given. This means that the factor is a general notion which underlies and correlates to a great or lesser degree with these variables as expressed by the loadings.¹⁰ Since all the speeches were analyzed to-

¹⁰ Since the loading represents a correlation of the variable with the underlying factor, the higher the correlation, the closer the content of the variable overlaps that of the factor. With negative loadings the reverse is true. Many factors are described in terms of two opposite "poles" because it better illustrates the opposing trends in the data.

Table 3.1. --Factor Matrix - Unrotated Pirro African Dictionary

Factors	1	2	3	4	5	6
Factor Names	Prac.	Int.	Maint.	Values	Est.	Trad.
	vs.	vs.	vs.	vs.	vs.	vs.
	Abs.	Outsiders	Change	Consp.	Colon.	Unity
% of Variance Explained	16.60	12.89	9.32	8.14	6.47	6.13
Variable						
01 SELF	<u>+.76</u>	+.20	+.17	+.17	+.09	-.10
02 THEY	-.21	-.06	.30	.38	.34	-.19
03 STRUCTURE	<u>-.59</u>	.12	<u>-.47</u>	.04	.19	.17
04 OUGHT	.30	.02	-.12	.27	-.25	-.33
05 EQUAL	-.20	-.14	-.37	<u>-.58</u>	.11	-.07
06 NOT	<u>-.62</u>	-.18	-.06	<u>.53</u>	.07	.21
07 THINK	<u>-.71</u>	.06	-.39	.27	.11	.27
08 POSSESS	.10	.16	.36	.39	.03	.25
09 GUIDE	<u>.64</u>	.25	-.04	.11	-.18	-.20
10 OPPOSITION	-.13	-.10	.49	<u>.56</u>	.06	-.19
11 ATTACK	.07	-.44	.28	.38	-.08	-.31
12 DANGER						
THEME	.34	-.48	.28	.12	-.06	.13
13 REGULAR	-.41	.13	<u>-.52</u>	-.28	.04	.08
14 COMPETENCE	-.19	.28	.06	-.11	.04	<u>-.69</u>
15 APPROVE	-.09	.26	<u>.51</u>	-.18	.21	-.07
16 PLEASURE	.10	.14	.09	-.17	<u>.67</u>	-.09
17 VITAL	.17	.21	<u>-.51</u>	.22	.23	-.15
18 PROGRESS	.32	-.06	<u>-.59</u>	-.08	.14	-.25
19 INTER-						
NATIONAL	.50	<u>-.51</u>	-.19	-.11	.00	.18
20 IMPERIALISM	.07	<u>-.72</u>	-.17	.21	-.01	.17
21 BRITAIN	.29	.00	.11	-.33	<u>.63</u>	.31
22 THE WEST	<u>.56</u>	-.21	.01	-.16	<u>.47</u>	<u>.45</u>
23 THE EAST	.35	-.09	.16	-.17	.37	<u>.42</u>
24 GHANA	<u>.78</u>	.25	.19	-.10	.19	-.01
25 GUINEA	<u>-.67</u>	-.08	-.03	-.30	-.12	-.03
26 AFRICA	.10	<u>-.78</u>	.13	-.10	-.14	-.02
27 DIVIDE	-.12	-.34	-.12	-.07	-.35	.06
28 UNITY	-.49	-.24	.04	<u>-.47</u>	-.07	-.30
29 FREEDOM	-.10	<u>-.53</u>	.34	-.23	-.11	-.16
30 SOCIALISM	.46	.40	-.03	.13	-.15	-.37
31 POLITICAL	-.24	.15	.12	<u>-.41</u>	<u>-.56</u>	.16
32 PARTY	-.13	<u>.76</u>	.33	.24	-.05	.14
33 EXECUTIVE	-.13	<u>.53</u>	.07	-.17	-.18	.36
34 LEGISLATURE	.18	<u>.44</u>	<u>.45</u>	-.34	-.16	.11
35 JUDICIAL	-.16	.23	.38	.24	-.06	.06

Table 3.1. --Continued

Factors Factor Names	1 Prac. vs. Abs.	2 Int. vs. Outsiders	3 Maint. vs. Change	4 Values vs. Consp.	5 Est. vs. Colon.	6 Trad. vs. Unity
Variable						
36 ECONOMIC	<u>.57</u>	.04	-.44	.17	-.35	.03
37 INDUSTRIAL	<u>.73</u>	.05	-.36	.04	-.14	.03
38 HISTORY	-.24	-.40	.05	.05	<u>.44</u>	-.03
39 LOCAL	-.11	.42	-.04	-.09	-.26	<u>.46</u>
40 LEGITIMACY	.28	-.40	<u>.45</u>	<u>-.56</u>	-.32	-.05
41 ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT	<u>.66</u>	-.04	<u>-.56</u>	-.16	-.23	.07
42 INTEGRATION	<u>-.62</u>	.18	-.07	.32	.22	<u>-.50</u>
43 PARTICIPA- TION	-.27	<u>.72</u>	.37	.12	-.13	.25
44 POSITIVE ACTION	.08	<u>.50</u>	-.35	.24	.29	-.28
45 NEGATIVE ACTION	-.27	<u>-.67</u>	.11	<u>.57</u>	-.06	.01
46 PASSIVE	<u>-.52</u>	.03	-.30	.25	-.15	.30

Table 3.2. --Factor Matrix - Unrotated Alker Merged Dictionary

Factors	1	2	3	4	5	6
Factor Name	Eco Dev	Pol.	Values	Welf.	Ident.	Trad.
	vs.	vs.	vs.	vs.	vs.	vs.
	Politics	West.Norms	Subj.	Outside	West	Unity
% of Variance						
Explained	16.76	13.35	10.59	8.72	6.84	6.44
Variable						
01 POWER/ AUTHORITA- TIVE	+ .05	<u>+ .69</u>	- .11	+ .24	+ .02	+ .02
02 POWER/ COOPERATION	.09	.03	- .17	.22	<u>.40</u>	<u>.62</u>
03 POWER/ CONFLICT	<u>- .51</u>	<u>- .44</u>	- .16	<u>.40</u>	- .26	<u>.31</u>
04 POWER/ ARENA	.04	.49	- .17	- .34	.05	<u>.33</u>
05 POWER/ GEN'L PARTICP.	.29	<u>.52</u>	.10	.38	- .24	.03
06 POWER/ SUMMARY	.02	<u>.73</u>	- .12	.45	- .17	.21
07 WEALTH/ OTHER	<u>.84</u>	- .22	- .16	- .09	- .01	.17
08 WEALTH/ PARTICIPANT	<u>.69</u>	- .14	- .31	.01	.08	.04
09 WEALTH/ SUMMARY	<u>.86</u>	- .22	- .24	- .08	.03	.13
10 WELL-BEING/ SOMATIC	- .02	- .24	.43	<u>.51</u>	.26	- .03
11 WELL-BEING/ PSYCHIC	- .02	.00	<u>.73</u>	- .32	.14	- .05
12 WELL-BEING- SUMMARY	- .04	- .22	<u>.66</u>	.37	.26	- .03
13 ENLIGHTENMENT/ OTHER	- .36	<u>- .52</u>	- .13	- .26	.06	- .18
14 SCOPE	.57	- .41	.16	- .04	<u>.37</u>	- .12
15 BASE	.00	- .12	- .33	.20	<u>.41</u>	- .26
16 POSITIVE AFFECT	- .07	- .04	<u>.60</u>	- .04	.33	- .19
17 ANOMIE	- .11	.17	- .08	- .22	- .29	<u>- .53</u>
18 SELF/ SELVES	.36	- .08	<u>.57</u>	.29	<u>- .44</u>	.04
19 TIME/PRESENT, FUTURE	.26	- .17	<u>.52</u>	.16	- .21	.13
20 IDEAL VALUE	- .41	.03	.22	.13	<u>.56</u>	.23

Table 3.2. --Continued

Factors Factor Name	1 Eco Dev vs. Politics	2 Pol. vs. West.Norms	3 Values vs. Subj.	4 Welf. vs. Outside	5 Ident. vs. West	6 Trad. vs. Unity
Variable						
21 ACTION NORM	<u>.65</u>	.29	.01	.11	.27	-.13
22 OUGHT	.27	-.25	.12	<u>.60</u>	-.13	-.05
23 APPROACH	.11	.18	<u>.63</u>	-.18	.05	.38
24 CONTROL	-.25	.30	<u>-.45</u>	-.11	.17	-.26
25 FOLLOW	-.30	.47	-.07	.07	.09	<u>-.32</u>
26 ATTACK	<u>-.54</u>	<u>-.48</u>	-.18	.37	-.14	<u>.31</u>
27 COMMUNITY	-.45	.03	.18	.07	<u>.56</u>	-.21
28 ECONOMIC	<u>.83</u>	-.23	-.29	.07	.09	.10
29 LEGAL	-.04	<u>.62</u>	-.13	.22	.34	.01
30 POLITICAL	.08	<u>.82</u>	.13	.20	-.26	.15
31 TECHNOLOGY	<u>.78</u>	-.23	-.06	.02	.03	-.10
32 REJECT	-.53	-.41	-.27	.38	-.15	<u>.38</u>
33 UNIFICATION	.04	.06	-.09	-.29	<u>.33</u>	<u>.66</u>
34 NATION/ NATIONALISTIC	-.08	<u>.53</u>	-.04	.31	<u>.33</u>	.13
35 UN-PRO- CESSES	<u>.57</u>	.26	.10	.28	.05	-.15
36 REGIONAL ORGAN.	-.00	.20	<u>.50</u>	-.46	-.19	.21
37 NON-COMM. EUROPE	-.15	.23	.21	<u>-.65</u>	-.27	.04

gether, the factors represent underlying ideas of the entire ideology of both countries.

Table 3.3. --Unrotated Pirro African Dictionary - Factor 1
"Practical vs. Abstract"

<u>Variable</u>	<u>Positive Loadings</u>	<u>Variable</u>	<u>Negative Loadings</u>
24 GHANA	+.78	07 THINK	-.71
01 SELF	.76	25 GUINEA	-.67
37 INDUSTRIAL	.73	42 INTEGRATION	-.62
41 ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT	.66	06 NOT	-.62
09 GUIDE	.64	03 STRUCTURE	-.59
22 THE WEST	.56	46 PASSIVE	-.52

The second general factor is largely political in nature. It appears to deal with "internal political solutions" as against the "solutions imposed by outsiders" especially colonialism. The wide range of politics in these African countries is indicated by the number of variables which have high positive loadings. All these variables are concerned with political operations in the new nation-states.

Table 3.4. --Unrotated Pirro African Dictionary - Factor 2
"Internal Political Solutions vs. Solutions Imposed by Outsiders"

<u>Variable</u>	<u>Positive Loadings</u>	<u>Variable</u>	<u>Negative Loadings</u>
32 PARTY	+.76	26 AFRICA	-.78
43 PARTICIPATION	.72	20 IMPERIALISM	-.72
33 EXECUTIVE	.53	45 NEGATIVE ACTION	-.67
44 POSITIVE ACTION	.50	29 FREEDOM	-.53
34 LEGISLATURE	.44	19 INTERNATIONAL	-.51

From Table 3.1 we can observe that factors three, four and five are all concerned with political elements. The third factor seems to pit maintenance of the power position against systemic change. The fourth factor sees a set of political values inversely correlated with variables connoting a conspiracy of outsiders. Factor five looks at problems of political establishments in light of the tradition of imperialism and colonialism which has held sway over Africa for so long. Factor six although not concerning political variables directly, has implications for politics in these countries.¹¹ It seems to be traditionalism as seen in parochial concerns both native traditions as well as those traditions borrowed from Western society. Inversely correlated with this is the idea of national unity.

These are simply general interpretative notions which come to light from an initial interpretation of the factor matrix. The PAD matrix contained in Table 3.1 in accord with statistical procedures will be rotated and a description of the resulting factors which should have more substantive depth will follow.

b. Alker Merged Dictionary

The unrotated matrix from the Alker Merged Dictionary (AMD) is presented in Table 3.2. This dictionary yielded six stable factors. Identical procedures were followed for this dictionary as with the Pirro

¹¹Tables abstracted from the larger tables, 3.1 and 3.2, keep the same numbering of the variables to facilitate reference to the larger tables.

African Dictionary.¹² Variable reduction left 37 variables.

The first factor seems to present the major confrontation of international politics between "economic development" and the Cold War."¹³ This means that concern with economic development is a major issue for Africa and one which they would prefer to see separate from the Cold War, conflicts and arms races.

Table 3.5. --Unrotated Alker Merged Dictionary - Factor 1
"Economic Development vs. World Politics Concerns"

<u>Variable</u>	<u>Positive Loadings</u>	<u>Variable</u>	<u>Negative Loadings</u>
09 WEALTH	+.86	35 UN-PROCESSES	-.57
07 WEALTH/OTHER	.84	26 ATTACK	-.54
28 ECONOMIC	.83	03 POWER/CONFLICT	-.51
31 TECHNOLOGY	.78		
08 WEALTH/PARTICIPANT	.69		
21 ACTION NORM	.65		

It is perhaps expectable from reading about these underdeveloped nations that African leaders would focus on economic development as a major ideological concern. It is less evident that they should deal with Cold War, nuclear dangers, and international relations as a major portion of this ideology. The variables loading high on this factor contain many words dealing with the current world political problems. This factor indicates that both countries are very much aware of this realm and would

¹² See footnotes 3.5, 6 and 7.

¹³ Bruce Russett, Recent Trends in World Politics (New York: Mac Millan, 1965), speaks of these two major issues of world politics today.

consciously like to reject it.

The second factor in the Alker Merged Dictionary matrix is very similar to the second factor of the PAD. Both are concerned with "politics and the nature of politics" in the new nation-states.

Table 3.6. --Unrotated Alker Merged Dictionary - Factor 2
"Nature of Politics vs. Western Norms"

<u>Variable</u>	<u>Positive Loadings</u>	<u>Variable</u>	<u>Negative Loadings</u>
30 POLITICAL	+ .82	13 ENLIGHTENMENT/ OTHER	- .52
06 POWER	.73	26 ATTACK	- .48
01 POWER/AUTHORITATIVE	.69	03 POWER/CONFLICT	- .44
29 LEGAL	.62		
34 NATIONALISTIC	.53		
05 POWER/GENERAL PARTICIPATION	.52		

Many of the variables not only concern politics but nationalism and the internal political situation. The negative loadings of this factor include norms and standards set largely in the West as evidenced in ENLIGHTENMENT/OTHER, a Lasswellian variable which includes words about training, education, mass media, and other cultural and intellectual pursuits. This might be the ideological evidence of the African leaders, reiterated statements that things in Africa will be done in an African way rather than in a Western or any other fashion.

¹⁴ Many Africans have stressed this theme of "Africa for the Africans". "Underlying the proliferation of ideas on African Socialism is the formulation of an ideology that stresses the identity of the people of the continent while rejecting the influence of the outside world." William H. Friedland and Carl G. Rosberg, Jr., eds., African Socialism (Stanford: Stanford University Press, 1964), p. 5. "...We must guard against anything that threatens our independence and freedom of action; we must be careful of the activities of foreign powers in Africa.... The African Personality and

Factors three through six will be treated generally here and discussed in section three in rotated form. Factors three, four and five are not directly concerned with politics. Factor three seems to give a normative view of what is good in the African leaders' eyes. The inverse correlate here is CONTROL which in Africa means subjugation and imperialism. Factor four has also the connotation of goodness, but here it is the sense of doing good in promoting the welfare of the nation-state, as against any outsider, particularly the colonialist nations. Factor five gives an impression of the African's views of themselves as negatively correlated with the values and pursuits of Western culture. Factor six is particularly of interest because it seems to show the underlying dimension of the African leaders' desire for "unity", which almost never appears in the same context as "chaos." They seem to be saying we must unite or we will fall back into the chaos of former times.

These impressions from the Alker Dictionary are very general. As with the Pirro African Dictionary, I subjected the matrix to rotation procedures and found six factors with interesting substantive content which will be discussed next.

3. Rotated Factor Matrix Analysis

a. Pirro African Dictionary

Rotation is a procedure employed in factor analysis as a convenience to the analyst. By definition, orthogonal rotation, the

the African Community must have a free and fertile soil in which to flourish and blossom." Kwame Nkrumah, I Speak of Freedom (New York: Praeger, 1961), pp. 186-7.

Table 3.7. --Factor Matrix - Rotated Pirro African Dictionary

Factors	1	2	3	4	5	6
Factor Name	Prag.	Pol.	Goal	Neces.	Ext.	Cont.
	vs.	vs.	vs.	vs.	vs.	vs.
	Ideal.	Colon.	Orient.	Goals	Duty	Internal
Variable						
01 SELF	<u>+.70</u>	+ .00	- .28	- .19	+ .21	- .18
02 THEY	- .10	- .29	.36	<u>.43</u>	.01	- .18
03 STRUCTURE	<u>-.69</u>	.11	.11	- .25	- .02	<u>-.31</u>
04 OUGHT	.32	- .01	- .27	.11	<u>-.39</u>	- .27
05 EQUAL	- .13	- .03	.16	<u>-.71</u>	.08	.06
06 NOT	<u>-.76</u>	- .16	.09	<u>.36</u>	- .11	- .05
07 THINK	<u>-.86</u>	.09	.07	- .02	- .09	- .25
08 POSSESS	.02	.14	- .05	<u>.58</u>	.14	- .02
09 GUIDE	<u>.58</u>	.06	- .40	.08	- .11	- .20
10 OPPOSITION	.00	- .26	.24	<u>.68</u>	- .17	.00
11 ATTACK	.12	<u>-.53</u>	.02	<u>.37</u>	- .22	.19
12 DANGER						
THEME	.18	- .33	- .22	.26	.19	<u>.40</u>
13 REGULAR	<u>-.44</u>	.19	.06	<u>-.53</u>	- .06	- .18
14 COMPETENCE	.27	- .04	.48	- .14	<u>-.44</u>	- .29
15 APPROVE	.24	.23	<u>.51</u>	.19	.15	.02
16 PLEASURE	.19	- .10	.36	- .08	<u>.47</u>	<u>-.35</u>
17 VITAL	- .01	- .12	- .25	- .15	- .01	<u>-.60</u>
18 PROGRESS	.14	- .28	- .32	<u>-.47</u>	- .00	<u>-.36</u>
19 INTER-						
NATIONAL	.16	- .36	<u>-.47</u>	- .19	.32	.27
20 IMPERIALISM	- .24	<u>-.56</u>	- .29	.08	.14	<u>.36</u>
21 BRITAIN	.17	.01	.13	- .12	<u>.80</u>	- .08
22 THE WEST	.20	- .13	- .27	- .03	<u>.82</u>	.03
23 THE EAST	.14	.03	- .08	.05	<u>.68</u>	.09
24 GHANA	<u>.73</u>	.10	- .22	.09	.37	- .18
25 GUINEA	<u>-.43</u>	.11	.42	- .29	- .23	.24
26 AFRICA	.01	<u>-.53</u>	- .10	- .06	.05	<u>.60</u>
27 DIVIDE	- .19	- .11	- .18	- .15	- .20	<u>.37</u>
28 UNITY	- .14	- .11	<u>.51</u>	- .43	- .23	<u>.31</u>
29 FREEDOM	.09	- .34	.26	- .04	- .05	<u>.56</u>
30 SOCIALISM	<u>.55</u>	.11	- .19	.07	- .26	<u>-.34</u>
31 POLITICAL	- .05	<u>.51</u>	.06	- .20	- .27	<u>.46</u>
32 PARTY	.05	<u>.65</u>	.18	<u>.46</u>	- .10	- .30
33 EXECUTIVE	- .08	<u>.70</u>	.01	.02	.03	- .01
34 LEGISLATURE	<u>.43</u>	.57	.17	.09	.09	.17
35 JUDICIAL	- .03	.22	.19	<u>.44</u>	- .09	.01

Table 3.7. --Continued

Factors Factor Name	1 Prag. vs. Ideal.	2 Pol. vs. Colon.	3 Goal vs. Orient.	4 Neces. vs. Goals	5 Ext. vs. Duty	6 Cont. vs. Internal
Variable						
36 ECONOMIC	.24	-.01	<u>-.75</u>	-.10	-.15	-.13
37 INDUSTRIAL	.39	-.01	<u>-.69</u>	-.15	.11	-.16
38 HISTORY	-.25	<u>-.45</u>	.29	.02	.26	.01
39 LOCAL	-.19	<u>.64</u>	-.16	.02	.03	.04
40 LEGITIMACY	<u>.48</u>	-.05	.09	-.18	.06	<u>.76</u>
41 ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT	.23	-.11	<u>-.84</u>	-.19	-.02	-.19
42 INTEGRATION	-.17	-.00	<u>.71</u>	<u>-.38</u>	-.29	-.23
43 PARTICI- PATION	-.07	<u>.75</u>	.23	.41	.09	-.14
44 POSITIVE ACTION	.08	.05	-.02	.03	-.09	<u>.76</u>
45 NEGATIVE ACTION	<u>-.44</u>	<u>-.62</u>	.07	<u>.43</u>	-.15	.28
46 PASSIVE	<u>-.69</u>	.16	-.10	.03	-.18	-.05

Table 3.8. --Factor Matrix - Rotated Alker Merged Dictionary

Factors Factor Name	1 Prac. vs. Abs.	2 Pol. vs. Amb.	3 Self- Respect	4 Coping with Threats	5 Surv. vs. Subv.	6 Intern. vs. Int.
Variable						
01 POWER/ AUTHORITATIVE	-.08	<u>+.71</u>	-.13	-.12	-.11	+.02
02 POWER/ COOPERATION	.15	.00	-.04	.03	-.07	<u>.77</u>
03 POWER/ CONFLICT	-.26	-.18	.03	<u>.84</u>	.06	-.01
04 POWER/ ARENA	-.07	.29	.03	-.22	<u>-.41</u>	<u>.43</u>
05 POWER/GEN'L PARTICP.	.14	<u>.69</u>	.19	-.02	.00	-.19
06 POWER- SUMMARY	-.09	<u>.88</u>	-.00	.15	-.12	.01
07 WEALTH/ OTHER	<u>.87</u>	-.05	.13	-.08	-.12	.12
08 WEALTH/ PARTICIPANT	<u>.75</u>	.01	-.12	-.05	-.11	.06
09 WEALTH/ SUMMARY	<u>.91</u>	-.06	.03	-.09	-.13	.11
10 WELL-BEING/ SOMATIC	.01	.02	.06	.16	<u>.73</u>	-.07
11 WELL-BEING/ PSYCHIC	-.23	-.19	<u>.44</u>	<u>-.49</u>	.36	.08
12 WELL-BEING- SUMMARY	-.09	-.03	.24	.00	<u>.79</u>	.05
13 ENLIGHTENMENT/ OTHER	-.21	<u>-.65</u>	.20	.11	-.03	-.05
14 SCOPE	<u>.60</u>	<u>-.31</u>	.03	-.25	.39	.05
15 BASE	.13	-.06	<u>.59</u>	.03	.18	-.02
16 POSITIVE AFFECT	-.20	-.13	.15	-.37	<u>.55</u>	-.00
17 ANOMIE	-.20	-.05	.09	-.28	-.31	<u>-.48</u>
18 SELF/ SELVES	.24	.17	.67	.07	.28	<u>-.35</u>
19 TIME/PRESENT, FUTURE	.16	.01	<u>.63</u>	.00	.38	-.13
20 IDEAL VALUE	<u>-.38</u>	.01	.17	.03	<u>.47</u>	<u>.45</u>
21 ACTION NORM	<u>.53</u>	.37	-.11	<u>-.39</u>	.14	.01
22 OUGHT	.35	.14	.10	.35	.39	<u>-.33</u>
23 APPROACH	-.09	.12	<u>.59</u>	-.27	.23	<u>.34</u>

Table 3.8. --Continued

Factors	1 Prac. vs. Abs.	2 Pol. vs. Amb.	3 Self- Respect	4 Coping with Threats	5 Surv. vs. Subv.	6 Intern. vs. Int.
Variable						
24 CONTROL	-.24	.11	<u>-.54</u>	-.13	-.28	-.02
25 FOLLOW	<u>-.40</u>	.32	-.31	-.21	-.05	-.17
26 ATTACK	-.27	-.25	-.05	<u>.81</u>	.10	.06
27 COMMUNITY	<u>-.45</u>	-.08	<u>-.36</u>	-.17	<u>.45</u>	.13
28 ECONOMIC	<u>.91</u>	.00	-.07	-.00	-.05	.07
29 LEGAL	-.14	<u>.60</u>	-.34	-.18	.07	.19
30 POLITICAL	-.15	<u>.83</u>	.24	-.14	-.17	-.03
31 TECHNOLOGY	<u>.79</u>	-.07	.05	-.15	.06	-.11
32 REJECT	-.26	-.16	-.08	<u>.85</u>	.02	.11
33 UNIFICATION	.07	-.01	.07	<u>.01</u>	-.12	<u>.79</u>
34 NATION/ NATIONALISTIC	-.15	<u>.58</u>	-.24	-.04	.17	.23
35 UN-PRO- CESSES	.46	.42	.02	-.22	.18	-.18
36 REGIONAL ORGANIZATIONS	-.22	-.03	<u>.60</u>	<u>-.36</u>	-.12	.17
37 NON-COMM- EUROPE	-.33	-.14	.38	<u>-.40</u>	<u>.43</u>	.09

procedure I have used, removes statistical dependency. It maximizes the structural differences between the factors and accentuates the high and low loadings. This means that there are a small number of independent variables loading high on each factor. This should make interpretation clear and easier than the non-rotated factors. It does, however, "slice the matrix pie" differently. This means the matrix is changed slightly so that the factors can have different substantive content than when they are unrotated. For this reason, both matrices, rotated and unrotated, have been presented and the reader may make his own comparisons.

There are six rotated factors from the Pirro African Dictionary and six rotated factors from the Alker Merged Dictionary. The factor loadings from these matrices are contained in Tables 3.7 and 3.8.¹⁵

The temptation is to title the first rotated factor of the Pirro African Dictionary "Nationalism" because the two nations under study are found on opposite poles in terms of ideology. I think this would oversimplify a more complex factor, and have named it "Pragmatism vs. Idealism." What appears to be at stake here is a more basic and general difference in a whole frame of reference. This factor explains over 16% of the total variance and thus indicates that it is the major underlying dimension of African political ideology. And here the two countries under

¹⁵The customary criterion for selection of factors to rotate is an eigen value of greater than 1.0. In the Pirro African Dictionary 12 factors had eigenvalues of over 1.0; in the Alker Merged Dictionary there were 10 such factors. Hence, a criterion of over 2.0 was applied which left six factors from each dictionary for rotation.

study are very different in a general way. As stated, this directly contradicts the first hypothesis of this research. Table 3.9, abstracted from the larger matrix table 3.7, gives this factor.

Table 3.9. --Rotated Pirro African Dictionary - Factor 1
"Pragmatism vs. Idealism"

<u>Variable</u>	<u>Positive Loadings</u>	<u>Variable</u>	<u>Negative Loadings</u>
24 GHANA	+.73	07 THINK	-.86
01 SELF	.70	06 NOT	-.76
09 GUIDE	.58	03 STRUCTURE	-.69
30 SOCIALISM	.55	46 PASSIVE	-.69
40 LEGITIMACY	.48	45 NEGATIVE ACTION	-.44
34 LEGISLATURE	.43	13 REGULAR	-.44
		25 GUINEA	-.43

This factor which appears to concern the general ideological orientation of each nation has been titled "Pragmatism vs. Idealism" to characterize these differing outlooks. The factor has high correlations with the Ghanaian nation (GHANA) and Nkrumah himself (SELF) with an action orientation (GUIDE) and with the government as the logical ideological agent (LEGITIMACY, LEGISLATURE) and with practical concerns (SOCIALISM). It appears to be a problem solving orientation with the consequences of action and the agent of action, major concerns. The negative correlations of the factor are Guinean (GUINEA), abstract (THINK) and negative (NEGATIVE ACTION, NOT) in tone, passive (PASSIVE) contemplative (THINK) rather than active, and concerned with ideals and standards (REGULAR, STRUCTURE).

To illustrate this significant factor further, the variables with the highest loadings are GHANA and SELF which means that mentions of the nation and of Nkrumah who strongly identifies his person with his country¹⁶ correlates highly with the factor. Slightly below are GUIDE, SOCIALISM, LEGITIMACY, LEGISLATURE, GUIDE is an action category with many practical terms ("facilitate, implement, remedy, train, assist") which chiefly include positive actions around one stronger's interaction with one weaker, usually for the latter's benefit. In Nkrumah's speeches it is usually the Ghanaian government or the party helping the masses. It is political action for the good of everyone. The notions are very practical ones. When aid is necessary, the government is there and ready. This corresponds to many African ideas of government as the logical agent for all activity. This tendency, noted by Friedland, is to say when something needs doing, let the government take over.¹⁷

¹⁶ "In a democracy, the real leader of the country is the man who has been democratically elected as leader of the party which commands a majority in Parliament.... It is our hope that the system we have adopted which combines the Premiership with the Presidency will give stability and resolute leadership in the building of our country. In our opinion it responds to the mood of our people.... The reservation of certain powers to the President was felt to be necessary in order to allow opportunity for decisive action in pushing forward our development.... The increased authority given to the President is to enable him to exercise the positive leadership that is so vital to a country seeking to pull itself up by its bootstraps.... I will not hide the fact that I am impatient when it comes to building Ghana." Kwame Nkrumah, Africa Must Unite (New York: Praeger, 1963), pp. 82-3.

¹⁷ Inscription on the statue of Kwame Nkrumah which stood outside the President's House in Accra until the overthrow of Nkrumah's regime in February 1966, when the mobs smashed the statue.

SOCIALISM also contains terms about government action, this time in conjunction with the economy. **LEGITIMACY** is a summary tag category incorporating **GHANA** and **LEGISLATURE**. It also includes many ideals and other positive tone words usually associated with governmental operations. They all involve the efforts of the government to acquire legitimacy in the eyes of the Ghanian nation's people and the rest of the world. Although the idea of Legitimacy is abstract, some of its logical consequences are more practical, such as national prestige, international power, approbation of government actions, etc. It is interesting that Legitimacy is the highest ideal which correlates with the factor, coming even before economic development and independence. It indicates that the African countries are not as interested in their own growth or freedom as their relative position among the family of nations. I suspect many of the other ideals in the ideology of these leaders stem from this seeking for Legitimacy. For instance, economic development can be seen as a means of improving the country in the international scene. Likewise, independence gives a country status and helps it gain Legitimacy. A goal of Legitimacy is one indication of a national "inferiority complex." **LEGISLATURE** is another governmental category dealing with one arm of the ruling structure. This government arm figures very prominently as a Western standard for Legitimacy. It was a focus of African attention especially in Nkrumah's early speeches when maintenance of his own power was dependent on his winning the legislative elections. In summary, then, the positive loadings revolve around a practical, governmental, positive, active Ghanian

factor which indicates a pragmatic approach to political ideology. Here are some typical statements which fit into this factor and which exemplify this pragmatic thinking mold.

Nkrumah said: That (development) is why the Ghanaian (GHANA) government (LEGITIMACY) attaches such importance to the state (LEGITIMACY) providing (GUIDE) credit for the African agriculture, commerce and industry.... Speech 4, 1956, sentence 36.

... the attachment of political (LEGITIMACY) independence (LEGITIMACY) will be followed by a period of national reconstruction (LEGITIMACY) the first installment of which will be embodied in our second development plan to be presented to the new Ghana (GHANA) parliament (LEGISLATURE, LEGITIMACY) for approval.... Speech 6, 1957, sentence 17.

As our party has proclaimed and as I (SELF) have asserted time and time again socialism (SOCIALISM) is the only pattern within the shortest possible time to bring (GUIDE) the good life to the people. Speech 12, 1961, sentence 57.

To represent (LEGITIMACY) the Ghanaian (GHANA) people in parliament (LEGISLATURE, LEGITIMACY) is a privilege of which we members (LEGISLATURE, LEGITIMACY) must be worthy. Speech 16, 1964, sentence 177.

These provide some instances of the appearance of these categories.

Much of the content of the sentences corresponds to the ideas conveyed above about the nature of the first factor.

On the more abstract Guinean pole of negative correlations, there are seven variables with high negative loadings. The highest negative correlation is the category, THINK, which includes many passive, non-action verbs ("anticipate, believe, compare, create, invent, understand

assume, perceive, known, mean, remember, etc."). It is typical in content analysis to find positive action and negative action on opposite poles. Here it is interesting to find Guinea associated with this negative side of things. It is an indication that Guinea's ideology is essentially negative in tone, against things rather than for something. NEGATIVE ACTION is a category which is also high on negative loadings on this particular factor. This reinforces the notion that the ideology is very negative in tone. This tag category contains most of the verbs which are acting against something ("attack, deny, etc."). Other variables with high negative loadings include STRUCTURE, PASSIVE, REGULAR and as stated before, GUINEA. STRUCTURE is a category about the nature of things. All the terms in it are highly abstract and usually involve no definite action ("character, method, symbol, material, subject, system, etc.") REGULAR is one category which describes the nature of things usually in adjectives which establish "normal" or "right" functioning ("natural, realistic, objective, actual, familiar, etc.") PASSIVE is a summary tag which includes STRUCTURE words, some THINK and REGULAR words and other terms which are neither relevant to economic development nor indicate any kind of action. Let me just note that this is not a residual category. Words which did not fit a summary tag were simply omitted from the summarization. All the words placed in the PASSIVE category indicate passiveness or lack of definite action. That PASSIVE appears on the negative loading side reinforces the title of "Idealism" given this pole of the factor as abstract, non-active. To

summarize the Guinean ideology in terms of this factor is very abstract, quite negative, and passive rather than action oriented. Some illustrations of typical statements containing these categories are appropriate here:

Toure said: Article 50 (of the constitution) specifies (PASSIVE) that under no (NOT, NEGATIVE ACTION) circumstances can the republican form (STRUCTURE) of the Guinean (GUINEA) state be questioned (PASSIVE) by any constitutional revision....
Speech 5, 1958, sentence 460.

In fact (STRUCTURE) it will always be necessary (PASSIVE) to recall (THINK, PASSIVE) that the principal character (STRUCTURE) of the independence of our country resides in the fact (STRUCTURE) that we have passed from the level (STRUCTURE) of irresponsibility (NEGATIVE ACTION) to the level (STRUCTURE) of responsibility....
Speech 9, 1959, sentence 766.

But it is not (NOT, NEGATIVE ACTION) of knowing (THINK, PASSIVE) or understanding (THINK, PASSIVE) what we say it is a matter of ascertaining (PASSIVE) and of recognizing (PASSIVE) that what we denounce (NEGATIVE ACTION) is a reality (REGULAR) which is rooted in mentalities (THINK) and in social practice....
Speech 14, 1959, sentence 543.

The second rotated factor of the Pirro African Dictionary is very clear and very interesting. It cuts across national lines and contains major elements of political ideology. I have titled it "Politics vs. Colonialism." The positive side of this factor contains six variables all of which are related to politics.

Table 3.10. --Rotated Pirro African Dictionary - Factor 2.
"Politics vs. Colonialism"

<u>Variable</u>	<u>Positive Loadings</u>	<u>Variable</u>	<u>Negative Loadings</u>
43 PARTICIPATION	+ .75	45 NEGATIVE ACTION	- .62
33 EXECUTIVE	.70	20 IMPERIALISM	- .56
32 PARTY	.65	26 AFRICA	- .53
39 LOCAL GOVERNMENT	.64	11 ATTACK	- .53
34 LEGISLATURE	.57	38 HISTORY	- .45
31 POLITICAL	.51		

On the negative side are the variables associated with the colonial experience. This factor seems to substantiate much of what the literature has said about the political ideology of Africa. The most important thing is politics. As Nkrumah has said, "Seek ye first the political kingdom and all else is opened unto you." Politics was the major area denied to Africans under colonial domination. It is then natural that the ideology should revolve around politics as an ideal and should be directed against the colonial experience.¹⁸

The positive side of the loadings show this clearly. All the variables included here are political and most are the agents, or the doers of any action taken. They are likely to be found as the subject of a sentence. The highest loading variable is PARTICIPATION, which contains all the

¹⁸ This finding is consistent with work by Kenneth W. Grundy, "Theories and Ideologies of West African Underdevelopment and Development," 2 vols. (Pennsylvania State University, 1963), and in Herbert Spiro, ed., Africa: The Primacy of Politics (New York: Random House, 1966).

ways in which the citizen can take part in politics and government. It is a summary tag and one of the six crises of development. It appears that the ability to participate in the governing process ranks only after LEGITIMACY which occurred as a value in the first factor. This participation was customarily granted by the newly independent regimes to everyone regardless of ability to write, pay taxes, etc. The tag includes most of the other high loading variables on this factor. Second to this is EXECUTIVE in loadings. The executive branch of the government, whose terms are contained in this tag, represents two things. First, there is the tendency of African politics in these two countries to revolve around the men who made up the executive. Hence, the executive terms would naturally appear in any context about politics. But, second, the executive branch of the government represents the highest governmental positions, which were the last to be occupied by Africans in the gradual evolution of independence from colonialism. Only after independence did Africans succeed to prime ministerships, etc. The PARTY is logically included in this factor as the chief agent or instrument of politics within both countries. The frequency of references to the party are very high for both speakers and very often its appearance is as the subject of the sentence. LOCAL GOVERNMENT includes many words about politics and political offices which were occupied by Africans and with which the African audiences listening to the speeches were familiar. POLITICAL is a category containing all the general political terms, not referring to any one arm of government or any political value. LEGISLATURE is one branch of the

government and the category contains terms referring to it. Given this breakdown I am calling this part of the factor, "politics." Few clearly political variables remain outside high loadings and all the variables contained within the high loading group are political in nature. Thus, the major dimension of content in African political ideology is the primacy of the political sphere.

On the negative pole are the colonialist variables associated with negative or "anti" variables. From this it seems that colonialism is regarded as a bad force and one which African politics should not encompass. Rarely do the political variables appear in the same sentences as those dealing with colonialism. The highest loading variable on the negative pole is NEGATIVE ACTION which indicates dislike and antipathy in conjunction with the second highest loading variable IMPERIALISM, which contains many of the colonialist words. The third highest loading variable AFRICA, may appear surprising until one realizes that the terms included under it are used in close context with colonialism. Many times it is Africa and the Africans who are being oppressed, held back, denied much by colonialism.¹⁹ ATTACK ("conquer, deter, interfere, intimidate, mistreat, etc.") is another "anti" category containing verbs which express much in the way of hatred against colonialism. HISTORY ("tradition,

¹⁹ "Africa's level of development is a product of the economic conditions brought about by foreign intervention and domination." Sekou Toure, "Africa's Future and the World," Foreign Affairs (41:1, October, 1962), pp. 145-56. Other authors cite similar findings including Kenneth Grundy, op. cit., and Herbert Spiro, op. cit.

memory, legacy, historic, etc.") includes much about the long time the colonialist era endured in Africa and the way in which Africa has remained oppressed for centuries.²⁰

Some examples from each political leader illustrate these points:

Toure: We the PDG (PARTY, PARTICIPATION) leadership (EXECUTIVE, PARTICIPATION) have said that to obtain results of transforming the structures and values, the Guinean people have to be educated....
Speech 12, 1959, sentence 388.

We the PDG (PARTY, PARTICIPATION) leadership (EXECUTIVE, PARTICIPATION) assert that our party (PARTY, PARTICIPATION) was right in placing education at the center of the revolution.
Speech 12, 1959, sentence 356.

Be it the area of knowledge, in the area of technique, in the area of economic wealth, in that of energy, it falls to the party (PARTY, PARTICIPATION) to give leadership (EXECUTIVE, PARTICIPATION)
Speech 15, 1959, sentence 603.

Nkrumah said: On the contrary, in putting ourselves forward to represent the Ghanaian people in Parliament (LEGISLATURE, PARTICIPATION) we members (LEGISLATURE, PARTICIPATION) accept the most responsible, of duties that of expressing and carrying out the will of the people in their highest forum (POLITICAL, PARTICIPATION) of their representation.
Speech 13, 1962, sentence 878.

Under the leadership (EXECUTIVE, PARTICIPATION) of the party (PARTY, PARTICIPATION) Ghana has maintained a steady progress since independence.
Speech 13, 1962, sentence 856.

²⁰ HISTORY is a complex idea in African political ideology. At least two distinct strains are detectable in the speeches made by these two leaders. First, history is a story of oppression and degradation for the Africans under the colonialist yoke. Second, history is a glorious tale of empires and kingdoms, of culture and wealth which were eliminated by the European coming. Both these strains come out in the strong negative sentiments expressed in the factor against colonialism.

On the negative pole, there are some illustrations of "Colonialism."

Toure said: It is not sufficient (NEGATIVE ACTION) to say that we are in favor of African (AFRICA) emancipation.

Speech 15, 1959, sentence 594.

The omnipotent colonial state (IMPERIALISM) imposed (NEGATIVE ACTION) an etat-de-fait, fundamentally opposed (NEGATIVE ACTION) to the people's interest. Speech 22, 1961, sentence 986.

Nkrumah said: It (1960) is the year of the climax of the revolution within Africa (AFRICA). Africa (AFRICA) has rebelled (ATTACK) against (NEGATIVE ACTION) the shame and injustice which for so long has been meted out to her.

Speech 10, 1960, sentence 456.

We have moreover, started a movement that has set ablaze the whole of Africa (AFRICA) and which aims to blast (ATTACK) the last bastions of colonialism (IMPERIALISM), imperialism (IMPERIALISM) and racialism from the face of the African continent (AFRICA). Speech 9, 1960, sentence 387.

Factor three appears somewhat different in appearance in rotated form than in non-rotated form. It has been simply titled "Goal Orientation." It seems to involve the way in which each of the nations studied is trying to move, the ends to which they are trying to aspire. On the positive pole we find a set of values and ideals which are espoused in the speeches as the way in which the African nations would like to appear. These are mainly qualities and favorable ideals which include INTEGRATION, UNITY, and COMPETENCE. In addition, there is the category APPROVE, which has many favorable positive words ("satisfactory, energy, efficiency, advocate, promise, etc."). It is interesting that the tag GUINEA is associated with these variables. This indicates that

Toure leans toward a goal orientation which favors these values. This correlates with the first rotated factor which suggests that the rhetoric of Toure's speeches is more abstract and idealistic. Ghana did load negatively, indicating that it generally favored the modernity goal orientation found on the negative pole of this factor more than the abstract. However, the loading was so low that the variable was removed from consideration with the factor. The negative side of this factor contains variables which show clear indications of the modern economic set of goals which many underdeveloped nations seek. The variable INTERNATIONAL, which seems to indicate that this goal is modeled on the version achieved in the developed nations is included here.

ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT includes the major economic variables of INDUSTRIALIZATION and ECONOMIC which is a more general category. ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT is a summary tag and one of the six crises of political development. It is interesting that this appears in opposition to the other summary tag of INTEGRATION. This may mean that the political leaders perceive a choice in goals. Either they select the goal of creating a national climate within the nation-state involving unification of the citizens, integration of the entire populace, increasing levels of ability, etc., or they select a set of practical goals involving economic matters, development of technology and participation in world politics. This factor indicates that they see these two goals as incompatible. Either the energies of the nation are directed to internal behavioral goals as indicated by the positive loading side of this factor, or they are

Table 3.11. --Rotated Pirro African Dictionary - Factor 3
"Goal Orientation"

<u>Variable</u>	<u>Positive Loadings</u>	<u>Variable</u>	<u>Negative Loadings</u>
42 INTEGRATION	+.71	41 ECONOMIC	
28 UNITY	.51	DEVELOPMENT	-.84
15 APPROVE	.51	36 ECONOMIC	-.75
14 COMPETENCE	.48	37 INDUSTRIALIZATION	-.69
25 GUINEA	.42	19 INTERNATIONAL	-.47

turned to imitative outer-directed practical behavior as seen on the negative pole.

These trends which appear also in the first factor, are seen in more detail here. The practical vein which appears in the negative loadings as economic and modernizing is opposed to the positive loadings with idealistic, abstract goals. Both trends figure significantly in the two ideologies. Combing the data for illustrations of both sides turned up some interesting results. The positive factor loading showed similar notions on the part of both African speakers (but more frequently in Toure's addresses).

Toure said: The young people (INTEGRATION) will be ready to assume the responsibility (COMPETENCE) to carry on the Guinean (GUINEA) revolution and raise constantly (COMPETENCE) this country's level of development, as we hope and want it to become. Speech 22, 1961, sentence 972.

Nkrumah said: As I have stated elsewhere, there are three alternatives open to African states, firstly to unite (UNITY, INTEGRATION) and save our continent..... Speech 11, 1960, sentence 464.

It happens that this illustration from Toure contains a reference to ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT in the world "revolution," but the sentiments were those generally expressed in longer sentences so the illustration was retained. Here we see that Toure uses development in a very general way. Toure used UNITY terms less frequently than Nkrumah but both men generally expressed the same sentiments about the positive side of this factor. On the negative side, there were distinct differences in vocabulary between the two men. Nkrumah spoke at length of ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT and INDUSTRIALIZATION in particular. Toure, on the other hand, spoke more rarely and when he did, it was in a very general way, using such words as "development" rather than "factory" and especially using the term "revolution and revolutionary" for ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT. Most of Toure's contributions to this category consisted of these two terms. Some examples help illustrate this factor's negative loadings.

Toure said: There is no revolution (ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT) without a will and without activity towards the transformation of the former order into a new order.
Speech 21, 1963, sentence 377.

Nkrumah said: We Ghanians must make an inventory of our natural mineral (INDUSTRIALIZATION, ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT) and agricultural (ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT) heritage, we must number our manpower (INDUSTRIALIZATION ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT) and our actual (COMPETENCE) potential reservoir of skills (COMPETENCE).
Speech 12, 1961, sentence 606.

Factor four of the Rotated Pirro African Dictionary illustrates some similar points. I have titled it "Political Necessity vs. Political Goals."

On the negative side we have the collection of ideals, the abstract goals which the Africans have espoused. In particular, these goals include EQUAL which encompasses the notion of equality; REGULAR, the category about normalcy, rightness; PROGRESS; a general category which denotes forward movement or advancement; UNITY and INTEGRATION which have been discussed above.

Table 3.12. --Rotated Pirro African Dictionary - Factor 4.
"Political Necessities vs. Political Goals"

<u>Variable</u>	<u>Positive Loadings</u>	<u>Variable</u>	<u>Negative Loadings</u>
10 OPPOSITION	+.68	05 EQUAL	-.71
08 POSSESS	.58	13 REGULAR	-.53
32 PARTY	.46	18 PROGRESS	-.46
35 JUDICIAL	.44	28 UNITY	-.43
45 NEGATIVE ACTION	.43	42 INTEGRATION	-.38
02 THEY	.43		
43 PARTICIPATION	.41		
11 ATTACK	.37		
06 NOT	.36		

On the positive pole of this factor, are eight variables correlated highly with the factor, political necessity. There are two sets of variables included in the number which load highly on this factor, both sets dealing with practical considerations of the political operations within the nation-state. NEGATIVE ACTION, NOT, ATTACK, THEY and OPPOSITION, all are concerned with the nation's contact with forces which would prevent maintenance of power by the current regime. POSSESS, PARTY, JUDICIAL and PARTICIPATION deal with political operations sanctioned by the regime but which have to be carefully controlled and

handled by that regime to enable it to continue its chosen path and carry out its policies. The judicial organ, for example, could declare an act unconstitutional; the party program which is given to the membership can be criticized at that level; the participation of the citizens can get out of hand with rioting, demands that cannot be met, etc. Not only does the regime have to handle these internal considerations, but it has the OPPOSITION to deal with and this is composed of both external and internal elements, THEY, forces which threaten, ATTACK, and provide impediments, NEGATIVE ACTION, against the regime. In short, this factor is concerned with what practical actions must be taken to maintain the political system as a whole and the given rulers in particular. The factor shows that such political necessity is divorced from the lofty, abstract establishment of goals, suggesting that African politics like those through much of the world will talk in glowing terms about ideals but when threatened with loss of power or turnover of personnel, will clamp down. Here are some examples of sentences with these variables where some of these ideas are expressed, on the positive loading side.

Toure said: The JRDA (PARTY, PARTICIPATION) wants to see emerging from the confusion (NEGATIVE ACTION) skillfully maintained by the enemies (OPPOSITION) of our people, a new man, an African man worthy because he is free and responsible.

Speech 17, 1964, sentence 598.

Nkrumah said: And I warned other African Heads of State that disunity (NEGATIVE ACTION) would be a breeding ground for corruption (NEGATIVE ACTION) and neo-colonialism (NEGATIVE ACTION) conspiracies (OPPOSITION, NEGATIVE ACTION) and intrigues

(OPPOSITION, NEGATIVE ACTION) in our individual states.

Speech 23, 1966, sentence 724.

From today we the people must resolve to keep our ranks firmly closed against (NEGATIVE ACTION) our enemies (OPPOSITION, NEGATIVE ACTION) both external (THEY) and internal....

Speech 16, 1964, sentence 186.

On the negative pole there are some interesting findings from the illustrations of both authors.

Toure said: And in reforming our personality, we will lose all (INTEGRATION) our complexes and will become the equals (EQUAL) of the best in the workshop of the world who wish justice (PROGRESS) to triumph over slavery, liberty to triumph over domination and progress (PROGRESS) to triumph over reaction.

Speech 27, 1964, sentence 616.

Nkrumah said: And at the same time it is possible to provide for that security of title which will enable land owners to raise capital in the same (EQUAL) way as is done in more developed (PROGRESS) countries....

Speech 4, 1955, sentence 32.

As seen in this illustration, the category, EQUAL, is not a good measure of the sense of being equal with another human being. In that category are the words "same" and "like" which inflate the category in a way not equivalent of the other categories loading high on this dimension and probably causing the high loading. It is also evident from an intuitive perusal of the documents that Toure uses EQUAL more, and as an abstract ideal than Nkrumah who is more concerned with the sameness of his country, people and ideals to others, particularly those of the Western countries. In spite of this the category is useful. Rightfully,

PROGRESS should absorb the "sameness" words, and this category does load high on this factor, indicating that the factor remains valid. The factor still retains interest for us because it continues the thread of passive vs. active, practical vs. abstract ideas which seem to underlie many of the factors in various ways.

The fifth factor seems to oppose an idea of external influences to duty. The positive pole contains variables which concern the world outside Africa and its problems. To many Africans, especially the urbanized, Westernized elites, this outside world is more familiar, more understandable, and more congenial than the poverty and need within the African nations. On the negative side is the sense of obligation. Both COMPETENCE and OUGHT are job associated tags. They connote the obligations of the Africans within their countries, duties which bind them to the nation and their official positions.

Table 3.13. --Rotated Pirro African Dictionary - Factor 5
"External Influences vs. Duty"

<u>Variable</u>	<u>Positive Loadings</u>	<u>Variable</u>	<u>Negative Loadings</u>
22 THE WEST	+.82	14 COMPETENCE	-.44
21 BRITAIN	.80	04 OUGHT	-.39
23 THE EAST	.68		
16 PLEASURE	.47		

The sixth factor concerns a problem faced in the political ideologies of the African nations, whether to consider continental problems and goals or to concentrate on consolidation of gains within one's own nation.

On one pole there are many variables concerned with the African continent and African's problems LEGITIMACY, AFRICA, FREEDOM, POLITICAL as well as indications of the continuing IMPERIALISM, outside influence, DANGER THEME, DIVIDE and UNITY. On the other side are POSITIVE ACTION, VITAL, PROGRESS, SOCIALISM and STRUCTURE, all categories which are concerned with domestic affairs within Ghana and Guinea. It is interesting that they are all variables concerned with the framework of the state's future rather than purely political variables. This seems to indicate that the African leaders are undecided whether to shape their ideologies around the themes of Pan-Africanism or to shape them around national progress. VITAL, PROGRESS, SOCIALISM are all variables with development connotations. They presage the future development of the nations and are associated with STRUCTURE which indicates this shaping concern and POSITIVE ACTION which shows that all these concerns have favorable connotations for the leaders.

Table 3.14. --Rotated Pirro African Dictionary - Factor 6
"Continental vs. Internal Politics"

<u>Variable</u>	<u>Positive Loadings</u>	<u>Variable</u>	<u>Negative Loadings</u>
40 LEGITIMACY	+ .76	44 POSITIVE ACTION	-.75
26 AFRICA	.60	17 VITAL	-.60
29 FREEDOM	.56	18 PROGRESS	-.36
31 POLITICAL	.46	16 PLEASURE	-.35
12 DANGER THEME	.40	30 SOCIALISM	-.34
27 DIVIDE	.37	03 STRUCTURE	-.31
20 IMPERIALISM	.36		
28 UNITY	.31		

Nkrumah and Toure as the first independent African Heads of State are concerned with the rest of the continent and the dilemma they face in creating policy can be seen in this factor. Some illustrations also help illuminate this point.

Toure said: This is why Guinea (LEGITIMACY) was right in deciding unquestionably in favor of independence (FREEDOM, LEGITIMACY) and this important factor has played a fermenting role in the liberation (FREEDOM, LEGITIMACY) of numerous African (AFRICA, LEGITIMACY) countries (LEGITIMACY).

Speech 24, 1961, sentence 335.

Nkrumah said: We Africans (AFRICA, LEGITIMACY) intend to demonstrate (POSITIVE ACTION) that the exploitation (IMPERIALISM) of man by man must cease. Speech 5, 1957, sentence 122.

Therefore, we the free (FREEDOM, LEGITIMACY) independent (FREEDOM, LEGITIMACY) nations of Africa (AFRICA, LEGITIMACY) have a responsibility (POSITIVE ACTION) to hasten (POSITIVE ACTION) the total liberation (FREEDOM, LEGITIMACY) of Africa (AFRICA, LEGITIMACY).

Speech 7, 1958, sentence 253.

On the negative pole they are mainly concerned with domestic matters.

Toure said: Since progress (PROGRESS) appears in the contention of thesis with antithesis, and the revolution (PROGRESS) is little more than conscious choice (PROGRESS) the revolutionary (PROGRESS) militant should constantly harmonize (POSITIVE ACTION) high actions (POSITIVE ACTION) to his thoughts. Speech 27, 1964, sentence 573.

Nkrumah said: The central theme of this program is the total industrialization of Ghana the complete diversification (POSITIVE ACTION) and mechanization (POSITIVE ACTION) of agriculture within a national economic planning based on the socialist (SOCIALISM) pattern (STRUCTURE) of a society.

Speech 14, 1962, sentence 983.

At this point the Alker Merged Dictionary will help us to see African Political ideology as exemplified in these speeches in a slightly different light. The Alker Dictionary had a different basis of formation, as discussed in Chapter Two of this dissertation, because there were different reasons behind its creation. Alker was interested in comparing categories from several dictionaries so there is much overlapping of words from category to category. Some words appear in as many as six categories. This means that variables which load heavily on one pole of a factor are present often because they contain the same set of words or most of the same set of words. For instance, in the first factor to be introduced, there are two categories, WEALTH and ECONOMIC which overlap almost 100%. In addition, there is a different way of slicing the theoretical pie in this dictionary. Several questions determine the organization of this dictionary: 1. Who were the actors? Who was acted upon? How are these actors described? The dictionary is very concerned with subjects, and nouns used as subjects and then with the adjectives which describe them. 2. What kinds of action occurred? Can this activity be classified as social, political, economic etc.? The dictionary continues to emphasize nouns or actions, and the description of these actions especially in terms of Lasswellian indulgences or deprivations. 3. What concern is there with the environment or setting? How much attention is paid to the system in which the action occurred? 4. What is the role of values and ideals? In particular, what is the role of the Lasswellian value system? 5. How does the time element

figure in the commission of actions by actors? The categories of this dictionary are designed to answer these questions. The development of factors reflects this different orientation in the Alker Dictionary's construction.

The first factor seems at first glance to be a remake of the first factor in the Pirro African Dictionary, but there are several significant differences. First, there is no difference between states appearing on this factor, because the dictionary construction does not allow for this.²¹ Second, and more important, there are differences in the types of variables which show up. On the positive side are a host of variables which deal

Table 3.15. --Rotated Alker Merged Dictionary - Factor 1
"Practical Development vs. Abstract Goals"

<u>Variable</u>	<u>Positive Loadings</u>	<u>Variable</u>	<u>Negative Loadings</u>
28 ECONOMIC	+ .91	27 COMMUNITY	-.45
09 WEALTH	.91	25 FOLLOW	-.40
07 WEALTH/OTHER	.87	20 IDEAL VALUE	-.39
31 TECHNOLOGY	.79		
08 WEALTH/PARTICIPANT	.75		
14 SCOPE	.60		
21 ACTION NORM	.53		

with the economic development of the nations. All these categories are practical and pragmatic, but they deal more explicitly with the development sector of the nation. The negative side of the factor is idealistic

²¹This is a defect in dictionary construction. I adopted the Alker categories without change and this placed both Ghana and Guinea in the same category making differentiation between them impossible.

but also includes more normative words, indicating abstract thought and ideas and they appear to be established as goals. This factor then can be called a goal-orienting one, positing the practical limitations of economic advancement against the values of cooperation, unity and other abstract ideals. WEALTH on the positive side is a summary tag containing all of WEALTH/OTHER and WEALTH/PARTICIPANT. As stated earlier, these categories almost overlap completely with ECONOMIC and contain all the words which could deal with the economic sphere of life.

TECHNOLOGY is the equivalent of INDUSTRIALIZATION in the PAD. SCOPE is a category which indicates the range of action particularly as regards progress ("accomplish, achieve, attain, activity, advance, continue, crisis, develop, expect, endeavor, growth, fulfill, important, offer, necessity, produce, etc."). ACTION NORM is a category which incorporates the means or methods used to achieve these economic goals ("alliance, personality, method, means, custom, constitutional, job, democracy, election, foundation, procedure, tradition, unity, treatment, etc.").

On the negative pole are the abstract variables, COMMUNITY, FOLLOW and IDEAL VALUE. COMMUNITY includes the words which describe the structure of this group of people ("class, friendly, introduce, neighbor, prestige, status, success, tradition, tribe, welcome, visit, etc."). It is interesting that this variable includes so many traditional and parochial terms which may indicate that there are progress versus traditional elements in this factor. FOLLOW indicates words

which suggest favorable attitudes in the direction of some abstract ideal ("accept, adhere, dependent, conform, membership, obey, rely, submit, voluntary, yield, etc.") IDEAL VALUE is as the title suggests - a listing of many abstract goals and utopias, both political and general ("autonomy, ambition, advancement, beauty, cooperate, health, individualism, independence, justice, liberty, success, value, victory, unity, sovereign, socialism, progress, rich, practical, powerful, etc."). This factor then pits the practical considerations of the economic life of the society against the ideals espoused by the Africans. This basic conflict occurs in many political figures who are often accused of talking big but when the chips are down, doing something very practical. Some quotations from the speeches help illustrate the "Practical Development" aspect.

Toure said: And if we Guineans are equal, it is true because we participate in the same exacting work (TECHNOLOGY) in which everyone whatever his place or trade (WEALTH, ECONOMIC) is useful.
Speech 7, 1958, sentence 702.

It was these colonial, economic (WEALTH/OTHER, WEALTH, ECONOMIC) organisms which fixed (TECHNOLOGY, WEALTH/OTHER, WEALTH, ECONOMIC) the salary (WEALTH, ECONOMIC) rates which determined the labor (TECHNOLOGY) conditions which fixed (ECONOMIC, WEALTH/OTHER, WEALTH) before trading (WEALTH, ECONOMIC) a controlled price (WEALTH/OTHER, WEALTH, ECONOMIC) for our agricultural (WEALTH/OTHER, WEALTH, ECONOMIC) products (ECONOMIC).
Speech 13, 1959, sentence 490.

Nkrumah said: Since we have placed our national emphasis on rapid industrialization (WEALTH/OTHER, WEALTH, TECHNOLOGY) it is essential that we should build electric power (WEALTH/OTHER, WEALTH, TECHNOLOGY) to the point where the smallest

nook and corner of Ghana can obtain electric (WEALTH/OTHER, WEALTH, ECONOMIC) supply (WEALTH/OTHER, WEALTH) readily and cheaply (ECONOMIC) to facilitate activity (SCOPE).
Speech 2, 1956, sentence 786.

Increased productivity (WEALTH/OTHER, WEALTH, ECONOMIC) coupled with socialist (ACTION NORM) planning (ACTION NORM) will permit the control of prices (WEALTH/OTHER, WEALTH, ECONOMIC) and the circulation of goods (WEALTH/OTHER, WEALTH, ECONOMIC) in the community interest.
Speech 12, 1961, sentence 640).

The "Abstract Goals" are reflected in these illustrations from the speeches.

Toure said: Young African intellectuals (IDEAL VALUE) separate culture (IDEAL VALUE) from the people (COMMUNITY), art from real life.
Speech 11, 1959, sentence 242.

Henceforth every element of the people (COMMUNITY) adult or young people, knows he belongs to a national (IDEAL VALUE) unit broader than the former ethnic groups.
Speech 23, 1961, sentence 199.

Nkrumah said: It is those who spurned the CPP efforts at winning cooperation (IDEAL VALUE) who have shown themselves unwilling to compose differences (IDEAL VALUE) by frank discussion in accordance with the tradition of a parliamentary democracy (COMMUNITY).
Speech 3, 1956, sentence 870.

Paramount CPP task is a social order (IDEAL VALUE) that will reflect a higher standard of living in the happiness of our Ghanaian people (COMMUNITY).
Speech 12, 1961, sentence 564.

The second factor of the Rotated Alker Merged Dictionary is similar to the second factor of the PAD in that both deal with the nature of politics in the African states. This is reinforcement of the idea that politics holds a place of primacy in African political ideology. The

Table 3.16. --Rotated Alker Merged Dictionary - Factor 2
 "Politics vs. Ambitions"

<u>Variable</u>	<u>Positive Loadings</u>	<u>Variable</u>	<u>Negative Loadings</u>
06 POWER	+ .88	13 ENLIGHTENMENT/ OTHER	-.65
30 POLITICAL	.83	14 SCOPE	-.31
01 POWER/AUTHORITATIVE	.75	26 ATTACK	-.25
29 LEGAL	.60		
34 NATIONALISTIC	.58		
05 POWER/GEN. PARTICIPANT.	.69		

positive loading side of this factor contains most of the explicit political variables contained in this analysis: POWER which is the summary tag of the Lasswellian value is a huge category which overlaps almost entirely the tag POLITICAL which contains all the words about the political process; POWER/AUTHORITATIVE contains all the words referring to governmental operations; LEGAL is most of the words around legitimacy plus the courts system. It probably appears so high on this political factor because it contains highly political words ("constitution, provision, require, responsibility, rights, ratify, treaty, regulate, etc.") POWER/GENERAL PARTICIPATION contains those persons who take part in politics without authoritative roles ("voter, colony, candidate, executive, leader, mass, member, nation, party, participation, state, underdeveloped-country, etc."). All these categories are directly concerned with politics as it operates in Africa. Once again we see that politics has a paramount position in the thought of African leaders. A few examples show how this

appears using the Alker Merged Dictionary.

Toure said: Because of the anti-colonialist (POWER/GENERAL PARTICIPANT, POWER, POLITICAL) national (NATIONALISTIC, POLITICAL) substance of their struggle (POWER, POLITICAL) African political (POLITICAL, POWER) leaders (POWER/GENERAL PARTICIPANT, POWER, POLITICAL) represent (POWER) the cultural values of their society mobilized against colonization (POWER/OTHER, POWER, POLITICAL).
Speech 11, 1959, sentence 149.

Nkrumah said: Even though this colonial (POWER/GENERAL PARTICIPANT, POLITICAL, POWER) administrative (POWER, POLITICAL) apparatus has already been subjected to considerable change, it still carries vestiges of inherited attitudes and ways of thought which have been transmitted even to some of our newer Ghanaian (POLITICAL, NATIONALISTIC) institutions (POWER/OTHER, POWER, LEGAL).
Speech 12, 1961, sentence 676.

On the negative loading side of this factor there are three variables which describe the ambitions of the leaders. ENLIGHTENMENT/OTHER is a Lasswellian value which incorporates such terms as "aware, answer, believe, book, culture, conscious, conference, communicate, examine, forget, forum, guideline, identity, journalist, meaning, message, reality, sign, think, etc." SCOPE is a smaller category which includes words indicating range ("accomplish, achieve, attain, activity, advance, continue, crisis, develop, endeavor, expect, growth, fulfill, important, necessity, produce, strategy, significant, etc."). Both these categories contain abstract words, chiefly verbs, which indicate future planning, goals and strategies designed to reach these goals. The third category, ATTACK, contains more positive, more active words like "accuse, battle, damage, criticize, exploit, hurt, mistreat, murder,

oppose, threat, violent, etc." These words are still future-oriented and although they contain many words which imply a menace from outside forces, something which they see as a constant threat in African politics, they could also connote an "attack" on the problems confronting these countries, the goals which they have been describing. In other words, the factor involves goal orientation which in these African countries is liable to be political in nature, politically determined, but which still contains elements of foreign politics, and ambitions for the future.

Here are some illustrations of this factor.

Toure said: In order to be identical (ENLIGHTENMENT/OTHER) to the positive and historic (ENLIGHTENMENT/OTHER) significance (SCOPE) of the independence of our young nation, the nature of our actions within the framework of independence implies that it should be part (ENLIGHTENMENT/OTHER) of Africa's total emancipation.

Speech 17, 1959, sentence 709.

Nkrumah said: Even a reexamination (ENLIGHTENMENT/OTHER) of the needs of Ghana, however, cannot stop short at merely planning development (SCOPE).

Speech 4, 1956, sentence 21.

Table 3.17. --Rotated Aker Merged Dictionary - Factor 3
"Self-Respect"

<u>Variable</u>	<u>Positive Loadings</u>	<u>Variable</u>	<u>Negative Loadings</u>
18 SELF/SELVES	+.67	15 BASE	-.59
19 TIME/FUTURE, PRESENT	.63	24 CONTROL	-.54
23 APPROACH	.59	27 COMMUNITY	-.36
36 REGIONAL ORGANIZATION	.59	29 LEGAL	-.34
11 WELL-BEING/PSYCHIC	.44		

This factor is unique to the Alker Merged Dictionary. It is the question, Who am I? applied by the African leaders to their countries. In the words of Kwame Nkrumah, "Ghana's aim is to work with others to achieve an African personality in international affairs."²² The highest positive correlation is the variable SELF/SELVES which is composed of personal words ("I, Me, we, our, etc."). Closely related to that is a variable about time, but time considered mainly in the future, where the African countries are heading. APPROACH is another future-oriented variable ("arrival, contact, contribute, cooperate, close, federate, explore, involve, give, peace, toward, visit, etc."). These future-oriented categories fit into this factor because they include the words which express concern about the nature of the future, the means to cooperation, the way in which Africa will be structured. REGIONAL ORGANIZATIONS includes the various groups or organizations which participate in international politics such as the Organization of African Unity, and also a number of the separate bodies within the United Nations framework like the Security Council, the General Assembly, Special Committees, U-Thant, etc. These are the very bodies which Nkrumah and other Africans have stated that African countries must work through in international politics to gain that African uniqueness in world affairs.²³ Finally, WELL-BEING/

²²Speech 4, 1956, sentence 923.

²³"We stand for international peace and security in conformity with the United Nations Charter," Nkrumah, Speech 7, 1958, sentence 262.

PSYCHIC expresses in Lasswellian terms this concern with identity, with words connoting the psychological state of mind and problems with personality. An alternative name for this factor was thought to revolve around "Identification" because all the variables on the positive side concern the psychic problems which leaders face with regard to their countries. Gaining respect is a part of attaining a place, an identity, particularly as regards the other nations of the world. It is from these world power countries that Nkrumah and Toure want the respect, but at the same time, they see the need for respect at home. They talk about the change which must be made from a "colonial mentality" to a position worthy of respect. A few statements illustrate this problem.

Toure said: Let us (SELF/SELVES) remain confident (WELL-BEING/PSYCHIC) and let us (SELF/SELVES) together search for all the solutions which in the very close future (TIME/PRESENT, FUTURE) will provide a genuine reason to live for each citizen, man and woman of this country.
Speech 8, 1959, sentence 711.

Nkrumah said: We (SELF/SELVES) value the Commonwealth (REGIONAL ORGANIZATIONS) link (APPROACH) because we (SELF/SELVES) believe through it we (SELF/SELVES) may be able to make our own (SELF/SELVES) distinctive contribution to the Commonwealth (REGIONAL ORGANIZATIONS) and indeed to world relations.
Speech 4, 1956, sentence 966.

On the negative loading side of this factor are a number of variables which might impose limitations on this seeking for self-respect and thereby contribute to a "set of restraints on the leaders' policies. BASE is a variable from the Lasswellian Dictionary about the point and en-

vironment from which a nation such as Ghana or Guinea is operating and it incorporates limits imposed by that starting point or environment ("ability, basic, cost, capability, device, crucial, facility, equipment, incapability, method, level, wasteful, etc."). CONTROL expresses the means by which a nation-state guides its destiny and also imposes restrictions because only certain means can be used and not others ("administrate, compel, command, drive, oppress, forbid, govern, pose, levy, manage, prevent, permit, require, restrict, steer, summon, etc."). COMMUNITY is a category about the various possible combinations which can be made. It has within it the notions of how man can cooperate with his fellows ("class, friendly, introduce, neighbor, prestige, status, success, tradition, tribe, welcome, visit, etc."). In addition, however, it has a number of words about the traditional area of society, in Africa the tribal or village context. It is these segments of society which provide major limitations on the things the regime in power can do. In Toure's speeches, the majority of the instances of the category are the words "people" or "mass." Nkrumah also uses these terms frequently. This implies limitation because of the sense in which the term is used. Power or politics in these two countries is based on the people. Government to them involves the execution of the people's will. The government then can do only those things which the mass of the people will condone. In many practical applications this means the government will do nothing for if it executes new projects, it might "rock the boat" creating unrest, i.e., the disapproval of the mass and therefore creating

a situation for personnel change in government. LEGAL, the last category on the negative side of this factor, contains many of the words about the exercise of authority within a government or political context ("constitution, court, legal, justify, police, prohibit, provision, require, responsibility, rights, ratify, regulate, treaty, etc."). LEGAL provides the restraints of law on government policies. There is a constitutional, legal framework within which the leaders must operate. Instances of these categories demonstrate this.

Toure said: The young people (COMMUNITY) will be ready to assume the responsibility (LEGAL) to carry on the Guinean revolution and raise constantly this country's level (BASE) of development, as we hope and want it to become.

Speech 20, 1959, sentence 837.

Nkrumah said: We shall also be able to exert our influence (BASE) on the side of peace and to uphold the rights of all people (COMMUNITY) to decide (CONTROL) for themselves their own forms of government.

Speech 7, 1958, sentence 265.

Table 3.18. --Rotated Alker Merged Dictionary - Factor 4
"Coping with Threats"

<u>Variable</u>	<u>Positive Loadings</u>	<u>Variable</u>	<u>Negative Loadings</u>
32 REJECT	+.85	10 WELL-BEING/ SOMATIC	-.49
03 POWER/CONFLICT	.84	37 NON-COMMUNIST	
26 ATTACK	.81	EUROPE	-.40
		21 ACTION NORM	-.39

This factor deals with the way the African nations face up to the various threats to their continued existence. The original name for this factor called the positive pole, "Self-Defense", because it includes three negative action factors which incorporate the notion of hostility. REJECT is a large category which has such words as "arrest, accuse, aggressive, mistrust, deny, discriminate, delay, evil, expel, misinform, obstruct, opposition, rebel, threat, rival, etc." Most of these words involve some action taken against something. POWER/CONFLICT is another category which includes many of these hostile activities ("arms, aggressor, balance of power, conflict, divide, enemy, fight, opponent, revolutionary, subversive, victory, etc."). The third category, ATTACK, also has many similar words of hostility used as verbs ("accuse, battle, damage, exploit, hurt, murder, oppose, threat, etc."). In these categories the African leaders are seemingly saying "let's fight against the many things which threaten our continued power position. Let's react to opposition or danger with force. In order to continue our existence and develop our nations, it is necessary to struggle."

On the negative loading pole are many of the things which the African leaders contend with as problems. WELL-BEING/PSYCHIC contains words which revolve around the psychic problems of the society, notably the one discussed in an early factor of self-respect and identity. NON-COMMUNIST EUROPE contains all the European countries together with their governmental organs and their political leaders. The speeches analyzed here refer almost entirely to the ex-colonial masters, Great

Britain and France. This category in the speeches is usually a reference to the problem of imperialism which poses a threat to these nations not so much in the form of reimposition of hegemony, but in the sense of economic imperialism, the so-called neo-imperialism, fear the former colonial powers would continue to control the economies of Africa and would continue by means of ideas to govern the nations. ACTION NORM includes many of the actions which must be taken in any country for its continued existence and also many words about the traditional sector of the African societies both of which pose continual problems for the African leaders ("alliance, personality, method, means, custom, job, constitutional, democracy, election, foundation, procedure, tradition, unity, treatment, etc."). Both this factor and factor five deal with maintenance problems. Factor four deals with the problems of defense against a variety of threats, and the problem of using force to combat these threats. Factor five deals with maintenance in the face of an outside danger to the nation's continuance. A few illustrations pose the problems seen in factor four.

Toure said: At whatever point on the globe where men fight (ATTACK, REJECT, POWER/CONFLICT) for their liberty, struggle (ATTACK, REJECT, POWER/CONFLICT) against exploitation and reclaim their human dignity, there the image of Guinea is present and encourages them.

Speech 9, 1959, sentence 796.

Nkrumah said: I now want to answer the iniquitous (ATTACK) and vicious (ATTACK, REJECT) allegation made by our political opponents (POWER/CONFLICT, REJECT) that the Convention People's Party is dictatorial.

Speech 1, 1955, sentence 703.

Toure said: As a matter of fact, through the existence of the former French-(NON-COMMUNIST-EUROPE) West-African all federated territories constituted (ACTION NORM) one and the same market.
Speech 10, 1959, sentence 53.

Nkrumah said: Let the CPP continue to be disciplined (ACTION NORM) and united so that we may build the new Ghana of our dreams fit (WELL-BEING/SOMATIC) for free men to live in.
Speech 6, 1957, sentence 160.

All the variables on the positive side of this fifth factor deal with the continued physical maintenance of the society. WELL-BEING is the Lasswellian value of good health and physical maintenance, which is more clearly borne out in the second category WELL-BEING/SOMATIC which specifically deals with the physical rather than the psychological side of state of being. POSITIVE AFFECT includes all the adjectives of a positive character which are used to describe the countries involved ("cheerful, approve, delight, enjoy, gay, tolerant, useful, etc."). COMMUNITY as discussed earlier is the words which concern cooperation and also the traditional aspects of the African society, the tribal structure.

Table 3.19. --Rotated Alker Merged Dictionary - Factor 5
"Survival vs. Subversion"

<u>Variable</u>	<u>Positive Loadings</u>	<u>Variable</u>	<u>Negative Loadings</u>
12 WELL-BEING	+.79	37 NON-COMMUNIST	
10 WELL-BEING/SOMATIC	.73	EUROPE	-.43
16 POSITIVE AFFECT	.55	04 POWER/ARENA	-.41
20 IDEAL VALUE	.47		
27 COMMUNITY	.45		

Ideal value is as stated earlier, a list of those abstract ideals which the African leaders mention often as national goals. On the negative side there are the two major foreign forces which concern the African countries. NON-COMMUNIST EUROPE is as stated earlier, chiefly references to the former colonial powers. POWER/ARENA is a variable concerned with the locus of politics, in this case the international system in which the leaders of the new nations must operate. These two represent the very viable threat of neo-colonialism to the Africans, who continually publically fear undermining of their regimes. A few examples illustrate these ideas.

Nkrumah said: Ministerial responsibility for labor, social (IDEAL VALUE) welfare (WELL-BEING/SOMATIC) and community (COMMUNITY, IDEAL VALUE) development (WELL-BEING/SOMATIC) matters will be undertaken by the Ministry of Education which will therefore be known as the ministry of education, labor (WELL-BEING/SOMATIC) and social (IDEAL VALUE) welfare (WELL-BEING/SOMATIC).
Speech 17, 1964, sentence 287.

But Ghana has the responsibility also for the faithful duty of assisting other African territories (POWER/ARENA) to achieve their freedom and independence.
Speech 17, 1964, sentence 211.

The last factor of the Alker Merged Dictionary is virtually the same as the sixth factor of the Pirro African Dictionary and many of the components are discussed during this previous presentation. On the positive side we find the variables which stress the cooperation of various nation-states particularly in matters of political integration. In African nations this often means "African unity" or "Pan-Africanism." On the

Table 3.20 --Rotated Alker Merged Dictionary - Factor 6
 "International Unity vs. Internal Needs"

<u>Variable</u>	<u>Positive Loadings</u>	<u>Variable</u>	<u>Negative Loadings</u>
33 UNIFICATION	+.79	17 ANOMIE	-.48
02 POWER/COOPERATION	.77	18 SELF/SELVES	-.35
20 IDEAL VALUE	.45	22 OUGHT	-.33
04 POWER/ARENA	.43		
23 APPROACH	.34		

negative loading side are three variables which stress the problems which the countries face in the tendency for politics at home to be unstable. (ANOMIE) and in trying to find a self-identity as a nation (SELF/SELVES), and in home obligations (OUGHT). This problem faces the African nations and has been the subject of debates in the OAU councils. Should African regimes and particularly the independence leaders consolidate at home seeking stability and maintenance of their nations, or should they immediately move to integrate with other nations before stability at home and before most of the populations are fully aware of the national interests of the particular nation-state. This dilemma appears in the speeches of the leaders.

Toure said: Where the party has united (UNIFICATION POWER/COOPERATION) everyone, the population (COMMUNITY) even when acting in confusion against colonialism, was causing the history of Africa to rapidly advance.
 Speech 20, 1959, sentence 856.

Toure said: All men, all women should (OUGHT) to mobilize for victory, and for the unity of Guinea to be affirmed in the face of the world.
 Speech 17, 1959, sentence 750.

4. Discussion

My discussion of the political ideological elements is based on the twenty-four factors, rotated and unrotated, from the two dictionaries found in the factor analysis. It is appropriate then to relist them here:

UNROTATED PIRRO AFRICAN DICTIONARY

1. Abstract vs. practical
2. Internal politics vs. outside forces
3. Maintenance of power vs. system change
4. Political values vs. conspiracy of outsiders
5. Political establishment vs. colonialism
6. Traditionalism vs. unity.

UNROTATED ALKER MERGED DICTIONARY

1. Economic development vs. world politics
2. Politics vs. western norms
3. African values vs. subjugation
4. Welfare of the state vs. outside influences
5. African identity vs. western culture
6. Unity vs. traditionalism

ROTATED PIRRO AFRICAN DICTIONARY

1. "Pragmatism vs. Idealism"
2. "Politics vs. Colonialism"
3. "Goal Orientation"
4. "Political Necessity vs. Political Goals"

5. "External Influences vs. Duty"
6. "Continental Unity vs. Internal Politics"

ROTATED ALKER MERGED DICTIONARY

1. "Practical Development vs. Abstract Goals"
2. "Politics vs. Ambitions"
3. "Self-Respect"
4. "Coping with Threats"
5. "Survival vs. Subversion"
6. "International Unity vs. Internal Considerations"

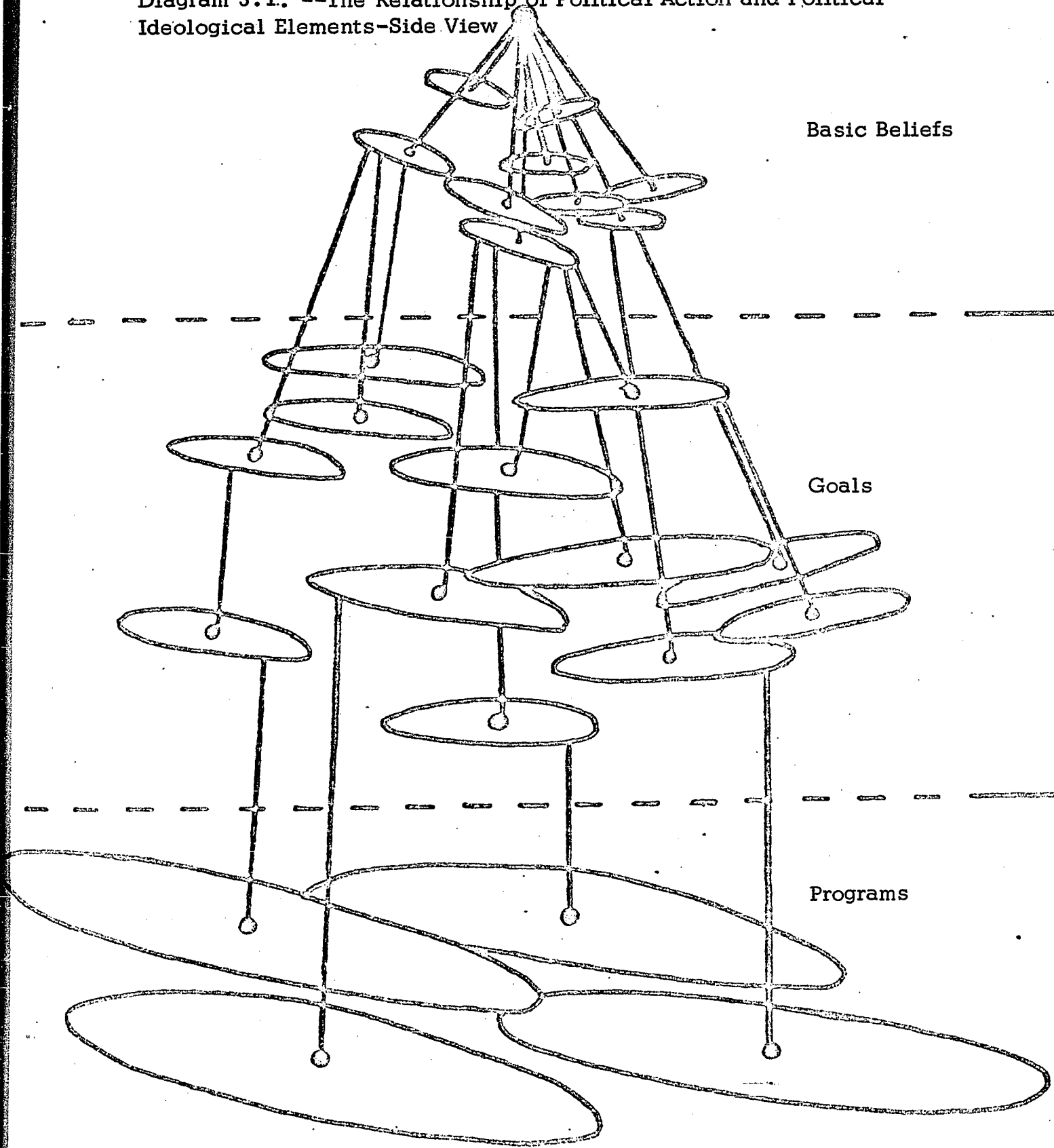
From this list it is evident that some factors overlap. For instance, factor six of the Rotated AMD is virtually identical with factor six of the PAD. Factor 5 of the Rotated PAD is almost the same as factor 4 of the Unrotated AMD. A number of the factors consider the idea of "politics" but within each of these "politics" is thought of in slightly different ways. In factor 4 of the Unrotated Pirro African Dictionary it is politics in terms of the set of political values espoused by the leaders for the particular nation-state, "what is good for our state." Factor 5 of the Unrotated Pirro views politics in terms of the establishments of institutional framework which characterize a nation-state. Factor 2 of the Unrotated Alker Dictionary views politics as it is, a primary element in African nations. This is similar to the use of politics as a participatory element in Africa in Factor 2 of the Rotated Pirro Dictionary. Other factors considering politics in various lights are factors 4 and 5 of the Rotated Pirro Dictionary and factors 5 and 6 of the Rotated Alker Dictionary. In each

instance the shade of meaning is slightly different. Other elements which seem to run through the factors appearing in several places with such shaded meanings are: the role of external forces and the establishment of goals for the nation.

Taken together these factors compose the structure of political ideology in these African countries; that is, they form the bone which support and give shape to the flesh of ideological thought. I have prepared two diagrams showing the relationship among the factors.

This grouping of the data takes a shape consistent with the theoretical definition of ideology previously presented. The factors correspond to basic beliefs, goals, and programs of the political ideology. All the variables have a relation to political actions. It is this relation which gives the shape presented in the diagrams. The relative position of the variables depends on the time period considered. Programs are more influential in the short run because they are more directly applicable to political actions. Governments build schools because this is in line with a Seven-Year Development scheme. Goals become more important as time passes because goals are more abstract. They are not as directly applicable to a concrete political action but come to the fore when long-range politics are considered. A nation may have a goal of creating a socialist state but this is less apparent in its selection of a foreign policy than say, a program based on this socialist goal of neutralism in foreign affairs. Basic beliefs are still further from political actions considered in the short run, but they are relevant when one considers the

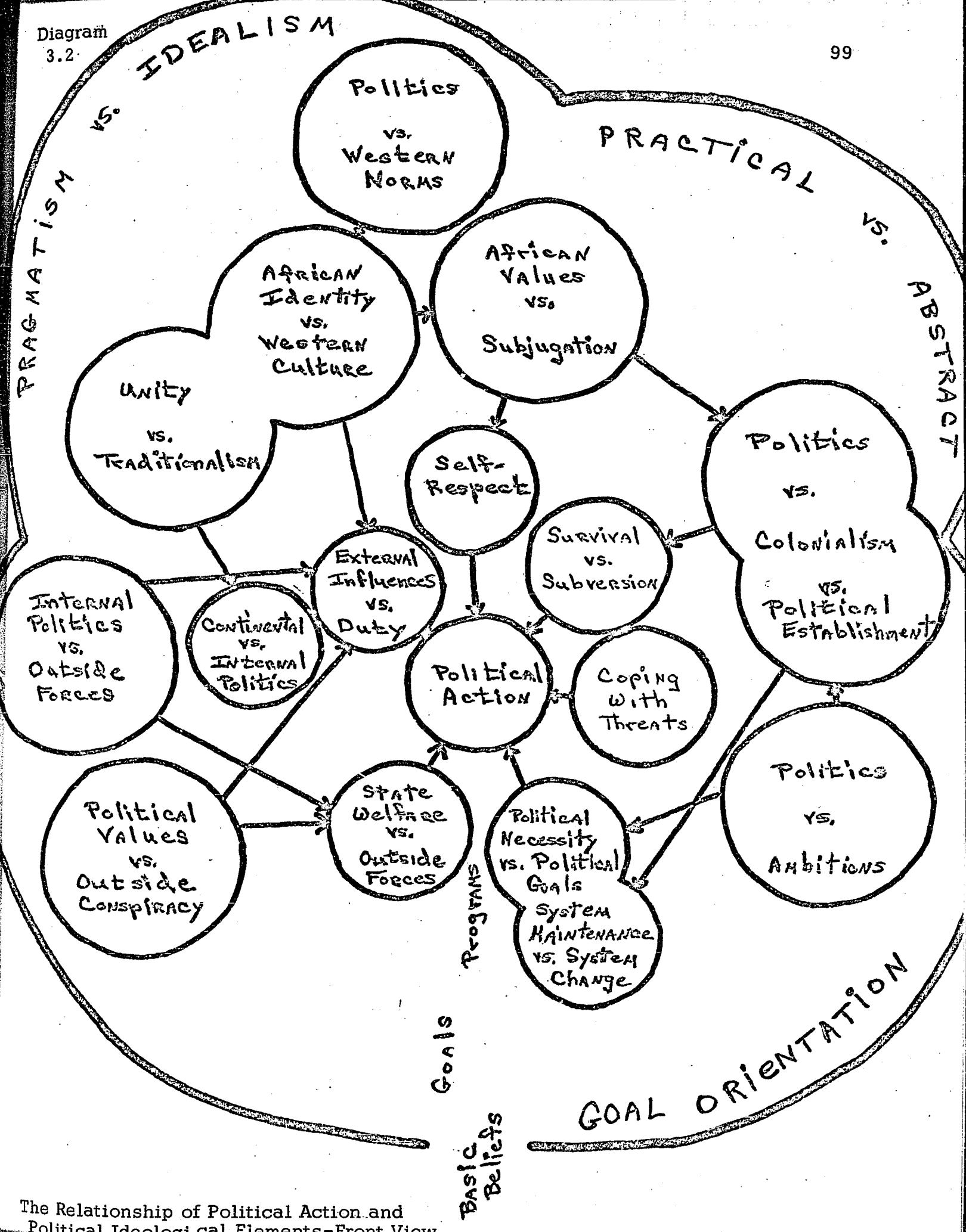
Diagram 3.1. --The Relationship of Political Action and Political Ideological Elements--Side View



Basic Beliefs

Goals

Programs



The Relationship of Political Action and Political Ideological Elements - Front View

Explanation of Diagram 3.2

This is a diagram depicting the placement and relationships of elements or factors of African political ideology. Each factor is represented by a circle with the name of the factor inside. As one goes toward the center of the diagram, political action, the amount of variance explained by the factors decreases. This means that the first factors which explain most of the variance are basic beliefs; factors which explain large amounts of the variance are goals; and factors explaining less of the variance are programs. The basic beliefs are the first factors from the Unrotated Pirro African Dictionary, the Unrotated Alker Merged Dictionary, the Rotated Pirro African Dictionary, and the Rotated Alker Merged Dictionary, plus the third factor from the Rotated Pirro African Dictionary which is similar to the first factor. The second and third factors of each dictionary in general make up the goals level of the diagram. The fourth through sixth factors in general are programs.

Factors were placed on the diagram according to their relationships with one another determined by the similarity of the ideas implied in their names and overlap of the variables which composed them. Assistance in placement was also obtained from a perusal of the plotting of the factor structure. Arrows indicate this overlap in the diagram.

It might be noted that this diagram does not represent the complete set of factors which comprise African political ideology, but only those factors isolated in this analysis.

bases on which the society and political system is constructed.

Diagram one presents this construction. On the diagram it can be seen that the interconnection of the basic beliefs, goals and programs and their relation to political action is complex. The majority of the programs cluster near to the political action. Goals are often connected with specific programs but form a cluster somewhat further from the political action. Basic beliefs are probably connected with both goals and programs but are farthest from the political activity. In some senses the basic beliefs shape the goals which in turn shape the programs which have an effect on the political action. The model shown in Diagram one can be reversed as well. The political action can affect the programs which in turn can change the goals which affect the basic beliefs.²⁴

Diagram two illustrates the relationships among the variables found in African political ideology in this research. Further research can probably bring to light additional elements and elaborate the model. At the farthest point from political action are the basic beliefs. At this level, two variables (three factors) appear: "Abstract vs. Practical," or "Pragmatic vs. Idealism" and "Goal Orientation." These are the basic elements which orient the whole remainder of the ideology. The ideology is practical in nature or it is abstract; pragmatic or idealistic. This involves the nature of society and the nature of the cause and effect within

²⁴The theoretical tool which comes closest to this model is the "funnel of causality" found in Angus Campbell, Philip Converse, Warren Miller and Donald Stokes, The American Voter (New York: Wiley, 1960), pp. 24-32.

that society. Western ideology is often thought to be practical or pragmatic. Nations make decisions based on the most practical solution to a problem. On the other hand, a country which espoused openly a national ideology like Nazi Germany or the Soviet Union, appears to have more idealistic elements shaping the ideology. Their decisions are made according to the pre-disposition which the abstract, idealistic basic belief gives goals and programs. What is interesting here is that African nations have been exposed to both alternatives, the pragmatic and the idealistic. Like most other, both nations studied have elements of both within their ideologies. However, as shown by the Rotated Pirro African Dictionary, one can characterize the ideology of Guinea as more idealistic than pragmatic and the ideology of Ghana as more pragmatic than idealistic. I suspect the remainder of the African countries have not made this selection and their ideologies retain many elements from both ideological orientations, just as their political actions show this tendency to move between East and West in international politics.²⁵ The ready applicability of the model to Western and Eastern ideological thought seems to suggest that further tests should be made to assess its generalizability.

²⁵ There is precedence for this finding in the work of William Foltz, From French-West-Africa to the Mali Federation (New Haven: Yale University Press, 1965). Foltz finds a difference between Mali which is idealistic and Senegal which tends to be pragmatic. We note this same kind of distinction in Charles Andrain, "Democracy and Socialism: Ideologies of African Leaders," in David Apter, ed. Ideology and Discontent (New York: The Free Press of Glencoe, 1964).

"Goal Orientation" is the other factor which appears on this basic belief level of the model. This suggests again that the goals of the nation-states are formulated either idealistically or practically. Its effect then is that the majority of the goals of a nation-state will be very pragmatic or quite abstract, but not both simultaneously.²⁶ This factor is a directional one, pointing the political leaders toward particular selections of goals and programs and hence to certain political actions, and excluding others.

As we move toward the center of the model, there is a second level concerned with the establishment of goals for the nations. The factors which appear on this level are generally political in content. Politics also appears widely on the programmatic level of the model. From this one can conclude that politics in African eyes is both a goal or end for the nation and a means to achieve various goals.²⁷ Included are the factors: "Politics vs. Colonialism," and "Political Establishment vs. Colonialism"; "Internal Politics vs. Outside Forces," "Political Values vs. Outside Conspiracy," "Politics vs. Western Norms." These factors about politics all involve the nature of the political which is a basic belief element, and the set of political values which are favored by the

²⁶ Neither country is completely pragmatic or completely idealistic. There are some considerations in each country where both orientations are useful to the leaders. What I am presenting here is the general trend. The tendency is for Guinea to be abstract and idealistic, and for Ghana to be practical and pragmatic.

²⁷ Again, the primacy of politics in African society can be emphasized.

political leaders. These political values and political elements comprise the major goal establishment criteria for the nations.

Each factor does not necessarily fall into a single level of the model. One factor can appear on two levels, or more accurately between the levels. One such factor is "Unity vs. Traditionalism," which puts the nature of history and historical things, one of the basic beliefs, in combination with a political goal of national unity. It seems to show that these two are separate considerations. Certain elements of history are selected by the society for emphasis. In these African societies retention of historical elements cannot be traditionalistic or there will be a serious threat to national unity. In other words, unification within the nation-state means that a major portion of history, the traditional aspects of African society with its chiefs, tribes and separate cultures must be by-passed or merged into the national entity.²⁸

²⁸ Both leaders illustrate this trend in the content of their speeches: Toure said: At the moment when Guinea is abolishing the traditional chiefdom, the indigenous societies of welfare, the councils of notables... Africa, already divided to the advantage of the colonial phenomenon, ...has historically entered upon the road of unity. Speech 3, 1958, sentence 171.

Nkrumah said: For centuries our people gave great powers to their chiefs, but only so long as they adhered to the rule and regulations laid down by the people; the moment they deviated from these rules, they were deposed. Kwame Nkrumah, I Speak of Freedom (New York: Praeger, 1961), p. 158.

Another factor considers the use of history in the society. This is a factor which appears in the goal level of the model, "African Values vs. Subjugation." Here are the elements of African history which the leaders want to retain and emphasize, the past glory of Africa, the communal nature of the society, etc. These elements are necessary for the re-orientation of present national societies to recapture past glories, and present the distinctiveness of African countries on the world scene. Nkrumah and Toure are both trying to establish the uniqueness of the African man and his African personality. On the opposite end of the factor is the element "Subjugation" which in its various forms in the several factors represents the outside world, particularly the historical phenomena of imperialism which the leaders reject emphatically. The freedom of Africa to these men means the complete rejection of anything in the ideology which hints at subjugation of any kind. The goals for the nations which become apparent in this factor are the removal of forces which have any influence on the politics of these countries and the development in these African nations of glorious values which existed before the coming of the colonialists values which are typically and uniquely African.²⁹

²⁹ This effort at unique Africanness can be noted in the speeches of the two leaders and also in a variety of scholarly materials which discuss this point, including Friedland and Rosberg, eds., African Socialism, op. cit.; W. E. Abraham, The Mind of Africa (Chicago: University of Chicago Press, 1962); Ali A. Mazrui, "On the Concept 'We are all Africans,'" American Political Science Review 43 (March, 1963), 88-97.

Toure said: The essential laws are the dynamic elements of the African national consciousness which has reproduced itself little by little from the colonial system. Speech 4, 1958, sentence 257.

Nkrumah said: This will enable us to assert our own African personality and to develop according to our own ways of life our own customs, traditions and culture. Speech 7, 1958, sentence 263.

A similar confrontation is found in another factor found at this goal level in the model, "African Identity vs. Western Culture." This appears to be a cultural rather than a political factor, although it has much similarity with the factor just discussed, "African Values vs. Subjugation." "African Identity" is another way of talking about the uniqueness of Africa, the African personality and the values which are found in traditional African society. Leopold Senghor has titled this cultural concept "Negritude."³⁰ African identity is opposed to the "civilizing" influences of the western colonizers. As Nkrumah said: "Having freed ourselves from colonialism we must now reform our thinking and release ourselves from colonial restraints and mentality..." (Speech 19, 1962, sentence 944).

One other factor appears at this goal level of the model. This is the "Maintenance of the System vs. System Change." The factor attempts to cope with the nature of change throughout the political system while retaining the system as a system. In Africa, the maintenance of the system means the maintenance of the nation-state as an independent entity and probably the maintenance in power of the people who brought about independence. This means that change, although desirable, must be tempered to keep the system the way it was constituted, or stable enough to keep the current leaders in power. System change in these African countries seems to involve general problems of development. Development

³⁰ Leopold Sedar Senghor, African Socialism. Translated and edited by Mercer Cook (New York: American Society for African Culture, 1959).

is one goal which both Nkrumah and Toure espouse. Yet, they recognize the dangers which large-scale development would create. Large-scale development projects mean major changes for large segments of the society with resulting upheavals and social changes which often mean political unrest and possible government change which would be loss of power for Toure and Nkrumah. Still, they have an established goal of system change. The dangers they foresaw were real. Nkrumah was removed in 1966 during political upheaval which was partly a result of government development policies. This goal establishing factor then says, "develop, yes, but don't rock the boat."³¹

Toward the center of the model, on a level closest to political action, are the set of political programs or means for goal achievement. Many of these factors are similar to the factors found on the goal level with the difference that they posit actions and means of achievement of the various goals. Some of these factors are logically placed intermediate to the two levels of goals and programs because they crosscut both.

These programs concern the same kinds of elements found in goals: system change, foreign influences, political obligations, and national identity. Here, however, they are part of the concerns the African leaders face daily.

The crosscutting factors, "Political Goals vs. Political Necessity" and "System Maintenance vs. System Change" are the major factors at

³¹This finding is suggested by Foltz, op. cit., for Mali.

the programmatic level which deal with development plans. The statements which contribute to the high loading in these categories concern the economic programs, the welfare plans and the Seven-Year-Development programs all of which are directly relevant to development. Opposing them are the various necessities of immediate concerns, obligations of the day rather than the plans for tomorrow. Development involves long-range planning which must be carried out gradually. In efforts to achieve these objectives, the leaders are faced with immediate concerns as was Nkrumah who had to tell cocoa farmers their trees were to be cut down to eliminate the swollen shoot disease.³² He has to resolve their unrest and opposition to government programs and provide them with immediate relief from the loss of income. This means he must commit some funds which previously would have been used for development. This dilemma continually confronts the leaders on this programmatic level.

At this level, too, there are a series of programs which must be evolved to cope with the threats to the government seen in the factors "Coping with Threats" and "Survival vs. Subversion." There are internal threats including opposition politics, corruption, as well as poverty, disease and ignorance. In addition, there are external threats from neo-

³² "On June 29 I announced a 'new deal' for cocoa. For each fully grown tree removed by the authorities because of disease, compensation would be paid at the rate of two shillings a tree each year for five years.... I said: 'The Government appreciates the loss of livelihood felt by the farmer while his replanted trees are growing; this is its method of safeguarding his interest while he himself is taking steps to safe-guard the country's interest by co-operating in the reconstruction plan for cocoa which I am launching.' ..The new deal for cocoa was only part of our programme for development." Kwame Nkrumah, I Speak of Freedom (New York: Praeger, 1961), p. 25.

imperialism, economic imperialism and the continued importation of Western ideas and culture. Speeches under these factors involve some development programs as well as the appeals for unity, consolidation under a single party, and Africanization of all jobs. These are the types of concrete programs which the leaders have evolved to achieve the longer-range goals of maintaining their regimes and freeing them from outside influences.

In addition, at this level, there is the problem of African politics, continental concerns, in the factor "Continental Politics vs. Internal Politics." Nkrumah, for instance, constantly made decisions about Ghana's position on African unity, which conferences to attend, whether or not to unite with other countries in the U.N., what to do about the Congo and Rhodesia, etc. These elements form the programs which are concerned with the continental aspect of this factor. On the other pole are the internal concerns which are similar to those discussed under other factors. Toure also has these same concerns. Even though both men had differing orientations toward ideology as seen at the basic belief level, there is enough unity on the goal and program levels to surmise that their ideologies are identical. In fact, as I have shown in this analysis, they are far from identical because they differ on the most fundamental point.

It is interesting to note the location of the six crises of political development in the factor analysis. In computing that analysis, the first factor explains the highest percentage of the variance, the second

factor explains the highest percentage of the remaining variance, the third factor explains the next highest percentage of the variance remaining after the first two factors have been taken out, etc. Thus, the crisis of political development which appears on the first factor can be considered the most important, the second ranking next, etc. Using this crude ranking, the crises which appeared in the rotated factors from the Pirro African Dictionary were: 1. Legitimacy (Factor 1); 2. Participation (Factor 2); 3. Integration and Economic Development (Factor 3), and 4. Penetration and Output and Distribution which did not appear at all.

The first crisis is Legitimacy which indicates the great concern of the African leaders with their legitimacy both to their own people and to the outside world. There are a number of implications of the African leaders' major concern with Legitimacy. They stress appearance and foreign affairs. They worry over what other countries will think of Africa and what Ghana' or Guinea's place in "history" will be. They are concerned with consolidation of self-government.

From the 29th on Guinea will be an independent country. We will take entire and total responsibility for our own affairs. A new nation will be added to the list of free countries.
Speech 17, 1959, sentences 730-32.

And this new Ghanian spirit must infuse you with a determination to reach yet greater heights in your supreme efforts to transform this country into a place worthy of the part it is destined to play in the future of the human race.
Speech 9, 1960, sentence 398.

The second crisis which appears is Participation which also concerns the political process involving the relation of an individual to his government. In Africa this might be the leader's concern with the Africanization of their governments and political processes. It is also the role of the mass of the population in everything concerning politics. Both these aspects combine to give: the Africans must act for themselves in typically African ways, and African politics depends on the will of the masses. These slogans are often repeated in the speeches of these two leaders.

The Guinean people themselves given their opinion by appointing democratically those in whom they have confidence.
Speech 18, 1959, sentence 797.

In our Ghanian view we must seek an African solution to the problem of Africa.
Speech 4, 1956, sentence 969.

The process of participation by the black man in the universal achievements starts first of all with the African personality.
Speech 12, 1959, sentence 382.

These two crises of Legitimacy and Participation recur in several factors and one can surmise that they are the most salient elements of political development to the African nations at this point in their growth.

Third in the ranking of crises are Integration and Economic Development. This issue of development in economy and welfare takes second place to the two political development crises. Integration appears opposed to Economic Development. Integration involves the forging of a national unity, a "we-feeling" among the people. It means the fusing of

various groups and nationalisties in both Ghana and Guinea and the elimination of older tribal and ethnic structures. There seems to be a fear on the part of these national leaders that Economic Development will lead to the re-establishment of power positions for some of these older elite groups or create new elite groups which can then pose a threat to the political leadership. They may be cognizant of the technocrats who have replaced the ideological leadership in the Soviet Union and other countries. When in the speeches they emphasize economic goals and programs they see potential disunity. When they stress unifying the country, they are not considering economic advancement.

Output and Distribution are not mentioned in the analysis at all. One senses that the African countries, unlike some other developing areas, are not contending with the problems of a vested aristocracy whose holdings must be broken. The aristocracy of Africa in the past fifty-odd years are the colonialists and Legitimacy is a reaction against colonialism, as is Participation. Colonialists told the Africans they were inferior, unfit to govern themselves, uncivilized, etc. Hence, the African reaction in terms of gaining respect and esteem, emphasizing politics and citizen activity. The rapid strides which are being made in these countries in politics and economics with concomitant inequality of personal gains and educational opportunities indicates the creation of new elite groups. Thus, the problem of Output and Distribution is one crisis which may occur in the future in these African countries.

Penetration is another crisis which did not come to the fore in this analysis. I can offer a few speculations why there should be little concern with the administrative side of government. At the time of independence the administrators were colonialist-selected and trained and antithetical to the goals and ideals of the politicians. Both African leaders plead in these speeches for various types of civil servants from bureaucrats to army men to throw their lots in with the new regimes in these countries. The leaders are suspicious of administrators and tend to avoid this area of politics where they have little familiarity, especially in the early speeches. Also, these leaders have major concerns with development and political mobilization which occupy their attention while the bureaucracy which relatively operates itself, can be left alone. Perhaps this crisis in these African states is yet to occur.

Another consideration arises from the factor analysis. This is the selection of values in the African ideology. The use of the Alker Merged Dictionary provides us with the Lasswellian eight values measured against this data. It also gives us some comparisons with other material which has been analyzed using the Lasswell Dictionary based on these eight values.³³ On the first factor of the Rotated AMD there are three variables from the WEALTH value of the Lasswellian Dictionary plus the SCOPE INDICATOR. A similar factor analysis was done of American political parties platforms statements to assess the changes in values from 1850 to

³³J. Zvi Namenwirth and Harold Lasswell, Changing Values in American Party Platforms (forthcoming, 1968).

1964. The first factor which appeared in that analysis also shows that major variables in the party platforms are WEALTH and SCOPE considerations. Namenwirth interprets this as an indication of the values of a modern industrial society.³⁴ In the African speeches it appears that these are goals which the societies must attain in order to be modern. The similarity of these findings suggests that perhaps political ideology in the present world must consider the industrial age and its technology in developing goals and programs, and that these considerations appear whether the nation is as developed as the United States or underdeveloped as Ghana and Guinea.

The second factor found in the Namenwirth-Lasswell analysis is titled "Contemplation vs. Action."³⁵ It is very similar to the second factor of the Rotated Alker Merged Dictionary. The similarity between the

³⁴ Namenwirth and Lasswell, *op. cit.*, pp. 32-9.

³⁵

Table 3.a. --Lasswell Dictionary - Factor 2
"Contemplation vs. Action"

<u>Category</u>	<u>Loading</u>	<u>Category</u>	<u>Loading</u>
ENLIGHTENMENT/INDULG.	+ .71	POWER/DEPRIVATION	-.78
POWER/PARTICIPANT	.50	POWER/COOPERATION	-.78
OTHERS	.47	POWER	-.77
ENLIGHTENMENT/OTHER	.47	POWER/AUTHORITATIVE	-.67
WEALTH/PARTICIPANT	.35	AFFECT/OTHER	-.65
WEALTH/TRANSACTION	.35	POWER/CONFLICT	-.62
PARTICIPATION	.35	NEGATIVE AFFECT	-.45

Ibid., p. 39.

For the comparable table in the Alker Merged Dictionary, see table 3.15 on page 83 of this chapter.

two factors is apparent. Both the African political ideology and the American party platforms have action orientation as a major consideration. One pole of both factors utilizes the active, political component of the documents analyzed; the other pole considers a more abstract, contemplative notion. This similarity is one more indication that political language is very much alike and that it expresses the same concerns for the same values regardless of geographic location. Another consideration which may explain the similarity of findings is the correlation between the construction of the dictionary and the structure of the English language. This means that the Lasswell variables would be found within any material because normal English speech employs such usages. This means the Lasswell variables are sufficiently tuned to the expression of values to be a valuable tool for analysis.

The third through sixth factors found in the analysis of American party platforms do not seem to have counterparts in the African materials, because the American material is considered over an extensive time period and comparisons between the two political parties are major considerations of the research. In the AMD analysis the interesting Lasswellian value of WELL-BEING appears on the third, fourth and fifth factors in various ways. This seems to be a concern of the Africans with development where social welfare measures and programs are talked about frequently. Namenwirth notes a rising concern with WELL-BEING over time in the American party platforms. I was surprised that the Lasswellian value of RESPECT did not appear significantly in the factor analysis, but

this may be due to the construction of the Alker Merged Dictionary which allots very few words to this category and may account for the low frequencies found.

In the Pirro African Dictionary only UNITY appeared on the third factor and PROGRESS and SOCIALISM occurred on the sixth factors among the many values included in the dictionary. Surprisingly missing is INDEPENDENCE which was the rallying cry of both African leaders.

This chapter was designed to show the underlying similarities in African political ideology. Instead I discovered a difference. This difference constitutes a major structural contrast between the two nations, Ghana and Guinea. Ghana is pragmatic or practical and Guinea is idealistic or abstract. This refutes the first proposition of this research, that African political ideology is essentially the same. In spite of this difference, I was able to isolate a number of elements common to the ideologies of both men including their concern with foreign elements, the primacy of politics, maintenance of power and leadership, interest in political participation and economic development, and concern with continental politics. Plotting these elements in relation to one another yields a diagram of the structure of their ideologies with respect to political action. These elements form the basis of what is alike in the ideologies of Toure and Nkrumah. In the next chapter, I shall explore the differences between the two men, and differences which occur generally in the ideology as it develops beyond the independence period.

CHAPTER FOUR: DIFFERENCES OVER TIME AND BETWEEN COUNTRIES
IN IDEOLOGICAL CONTENT

1. Introduction

The previous chapter made some generalizations about African political ideology based on findings of general underlying elements in the data examined. The analysis revealed a basic difference in ideological orientation between Ghana and Guinea. This chapter, in line with the second hypothesis of this study, explores this difference.

The second hypothesis stated that there were differences in the political ideology of Africa over time and between countries. The time period studied was about ten years for these African nations. During that time period, a major political change occurred, independence. In these two African nations, I will be analyzing changes created when independence was declared in each country. Second, the hypothesis states that the political ideology changes from country to country. The hypothesis was intended to assess differences which various colonialist policies created within separate nations. These differences could include such things as governmental structures, culture, educational system, and economic base, all things which bear the stamp of a metropolitan country. I am analyzing these differences as they occur between Ghana and Guinea. Third, there are potential changes due to both elements, time and country, acting together. I think that these "interaction"¹ changes are due to the

¹ Interaction simply refers to the influences of two elements, here time plus country, acting at the same time on the data.

particular political events which occurred within each nation-state. I am trying to assess whether the ideology changed and in what ways did it change after specific events. Restating these sub-hypotheses derived from the second hypothesis of this research: 1. that political ideology changes over time and that independence marks a major breaking point for the African nations in time; 2. that political ideology differs between countries because of their different colonial experiences, and 3. that there are changes in the political ideology, both over time and between nations which are probably caused by the political events within a particular nation-state.

I will operationalize these three sub-hypotheses by measuring the differences in word content of the specific time periods, differences in word content between the two countries and differences in word content in the two elements taken together. I want to determine whether or not there is a significant difference or changes in ideology over time and between countries. To do this I shall use mean aggregates of the categories in the Pixro and Alker dictionaries as points of possible variance. These will be computed using \bar{x}_1 to represent the aggregate mean of category one which is the mean of means of the speeches divided by the number of speeches. The mean for each speech was derived by taking total frequencies of words appearing in category one and dividing that frequency by the total words in that speech:

$$\frac{\text{Frequency of words in category}}{\text{Total number of words}} = \frac{f}{N} = \bar{x} \quad \text{mean for dic-} \\ \text{tionary category} \\ \text{one}$$

Then:

$$\bar{x}_1^A = \frac{x_1 + x_2 + x_3 + \dots + x_n}{N} \quad \text{Means of category one for} \\ \text{either time or country} \\ \text{number of speeches.}$$

Then the statistic which will be used for this research is \bar{x}_1^A which is the aggregate mean for category one, time or countries specified. This computation procedure which is standard for a two-way analysis of variance yields an F statistic which can be compared with a standard table for the distribution of F to find the level of significance.²

The assumption for an F ratio analysis of variance include:

1. nominal scales; 2. normality of subcell, row and column populations, and 3. independent random samples. The statistic used for computation of both means³ is based on nominal scales so the first assumption is met. In this analysis the subcells were not originally equal. However, the sample was large enough, and the subcells, rows and columns had normal distributions so correction computation procedures allowed for these differences and the second assumption was met.⁴ The sample may

²Computation procedures can be found in Herbert Blalock, Social Statistics (New York: McGraw-Hill, 1960), especially ch. 16.

³Aggregate mean and mean for each speech.

⁴This occurred because there were different numbers of speeches for each African leader for each time period. As stated earlier in the research, in each time period there are an equal number of sentences, and approximately equal number of words but the unit of analysis for the analysis of variance is the total speech and in this case, the number of speeches differ from cell to cell, something which the computation procedures can accommodate. See Blalock, op. cit., ch. 16.

not appear to be random because it is impossible to compile a universe of all the speeches ever made by these two political leaders. However, I do meet this assumption by selecting a random sample of all speeches which would be pertinent to this research. The universe of speeches which are pertinent to this research are all those speeches of a political nature delivered to an audience of citizens and considered significant enough to be reported in the press or through government printing. By randomly selecting my sample from this universe, I meet the third assumption.

Complete tables of categories found significant at the .10 or better level are presented in Appendix VI. In the discussion in the following sections I will present some of the more interesting findings. A total of forty variables of ninety-nine showed significant differences from the Pirro African Dictionary. Sixteen variables showed differences over time; thirty-four variables showed differences between nations and twelve variables showed differences in interaction. In the Aker Dictionary, thirty-six of the ninety-nine variables showed significant differences; eleven over time; twenty-five between countries and six had an interaction effect.

2. Differences over Time

Relatively few variables, sixteen in each dictionary, showed significant differences over time. Most of these variables dealt with changes showing increasing attention of the political leader to the problems of

development. The variables which decreased significantly over time were mainly concerned with the political issue of sovereignty. This is in line with the reasoning behind this sub-hypothesis that there would be increased diversification of goals and programs and decreasing emphasis on independence and the problems surrounding it. Although this finding did appear in the data, the fact that only sixteen variables show this difference indicates that the ideology did very little changing over the ten-year period considered. This is somewhat surprising in view of the fact that independence represents a major change in the political history of the nation-state. Before independence all the politicians are likely to submerge their differences to promote removal of colonialism. The variety of goals which can be proposed for any nation-state are usually made subservient to independence. It is thought that when a nation gains its independence, all these other things will follow naturally. Most people have expected that this trend should have been much more pronounced.⁵ Many of the political variables should have decreased over time and the economic and social variables increased, if this finding were

⁵ "The meaning of political power will create conditions for greater economic development," Andrain, *op. cit.*, p. 186.

"These (social obligation to work and conversion of labor unions to productionist associations) represent, in effect, solutions to the first dilemmas African political leaders confront when they undertake political consolidation and economic development following the achievement of independence. It is in these areas that a great deal of action and talk is found," Friedland and Rosberg, *op. cit.*, p. 16.

"The emphasis of the CPP struggle has now shifted from the anti-imperialist phase to the internal one of the struggle against the enemies of social progress," Nkrumah, Speech 6, 1957, sentence 192.

to be substantiated. Instead, the data suggests that for the most part the ideologies uttered by the African leaders remained much the same through ten years. This intimates that the leaders may have had a hard time adjusting to the fact of independence. Both men were pioneers of African independence. Both were national leaders around whom the flag of independence was waved. They denounced the colonial power, united the country in opposition to the metropolitan country and concentrated efforts to gain independence. Once having created a rhetoric to sustain this struggle, they seem incapable of forgetting it. Where they denounced imperialists they now denounce neo-imperialists.⁶ Where they spoke of independence, they now call it true independence or complete independence or complete lack of foreign ties.⁷ Hence, these categories show up almost the same over time. There is also a lack of diversification of goals. I expected that a whole host of economic and social gains would be substituted for the primary aim of independence after that date. While there

⁶Nkrumah said: "The common fight against imperialism contributed in no small measure to the unity of purpose and the exemplary display of discipline among you," Speech 6, 1957, sentence 158.

"The neo-colonialist foreign powers and interests seek to maintain the exploitation and oppression of the people even after independence," Speech 23, 1966, sentence 739.

"The workers of Africa cannot co-exist with the forces of colonialism and exploitation. They cannot co-exist with imperialism and neo-colonialism," Speech 24, 1966, sentences 980-81.

⁷Nkrumah said: "So long as we continue to advocate effective and genuine independence for Africa and its political unification, so long shall we be subject to slanderous and mischievous misrepresentation...." Speech 21, 1965, sentence 574.

Toure said: "We African revolutionaries aim much farther than the simple obtaining of these apparent forms of national independence and human liberty, we aim at the historic rehabilitation of our peoples at their full blossoming, at their entire liberty, and at their total happiness," Speech 27, 1964, sentence 599.

is some increase in general development references, much of the rhetoric, like an old phonograph record, repeats the same phrases over and over again.⁸ Speculatively, one might consider that the political expendibility of these men increases with their inability to change with the times, and that both men show strong evidence that time makes little imprint on their ideology.

In the Pirro African Dictionary there are increases in three such development categories: PROGRESS, IGNORANCE and DISTRIBUTION. Two categories show sizeable decreases, NATIONALISM and FREEDOM.

PROGRESS is a general category which indicates in a broad sense advancement or betterment. It showed significant differences over time at the .001 level. The following table of aggregate means shows that there are substantial increases in both Toure and Nkrumah's references to PROGRESS during the most recent or late period.

Table 4.1. --Differences over Time
PROGRESS - .001 Significance Level

Time	Early	Middle	Late
Guinea	.012	.015	.023
Ghana	.017	.015	.022

⁸Nkrumah said: "It has been well pointed out that political independence is but an empty facade of economic freedom is not possible also. I must emphasize that economic freedom can only be purchased by capital development, it cannot be given from outside," Speech 1, 1955, sentence 716.

"We are determined to proceed rapidly to build a strong economy in order to support and maintain our political independence...." Speech 19, 1965, sentence 448.

There is a difference in rhetoric which can be seen over time as one reads the speeches by these leaders. In the early period, PROGRESS words are frequently tied to independence and are the more general terms from that category. Toure's remark from 1958 is typical of this:

... and a no vote would allow the independent countries of Africa to contract an egalitarian association with France and in which in this form alone might be fruitful (PROGRESS) for Africa and for France.
Speech 3, 1958, sentence 209.

Nkrumah also considered PROGRESS with independence as part of a more general scheme for the betterment of all Africa during this early period:

The sacrifices made by the people of Ghana in their struggle for independence are only the first stage in the common advancement (PROGRESS) of their brothers all over Africa.
Speech 4, 1956, sentence 919.

In the later speeches the PROGRESS words which are used, come from the more specific portions of that category, more relevant to a particular issue or crisis. This betterment is seen in the light of a particular program which the governments have espoused. Toure, for instance, used

"We are trying to reconstruct our economy and to build a new, free and equal society," Speech 22, 1966, sentence 664.

Toure said: "A complete reconversion is necessary in order that the African's authentic personality, the full possibilities of his peculiar virtues and the means of his employment of his human responses may reappear," Speech 12, 1959, sentence 385.

"For the whole of the African people who continue to undergo colonial exploitation and depersonalization, we should give proof of the human qualities and the value of the man of Africa," Speech 9, 1959, sentence 790.

"The African man is underestimated by the majority of other men... simply because he himself... bowed down under the regime of foreign exploitation and capitalist domination," Speech 27, 1964, sentence 596.

"Africa in defending its political, moral and intellectual personality..." Speech 27, 1964, sentence 584.

the words "revolution" and "revolutionary." These two words account for most of his references in the PROGRESS category and these begin to occur toward the end of the middle time period and throughout the later time period. His use of this term refers to the government's plans for development labeled by him the "Guinean revolution." They include some specific proposals for economic growth, youth service, education, etc.

The representatives of the PDG of the Government of the Republic of Guinea will have the supreme ambition to remain faithful to the value of the Guinean revolution (PROGRESS).
Speech 28, 1964, sentence 641.

In the late time period in Ghana, PROGRESS is also linked to particular programs. Here again, there is a seven-year economic program with comprehensive goals established for the state and for various private enterprises. Nkrumah, more than Toure, refers to very specific issues. While Toure talks of "faithfulness to values," Nkrumah refers to a plan for doubling consumer production, a concrete goal, one on which his people can pin him down. Throughout the later time period, Nkrumah became more and more specific, promising more and more of a concrete nature to his people and in one sense giving them more to hold against him when goals were not reached at the appointed time.

We, the Ghanaian Government, will continue to follow the policy of producing (PROGRESS) as much as possible a very high proportion of essential goods and services that are consumed here from day to day.
Speech 23, 1966, sentence 854.

The other categories which have increased over time show similar instances. **IGNORANCE**, a category about the problems of illiteracy and education, increases greatly in the last time period.

Table 4.2. --Differences over Time
IGNORANCE - .014 S. L.

Time	Early	Middle	Late
Guinea	.002	.003	.011
Ghana	.004	.004	.014

In the early time period the few references to education are general and concern the whole problem, or the general political education of the people as a whole.

Toure said: The coming to political awareness, the education (**IGNORANCE**) of the people and the mobilization of the masses have been facilitated and developed only in and through action.
Speech 6, 1958, sentence 580.

Nkrumah said: At first sign it might seem that the problem of an adequate educational system (**IGNORANCE**) are beyond the resources of the country.
Speech 4, 1956, sentence 984.

In the later period education becomes a political problem, both as mass education for the nation's children and specialized education for universities, technicians, and politicians.

Toure: At the PDG school (**IGNORANCE**) the students (**IGNORANCE**) are the teachers (**IGNORANCE**) and the appointed professors (**IGNORANCE**) are also students (**IGNORANCE**) because in searching for the best means and conditions to accelerate the revolutionary objectives assigned to the action of the revolutionary movement the school (**IGNORANCE**) will confer a sense

of responsibility on all. . . .
Speech 25, 1963, sentence 396.

Nkrumah: Thus in one year we have almost doubled
the number of teacher (IGNORANCE) training colleges
(IGNORANCE) in Ghana.
Speech 23, 1966, sentence 917.

DISTRIBUTION, which was significant at the .011 level, is a summary category which includes IGNORANCE and many PROGRESS words. It is interesting that this variable, one of the six crises of political development, changes significantly over time. This crisis of Output and Distribution did not appear as one of the major elements of the political ideology in the analysis considered in the past chapter. There I speculated that Distribution might appear later in the history of the nation-state. This analysis of differences over time indicates that in the most recent time period, there is an increase of concern with the problem of Distribution and that this trend has generally increased over time. This finding coupled with Nkrumah and Toure's remarks about consumer goods may indicate that these countries will be facing an increasing crisis of rising expectations for consumer products on the part of the masses.

Table 4.3. --Differences over Time
DISTRIBUTION - .011 S. L.

Time	Early	Middle	Late
Guinea	.009	.012	.019
Ghana	.014	.018	.025

It is interesting that only the crisis of Distribution appears to have changed over time. I had expected that Economic Development would increase over time as the goals of the nation-state proliferated. Instead, it would appear that the countries remained preoccupied with the political side of their problems, the role of the government in regulating the economy and with general or overall progress rather than with the specifics of economic development.

Another "negative" finding occurs. In the last chapter, one of the elements which appeared was the legitimacy problem. The analysis of variance would indicate that the two nation-states are as much concerned with establishing their legitimacy in the eyes of their people and the world in the later time period, ten years after independence as they were at independence. This finding indicates a massive "inferiority"⁹ complex on the part of these national leaders about their nations, a complex which leads them to much pride and over-sensitivity, which are manifested in their international dealings as well as in internal policies.

Two political variables did show decreases over time. FREEDOM which contains most of the references to independence and LIBERTY decreased substantially after the early time period, the time of political independence.

⁹ See Rotated Alker Merged Dictionary, Factor 3.

Table 4.4. --Differences over Time
INDEPENDENCE - .001 S. L.

Time	Early	Middle	Late
Guinea	.015	.006	.006
Ghana	.014	.007	.004

NATIONALISM as a category also decreased significantly, .015, over time. Since this category contains references to the nation-state, country and such symbols, it is perhaps expectable that there would be less mentions of these terms when the nation-state became a political fact. Early instances of both these categories shows the clear linkage of them to the achievement of freedom from the colonial power.

Toure said: The Guinean constitution leaves the exercise of national (NATIONALISM) sovereignty to the people, for the people and by the people. Speech 5, 1958, sentence 474.

Nkrumah said: Mr. Speaker, there is nothing revolutionary in the Government's proposals to complete the Gold Coast's evolution from non-independence (FREEDOM) to independence (FREEDOM). Speech 3, 1956, sentence 893.

In the later time periods, independence becomes linked with foreign policy and the liberation of all African countries. Nationalism is used in a reified sense as an ultimate goal which must now be preserved at all costs.

Toure said: ... the African peoples for their part all have the same aspirations for progress, the same will for freedom (FREEDOM), the same right to happiness. Speech 27, 1964, sentence 592.

Whatever may be the differentiations which characterize the principal strata of society, each of them is directly concerned by problems which concern the building of the nation (NATIONALISM) and its development.

Speech 26, 1963, sentence 495.

Nkrumah said: In these circumstances, under neo-colonialism, the real fruits of independence (FREEDOM) are denied to the people and they become incensed and frustrated.

Speech 23, 1966, sentence 744.

This responsibility to help other African territories toward independence (FREEDOM) casts upon all Ghanians an obligation to protect the national (NATIONALISM) stability we have so ably created and to guard ever jealously the solidarity of our nation. (NATIONALISM).

Speech 17, 1964, sentence 212.

In the Alker Merged Dictionary there are three variables which show substantial decreases over time, POWER/OTHER, POWER/ARENA, and NATION-STATE. The last two of these variables are the equivalent of NATIONALISM within the Pirro Dictionary and these decreases are evident for reasons just discussed. In the case of POWER/OTHER, it is difficult to describe why this decrease occurs because the large number of words within this category and the diversity of the meanings of these words make it difficult to attribute any certain cause. However, it would appear that the appearance of a number of words from the categories, NATION-STATE and FREEDOM might account for this decrease. The category POWER/OTHER, has a sizeable overlap with these other categories. In the dictionary there are no decreases in the other power and political categories such as POLITICAL, POWER/AUTHORITATIVE, POWER/PARTICI-

PATION. Such decreases could have confirmed a finding of decreasing attention to politics. There were also no decreases in the development categories of WEALTH, ECONOMIC, WEALTH/OTHER, etc. Both these findings reinforce the findings of the Pirro African Dictionary.

In summary, the analysis of variance locates few categories changing over time. These findings seem to indicate that political ideology as delivered by the two African leaders in their speeches remained essentially the same throughout the ten years studied.

3. Differences between Countries

To discuss differences in the political ideology between the two countries, one must first refer back to chapter three, to the original finding of a difference between countries in Factor 1 of the Rotated Pirro African Dictionary. This factor, "Pragmatism vs. Idealism" showed Guinea on the idealistic side while Ghana was on the pragmatic side. An analysis of variance run on the factor scores showed a significant difference between the two countries at the .001 level. In substantive terms this indicates that the whole orientation of the two ideologies are different. This means that many of the other parts of the ideology will be affected by this basic difference and that the content of the two ideologies will be substantially different.

In the analysis of variance, this is borne out by the great number of variables which showed differences by country: thirty-four in the Pirro African Dictionary, and thirty-eight in the Alker Merged Dictionary.

Many of these variables can be seen as related to the initial orientation of "Pragmatism vs. Idealism." We must thus discuss these two ideologies, which we originally considered very similar, as two different systems of thought.

Several of the variables which showed significant differences on the analysis of variance concern basic beliefs, one of the portions of ideological content in this research. Two of these variables are concerned with the nature of the society, INDIVIDUAL and MASS. These variables relate to the way in which society is viewed.

Table 4.5. --Differences between Countries
INDIVIDUAL - .001 S. L.

Time	Early	Middle	Late
Guinea	.005	.007	.008
Ghana	.004	.003	.002

Table 4.6. --Differences between Countries
MASS - .001 S. L.

Time	Early	Middle	Late
Guinea	.011	.014	.016
Ghana	.004	.006	.008

In these two tables it seems Toure is more concerned with society than Nkrumah. The sentiments which both men express are similar, that African politics is an expression of the will of the people taken as a

whole. But, this strong difference in these two variables suggests differing levels of concern with the societal structure.

Nkrumah said: The CPP and the Government believe that the authority to govern a state should spring from the people (MASS) and that the people's (MASS) right to exercise these powers is based on the principle of one man, one vote.

Speech 8, 1959, sentence 308.

Nkrumah expressed this notion coupling it with the other tenet of African politics which could be observed in the factor analysis, the participation of the African people in their own governing.¹⁰ As in this statement, Nkrumah accepts these tenets as given. This is the structure of his system of government and he proceeds from it to work for these things he is interested in. He used the category MASS, only to refer to "people" and this includes African "people" as well as Ghanaian "people." "People" are the collective used interchangeably with the nation.

Nkrumah said: If ability to pay is the passport to the good life, then at this time, most of the people (MASS) of this country are precluded from it.

Speech 12, 1961, sentence 568.

To Toure, this structuring of his society is a vital concern. He feels he must frequently evoke it as an image for the audiences. He speaks about the will of the mass as the program of the government.

Toure said: Whatever its form, violent or pacifist, the revolution means the qualitative change of a situation, the passage of a people (MASS) from an inferior state to a superior state.

Speech 14, 1959, sentence 514.

¹⁰ Ibid.

To Toure, African society is communal in nature. The individual human being is a detriment to group efforts and is often used with negative words in a sentence.

Toure said: The factor of individualism (INDIVIDUAL) was exclusively favorable to the colonial system as it no longer allowed the Africans to determine themselves collectively.

Speech 13, 1959, sentence 457.

Nkrumah rarely speaks of the individual human being. To him government is concerned with the people as a whole. Nor does he use the term "mass." To Toure, the masses are an integral part of the political life he governs.

Toure said: But, if the party holds the destinies of the people (MASS) it will be necessary for it to raise the level of knowledge and consciousness and to educate the masses (MASS) and to continuously better their qualifications.

Speech 15, 1959, sentence 567.

Another basic belief which shows distinct differences between the two leaders is the identity question. In the factor analysis the factor "self-respect" was one major element which involved the national leaders' quest for the unique elements which make up their nation's identities. Here I will look at two variables, SELF or SELF/SELVES and WE, to show the differences which occur when each leader discusses his nation as a nation.

Table 4.7. --Differences between Countries -
SELF - .001 S. L. (From the Pirro African Dictionary)

Time	Early	Middle	Late
Guinea	.001	.000	.001
Ghana	.009	.007	.010

Table 4.8. --Differences between Countries
 SELF/SELVES - .001 S. L. (From the Alker Merged
 Dictionary)

Time	Early	Middle	Late
Guinea	.025	.023	.019
Ghana	.044	.030	.040

Table 4.9. --Differences between Countries
 WE - .004 S. L. (From the Pirro African Dictionary)

Time	Early	Middle	Late
Guinea	.023	.022	.018
Ghana	.035	.023	.030

In these tables it is evident that Nkrumah refers to himself and to "we" and "us" much more often than Toure. Toure talks more in the third person, using the terms "the people", or "the masses." In this difference of language, Nkrumah stresses himself and his identification with the government and nation of Ghana. His autobiography is titled Ghana: Autobiography of a Nation.¹¹ Nkrumah repeatedly says "I" and "my government." When he speaks of Ghana he uses the collective "we" to stress his association with the Ghanaian people. Toure does not emphasize this personal aspect of government. Although he is the single

¹¹ Kwame Nkrumah, Ghana: The Autobiography of Kwame Nkrumah (London: Thomas Nelson and Sons, Ltd., 1957).

leader and all powerful in his state, he leaves his personality out of his political speeches. At first this may seem to be the "plural of majesty" in which royalty always uses the third person to address anyone, but today even the Queen of England says "our government." This is not simply an artifact of the differences in language. Charles de Gaulle often speaks of "moi" and "mon government."¹²

The connotation here is that political ideology is a personal thing associated with Nkrumah in Ghana.

Nkrumah said: And I (SELF) can assure you that my (SELF) government will give all the support which it can to the establishment and maintenance of independent and free trade unions in the new state of Ghana.

Speech 5, 1957, sentence 65.

Often Nkrumah uses "we" to refer to the government or to the Party leadership:

Nkrumah said: The signs of what we (WE) can do for the country in the future can be seen around you everywhere.

Speech 9, 1959, sentence 364.

"We" in Toure's usage is always the Guinean people.

Toure said: Parallely we (WE) affirmed our (WE) will to safeguard the bonds of friendship and interest which we (WE) already had with the people of France.

Speech 6, 1958, sentence 497.

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Charles DeGaulle, "The Independence of France," *The Third World Policy*. Radio-TV Speech, April 27, 1965. London Times Index, Queen Elizabeth II, "Investiture," February 8, 1966, London Times (12b). This problem of language differences and their effects is discussed in chapter 2. The conclusion is that the effects discerned here are not products of French linguistics vs. English linguistics.

Political ideology in Ghana is the thought of a single man, and how he chooses to phrase things. In Guinea, the political ideology is considered the property of the people as a whole and the politician, Toure, is only the exponent of this ideology. If Toure were absent, whoever took his place would have the same political ideology because it is the property of all the people of Guinea.

On a number of other elements which can be considered under basic beliefs, there is substantial agreement. Both Toure and Nkrumah agree on the primacy of politics. Politics is also seen by both men as involving the participation of Africans in the governing process. The variables which indicate these elements include: PARTICIPATION, POLITICS, FREEDOM, GOVERNMENT, GLORIOUS, (Pirro African Dictionary) and POLITICAL, and NATIONALISM (Aker Merged Dictionary).

The differences of pragmatism and idealism can be seen most clearly in the differences between the two nations' goals and programs, the specific elements of the political ideologies. Toure espouses idealistic goals and speaks of general programs for their achievement. Nkrumah has pragmatic goals and some very practical procedures which he will use to achieve them.

Toure is concerned with the nature of the society he is governing. He would like to see a number of ideal conditions prevail within that society. Hence, his concerns are with the structure of that society (STRUCTURE), with abstractions (THINK), and with the "don't's", the negations, denials and preventions needed to keep the society in line

(NOT, NEGATIVE ACTION). These variables show higher instances in his speeches than Nkrumah. STRUCTURE is significant at the .001 level. When Toure uses STRUCTURE, he is referring to the abstract, ideal set-up of a society and government.

Toure said: Now the thought of the Party shows the orientation (STRUCTURE) of our action....
Speech 15, 1959, sentence 582.

When Nkrumah is concerned with STRUCTURE, which is much less frequently than Toure, he refers to some practical program.

Nkrumah said: We must look at this matter with new eyes and plan an elaborate scheme (STRUCTURE) of national insurance and pensions which would cover all the people.
Speech 13, 1962, sentence 883.

Toure uses more abstract verbs. He would rather consider things as thoughts rather than actions. Nkrumah is more concerned with doing things rather than with contemplation and planning. Toure scored significantly higher than Nkrumah at the .001 level on the verb category THINK. Nkrumah is higher on INITIATE ACTION, another verb category, significant at the .004 level.

Table 4.10. --Differences between Countries
THINK - .001 S. L.

Time	Early	Middle	Late
Guinea	.017	.023	.020
Ghana	.013	.012	.011

Table 4.11. --Differences between Countries
INITIATE ACTION - .004 S. L.

Time	Early	Middle	Late
Guinea	.012	.012	.012
Ghana	.015	.016	.016

Where Toure uses INITIATE ACTION terms, it is frequently in connection with foreign policy matters, and Guinea is passive while others are acting:

Toure said: At whatever point on the globe where men fight (INITIATE ACTION) for their liberty, struggle against exploitations and reclaim their human dignity there the image (THINK) of Guinea is present and encourages them.
Speech 9, 1959, sentence 796.

Toure is more concerned with both the "do's" and "don't's"; he is higher than Nkrumah on both POSITIVE and NEGATIVE categories.

Table 4.12. --Differences by Country
NEGATIVE - .001 S. L.

Time	Early	Middle	Late
Guinea	.013	.008	.009
Ghana	.005	.006	.006

Table 4.13. --Differences between Countries
POSITIVE - .002 S. L.

Time	Early	Middle	Late
Guinea	.007	.008	.009
Ghana	.005	.006	.006

This is another indication of the pragmatic nature of Nkrumah's ideology. Toure is concerned with prescriptions or standards to which the political action must adhere. Nkrumah, being pragmatic, needs no such standard. He has less in the way of prescriptive comments to make than Toure. Under this same aegis, Toure uses DEFENSE MECHANISM, i.e., defensive speeches or words, because he has to defend his government and policy as part of the will of the masses.¹³ Nkrumah who does what the situation dictates has little need for defensive words.

Table 4.14. --Differences between Countries
DEFENSE MECHANISM - .001 S. L.

Time	Early	Middle	Late
Guinea	.001	.001	.001
Ghana	0	0	0

As one goal, Toure stresses cooperation among the people to a far greater extent than Nkrumah. He scores significantly higher on the variables of UNITY and INTEGRATION from the Pirro African Dictionary and COMMUNITY from the Alker Merged Dictionary.

¹³ Toure said: "No problem and no phenomenon of evolution should surprise or disconcert our political thought because its (political thoughts) only justification (DEFENSE MECHANISM) is to guide, to direct, to control evolution toward the objectives which it proposes to reach," Speech 15, 1959, sentence 598.

Table 4.15. --Differences between Countries
UNITY - .001 S. L.

Time	Early	Middle	Late
Guinea	.010	.005	.007
Ghana	.003	.005	.003

When Toure uses UNITY words he is referring to cooperation among the people, to internal harmony and to supranational movements. His chief use of UNITY terms is associated with the integration of his country, Guinea. Integration appears to be the major goal established for his society after the achievement of political participation, which means the whole mass together thinking and operating politically.

Toure said: It is only in this way that we will facilitate the evolution of our country in harmony (UNITY) and solidarity (UNITY) and that it will not be possible to slacken the pace of our history by centrifugal forces.
Speech 17, 1959, sentence 705.

When Nkrumah uses UNITY or INTEGRATION terms he usually is referring to the goal of African unity, the union of several nation-states or the goal of Pan-Africanism, which in his ideological thoughts ranks high as foreign policy but lower in the overall pattern of politics.

Nkrumah said: In other words, African states must either unite (UNITY) or stand separately and disintegrate or sell ourselves to foreign powers.
Speech 11, 1960, sentence 465.

Both men see imperialism as a threat but their goal orientation is different. Toure is idealistic. His use of the concepts of unity and integration are abstract idealized goals. His programs to reach these goals

are also quite abstract. One of the major defects in the dictionaries is the failure to pick up the programs of thought reorientation and psychological and cultural change which Toure advocates as the way in which Guinea will achieve its set of goals as an integrated state. Categories which would tap this process of mass brain-washing and cultural change were absent from both dictionaries. Citations given here can suggest in terms of manifest content what I mean.

Toure said: But where the Party managed to bring all energies together (UNITY, INTEGRATION) where it has been able to create collective (UNITY, INTEGRATION) perspectives and a national conscience, rapid advance followed.

Speech 20, 1959, sentence 855.

The choice of the PDG classifies our revolution in the camp of freedom, of real equality of men and people, on that of the sovereignty of the people (UNITY, INTEGRATION) of social justice and of peace absolutely indispensable to the blossoming of the human person to an harmonious (UNITY, INTEGRATION) and well-balanced development to the surpassing of the peoples (INTEGRATION) thanks to the continuous enrichment of their acquirements and to the constant qualification or other political, economic and cultural practices.

Speech 25, 1963, sentence 390.

In contrast with Toure, Nkrumah's goals are very practical ones. After political participation which Toure also encourages, Nkrumah would rank economic development as the major concern of his ideology. On each of the economic variables he ranks significantly higher than Toure, ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT, ECONOMIC, FINANCE, INDUSTRIAL, AGRICULTURE, from the Pirro African Dictionary, and in the Alker Merged Dictionary, ECONOMIC, WEALTH/OTHER, WEALTH/PARTICIPANT, WEALTH

and TECHNOLOGY.

Table 4.16. --Differences between Countries
ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT - .001 S. L.
(Pirro African Dictionary)

Time	Early	Middle	Late
Guinea	.010	.017	.016
Ghana	.030	.028	.028

When Nkrumah talks about the goal itself and about goal achievement, he uses very practical terms. There are concrete programs designed to achieve economic development in his country. Words he would use include: electrical, farming, hoe, factory, mechanic, etc. The only major term Toure uses in this area is "revolution" which has major social and cultural implications as well as economic. Instead of farm or hoe, Toure would use agriculture; instead of factories, products and workers, he would speak of economic development. Nkrumah has a program title for his economic programs, Socialism. He uses that term explicitly. Toure uses revolution and national reconstruction as comprehensive programs, but neither has the economic connotations that socialism has for Nkrumah and for his nation.¹⁴

¹⁴Toure said: "The Guinean Revolution (ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT) is essential to the surpassing of the peoples, thanks to the continuous enrichment of their acquisitions, and to the constant qualifications of their political, economic (ECONOMIC, ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT) social and cultural practices," Speech 25, 1963, sentence 390. (Note: This seems to be the best possible translation of a "non-sentence" which Toure frequently uses in his later speeches.)

I would suggest that Nkrumah in his more practical and more specific speeches was sowing the seeds of his downfall. By describing the items of his programs which are designed for certain gains, by setting limitations of plans and setting time limits, he gives his critics and the public points on which he can be pinned down. It is easy to see a failure to achieve growth of farm produce, to see no increase in factories or products, to point to a lack of roads, bridges and other promised facilities and services. Then it is easy to pin the blame on the political leader. Toure also has plans for economic growth including a seven-year

"Everything that can be done to better the living conditions (ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT, PROGRESS) of the masses, to perfect their political actions, serves our revolutionary (ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT) movement and the dictatorship of our movement has no other aim than to direct, to provide the impulse for the evolution of the people toward technical (INDUSTRIALIZATION, ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT) progress (PROGRESS) and toward social and moral well-being," Speech 18, 1959, sentence 790.

Nkrumah said: "Hospital (HEALTH) are being built (PROGRESS), highways (INDUSTRIALIZATION, ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT) modernized (ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT) for communications, factories (INDUSTRIALIZATION, ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT) are springing up and modern townships (URBANIZATION, ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT) are replacing the slums Ghana inherited," Speech 8, 1959, sentence 365.

"The CPP program deals with varied subjects covering the whole of our national life including tax reform (FINANCE), national planning (ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT), banking and insurance (FINANCE, ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT), forest husbandry (AGRICULTURE, ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT) and poultry production (AGRICULTURE, ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT), fish production and marketing (AGRICULTURE, ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT), industrialization (INDUSTRIALIZATION, ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT) agriculture (AGRICULTURE, ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT), education (IGNORANCE, ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT), culture and leisure, transport (INDUSTRIALIZATION, ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT), etc," Speech 13, 1962, sentence 824.

development program, but when he refers to them, he uses different terminology more abstract and idealistic. It is very difficult in Guinea to point to a failure because it must be in social or cultural terms. Who can pinpoint a lack of harmony or decrease in integration. When a failure does occur (measurable perhaps only in terms of unrest), it can be attributed to the "persons" or "individuals" who lacked cooperative natures of "consciousness." In Ghana the failures are concrete and can be laid at the government's doors because it is the government which instigates and directs all development.

This suggests a difference in each political leader's views of government. Nkrumah has significantly more references to GOVERNMENT and LEGITIMACY than Toure. In Ghana the government is used as the subject of many sentences. The government, with Nkrumah at its head, is seen as the logical agent for economic development, its major program. It seems that Nkrumah sees the government being all things to all people.¹⁵

"Our Ghanaian new economic (ECONOMIC, ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT) and industrial (INDUSTRIALIZATION, ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT) policy which will give priority to heavy industry (INDUSTRIALIZATION, ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT) alongside the extension of light industries (INDUSTRIALIZATION, ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT), electricity (INDUSTRIALIZATION, ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT), and water (AGRICULTURE) supplies, will have to control severely our financial (FINANCE, ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT) budgets," Speech 12, 1961, sentence 628.

¹⁵ Nkrumah said: "The government (GOVERNMENT) of Ghana will direct its efforts to promote the interests and advancement of all African peoples in their pursuits of freedom and social progress," Speech 4, 1956, sentence 918.

"The government (GOVERNMENT) attaches the greatest importance to the health needs of the Ghanaian people," Speech 23, 1966, sentence 951.

In Guinea, the political party is the major force for social action and the "people" together perform many of the functions of society.¹⁶

Table 4.17. --Differences between Countries
GOVERNMENT - .001 S. L.

Time	Early	Middle	Late
Guinea	.014	.010	.007
Ghana	.018	.026	.018

Terms from the categories, GOVERNMENT and LEGITIMACY are used frequently by both political leaders. However, Nkrumah uses both categories more frequently and in slightly different ways than Toure. Toure uses LEGITIMACY words most at the time of independence when Guinea was ejected from the French Community and needed to establish the viability of Guinea in the eyes of the world.¹⁷ Nkrumah is concerned with LEGITIMACY at the time of independence and also during the middle period. During this time, Ghana became a republic and loosened its ties with Great Britain. It was the first ex-colony in Africa to do so and this

¹⁶Toure said: "When we say that pre-eminence belongs to the party we mean that at all echelons, a popular base should be given to our action," Speech 21, 1959, sentence 888.

"The gap between the new freedom and reality can be bridged only by the role assumed effectively by the people in their determination and performance of the various political activities of the country," Speech 22, 1961, sentence 977.

In another respect, contrary to the rules in use in other states in matters of planning, it is the party (the PDG) which decides in Guinea both on the orientation and on the programs of plans of economic and social development," Speech 26, 1963, sentence 492.

¹⁷Toure said: "Since September 28, the fact that Guinea (LEGITIMACY) has acceded to the rank of a free (LEGITIMACY) country (LEGITIMACY) has confirmed passage from an inferior rank to a superior state (LEGITIMACY)," Speech 14, 1959, sentence 519.

high concern with LEGITIMACY shows that Nkrumah was anxious that Ghana be acceptable in its new status.¹⁸ Ghana's foreign policy, its concern with making a name in the world, is reflected in Ghana's continuing although slightly diminished concern with LEGITIMACY.¹⁹ In short, the crisis of political development, LEGITIMACY, increases in frequency of use in the African speeches when a major governmental change is about to occur.

Table 4.18. --Differences between Countries
LEGITIMACY - .001 S. L.

Time	Early	Middle	Late
Guinea	.105	.061	.064
Ghana	.094	.096	.079

Toure shows more concern with the ideal value behind LEGITIMACY, RESPECT. This bears out the more abstract nature of his ideology compared with that of Nkrumah.

¹⁸ Nkrumah said: "This responsibility (LEGITIMACY) casts upon all Ghanians an obligation to protect the national (LEGITIMACY) stability we have so ably created and to guard ever jealously the solidarity of our nation (LEGITIMACY)," Speech 17, 1964, sentence 212.

¹⁹ Nkrumah said: "The Ghanaian government (LEGITIMACY) expects that through your programs, the struggle for the African liberation (LEGITIMACY) movement, for freedom (LEGITIMACY) and independence (LEGITIMACY) will be maintained," Speech 20, 1965, sentence 546.

Table 4.19. --Differences between Countries
RESPECT - .001 S. L.
(Alker Merged Dictionary)

Time	Early	Middle	Late
Guinea	.012	.007	.009
Ghana	.005	.005	.005

In summary, the two political leaders have different ideologies for their countries. Economics form a major portion of the ideological content in Ghana, while culture and social values form a major portion in Guinea. Deriving his ideas from the abstract, idealistic nature of his orientation, Toure has major goals for the nation of Unity and internal integration. He would use the political party and cultural reorientation to achieve these goals mapping out careful plans and speaking of the "Guinean Revolution." Nkrumah also has laid careful strategies but these are more practical or pragmatic to achieve his goals of economic development, schemes like the Voltz Dam Project and a comprehensive economic strategy in socialism ("AFRICAN SOCIALISM"). Both men reaffirm the important place of politics, the negative and threatening character of imperialism and continuing desires for respect and legitimacy.

4. Interaction Differences

There are few variables in either dictionary which show an interaction effect, twelve in the Pirro African Dictionary and sixteen in the Alker Merged Dictionary. Several of these have been discussed already

including STRUCTURE, UNITY, LEGITIMACY and INTEGRATION. Three variables from the Alker Merged Dictionary show interesting interaction effects.

One of these variables is WELL-BEING/SOMATIC, a category which deals with the physical health and welfare of individuals. In the table of means, we see that Toure's mentions of this category increase over time. He seems to pay more attention to social welfare measures during the late period. Nkrumah starts with a fairly high mention in this category and this decreases in the middle period and increases again in the late period. As his nation gained independence, Nkrumah expounded many programs for its future, including many health and welfare measures. Then, during the middle period, the cocoa crop was attacked by disease; the world price on cocoa dropped disasterously and the money for development projects was cut. During this time, Nkrumah had governmental concerns adding to his monetary troubles. Ghana became a republic with consequent governmental changes. Then, in the late period, Nkrumah is faced again with the need to respond to demands by his people for services and health is one of the major demands. It is interesting that this change over time and between the two countries is reflected chiefly in this variable, but I speculate that health measures are probably the most important to individuals after food, and demands for these would be apparent before many others.²⁰

²⁰Toure said: "Many young people in the towns and in the countryside keep living (WELL-BEING/SOMATIC) on the fringe of Guinean youth

Table 4.20. --Differences in Interaction Effect
 WELL-BEING/SOMATIC - .018 S. L.
 (Alker Merged Dictionary)

Time	Early	Middle	Late
Guinea	.003	.006	.011
Ghana	.006	.005	.006

An interesting difference occurs in the category NATION-STATE which shows a decrease over time for Nkrumah and an increase over time for Toure. As Ghana gains independence, it is Ghana which leads other African countries according to Nkrumah and the nationhood conferred on her which is a unique and marvelous thing. After all, Ghana is the first African country to gain freedom from colonialism. Later, Nkrumah tries to focus the interests of his country outward. He makes more mention of the crisis in the Congo and Rhodesia than problems at home. I suspect this is a two-fold occurrence. First, Nkrumah has always had clear expectations that Ghana would lead many African countries into a union. Second, he needed to divert the attention of his people from increasing

(WELL-BEING/SOMATIC) .. and take no interest in the mass activities..."
 Speech 23, 1961, sentence 148.

Nkrumah said: "Our aim is to ensure that all persons living (WELL-BEING/SOMATIC) in Ghana shall have adequate means to provide themselves with enough food to eat (WELL-BEING/SOMATIC), clothing to wear (WELL-BEING/SOMATIC), a house in which to live (WELL-BEING/SOMATIC), and free education for their children and dependents,"
 Speech 19, 1965, sentence 449.

problems at home. So, in the early period, when Nkrumah mentions words in the category NATION-STATE, he is usually referring to Ghana; in the late period he is speaking about the general phenomenon.

Nkrumah said: The government hopes that as a free, independent and sovereign state (NATION-STATE) Ghana can become the center for the discussion of African problems as a whole and that with the cooperation of all other African territories, we shall be able to foster a common attitude toward local problems and world problems...
Speech 4, 1956, sentence 920.

If we do not establish an all-African political union such military intrusions [coups] will continue to occur in some of the remaining states (NATION-STATE) of Africa.
Speech 23, 1966, sentence 726. (Note: this was uttered two weeks before the Ghanaian coup.)

Toure, on the other hand, uses the words in the category NATION-STATE more in the last time period than previously. Throughout his tenure in office, he espoused the idea of political union of some kind among African states. In the last period, however, he begins to see Guinea as a focal point for this union and words in this category are more frequently used.²¹

The third category is IDEAL VALUE. Both men use terms from this category frequently. It contains many of the abstract terms or values which they espouse including "independence, cooperation, democracy,

²¹ Typical of such statements, Toure said: "The representatives of the PDG of the Government of the Republic of Guinea (NATION-STATE) will have the supreme ambition to remain faithful to the value of the Guinean (NATION-STATE) Revolution," Speech 29, 1964, sentence 641.

liberty, nationalism, progress, sovereignty, etc." It is very interesting that the words do not change over time. Rather, it is the number of references which changes. Nkrumah uses most of these value terms in the middle period connected with his country's change from a commonwealth country to a republic. The increased references are to "democracy and freedom,"

Nkrumah said: The Government of Ghana will direct its efforts to promote the interests and advancement (IDEAL VALUE) of all African peoples in their pursuit of freedom (IDEAL VALUE) and social progress (IDEAL VALUE).

Speech 2, 1956, sentence 918.

Ghana's foreign policy shall be based on three words, dignity (IDEAL VALUE), peace (IDEAL VALUE) and friendship (IDEAL VALUE).

Speech 4, 1956, sentence 908.

We shall always adopt whatever positive policies will do most to safeguard our independence (IDEAL VALUE) and world peace (IDEAL VALUE).

Speech 9, 1960, sentence 404.

Only in this way (united) will Africa play its full part for the achievement of world peace (IDEAL VALUE) and for the advancement (IDEAL VALUE) of the happiness (IDEAL VALUE) of mankind.

Speech 22, 1966, sentence 714.

and a reaffirmation of adherence to values and ideals espoused throughout his addresses. Toure's references to IDEAL VALUES increases sharply in the last time period. I suspect that Toure has seen the military coups occurring in other nations and is wary of his own country. Hence, he takes a greater interest in home matters such as progress, and (WELL-BEING/SOMATIC) welfare matters.

Toure said: In order to hasten Africa's march toward technical, economic and cultural progress (IDEAL VALUE) in a world of real human civilization (IDEAL VALUE) Guineans have entered the path of liberation (IDEAL VALUE) and unity.

Speech 12, 1959, sentence 387.

The identity of the conditions for progress (IDEAL VALUE), the identity of the perspectives for a happy future which bring the peoples of Africa together in a militant community, explains the African unity (IDEAL VALUE) which is in the minds of all Africans.

Speech 28, 1965, sentence 627.

In summary, the interaction effects observed appear to reinforce findings of the differences between countries and over time. The variables considered suggest in addition, that Toure has become increasingly concerned about his maintenance of power within his country, speaking more about his state and about the values his state espouses. During the middle time period when his government changes shape, Nkrumah shows concern for values, and less concern for programs.

CHAPTER FIVE: POLITICAL ACTIONS AND POLITICAL IDEOLOGY
IN GHANA

1. Introduction

This study permits us to discuss the connections among political ideologies and political actions. Where political actions are considered to be those events and policies which shape events, we can discuss actions in conjunction with ideological content. This does not imply causation in either direction. At this stage of research, definite attribution of ideological change to action or action to ideology is not possible. There are still a variety of ways to describe the connections between the two. I will be concerned with four attributes: consistency, positive-negativeness, action-orientation, and indulgence-deprivation.

Consistency can be defined as the compatibility or harmony of parts. If there is harmony between actions and ideological thought, then there will be consistency. This condition produces relative stability within a nation-state but is fairly difficult to locate and describe. Instead, I am concentrating on the location of inconsistencies between ideological thought and political action; within the ideological thought itself; and within political activities. These are indicators of problems within a society and it will be interesting to point out a few of these problems to see what solutions have been proposed by the national leader.

Second, one attribute which distinguished between countries was positive-negativeness. Previous data has described the tendency of Guinea to be both more positive and more negative by having more of both terms in the speeches than in Ghana.¹ What I want to isolate are: which aspects of ideology and of action are considered positive and which negative, and what differences exist between the two.

Previous discussion has centered around the tendency of Ghana to be action-oriented while Guinea is passive.² The question is again, which aspects of the ideology and action are associated with positive activity? And, how much does this orientation to activity carry over into the selection of political actions?

A fourth attribute I will examine is the indulgence-deprivation orientation. Harold D. Lasswell defines these terms:

Indulgence is increase in influence; deprivation is decrease. The indulgence-deprivation ratio is the ratio of indulgence to deprivation in a specified situation. Indulgence and deprivation are general terms for any improvement or deterioration in value position or potential.³

If an ideology is to be successful it must indulge the major values of the society. In a given ideology there are a number of societal values

¹ See Factor 1, Rotated Pirro African Dictionary, described in Chapter three.

² See Factor 1, Unrotated Pirro African Dictionary, described in Chapter three.

³ Harold D. Lasswell and Abraham Kaplan, Power and Society (New Haven: Yale University Press, 1950, p. 61).

with expressions of indulgence or deprivation attached. These will be discussed and the actions which follow inspected. If, for example, the ideology forecasts values for the society which should be indulged but political actions deprive the citizens of these values, the political regime may be headed for trouble.

These represent a few of the possible descriptions of political ideology and its relation to political action. To present this description in more concrete form, I have selected three major issues of the many possible political considerations: 1. political participation; 2. economic development, and 3. the fall of Kwame Nkrumah. Ghana will be emphasized in this description.⁴

2. Political Participation

Examination of the data and comparisons with political events lead to three findings about political participation. First, there is a major inconsistency between the definition of political participation used in the ideological statements uttered by Kwame Nkrumah and the general definition of participation found in political science. Second, political participation is used as a positive attribute and as an indulgence granted by the government. This participation is juxtaposed to the negative attribute, opposition, which is viewed as a deprivation of values. Third, there is a change in political participation from popular representation by

⁴ Limitations of space and time force us to make the decision to concentrate on one country, Ghana.

elected officials to direct involvement of the population in certain limited areas of political activity.

Political participation as one of the six crises of political development was defined by Ward and Rustow in terms of the national population's exercise of the suffrage and involvement in interest group activity.⁵ It occurs regularly throughout the speeches in this analysis.⁶ Nkrumah, in particular, advocated the active participation on the part of the masses of the Ghanaian population. Thus, participation has an action orientation and a positive connotation to Nkrumah.

The struggle for freedom has depended entirely on your (masses) exertions and sacrifices and you must now allow your own handiwork to collapse because of the machinations of the very reactionary forces against which you have been fighting all these years.

Speech 1, 1955, sentence 701.

An inconsistency occurs between Nkrumah's ideological statements and definition of political participation and his interpretation of this participation in terms of political actions. He appears to define political participation in the same terms as Ward and Rustow, as exercised through electoral processes and various interest groups, with one important addition.

⁵ Robert E. Ward and Dankwart A. Rustow, Political Modernization in Japan and Turkey (Princeton: Princeton University Press, 1964), p. 459.

⁶ See Factors 2 of Unrotated and Rotated Pirro African Dictionary, described in Chapter three.

I went on to show the essential fairness of a democratic constitution based on universal adult suffrage.

Speech 1, 1955, sentence 676.

I appeal to you all trade unionists, ex-servicemen, farmers and youth to get active and vigilant and to keep all wolves-in-sheeps-clothing out of your organizations.

Speech 1, 1955, sentence 699.

He adds to popular participation the role of the political party, the CPP. The party organizes and channels all political participation. For Nkrumah's thought, political participation involves not the ability of the masses to influence their politics and government, but rather the politicians' mobilizing the masses for various politically acceptable activities. Nkrumah embarked upon this path before independence when he made the decision to break with some of the other politicians and form his own political party based on mass membership. This was in contrast to the elitist or particularistic bases of existing organizations in the Gold Coast.

From that time on, party politics in the Gold Coast (1949) assumed a mass populist form. The clumsy efforts of urban conservatives, chiefs and intellectuals to denigrate Nkrumah only helped to enhance his popularity. The CPP consisted of a number of different elements: journalists... youth groups... the Asante Youth Association... ex-servicemen... the market women... and the young urban radicals....⁷

Since the CPP had a broadly based appeal, it soon became victorious in electoral contests and became the "party of independence" to the people.

⁷ David Apter, Ghana, " in James S. Coleman and Carl G. Rosberg, Jr., Political Parties and National Integration in Tropical Africa (Berkeley: University of California Press, 1964), pp. 272-73.

As long as the party had the single goal of independence, political participation on the part of the population could be extensive and mass involvement could be directed against the colonial regime. This was titled "Positive Action" by Nkrumah and was practiced as a means of pressuring the British to free the Gold Coast Colony.

I defined what I meant by Positive Action. It was I said the application of constitutional and legitimate means to cripple the imperialist forces in the country. The weapons would be strikes, boycotts, and non-cooperation, based on the principle of non-violence. Again and again we urged the people not to relax.⁸

With the coming of independence, the CPP and Nkrumah's government faced a problem of selection of political activities for the masses. Political considerations were now in the hands of the leaders of the struggle not the imperialists. The habit of resistance to authority was strong and the tactics used against the colonialists could be used again, this time against the new leaders. Some outlets had to be found.

Party organization was transformed into a core of professionals who were firmly tied to the center at Accra, and a mass membership. This membership was carefully organized on the local level tied to Accra through hierarchical district and regional party units. This trend appeared as early as 1951.

An attempt was made also to improve the administrative structure of the party. Regional liaison committees were created, representatives of the constituency executives but controlled by secretaries

⁸ Kwame Nkrumah, I Speak of Freedom (New York: Praeger, 1961), p. 18.

paid for and appointed by Accra. The committees were expected to organize branches in the districts, cities, towns and villages within the region (and) coordinate their activities and work; advise the national secretariat on questions of regional 'affiliation, disaffiliation, dissolutions or expulsions' and in general, manage, control and guide the work of the Party in regional and local government bodies....⁹

In addition, a number of organizations were created under the direction of the party to channel group activities and provide outlets for the population. These included farmers' organizations, trade unions, Young Pioneers and women's groups.

It was now too that a number of ancillary organizations were brought into close association with the main body of the party: a Ghana TUC appeared, the industrial wing of the party; an African Chamber of Commerce was formed in May 1963; a Ghana Farmers' Council was launched in July. The women's section began to hold its own delegates' conferences and to improve its local branches... formed a new group of adolescents within the Youth League, known as 'Youth Falcons' who paraded at party rallies.¹⁰

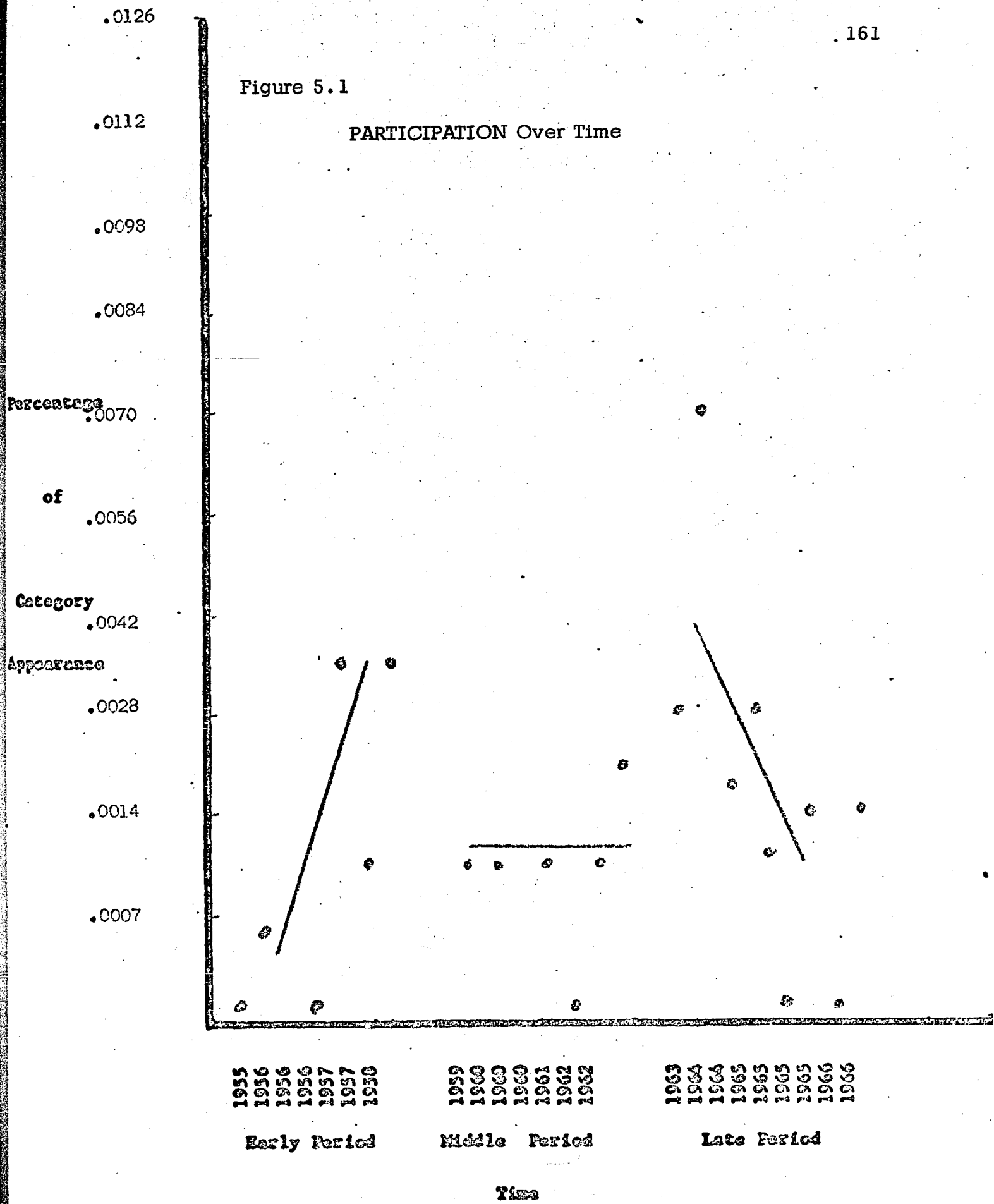
Thus in Ghana, the ideological definition of political participation was changed from the masses influencing their government to the government directing the masses. This government direction was channeled through the single political party, the CPP. Figure 5.1 shows the appearance of PARTICIPATION, the summary category, as it occurred in the speeches over time. The diagram shows that in the early time period and in the late

⁹ Dennis Austin, Politics in Ghana (London: Oxford University Press, 1963), p. 308.

¹⁰ Ibid., p. 175.

Figure 5.1

PARTICIPATION Over Time



Explanation of Diagram 5.1

This diagram and those following plot the appearance of categories over time. The horizontal axis charts the speeches arranged chronologically. The vertical axis is the percentage of appearance of a category in a speech. The resulting plot can be called a scattergram. To give some indication of the direction of the relationship of these two variables, regression lines are drawn. These lines are not based on the standard regression equations because there are insufficient cases for such computations. Instead, an intuitive line was drawn by finding the means of the lines connecting each of the dots taken chronologically. There is a systematic bias in using this method to emphasize the extreme values. However, some indication can be seen of the changes which occur over time.

time period, emphasis on participation is high at the beginning of the period and decreases. In the middle period there is an increase in references to political participation. The periods of high incidence of this category coincide with major political participation periods when the population was massed and urged to perform various political functions like voting, cheering the leader and attending rallies. Two major instances are the independence period in 1957 and the declaration of the Ghanaian Republic in 1960. At each of these points, Nkrumah needed ratification by the masses of proposed political changes, and he urged the masses to great participation which was his indication that the people approved his plans.

This definition of political participation as obedience to party commands seems inconsistent with popular expectations. As Apter points out:

The greater mass of the CPP and the stronger claimants for political recognition had seen their horizons and their expectations widened dramatically through their participation in the nationalist movement. Many of them remain deeply disappointed.¹¹

This inability of the various groups to participate actively and fully as they desired, led to formation of opposition forces. But, under Nkrumah's definition of participation which concentrated on the CPP as the single organizing channel, any participation outside the established activities and channel constituted a threat to Party, Government and Nkrumah himself.

¹¹David E. Apter, Ghana in Transition (New York Atheneum, 1963), p. 308.

In spite of the accusations levelled by Nkrumah against opposing forces, several forms of opposition to his ideas grew. During the early period in Ghana the National Liberation Movement and the United Party were active opposition parties.¹² These parties dwindled and were finally eliminated in the election of 1964, which made Ghana officially a one-party state. With increasing focus on the party and the multiplication of functional organizations under party auspices after 1958, factions arose within the CPP itself. In 1961, Nkrumah addressed a 'Dawn Broadcast' to officials who had criticized other branches of the party hierarchy. A struggle among the various sub-organs appeared to be brewing, but Nkrumah purged a number of leaders, insisted on discipline and laid down rules for party officials.

While I was away certain matters arose concerning the trades union congress, the national assembly, the cooperative movement and the Ghana Farmers Council.... Some parliamentarians criticized the trades union congress and the other wing organizations of the CPP. The officials of these organizations objected to the criticism and made counter criticisms against certain parliamentarians and thus started a vicious circle of criminations and recriminations... I have taken certain steps and I hope that no occasion will arise to cause a recurrence....

Speech 17, 1964, sentence 215-20.

In 1962, a more violent form of opposition made itself felt in the attack on Nkrumah. After this time there are reports of periodic attempts on his life.

Our second finding was the appearance of the ideological category, PARTICIPATION, in conjunction with the category OPPOSITION.

¹² Austin, *op. cit.*, pp. 267-74; 384-6.

Figure 5.2 gives OPPOSITION considered over time.¹³ The similarity between the two categories in trends over time is apparent. Both categories trace similar patterns over time. The sequence of events seems to be this. Some incident opposing the regime occurred. Nkrumah's subsequent speech would dwell in the need for participation to counteract this opposition. 'Right' or positive participation was performed by the mass of the population carefully organized by the party. Political activity carried out by opposition forces was wrong or negative. Thus, in Ghana, opposition is not political participation, in Nkrumah's thought, but the opposite of political participation. Hence, political participation, in Nkrumah's sense of the mobilization of large masses of the population is an effective deterrent to opposition. We find the two variables linked. When opposition occurs, Nkrumah called for increased participation. He stresses political participation when he 'feels threatened.' This can be a contradiction when mass uprising is one threat.

Political participation, as Nkrumah defines it, usually has POSITIVE AFFECT, connected with it and is considered an indulgence of the population by the government. Conversely, it is the party and the government which deprives the people of more indulgences in political participation by limiting the areas and types of participation. As Apter points out, the CPP suffered from being too successful. There was excessive centralization of government and party functions in Accra, which weakened

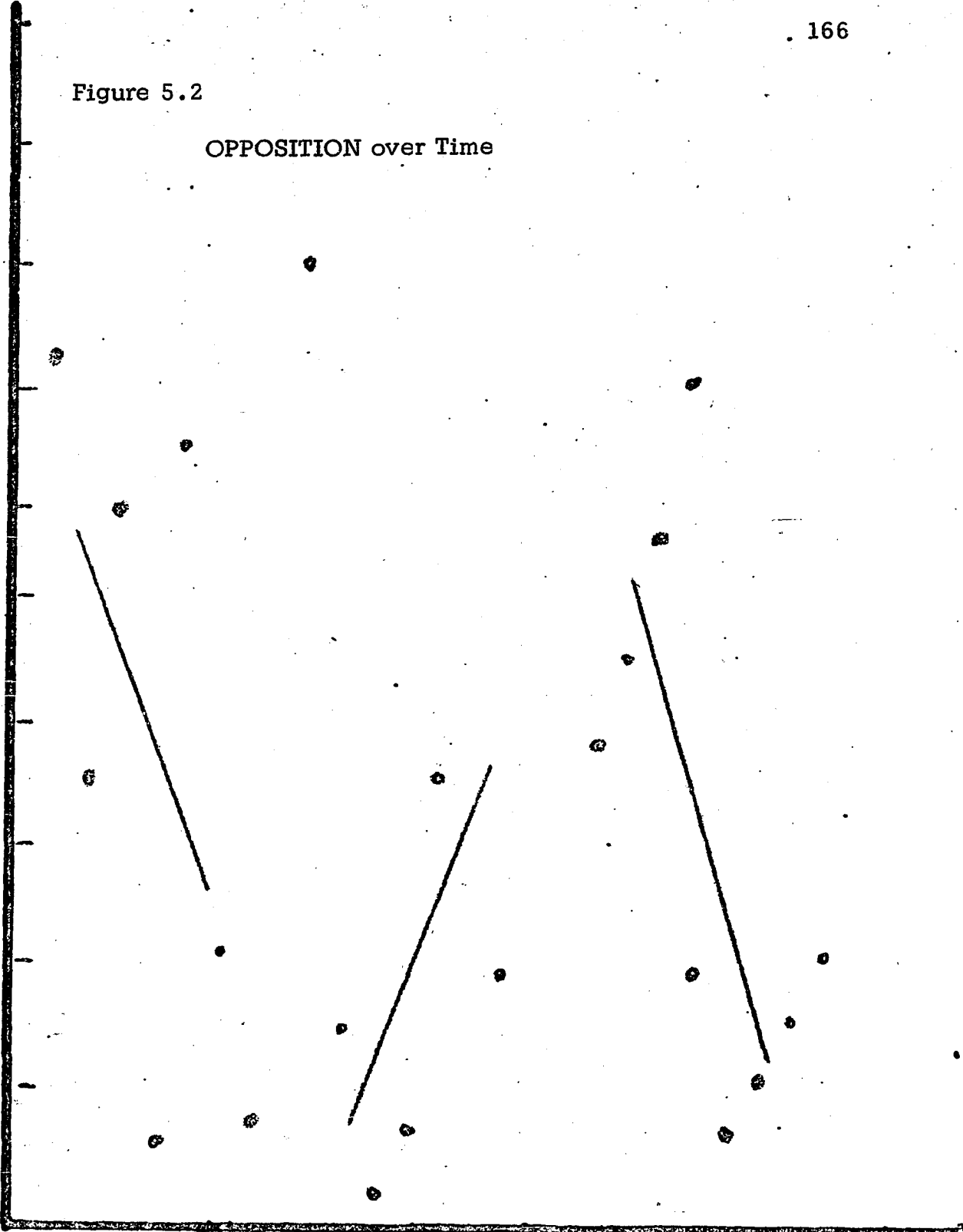
¹³ Figure 5.3, PARTY over Time, is given here for comparison purposes.

Figure 5.2

OPPOSITION over Time

Percentage
of
Category
Appearance

.0758
.0676
.0594
.0512
.0430
.0348
.0266
.0184
.0102
.0020



1955
1956
1956
1956
1957
1957
1958

Early Period

1959
1960
1960
1960
1961
1962
1962

Middle Period

1963
1964
1964
1965
1965
1965
1966
1966

Late Period

Time

Figure 5.3

PARTY over Time

Percentage
of
Category
Appearance

.0684
.0608
.0532
.0456
.0380
.0304
.0228
.0152
.0076

1955
1956
1956
1956
1957
1957
1958

Early Period

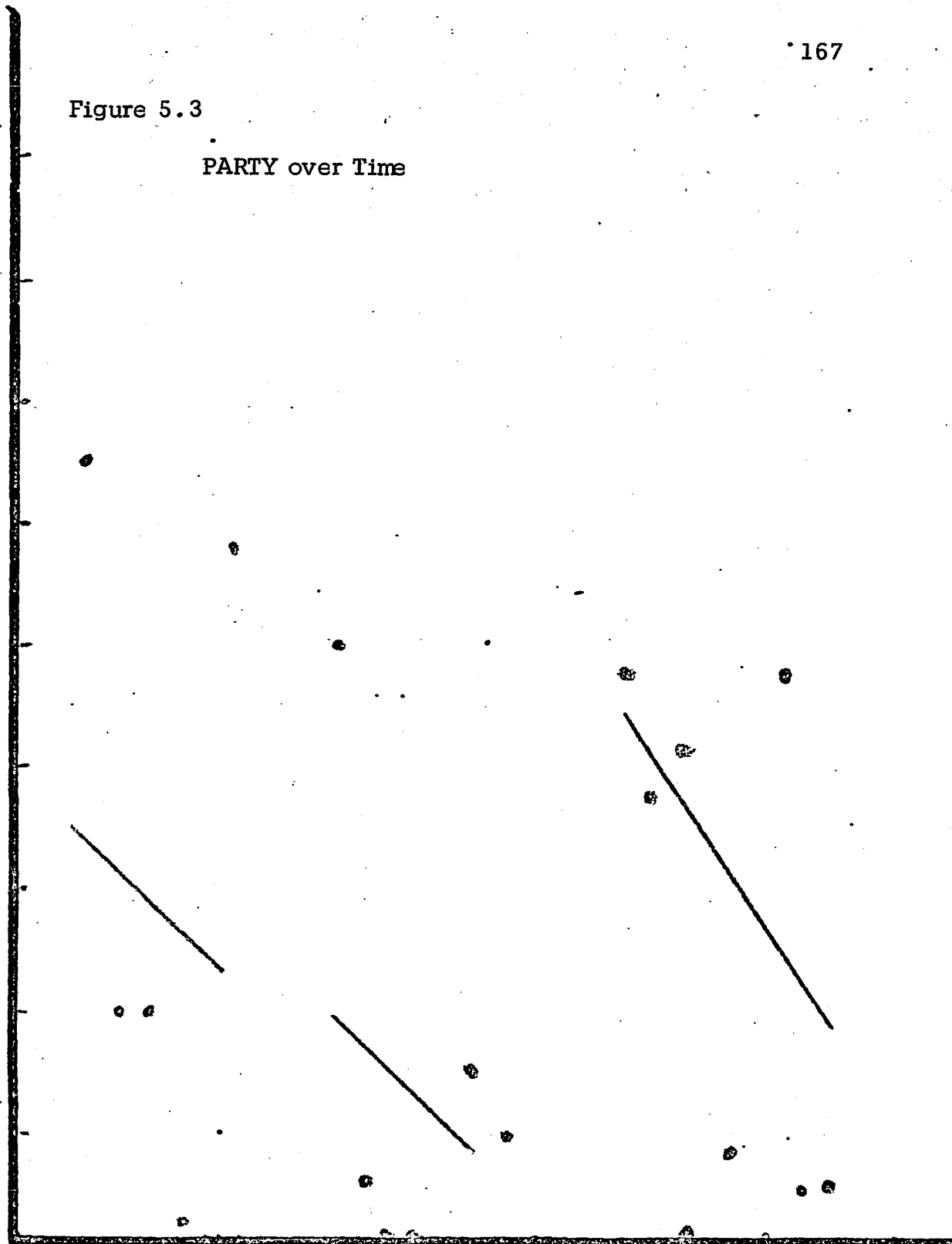
1959
1960
1960
1960
1961
1962
1962

Middle Period

1963
1964
1964
1965
1965
1965
1966
1966

Late Period

Time



the local and rural branches, denying some forms of participation to citizens. Limited party recruitment for higher positions aroused similar reactions among party officials themselves. In addition, many of the traditional units of the society, including the territorial councils, were not given adequate representation in the party structure.¹⁴ These limitations led to the growth of opposition forces which Nkrumah tried to counter by calling for more participation on the part of the whole mass of the population.

The Government for its part will see to it that the plebiscite is conducted with absolute fairness and that every citizen of Ghana has a free and unfettered right to express his opinion. Furthermore, the Government is determined to suppress intimidation, coercion, malicious rumors and violence from whatever quarter it might come.
Speech 8, 1959, sentences 340-41.

It is because the CPP has faith in ourselves to overcome our enemies at home and abroad that we have agreed to rest the power of the state in the hands of the people.... The Party is the rallying point of our political activity.
Speech 16, 1964, sentences 155, 159.

The masses will always choose freedom and justice as against oppression and corruption. They will always find a way to give expression to their will....
Speech 23, 1966, sentences 752-53.

A third finding grows from the previous discussion. Over time, there developed a change in the CPP from representativeness to what Apter calls a "party of solidarity."¹⁵ This change carried over into the government.

¹⁴ Apter *Transition*, op. cit., pp. 308-9.

¹⁵ Apter, "Ghana," op. cit., p. 292.

At the time of independence governmental officials are considered in the Western parliamentary sense as representatives of the people and responsible to them. As the party consolidated, centralized itself, and proliferated functional groups, it de-emphasized the representative character of these governmental officials. At the same time, the amount of government business passing through these elected officials decreased. The category LEGISLATURE, for instance, declines drastically over time (see Figure 5.4). In the first period there is a substantial mention of the legislature and members of parliament. When the nation became independent many of the significant speeches which Nkrumah made were addressed to this body. During the second period there are fewer references to the parliament. At the end of this period and the beginning of the third period, when the new republic was declared, there was a re-emphasis on the legislative body, perhaps as a legitimizing element in the eyes of the world. In 1964-65 there are no mentions of the legislature in Nkrumah's speeches.¹⁶ The category, DEMOCRACY, which contains the terms of popular representation and electoral behavior, also decreases over time, as seen in Figure 5.5. Some illustrations from the speeches will demonstrate these points. At the time of independence Nkrumah uses the word

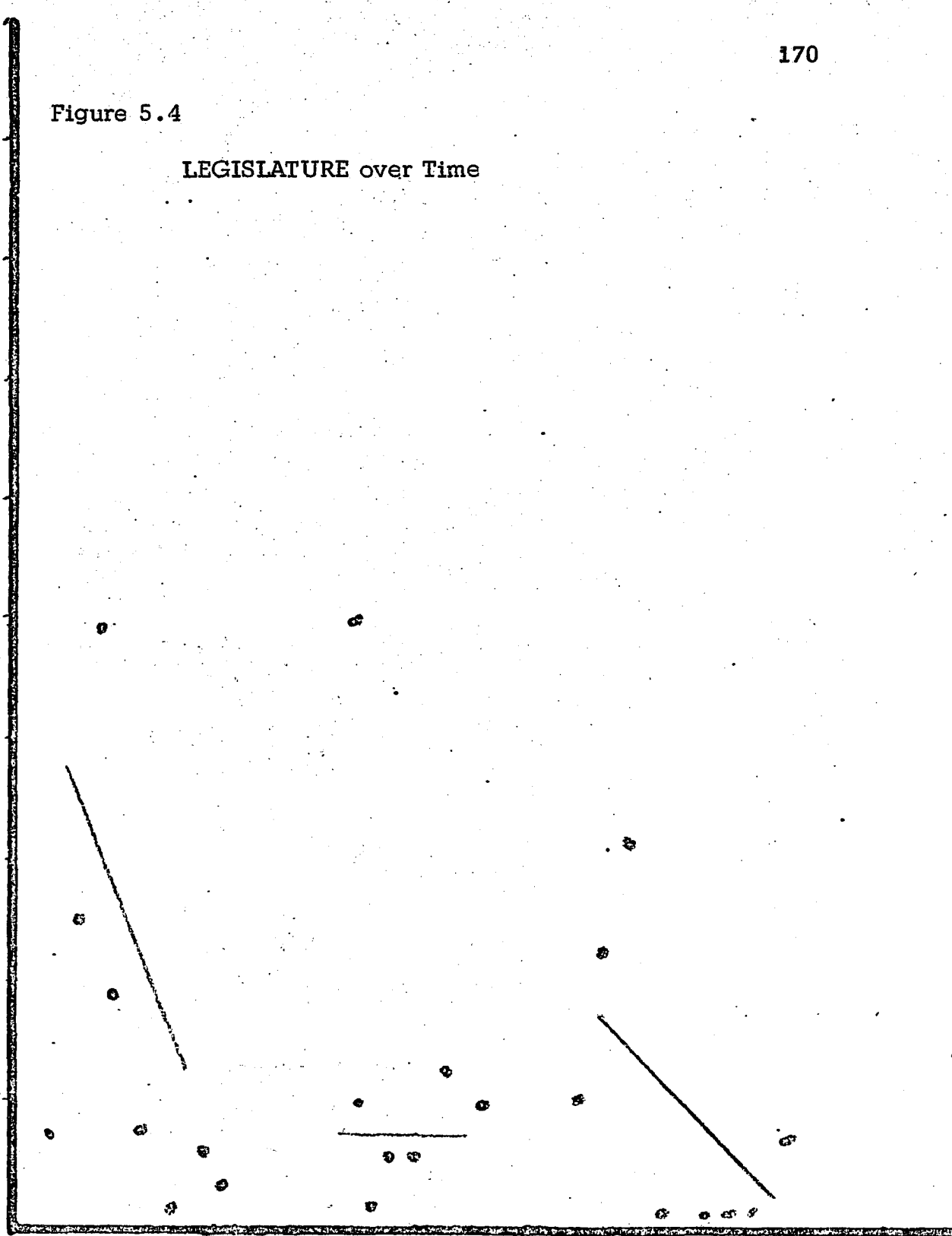
¹⁶ One interesting unobtrusive measure of the decline in significance of the legislature is the decrease in legislative debates. The 1956 debates fill several volumes, by the time 1962-3 comes, two sessions comprise a single volume. From these volumes the length of sessions decreased, the number of issues discussed decreased over time, and the amount of time spent discussing each issue also declined.

Figure 5.4

LEGISLATURE over Time

Percentage
of
Category
Appearance

.0260
.0234
.0208
.0182
.0156
.0130
.0104
.0078
.0052
.0026



1955
1956
1957
1958

1959
1960
1961
1962

1963
1964
1965
1966

Early Period

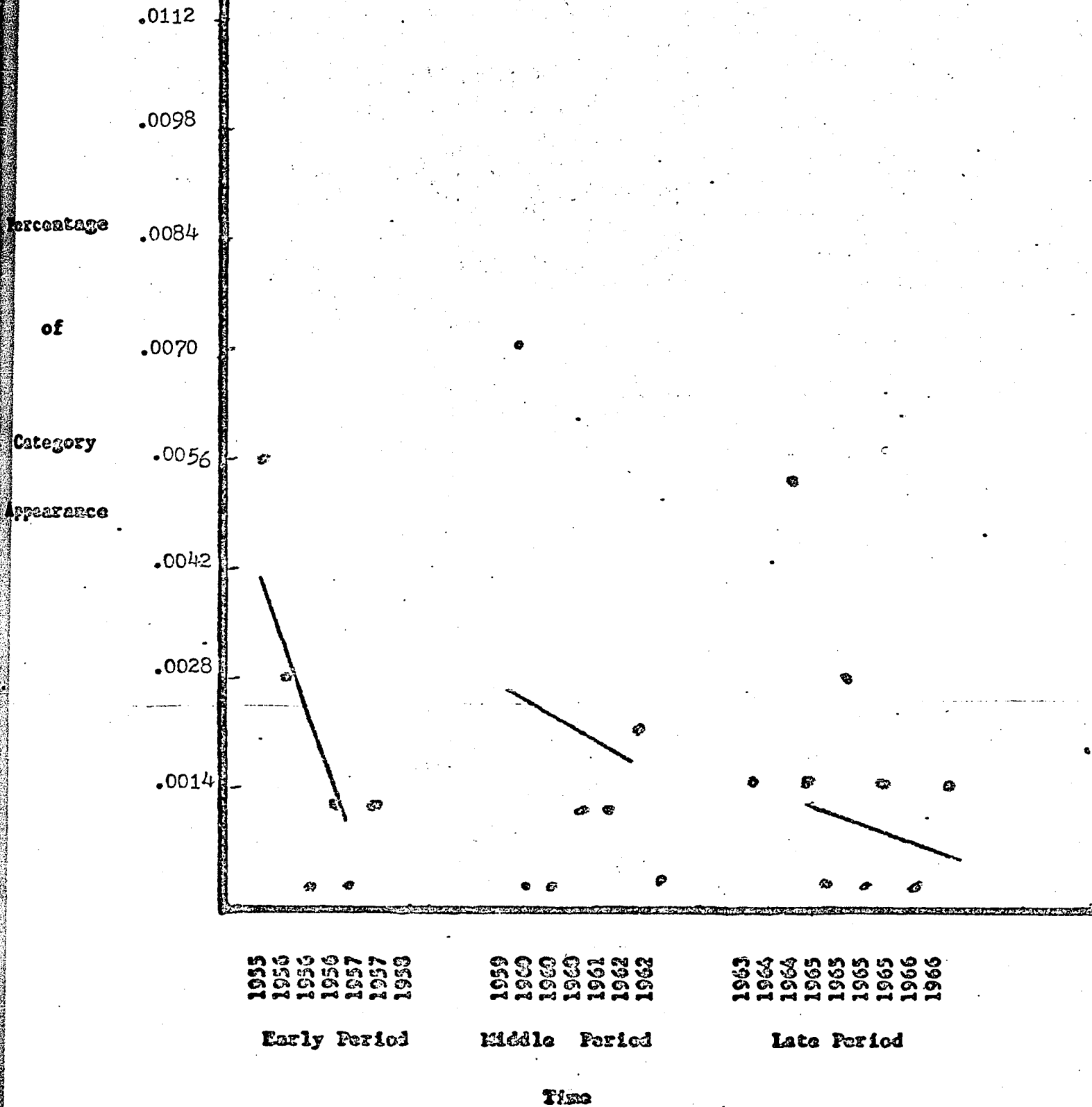
Middle Period

Late Period

Time

Figure 5.5

DEMOCRACY over Time



"representative" which is later abandoned.

This is a decisive moment in Ghanaian history and it is fitting that we, as representatives of the people, should assemble here in Parliament on the eve of independence to take stock of our present position. Speech 4, 1956, sentence 902.

Later, before the plebiscite, he speaks of politics as springing directly from the people, without representative intermediaries. When he speaks of the legislature, it is as a body under the control of the people as a whole, to do collective bidding. Figure 5.6 gives the electoral results over time showing this increasing emphasis on consensus or unity of the population.

Nkrumah speaking on the coming plebiscite: "The Parliament's legislative power cannot be taken away unless the people are consulted...." Speech 8, 1959, sentence 308.

The CPP and the Government believe that the authority to govern a state should spring from the people.... Speech 8, 1959, sentence 410.

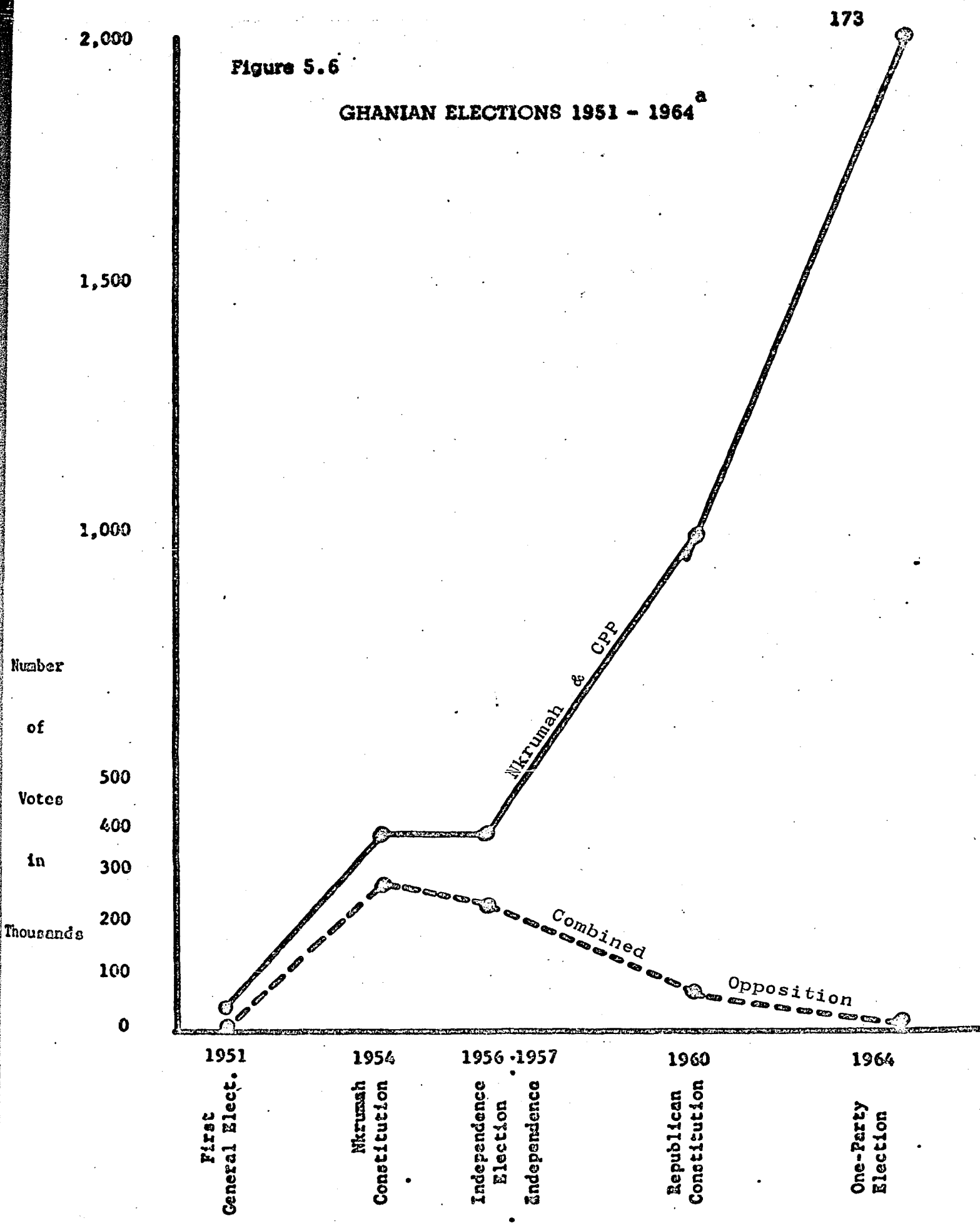
The people were asked to express their views (on the new seven-year plan) giving effect to the general policy of the Party that the masses should be consulted in all our actions. I must repeat... that by and large the nation overwhelmingly supports the program and... demonstrated its will for Congress to adopt it for implementation. Speech 13, 1962, sentences 819-20.

3. Economic Development

Three findings emerge from an examination of the data regarding economic development. They have parallels in existing literature on Ghanaian development.

Figure 5.6

GHANIAN ELECTIONS 1951 - 1964^a



^a Table based on Apter in Pre-Independence Post-Independence

One finding is the strong action orientation of economic development in Ghana. Second, development is seen as the indulgence of major values in the society. The Government with Nkrumah as its head is the agent which indulges these values. Deprivations of these values come from colonialism before independence; neo-colonialism after independence. Third, there is a consistency between ideological statements about economic development and the political actions around it.

Most of the development connected terms, "progress, industry, electrification, and education" are in sentences with words from action categories like MOVE and INITIATE ACTION. From the time of independence on, Ghana had some development scheme in operation. First, there was the five-year plan of 1958 and then the "Program for Work and Happiness" of 1962 which was a seven-year plan. Under these programs much actual work was begun in Ghana. This is reflected in the choice of active verbs and action words in statements about these programs.

The Government will embark upon an intensified program of industrialization which with the diversification and mechanization of agriculture will provide the main basis for the transformation of the economic and social life of Ghana.

Speech 9, 1960, sentence 427.

There are action words from MOVE and INITIATE ACTION and development words from ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT in many of the sentences which have GHANA and GOVERNMENT as subjects. This is another indication of the role of the governmental apparatus as an agent dispensing values and in fact, the government played a major role instigating projects.

Ghana must try and establish factories in large numbers at great speed and see to it that there is quick development of electricity and water supplies and here a revolution as needed in our approach to planning. Speech 12, 1961, sentence 596.

The Ghanaian government therefore intends to mount a vigorous savings campaign throughout the country. Speech 23, 1966, sentence 830.

Deprivations of the wealth value in Nkrumah's speeches are due to the ravages of colonialism and the continued economic dependency of neo-colonialism. This has basis in the facts of economic development in many African states which cannot continue to operate as nation-states without trade agreements with former colonial masters. Even Ghana cannot get along without aid from various international agencies.

We, Ghanians, cannot rest content until we have demolished this miserable colonial structure and raised in its place an edifice of economic stability thus creating for ourselves a veritable paradise of abundance and satisfaction. Speech 15, 1962, sentence 40.

The masses see plainly and clearly before their eyes a conspiracy of their leaders and the neo-colonists to defraud them and to drain the fruits of their labors into the pockets of the neo-colonialists and their agents in the regime. Speech 23, 1966, sentence 743.

There is great consistency between economic development in ideology and in fact. Two factors have bearing on this discussion. First, Ghana was and remains essentially a one-crop economy, cocoa. All development and economic well-being rests on the production and sale of this product. Nkrumah was well aware of the problems this posed for

his development plans and tried both to stabilize the price of cocoa and to diversify the economy in order to relieve this dependency. Second, in the midst of his regime, Nkrumah developed a full-scale program of thought on economics called African Socialism. This actually was the formalized compilation of many of his diverse ideas into a set of goals for his state, a socialist economy. A program was designed to put this into effect, the "Program for Work and Happiness" of 1962. These two factors help clarify an otherwise very confusing economic picture.

Considerations of economic development can be conveniently divided into the three time periods. Each of these periods has distinct characteristics and will be described briefly.

Figure 5.7 gives the scattergram for the category ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT considered over time. This figure shows that there was an increase in references to the category toward the end of the first period. Nkrumah wanted to consolidate independence and political activities first, but he was also planning economically for the post-independence era. This post-independence plan, a five-year development program, was titled "National Reconstruction" and seemed to mean the re-structuring of the economy of the country around 'typically' African values. It also implied rapid development toward education, health, and industrialization. The plan embodied Nkrumah's major ideological thoughts on development of this period. Indeed, the major goals of this plan are the same as ones found in the later time periods.

Figure 5.7 .

ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT over Time

Percentage
of
Category
Appearance

.0719
.0648
.0577
.0506
.0435
.0364
.0293
.0222
.0151
.008

1955
1956
1956
1956
1957
1957
1958

Early Period

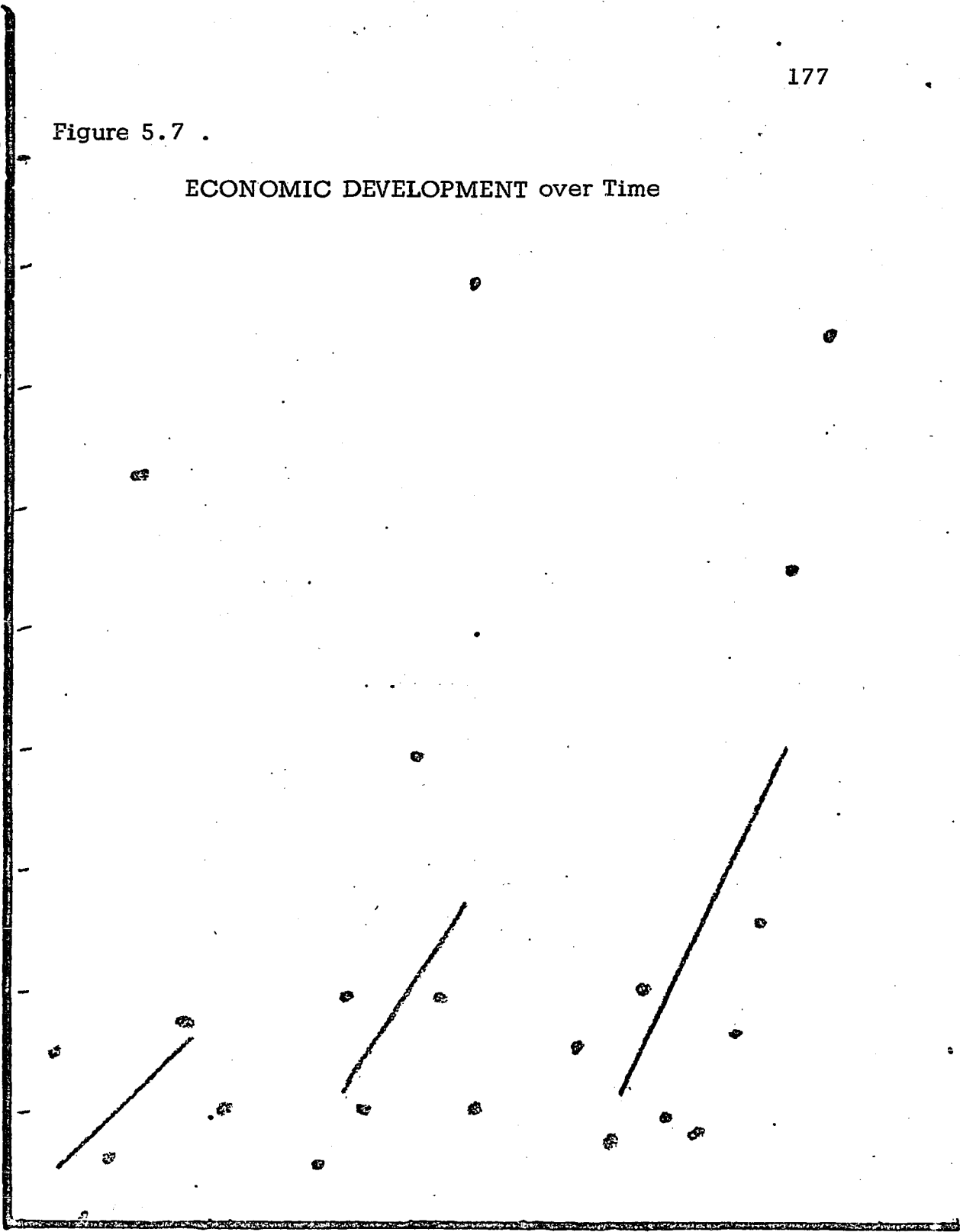
1959
1960
1960
1960
1961
1962
1962

Middle Period

1963
1964
1964
1965
1965
1965
1965
1966
1966

Late Period

Time



I shall now attempt to answer the vital question, 'after independence what next?' The answer is simply this, the attainment of political independence will be followed by a period of national reconstruction the first installment of which will be embodied in our second development plan (The Second Five-Year Plan) be presented to the new Ghana Parliament.... The plan will deal mainly with social and economic reconstruction and have as its main objectives full employment and the development of the whole country.

Speech 6, 1957, sentence 172-74.

Already Nkrumah's ideas involve action taken by the government to indulge these economic values (Lasswellian wealth value) and combat the residue left by colonialism. He planned to use the reserve fund from the cocoa boom to finance the projects and hoped to trade on the good will of developed countries for grants and aid. This first period then saw the economy of Ghana in relatively good shape and 'development' firmly established as a governmental goal, with a program for its implementation. All three findings on economic development were present during this time period.

In the second time period, there were changes in the Ghanaian economy. Nkrumah's plans expanded and accelerated faster than the cocoa surplus. With dwindling reserves he borrowed from other countries and various international funds to finance his projects. This period saw the consolidation of his economic thoughts into African Socialism. Rather than the limited objectives set forth in 1958, the 1962 plan for "Work and Happiness" (seven-year plan) was comprehensive, foresaw rapid gains, and required considerable commitments toward large-scale projects. But, simultaneously, with this over-extension, the cocoa price fell sharply

(see Table 5.1). Nkrumah realized his difficulties, but expenditures had already been planned. The economy was then under pressure. Nkrumah's reaction was to urge action in the form of his seven-year plan which made glowing promises of future gains. The findings are the same. Nkrumah's ideas are consistent with the programs proposed. He urges action with the government as the major agent to indulge the values of the society in economic matters. He blames the problems of the economy on vestiges of colonialism and neo-colonialist tendencies. The Development plan is designed to rescue Ghana and Nkrumah from their current difficulties.

The paramount task before us and the nation is the raising of an equitable and progressive social order....
Speech 12, 1961, sentence 563.

As our party has proclaimed and as I have asserted time and again, socialism is the only pattern within the shortest possible time to bring the good life to the people.
Speech 12, 1961, sentence 572.

During the last time period, there was a sharp increase in the number of references to economic development. Examination of the data reveals a number of conditions accounting for this rise. Ghana was in bad shape economically. Expenditures far outraced revenues - even allowing for development funds coming from outside. Table 5.2 shows this changing over time. The unfavorable balance of payments has become much worse. Figure 5.8 illustrates the balance of payments gap which increased over time. Throughout these economic problems Nkrumah remained consistent. He established goals for his country and persisted in carrying them out. He continued to perceive the government as the

Table 5.1. --Cocoa Production and Prices over Time

	1938	1954	1955	1956	1957	1958	1959	1960	1961	1962	1963
Cocoa Exports '000 Tons	263.2	214.1	205.9	234.4	260.2	197.3	255	317	405.4	421.2	404.6
Price in '000 £	4,541	84,599	65,559	51,063	50,873	62,318	---	---	69,274	67,023	68,897
World Price per Ton	-	467	302	221	247	352	285	225	177	165	206

Austin, pp. 364

Ghana Economic Survey 1964

Table 5.2. --Revenues and Expenditures of the Ghanaian Government over Time

Year	<u>1938</u>	<u>1954</u>	<u>1955</u>	<u>1956</u>	<u>1957</u>	
£ '000						
Revenue	3,792	49,942	80,568	64,132	52,456	
Expenditures						
Non-Development	3,637	56,894	79,860	62,208	43,819	
Development	-	15,470	14,977	25,266	17,232	
Overseas Balance	-	197,349	211,165	196,431	182,622	
Total Expenditures	-	292,679	298,350	265,516	247,029	
Year	<u>1958</u>	<u>1959</u>	<u>1960</u> ^a	<u>1961</u>	<u>1962</u>	<u>1963</u> ^b
£ '000						
Revenue	48,036	52,779	70,231	83,413	75,138	84,574
Expenditures						
Non-Development	47,175	53,737	88,043			
Development	16,588	26,149	31,387	43,368	57,108	50,889
Overseas Balance	188,339	166,684	148,635			
Total Expenditures	258,664	246,570	268,065	113,654	154,857	134,149

^a 1938-60 - Ghana. Quarterly Digest of Statistics (Accra: Central Bureau of Statistics, Vol. 10, no. 4, table x).

^b 1961-63 - Ghana. Quarterly Digest of Statistics (Accra: Central Bureau of Statistics, vol. XIII, no. 1, March 1964, table ix).

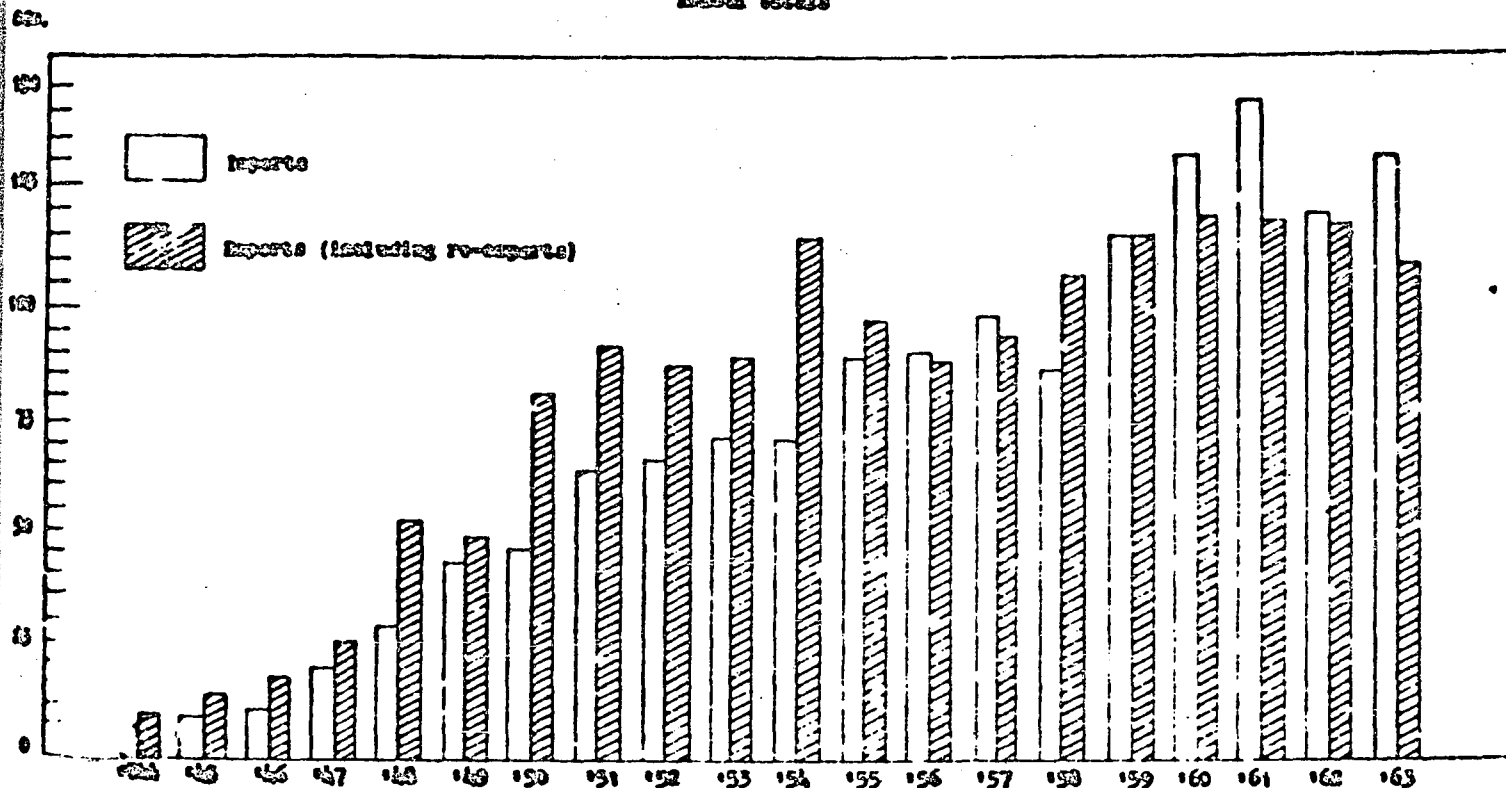
Table 5.3. --Economic Statistics for Ghana^a

GHANA														GHANA														
	Unit/Unit ^e	1950	1951	1952	1953	1954	1955	1956	1957	1958	1959	1960	1961															
POPULATION	1000	4,275	4,342	4,410	4,478	4,548	4,620	4,691	4,763	4,836	4,911	6,691 ^{1/}	6,943	POPULATION														
NATIONAL INCOME ^{2/}	Million US \$	..	..	..	..	962	1,042	1,137	1,176	1,266	1,422	1,504	..	REVENU NATIONAL ^{2/}														
EXTERNAL TRADE														COMMERCE EXTERIEUR														
Exports, c.i.f.	Million US \$	134.8	173.6	186.5	206.6	198.9	245.0	249.0	170.7	235.9	316.5	362.9	394.2	Importations c.a.f.														
Exports, f.o.b. (including gold)	Million US \$	216.0	256.5	240.3	250.9	320.9	267.8	242.5	256.5	252.8	317.4	324.7	332.4	Exportations f.o.b. (y compris or)														
Of which :														Dont :														
Gold	1000 US \$	24,413	23,974	26,856	26,482	27,502	25,346	20,569	27,423	25,655	34,360	31,049	30,100	Or														
Rubber	1000 US \$	10,873	13,935	11,640	16,464	18,704	22,657	25,538	27,321	30,904	37,179	44,517	42,753	Bois														
Manganese ore and concen.	1000 US \$	14,020	20,208	23,332	24,422	14,386	14,538	19,783	25,172	14,151	18,973	17,875	16,870	Minerais et concentrés de Mn.														
Diamond (Uncut, Unworked)	1000 US \$	5,144	16,719	15,532	10,268	11,964	15,478	22,176	25,141	24,254	24,245	27,549	20,017	Diamant (non taillé, non trav.)														
Cocoa beans	1000 US \$	52,891	165,553	147,092	157,200	236,877	183,565	142,776	142,444	174,430	152,581	165,015	193,967	Cacao en fèves														
Quantum Index of Exports	1958 = 100	62	63	67	83	85	108	104	113	100	133	153	157	Indices de Volume des Importations														
Quantum Index of Imports	1958 = 100	114	103	100	109	99	95	109	121	100	120	141	174	Indices de Volume des Exportations														
Unit Value Index of Exports	1958 = 100	92	109	115	104	99	97	100	101	100	100	101	105	Indices de Valeur Unit. des Imp.														
Unit Value Index of Imports	1958 = 100	64	64	81	78	110	94	76	72	100	91	78	64	Indices de Valeur Unit. des Exp.														
Terms of Trade	1958 = 100	70	77	70	75	111	97	76	71	100	91	77	60	Termes de l'échange														
INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION														PRODUCTION INDUSTRIELLE														
Rubber (Hard wood or broad leaved)	1000 m ³	120	169	169	221	265	280	301	319	315	324	375	..	Bois scié														
Beer	1000 HL.	..	..	38	44	43	35	38	51	53	58	63	..	Bière														
ELECTRICITY : Installed Capa.	1000 KW	..	65.1	66.7	72.5	76.5	80.0	79.0	84.7	88.9	94.8	103.2	..	ELECTRICITE : Puissance installée														
Production	Mill. Kwh.	197.0	220.0	220.0	228.0	241.0	241.3	230.8	222.0	314.5	339.1	373.7	389.6	Production														
AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTION														PRODUCTION AGRICOLE														
Cocoa beans	1000 M. T.	266.2	214.3	251.3	241.1	223.7	240.7	268.5	209.8	255.5	321.9	440.0	360.0	Cacao en fèves														
Rice	1000 M. T.	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	30	30	..	..	Riz														
Groundnuts (in shell)	1000 M. T.	40	44	44	44	44	44	44	44	44	49	..	..	Arachides (en coque)														
MINERAL PRODUCTION														PRODUCTION DE MINERAIS														
Manganese ore (74 content) ^{3/}	1000 M. T.	375.8	393.0	387.0	361.0	218.0	263.0	310.0	313.0	250.0	257.0	265.0	..	Minéral de Manganèse (Mn. Contenu ^{3/})														
Bauxite	1000 M. T.	117	131	76	117	166	118	140	155	210	150	225	..	Bauxite														
Diamonds (Gem and Industrial)	1000 Carats	..	1,763	2,150	2,181	2,135	2,258	2,539	3,125	3,132	3,076	3,281	3,214	Diamants (précieux et industriels)														
Gold	1000 Kgs.	..	21.7	21.5	22.7	24.5	21.4	19.8	24.6	26.5	28.5	27.3	25.9	Or														
PRICES (PRODUCERS')														PRIX (PRODUCTEURS)														
Cocoa, main crop	US cents/Kg.	36	41	35	37	37	41	41	37	37	31	31	31	Cacao (recette principale)														
INDICES : Cost of Living (Accra)	1958 = 100	..	..	95	91	93	95	93	100	100	102	103	110	INDICES : Coût de la vie (Accra)														
TRANSPORT : Motor Veh. in use														TRANSPORT : Véhicule Auto. en circul.														
Passenger Cars	1000	..	6.9	8.1	..	10.7	11.9	13.4	14.5	15.5	17.6	20.7	..	Voitures de tourisme														
Commercial Vehicles	1000	..	8.7	9.7	..	12.5	13.5	14.9	15.6	15.3	16.4	17.7	..	Véhicules utilitaires														

^aUnited Nations, Economic Commission for Africa Report 1965 (New York, 1965), p. 28.

Figure 5.8. Balance of Payments Deficit^a

(in)
Exports and Imports
Annual totals



^aGhana. Quarterly Digest of Statistics, XIII, no. 1 (March, 1964), p. ix.

active agent and outside forces of neo-colonialism as depriving his people of their desired values. Table 5.3 gives a summary of the Ghanaian economy over most of this time period.

Given the sad economic state in which Ghana was left after Nkrumah, it is easy to overlook the gains which were made. Nkrumah had clear goals of improvement for Ghana. He himself recalled his achievements many times in his speeches for the population. Indeed, much of the infrastructure of the country, roads, communication, transportation, education and health facilities were substantially improved.

Mr. Speaker, an impartial look at our development since independence should leave no one in doubt as to the success of our national endeavors in the field of economic and social reconstruction. Within the short span of eight years of independence we have built some of the finest roads in the world, we have provided adequate medical and health services for the large majority of our people. We have built universities, secondary schools, training colleges and provided opportunities for free education for the great mass of our population. We have completed the gigantic Volta River Project and one year ahead of schedule.
Speech 23, 1966, sentences 835-38.

Even Nkrumah detractors admitted his achievements in many areas. Henry Bretton comments:

By general consensus the principal monument to Nkrumah... is the Volta River project with its diverse and far-reaching benefits - its production of hydro-electric power and its potential for creating further industrialization new sources of internal commerce and new means of internal transport.... There stood the new port of Tema locale of several dozen new industries, made accessible by new broad-lane highways. Gold and diamond mining had been improved, oil prospecting was being pushed and 52 or more government-owned and mixed-ownership enterprises had been created.... On the strength of sheer numbers - of

enterprises created or in process of construction, money spent by government on pupils and students in schools and colleges, hospital beds, miles of new roads, pieces of mail transmitted, telephones and telephone lines installed, newspapers circulated - the achievements were most impressive.¹⁷

But, in spite of these gains, a larger number of problems remained from Nkrumah's regime. The cocoa surplus had vanished and the government was severely in debt. Concomitantly, the cost of living rose sharply. Bretton places the debt at £349.2 million in place of the £200 million reserve fund. The cost of living he says, rose 30% in 1965.¹⁸ Many of the goods and supplies needed to keep plants and facilities operating were lacking and no funds were available to get them.

Placed in this context the findings from the ideological statements take on new meaning. Nkrumah established clear-cut goals of economic development which involved the transformation of his country from an underdeveloped nation to one of the world's respected forces. To do this he wanted to become similar to the West in economic terms while retaining African-ness in social terms. He proceeded to centralize the planning of the development processes under his personal guidance. And, having established his goals, he evolved programs to carry them out. In short, he remained consistent up to the time of his overthrow in relating his ideas to his actions.

¹⁷ Henry Bretton, The Rise and Fall of Kwame Nkrumah (New York: Praeger, 1966), pp. 150-51.

¹⁸ Ibid., p. 152.

Transformation of the national economy involved the establishment of an infrastructure, of capital development projects. This left few advancements in the consumer products area. Demands from the population could not be met except through imports. Importation was expensive and the demand created a poor balance of payments situation.

As a result of this vast and unprecedented development program, there is more money available in the pockets of the people than there are goods to buy.
Speech 23, 1966, sentence 840.

Nkrumah's solution is for the people to be patient and await the advancement of the whole nation.

Ideological concerns established the path of development which often failed to account for current conditions or inappropriateness of measures in the country. As Bretton pointed out:

The industrial projects selected by Nkrumah promised little in the way of returns for the country on the basis of the supply, trade and finance patterns then prevailing. Too many of the Nkrumah-promoted projects threatened to become white elephants - in particular, the steel plant, the textile industry, the cocoa-processing plant and the meat processing plant.¹⁹

To elaborate his programs, Nkrumah coined the term African Socialism. Socialism provided for Nkrumah a term which had few attachments to either major power bloc and which therefore would be distinctly African and in line with his ideology. The principle of anti-imperialism is a major tenet. This provides Nkrumah with a ready scapegoat for all

¹⁹ Ibid., pp. 154-55.

economic difficulties. He blames the international capitalistic markets for erratic cocoa prices which caused his regime economic difficulties. He contends that the world owed the African nations a debt from the misery and hardships caused by the colonialist era. This debt can be cleared by giving Ghana and the other African nations foreign exchange and stable raw commodity prices as well as grants without strings. An African Union Government is one of his solutions to this neo-colonialist problem.

... here at home our general economic situation is to a large extent dictated by the overall balance of economic power in the world. So far as cocoa, our principal export is concerned, if Africa were united under a union government, Africa would be able to set a price for world cocoa.

Speech 23, 1966, sentences 800-02.

Socialism to Nkrumah had a number of general goals which can fall under the already mentioned categories of industrialization, economic production increase and welfare. Socialism has the major meaning of government ownership of the means of production. In Nkrumah's particular brand of socialism there were forces mitigating this element. First, there is a strong tradition of individual ownership of cocoa farms, market stalls, and fishing boats. Disruption of this pattern would cut deeply into traditional ethnic society. Second, such drastic changes in the economy would have aroused fears in potential investors from abroad. Nkrumah reiterated a belief in a mixed economy where there would be sectors reserved for private enterprise, government alone, and sectors where they could be

combined.²⁰ Inspection of the data reveals that ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT terms do not always appear with GOVERNMENT categories. Instead, however, GOVERNMENT often appears with INDUSTRIALIZATION and almost never with AGRICULTURE.²¹

Nkrumah paid a considerable price for the maintenance of consistency between his ideology and economic development actions. To achieve the change to socialistic thought, many of the old guard of the party had to be purged and replaced. In 1961, Nkrumah created a new "vanguard" to gather a coterie of ideological thinkers to elaborate his development plans.²² This alienated still more party members. Introduction of socialist terminology and practices was perceived as a threat to many of the middle class elements in Ghana including traders, businessmen, civil servants, teachers, etc. In short, by adhering closely to his ideologically established goals and programs, Nkrumah remained consistent and created major sources of opposition within his society and weakened his nation's economy. It can be argued that this consistency led to increased centralization, purges, and ultimately to Nkrumah's downfall.

²⁰ Ghana, First Seven Year Development Plan (Accra: Office of Planning Commission, 1962).

²¹ A typical statement by Nkrumah is: "The Government attaches great importance to educational advancement as communications, harbor facilities, and other communications will be one of the means of transforming the society of Ghana to a higher standard," Speech 12, 1961, sentence 747.

Exceptions to this occur when Nkrumah speaks of "agricultural mechanization" which is governmentally sponsored.

²² Bretton, op. cit., chs. 5 and 6.

Finally in 1966, Nkrumah saw the need for retrenchment. He announced measures to the Parliament in typical phraseology. Two weeks later he was overthrown.

We have failed to obtain the foreign exchange to which our exports including our greatly increased cocoa export entitle us. This has resulted in foreign exchange earnings not rising as we had every right to expect they would in view of our greatly increased production. For this reason I have directed that the size of the 1966 budget should be reduced to a level which can be supported by available revenue. We may therefore have to rephrase their impact on our total expenditure budget.
Speech 23, 1966, sentences 841-44.

4. The Fall of Kwame Nkrumah

Many of the comments which have been written about Nkrumah and his regime are *ex post facto*, and one can look backwards and point to a variety of reasons for the fall of Nkrumah. The discussion of economic development in particular seems to highlight an inevitability about the end result of his policies. It is this inevitability which I want to discuss in this section. To what extent was Nkrumah's fall predictable? Was it consistent with previous events? Did Nkrumah have premonitions about his removal?

Answers to these questions come in part from Table 5.4 which gives some of the relevant categories for Nkrumah's comments about himself.

As discussed earlier, Nkrumah uses personal pronouns or his own name frequently in the speeches. References to himself are fairly

consistent over time with a slight rise in the last time period.

Table 5.4. --Category NKRUMAH Retrieval

Means over Time

<u>Time Period</u>	<u>Early</u>	<u>Middle</u>	<u>Late</u>
NKRUMAH	.009	.007	.010
DANGER	.002	.002	.002
DISTRESS	.005	.003	.003
DEATH THEME	.001	.001	.002

Number of Sentences over Time

<u>Time Period</u> <u>Categories</u>	<u>Early</u>	<u>Middle</u>	<u>Late</u>
NKRUMAH	133	133	218
NKRUMAH and GHANA	40 (30%)	31 (28%)	69 (31%)

Number of Sentences over Time and Percentage of NKRUMAH + GHANA

NKRUMAH + GHANA + POSITIVE AFFECT	29 (73%)	27 (87%)	60 (87%)
NKRUMAH + GHANA + NEGATIVE AFFECT	20 (50%)	3 (9%)	13 (18%)
NKRUMAH + GHANA + ACTION	26 (65%)	21 (68%)	44 (64%)
NKRUMAH + GHANA + PASSIVE	26 (65%)	19 (61%)	47 (68%)
NKRUMAH + GHANA + INDULGENCE	23 (58%)	24 (77%)	43 (62%)
NKRUMAH + GHANA + DEPRIVATION	13 (33%)	4 (12%)	4 (5%)

The categories which would indicate a rise in concern for personal safety or welfare are DANGER, DISTRESS, and DEATH THEME. None of these categories shows a substantial rise over time, in spite of the commencement of attempts on Nkrumah's life which began in 1962.

1962 was a year of change for Nkrumah and his outlook on government. Socialism was initiated throughout Ghana. This was also the year for starting a seven-year development plan with major assistance from outside the country. It also saw the beginning of attempts to get rid of Nkrumah and his withdrawal from public life.²³ Nkrumah, after these attempts on his life, withdrew to his government castle, heavily guarded. Subsequently, he rarely appeared in public. The speeches from his later years in office are major events given over the radio or before massive groups assembled for a precise purpose with heavy security precautions. Colonel A. A. Afrifa dates his opposition to Nkrumah from 1962:

By August 1962, I knew that the political situation in Ghana was hopeless. I became convinced that Kwame Nkrumah had failed the country as a leader.²⁴

This poses one contradiction between Nkrumah's thought and his actions. He states that the people are the source of political power in Ghana and

²³ The first attempt was August 1, 1962, when the President was returning from a visit to President Yameogo of the Upper Volta. A second incident occurred during celebrations for his deliverance during September. A third known incident occurred on January 2, 1964. Austin, *op. cit.*, pp. 410-12.

²⁴ Colonel A. A. Afrifa, The Ghana Coup (New York: The Humanities Press, 1966), p. 75.

it is the job of the leaders to do the will of the masses. Yet, after 1962, he shuts himself away from the masses. How can his political actions be the will of the masses if he never contacts the masses to determine their will?

Another contradiction emerged from Nkrumah's thought in this period. He turned from development at home to Pan-Africanism. This does not mean he abandoned one for another but merely that he changed emphasis. After 1962 he linked Ghana development to an African union of states.

The potential of a new life can be provided for all Africa if we establish a continent-wide union government.

Speech 23, 1966, sentence 782.

But, in 1963, a first attempt at forming such a union government, the Ghana-Guinea-Mali Union, failed, as Welch argues because home concerns took pre-eminent attention over Pan-African concerns.

Internal stresses prevented it from attaining its widely-proclaimed goal; Pan-African ideology pre-empted the leaders to think in terms of supra-state unification, while the exigencies of national unity forced them to pay a great deal of attention to domestic issues.²⁵

As discussed earlier, there seem to be contradictions in the long-range view Nkrumah took of development plans and the immediate needs and demands of the population. All these contradictions indicate some of the reasons behind Nkrumah's fall from power.

²⁵ Claude E. Welch, Jr., Dream of Unity (Ithaca: Cornell University Press, 1966), p. 293.

I would like to focus on one characteristic of Nkrumah which I believe made major contributions to his downfall, the centralization of power in the leader alone. The centralizing-hierarchical trend of party organization has been noted. Through his regime Nkrumah increased decision-making power in himself alone. Coupled with this he consciously developed "cult of personality" through which Nkrumah was glorified in the society as a hero.

The central, all-pervading fact of Ghanaian political life in 1965, was Nkrumah's undisputed monopoly of legitimacy-*vide*, the numerous references to him in the press and in virtually all political oratory as the 'Fount of Honor', the "Father of the Nation", the 'Founder', the 'Leader', 'osagyefo', His High Messianic Dedication' even "Nkrumah of Africa." In the sphere of government his word alone regulated political thought, programs, directives and laws. Unless a proposal at whatever level had his approval or could at least be assumed to have his approval, it was not legitimate.²⁶

Nkrumah thought and spoke of himself as this single focus of all political activity in the speeches.

Statements which may be regarded as government policy are

those statements which I make myself personally and those which are clearly stated in the text to be on the official policy of the government.
Speech 17, 1964, sentence 265.

That Nkrumah identifies himself with the nation is apparent. In the speeches about one-third of all the sentences where he uses personal pronouns also contain references to the nation. The two are continually

²⁶ Bretton, *op. cit.*, p. 101.

associated. Table 5.4 shows that these sentences contain a very high percentage of instances of the categories POSITIVE AFFECT, POSITIVE ACTION, and INDULGENCE. It is curious that NEGATIVE AFFECT and DEPRIVATION decline sharply over time. It appears that Nkrumah is anxious to dissociate himself from anything with "bad" connotations.

Nkrumah's centralization of all political processes in himself, his elimination of the opposition forces, and his identification with the nation mean that Nkrumah allowed no alternatives to himself. He took responsibility for all political actions. He gradually eliminated the opposition outlawing all parties in 1964. If things go wrong there are only outsiders to blame and he did dwell on neo-imperialism as a cause of problems. It must have been apparent that since his ideas were difficult to change²⁷ and there were areas of dissatisfaction within the nation, the only means to achieve political and economic changes would be the elimination of Kwame Nkrumah.

It would appear that Nkrumah believed his own propaganda about messianism for he gave no indications of feeling danger in his speeches. He continued to talk about himself in overwhelmingly positive terms and there are no references to terms which might indicate fear on his part. When he discussed the military coups in other nations which he did just before his own fall, he spoke of them as neo-colonialist dangers, dangers coming from outside Africa.

²⁷ See Chapter four, Changes over Time.

And I warned other African heads of state that disunity would be a breeding ground for corruption and neo-colonialist conspiracies and intrigues in our individual states. As we all know, within the last few months there have been unfortunate military intrusions into the political life of several independent African states.

Speech 23, 1966, sentences 724-25.

When Nkrumah removed alternatives to himself as scapegoats of political difficulties within the nation and eliminated changes for political change, he made his own downfall inevitable. That he continued to see himself as invincible in spite of the attempts on his life and in spite of the protection with which he surrounded himself is something of a mystery. The irony of the situation lay in the fact that in a free society, with opposition forces and popular elections, he would probably have retained power. Even the man who overthrew Nkrumah recognized his abilities:

The irony of the present situation in Ghana is that it is quite probable that President Nkrumah and the CPP would command the support of a majority of the electorate, even in genuinely free elections.²⁸

Yet, Nkrumah deliberately chose a path, step by step, which led him in one direction, to his own downfall.

²⁸Afrifa, op. cit., p. 144.

CHAPTER SIX: CONCLUSIONS

Two kinds of conclusions emerge from this study, methodological and substantive. These results are intertwined, the method supplying substance and substance suggesting the method.

Content analysis is not a new method. It has been used with varying degrees of rigor and system almost since man began reporting or relating his experiences. The introduction of computers, however, has posed a number of new problems and opened new avenues for this method. The fact that the world is undergoing a communications revolution impels us to reconsider content analysis as one method of coping with these changes. This revolution consists of high speeds for transmitting information, new techniques of picture and word transmission, computers and other automated devices to process information. This has led to a great increase in the volume of written and verbal material which the average as well as the specialized man must absorb. Hence, any tool such as content analysis which reduces data and analyzes information, is of increasing value.

Content analysis has been used in recent years over a wide range of materials. The General Inquirer volume contains studies on small groups, personality, clinical psychology, social psychology, anthropology, literature and commercials.¹ Cross-cultural studies have been

¹ Philip J. Stone, Dexter C. Dunphy, Marshall S. Smith and Daniel M. Ogilvie, The General Inquirer (Cambridge: MIT Press, 1966).

attempted with folk tales and anthropology.² Political science studies of various types have yielded very fruitful results.³

This research demonstrates another application of content analysis to a problem of politics cross-nationally. The advantages here are that the method provides a researcher with data although he may be denied access to direct contacts and observations.⁴ With the increasing unavailability of interviews with policy-makers and the "drying-up" of research sites, content analysis may find increased uses.

Two conclusions beyond the general utility of the General Inquirer method for this type of content analysis emerge from my research. First, the most significant findings for the political scientist are the latent meanings rather than the manifest content of the materials studied and this method provides a means for deriving such latent meanings. Second, analysis of the context and the consistency within the materials yields such latent meanings and permits us to make cross-cultural comparisons more easily.

Stone suggests that latent meanings may have greater utility to the social scientist than manifest content. "Past definitions such as

²Ibid., chs. 19, 20, and 21.

³Ibid., section two.

⁴At the time this research began, relations between Guinea and the U.S. were strained and no visas were issued for visiting Guinea. During the course of the work, Nkrumah was deposed and students of Nkrumahism were not welcome in Ghana.

Berelson's have emphasized the 'manifest' aspects of content analysis, often putting aside the utility of content analysis in drawing conclusions about 'latent' implications."⁵ Determination of latent meaning is based on manifest characteristics of the materials analyzed. Recall, that content analysis is not a direct measurement of behavior. Nor is it a theory within itself. Rather, it is a tool for testing theory by plotting some indicators of behavior.

It is this plotting, the placing of indicators in some context which yields the latent findings. Previously, the strategy of analysis for this method involved assessment of manifest content by tallying frequencies of category appearance and determining whether this frequency is significantly greater than random. One looks at the context, the words which appear in conjunction with a particular category or even single words or phrases to determine latent content. Additional analysis shows the consistency of these settings over time, from situation to situation or within a given document. The intention behind a man's words can become clear when one examines the repeated instances of particular words occurring with other words. In my research such patterns were determined first by factor analysis which led to the diagrammed set of relationships among several elements of political ideology in Africa. Such elements as "Pragmatism vs. Idealism" appear only when one considers the latent meanings rather than manifest content. Nkrumah and Toure, in this set

⁵ Stone, et al., op. cit., p. 17.

of documents, never spoke of being "pragmatic" or being "idealistic." Instead, this connotation appears from the repeated use of pragmatic categories by Nkrumah and idealistic categories by Toure.

In evolving a strategy for carrying out contextual analysis and consistency analysis, the major statistical techniques which make up much of manifest content analysis are very useful for isolating areas of interest which can then be subjected to further analysis with retrieval procedures. Thus, much of the five previous chapters represents only the beginning of this research. I have pointed out areas of substantive concern within African political ideology, using standard statistical techniques. Only in the last chapter, using retrievals, have I begun to illustrate the kind of detailed analysis which will be necessary to make evaluative statements about political ideology.

What this dissertation does indicate is that content analysis can be used to operationalize political ideology, that it can illustrate cross-national problems in an underdeveloped area such as Africa. The major substantive finding of this research is a tentative model of political ideology and political action. Shaped like a cone, this model starts at the point of political activity and separates basic beliefs, goals and programs of ideology into three interrelated levels. The model can be filled with substantive elements from my findings in Ghanaian and Guinean documents. Whether it will be applicable to all Africa and beyond Africa will require further testing.

Other substantive findings include the notion that there are great differences between the two national leaders, previously considered very similar; that there is a conflict between dangers perceived in contact with outside nations particularly Western ones and the goals of development established for the African community; and that one major component which underlies all of political ideology is the need to maintain power, that is continuance of the leader in office. Findings such as these constitute the first empirical confirmation of many ideas promulgated by scholars of African politics.⁶

The major source of weakness in this analysis is the creation of the dictionary. Selection of categories is done according to the theoretical interests of the researcher. Then some arbitrary determination must be made to place each word in one category or another. Not enough is known yet about the structure of languages to be able to determine in any empirical way the content of analytic categories. Hence, the researcher either selects words for categories himself, perhaps prejudicing the findings, or relies on small samples of data of the type he will be analyzing to find word usage for category selection, jeopardizing validity. To create the Pirro African Dictionary, I used both these methods and tried to obtain a measure of reliability by employing several other researchers with substantive interests in Africa, in political science and outside both areas. In addition, I compared findings from this dictionary with previous

⁶See, for instance, Charles Andrain in David Apter, Ideology and Discontent, op. cit.; Kenneth Grundy, op. cit.; William J. Foltz, op. cit., and Claude Welch, op. cit.

dictionaries. I hope that extensive testing with this dictionary will improve its utility on such materials and further work on dictionary construction will eliminate the related problems.

Beyond its substantive findings, this dissertation concludes with a series of propositions for further testing: 1. that for most research purposes latent content analysis is more fruitful than manifest content analysis; 2. that analysis of consistency and context in written materials yields such latent content and results of interest to political analysis; 3. that the model of African political ideology posed in this dissertation can be generalized to other nations; 3a. that African political ideology differs from country to country, and 3b. that development considerations conflict with other considerations, notably maintenance of power and outside influences on the nation-state. The major findings of this research are that the General Inquirer system for content analysis can provide answers to questions such as these, but that much further investigation is required before such definite answers can be given.

Appendix I

Description of General Inquirer Content Analysis Programs

In computer content analysis, the computer is used to 1. identify in the text instances of words and phrases of interest to the analyst; 2. count occurrences of these words and phrases and tally these counts; 3. print and graph tabulations; 4. perform statistical tests, and 5. sort and regroup portions of data according to category following the researcher's instructions. These procedures are incorporated in a series of programs developed by the Harvard University Department of Social Relations by Philip Stone, Daniel Ogilvie, J. Zvi Namenwirth, Marshall Smith, Robert Bales and others. The set of programs has the title General Inquirer.

The major unit of analysis is a document, in this case, a speech. The programs are oriented to a sentence which is any group of words followed by a period or question mark. A document consists of a series of sentences.

The programs are based on a series of content analysis categories called tags. A tag is a list of words under a title selected by the researcher to operationalize some theoretical or substantive concern. Selection of words for a given category and selection of a given set of categories remains arbitrary at the discretion of the analyst. The dictionary which is the compiled set of tags together with their word and phrase contents is usually somewhat biased according to the research interests and prejudices of the researcher. This dictionary is punched one word to

an IBM card. A given word may have one or more categories attached to it.

Text of the documents is punched directly on the 80 columns of IBM cards. Text is edited slightly to remove ambiguities. I followed the following rules of editing: 1. Personal pronouns were identified with the person placed in parenthesis after them; i.e., "Kwame Nkrumah believed in Positive Action. He (Kwame Nkrumah) practices it (Positive Action)." 2. Periods after abbreviations were removed; i.e., "Mr. J. Danquah answered Mr J Danquah answered." 3. Commas were removed from sequences to facilitate computer processing. Question marks were changed to dollar signs for the same reason. This is an artifact of the particular program and computer used.

Text and dictionary was submitted on tape to an IBM 7094 computer. First, the documents were divided into sentences. Then each word of each sentence is checked against the dictionary's list of words, word-roots, or idioms (phrases). If it is found, the concept category containing that word is attached to the word in that sentence. A tally is kept for the sentence and for the document as a whole. If a word is not found in the dictionary, it gets put on a list, designated the "left-over" list which is printed out. This left-over list serves as a check on the utility of the dictionary and permits the investigator to use words in the analysis which are not categorized conceptually prior to the analysis.

The results of this dictionary look-up program are stored on magnetic tape which is further processed in several stages.

The next step is usually the "Text and Tag List" program. This program, done on a 1401 computer with 8k storage, consists of a bi-lingual book. The actual text sentence by sentence is listed along the left side of the page. The same sentence, in terms of the conceptual categories or tags, is listed on the right. Figure 1 illustrates this. Subsequent programs described can be used in whatever order suits the analysis design. Usually the Text and Tag list precedes any further work because it forms the basis for further investigation.

Figure 1

The "Bi-lingual Book" from the Text and Tag Listing.

Pirro African Dictionary - Document 31 - Sentence 747

Kwame Nkrumah - 1961 - Speech 12.

Sentence 747 Total Words 31 Identification 021219616666

<p>The Government attaches great importance to educational advancement as communications harbor facilities and other communications will be one of the means of transforming the society of Ghana to a higher standard.</p>	<p>GOVERNMENT LEGITIMACY COMBINE POSITIVE ACT QUANTITY POSITIVE ACT VITAL POSITIVE ACT</p>
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IGNORANCE DISTRIBUTION PROGRESS
POSITIVE ACT COMMUNICATE PASSIVE GUIDE
EC DEVELOP. THEY COMMUNICATE
PASSIVE FUTURE QUANTITY THINK PASSIVE
PROGRESS POSITIVE ACT MASS DISTRIBUTION
GHANA LEGITIMACY STATUS POSITIVE
ACT REGULAR POSITIVE ACT.

Another 1401 program yields a tally of the tags. This program inventories the number of times each tag has been applied to each document.

It prints this out both as an absolute number, the number of times per document a tag appears and as a percentage of the total words in the document. This percentage is valuable in doing further statistical analyses. Further tag tallies can be performed in any collection of sentences, the entire set of documents, a single document, a single sentence and any sub-class of sentences which can be isolated from any document.

Another program does graphs. This prints out a graph of the occurrences of the tags in each document. This provides an easy visual way of comparison and illustration of points.

An important program is the Retrieval program, like the graphing another 1401 program. One section of chapter two illustrates the results of this program which provides a means of isolating a series of sentences, a single sentence, or various sentence groups. Usually what occurs is the request to the computer to print out all the sentences containing a single word or phrase or a tag or categories. Often the recall is for several words or tags occurring together. These sentences are placed on a separate magnetic tape and can then have a tally performed on them or could be used for further operations.

Output from these programs takes two forms, punched cards and print-out. Having data and statistics on punched cards facilitates submission of the data in summary form to many types of statistical operations. These can include factor analysis, analysis of variance, multiple discriminant function analysis, regression analysis, to cite a few. Research strategies for using the General Inquirer series of programs vary,

depending on the interests of the particular analysis.

The General Inquirer poses a number of interesting theoretical considerations. Most of these concerns are embodied in the dictionary created for the program. Several standard socio-psychological dictionaries have been created for general use by the Harvard Social Relations team. They, like all the other dictionaries, are simply the artifacts of the men who make the decisions constructing them. Required is some independent way of deciding which word belongs in what category. Currently statistical procedures are being developed to explain language construction. It is hoped that this will facilitate the dictionary construction problem.

Unexpected elements can appear in the results after major expenditures of time and money when further analysis is difficult. These major expenditures occur with the running of the dictionary program. Such high costs make reprocessing prohibitive. Where other research can adapt, reprocessing, adding further analysis, supplementing statistically, the General Inquirer method remains fairly rigid. This situation occurred in my research. I hypothesized both countries would show similarities in ideology. Instead, differences occurred between Ghana and Guinea using the Pirro African Dictionary. This result could not be compared with the Alker Merged Dictionary because that dictionary did not separate the two countries. If this situation occurs, the structure imposed by this computer process makes it almost impossible to incorporate the new findings. To illustrate further, in this research there are

some interesting ideas which seem important about Guinea's Sekou Toure and his attempts to mobilize the people of his country. No categories in the existing dictionary assessed the morale and spiritual embodiment of the nation which Toure tried to convey and redoing the dictionary would have meant starting from the beginning again with large losses in time and funds. Hence, these aspects are left for further study.

It is possible that words or phrases which are only mentioned once or several times, can have great significance. For two reasons, this last consideration is not a defect in this research. One is the concentration on latent meanings. It is our established premise that an individual responds similarly to a given situation, here a political speech situation. When this occurs, similar phraseology gives a greater indication of the "typical" response to the situation and thus establishes for us the political ideology which runs through the entire sample of speeches. Second, our original speeches were in both French and English. A smaller number of broad categories were able to incorporate meanings in both languages. Dictionary construction commences with a large number of relatively small (composed of few words) categories. As construction proceeds the small categories are merged into larger categories. The nuances of language blur when many different words with slight shades of meaning are grouped in these larger categories. The final dictionary has few categories with large numbers of words which all but eliminate shaded differences between words translated from French to English. Careful translation, category construction and comparative

analysis cannot completely solve the research problem of comparability between English and French speeches. Idiomatic constructions and grammatical structure in both languages and other such linguistic complexities cannot be completely accounted for. What I attempted was the minimization of their effects.¹

The General Inquirer programs with all their limitations, offer one means of analyzing data by content analysis, quickly and with a minimum of expense.

¹See, for instance, Gabriel Almond and Sidney Verba, The Civic Culture (Princeton: Princeton University Press, 1963), and Charles Osgood, ed., Psycholinguistics (Baltimore: Waverly Press, 1954).

Appendix II

Listing and Summary of Speeches in Sample

A. Sekou Touré

1. Speech before General DeGaulle - 1958

This speech was delivered on the occasion of President DeGaulle's visit to Conakry during his tour of the French colonies in Africa, immediately after the DeGaulle creation of the Afro-Franco Community. A referendum would be conducted in these colonies on the Community shortly after this tour. Toure welcomed the French president. He spoke of the African man and of Guinea's destiny as a part of Africa. He stressed the need for emancipation and self-determination, within the French Community, using the image of the marriage with the right of divorce. He also uttered the now famous words, "We prefer poverty in liberty to richness in slavery."

2. "Conscience and Dignity" - 1958

This was the first in a series of speeches delivered by Sekou Touré during the campaign for the referendum on the French Community. He lists the differences in the positions of the French Government and the Guinean people. He notes that there are differences between the other French colonies and Guinea. He says there is a choice between the Community and independence. In addition, he hopes for an orderly campaign, and says the Guinean government will try to ensure this.

3. Speech to a Conference on African National Character (probably largely attended by PDG members) - 1958.

This speech delivered in Conakry contains an explanation of what Guinea means, what the new nation stands for. Touré focuses on colonialism and what the colonial experience has done in Africa as a whole and Guinea in particular. He lists many of the new local government institutions and tells how they exemplify the transition from tradition to modernity. He repeats the interpretation of DeGaulle's statements about the French Community and wishes all French colonies would vote "non" like Guinea. He discusses the new economic changes but states this should not deter the nation.

4. The Republic of Guinea in the Service of African Unity - 1958

This is an address to the National Assembly just before parliamentary elections. Toure talks about the position of France in Africa. He relates the history of Guinea and DeGaulle. He then urges other nations to join Guinea and declare independence. The spirit of emancipation is spreading through Africa and Guinea stands ready to join other nations to foster liberty.

5. On the Nature and Spirit of the Constitution - 1958

This was a radio address by Toure to the population. The constitution he said, is the fundamental law proclaiming the will of Guinea. He proceeds title by title to discuss interpretatively the entire constitution from African Unity and the Parliament to local institutions.

6. "Guinea is Right" - 1958

In this radio broadcast, Toure asserts the rightness of the vote for independence. Among his ideas are the following. The future is his concern and the will of the people which is true democracy. Guinea is tied to Africa and feels strongly about African unity. Guinea's independence was due chiefly to the action of the party. This speech made 58 days after independence is a call to his people for national unity. He gives the example of one comrade and closes with other references to the increased role the party will play in the new state.

7. The Honor of the Guinean Army - 1958

Toure speaks to servicemen and population by radio, urging a new status for the army. The colonial army was an oppressive force. The army of the Republic of Guinea is a force for the people and the country. Soldiers are urged to join Guinea rather than remain in the French army as Guinea gains independence. Military exploits in which Guinean soldiers took part are recounted.

8. Year of Unity and Equality - 1959

This is a New Year's speech broadcast by Sekou Toure to his people. He summarizes the political events of 1958, stressing Guinean independence. He comments on 1959 as a new year of democracy and freedom. He stresses the large role of the party, the PDG.

9. Fiscal Duty - February 22, 1959

Tax-collection and finances have changed from colonial times, says Sekou Touré to the population in a radio broadcast. He talks about the poor condition of the Guinean economy as a result of colonialist exploration. He relates the head tax to services rendered the population.

10. The Revolutionary Action of the PDG - March 8, 1959

This radio broadcast was addressed to the members of the PDG. He reports on activities and conferences of PDG members. He stresses the major role the party will play in the advancement of the nation. With independence gained, one must look to the future as molded by the party.

11. Addresses to Cultural Union in Conakry - April, 1959

The culture of a people said Toure can be expressed only when a people has freedom. This culture as all social values resides in the people as a whole. This culture and set of values must be zealously guarded against colonialists holding out lures of technical advancement. This would depersonalize the people. Africa needs expression of its personality and culture. Africans should harmonize their thoughts and actions to fit the changed situation.

12. The Imperatives of the Reconversion - 1959

Although Guinea has been substituted for French Guinea, the old notions have been slow to change. This address by Toure stresses the duties of citizens and bureaucracy. This change demands an education which stresses the black man's culture and the African personality.

13. Village Speech - March-April, 1959

This is one of a series of short speeches made by Toure during a tour through the country to explain the new government. Colonization took several forms, all of which imposed deprivations on Africa. The major problem was the removal of African values. There have been a few economic and administrative advantages to colonialism. However, economically and technically the Africans have been purposely kept in a backward state. Political liberation leads to economic and social freedom.

14. The Substance and Object of the Guinean Revolution - March-April, 1959

Toure relates the meaning of the word revolution in Guinea in another village speech. This current revolutionary situation occurred with the advent of freedom and under the leadership of the people. For proper revolutionary conduct, individualism must be squelched and a community created.

15. The Responsibilities of the PDG - March-April, 1959

The party must assume a new role of greater responsibility. It must be identical with the people and work hard at its advancements. The Party must be the major actor at all levels of national life. Freedom is not enough, now the nation must make progress. Toure says this in another village speech.

16. A New Hierarchy of Values - March-April, 1959

Every structure in the country has a hierarchy. This means that the leaders must be obeyed but government alone does not run the country, people do. The masses as a whole are directing national progress. All parts of all structures must be put at the service of the country, says Toure, in another village speech.

17. The Popular Action of the PDG - March-April, 1959

The people must help the party eliminate reactionaries and create a new mentality in the nation, so says Toure in still another village speech. The party organizes the masses with democratic principles. Guinea's independence should be coupled with Africa's liberation. Independence is historically the most significant event in national life.

18. The People's Dictatorship and Democratic Practice - March-April, 1959

Claims that the PDG is the nation's dictator are wrong. The people as a whole dictate for the good of the people. The party is the nation, is the people. Elections are occurring under the auspices of the PDG which selects candidates.

19. The New Situation - March-April, 1959

In a village speech, Toure talks about the PDG which has organized regional congresses to bring politics to the people directly. This direct participation is important to form government action. Guinea is part of the African emancipation movement, and all action must be linked

to this whole.

20. Negative Behavior - March-April, 1959

There are some social problems among government critics. Other problems come from selfish and isolationist individuals. They must be brought into the mass of the population. This is yet another of the short speeches Toure made in villages.

21. Collective Conception and Action - March-April, 1959

Some people are individualists and not democratic. They should be brought into line by the masses. This is particularly true among government officials and bureaucrats. What must occur is adherence to theory as verified by practice. In these times of transitions, Guineans must all participate consciously.

22. Lecture to the Pupils of Secondary Schools before the Closing of Schools for the Long Vacation - 1961

Youth and everyone must understand the need for political education. A new program will be introduced to remedy the situation. All pupils must recognize that colonialism is dead and youth must be revolutionary. To do this, youth should study the guidelines of the PDG. Educational difficulties must be overcome at all levels. This is a national problem. Education is not learning European subjects, but profitable action for the country.

23. Opening Address to the Second National Congress of the JRDA - 1961

Address made in person by Toure to open the Congress. He said the Youth has transcended the troubled time and become a vanguard of revolutionary practices. This is due to the youth's great revolutionary consciousness. Much credit for national progress is due to the youth. The JRDA is the forefront of this youth with responsibility for all youth education. Many social practices must be changed, notably marriage. Technical and higher education does not mean a youth must lose touch with the people.

24. Message by the Head of State - 1961

The Guinean nation has been moving toward economic development, says Toure, in an address to the people. Six years of independence have seen many gains. In values and consciousness great strides have been made.

25. Inauguration of the School for Cadres of the PDG - 1963

This address to a PDG gathering stresses the need Toure says for political education. The course of study will include value training, revolutionary and historical. He discusses the nature of the Guinean revolution and the PDG's relation to it. He talks about formation of party cadres and the meaning of national democracy.

26. New Year's Speech - January 1, 1963

In this radio broadcast to the Guinean people, Sekou Touré stresses national unity as the foundation of democracy and African character. The party shows and educates people to unity. The party directs national consciousness.

27. Speech to the JRDA - 1964

This was an address to a rally of the youth movement. Touré emphasizes the unity of all African youth. Youth as the future must guard against reaction. What must emerge is a new African man. The African revolutionaries can see this full liberty for Africa in the consciousness of the people.

28. Statement made by Head of State on his Departure for Accra - 1964

Touré issued this brief statement as he was about to make a visit to the conference of African heads of state. It includes much of his philosophy of foreign affairs. He stresses African unity and anti-imperialism.

B. Kwame Nkrumah

1. Speech to CPP Members, Accra Arena, Party Anniversary - 1955

In spite of foul attempts by opposition forces, Nkrumah tells a rally of party members, the CPP has triumphed. And now, freedom is in sight. The Ashanti problem has been solved and opponents of the cocoa scheme have been unsuccessful. Opposition parties forgot the deep nature of the CPP, hence they lack support. The government has

made great accomplishments and Nkrumah cites facts and figures. He also states the major aims of the second development plan.

2. Address at State Dinner for Duchess of Kent Representing the Queen on the Eve of Independence - 1956

Nkrumah welcomes the Duchess and overseas guests. He talks about Ghana's continuing relationship with the United Kingdom in the Commonwealth. Ghana's bonds with other nations are listed.

3. Speech to the Legislature - 1956

Nkrumah announces the moment of independence has come. He mentions the new constitution and its provisions. The democratic nature of the new country is stressed, and its various governmental organs cited.

4. Foreign Policy Speech to Legislature of the Eve of Independence - 1956

Nkrumah takes opportunity of independence when the world is watching to tell what Ghana will do on world scene. Foreign policy will be based on Dignity, Peace and Friendship with Nkrumah as foreign minister. Ghana hopes to become the hub of African states. He mentions Ghana does not look for outside financial support and is well on the way to development. Africans will now seek African solutions, especially for development projects.

5. Speech at Inauguration Ceremony of the All-African Regional Conference of the International Federation of Free Trade Unions, Accra - 1957

Nkrumah stresses the need for development of trade union movement in Africa. Africa as a whole is developing economically and has many problems. He proposes various schemes including regulation of raw materials prices and the Volta River project. Unions can be of service to nations.

6. Speech at CPP Conference at Saltpond - 1957

In this party address, he talks about the changes in the party with the advent of independence. They must guard against bribery and corruption. He repeats the injunction to "seek ye first the political kingdom" and talks about specifics of the development program.

7. Address at Accra Conference of Independent African States - 1958

This was a major address to an international conference which was widely disseminated in the Ghanaian population. Nkrumah talks about the problems of colonialism in Africa. Africans must assert their unique personality. To do this resources must be pooled.

8. Broadcast on the Third Anniversary of Ghanaian Independence - 1959

The party and Government's authority springs from the people, said Nkrumah, in a radio broadcast to the population. He advocates African unity. He describes the new proposed constitution which will make Ghana a republic. He says the aim of the Party and Government is the building of a socialist society. The Party is the country. The

Party runs the government.

9. Opening of Parliament - 1960

This is the opening address by the President on the inauguration of the republic. He relates the history of Ghana to the founding of the republic. Africa should unite. Ghana and Africa should form a third bloc, neutral and non-nuclear in world affairs. He details government development programs in agriculture and industrialization.

10. Roads River Conference of African Women, Accra - 1960

This brief address is a statement to an African women's congress held at Accra. Nkrumah talks about the great influence of women on African politics and their responsibilities for future development programs. He says it is a historic year of liberation.

11. Address to National Assembly on African Affairs - 1960

This was a major address to parliament about Nkrumah's views on the changing African situation. His concern is with plans for unity among the newly independent states and with the worsening Congo crisis. At this point Ghana supports UN Congo intervention. He talks of economic development as a joint effort, and the dangers of colonialist Balkanization.

12. The Guiding Principles of the Party, Our aims - An address to the CPP Study Group at Flagstaff House, Accra - 1961

This address to a small group of party officials was printed by the

party and widely circulated in the country. Nkrumah talked about the changing social order and the need for greater education. The responsibility he claimed was the party's. He devotes some time to a consideration of socialism and the means to achieve it. He talks of coordination within the government for economic planning and development. The new program for development and plans to implement it are discussed.

13. What Next? - 1962

This was an address to the party congress, on the occasion of introducing the new development program. Nkrumah reviews the history of the CPP and its growth. He links the party to the people. He outlines new party program for social security, pensions, and offices as well as organizational changes. He speaks of national development needs.

14. Address to Civil Servants - 1962

This is another address to a particular group which had later publication and wide circulation. Nkrumah stresses the change in outlook which should occur in the transition from colonialism to independence. He asks all civil servants to obey the dictates of party and government. Corruption must be rooted out and red tape cut. Security precautions must be taken.

15. Our Program, Ghana's Seven-Year Development Plan - 1962

Nkrumah gives a radio address about the party's "Program for Work and Happiness." He urges socialist reconstruction and sacrifice. He details the provisions of the plan from fiscal matters and industry to agriculture and transportation. He speaks of the detention act and urges refugees to return.

16. The Way is Now Clear - 1964

This is a radio address to the population after the referendum making Ghana a one-party state. He speaks of the attempts on his life as indicators that subversion must be squashed. He says political power rests in the people and the party rallies actively. He urges everyone to be cautious and vigilant, to corrupt elements and the needs of the country.

17. Third Anniversary of Kwame's Dawn Broadcast - 1964

In accord with tradition, Nkrumah broadcasts by radio to the country at dawn. He speaks of the intra-party and the intra-government squabbling. He also talks of the problems of corruption in official ranks. New restrictions are imposed to curtail these divisive activities and corrupt practices. He also speaks about the problems of the current cocoa market and the new restrictions on purchase.

18. A New Kind of Journalist - 1965

This is a speech addressed to those assembled for the inauguration of the Ghana News Agency. Nkrumah speaks of the great growth of the

Ghanian media. He talks of the responsibilities of the journalists. Africa is distorted in the eyes of the world's press and he looks to the Ghanian agency to report African news correctly. The African journalist is revolutionary and of the people.

19. We Will Wipe Out Anti-Social Practices - 1965

This is an address to the legislature before dissolution and parliamentary elections. Nkrumah recounts the progress made during the five years the assembly has been in session. He speaks of corruption and the need for discipline. He also speaks of the socialist dream for the state.

20. A Television Service in Accordance with Our National Aspiration - 1965

Nkrumah inaugurates Ghanian television and talks about its dedication to the ideals of creating a socialist developed society. The main objective of the new service will be education which is essential for progress.

21. We Are a Young and Vigorous Nation - 1965

This speech addressed by radio to the nation on December 31, 1965, is a New Year's message from Nkrumah. He urges the creation of a united Africa, nuclear-free. He deplores the spread of neo-colonialism in Africa.

22. A Light Leading Us on to Our Goal, Inauguration of the Volta Power Project - 1966

This address marked the opening of the Volta Dam project where Nkrumah appeared in person. He lists the various emissaries and individuals who are present or have assisted him philosophically and with the project. He talks about the Volta Project as a symbol of African Unity.

23. Sessional Address to National Assembly - 1966

This was Nkrumah's last major address as President, ten days before he was overthrown by military coup. It is a parliamentary address where Nkrumah says there must be belt-tightening measures taken to achieve development. He blames neo-colonialism for many of Africa's problems.

Appendix III

Biographies of the Political Leaders

1. Kwame Nkrumah

Kwame Nkrumah was born sometime in 1909 - Kofi Nwiah Kwame Nkrumah. Later September 21 was celebrated as his birthday. In 1935, he entered Lincoln University in Pennsylvania after primary and secondary education at missionary schools in Ghana and a brief tenure as instructor there. After graduation he went to London where he attended lectures at the London School of Economics and became interested in political activities founding the "Circle", a revolutionary group. In 1947, he returned to the Gold Coast where he was invited to become General Secretary of the United Gold Coast Convention. He was arrested in 1948 but released and testified before a commission interested in disturbances in the colonial system. In 1949, he founded the Convention People's Party. In 1950, he began the "Positive Action" campaign of civil disobedience, designed to push Britain to grant independence to the Gold Coast. This campaign led to his imprisonment again. In 1951 while still in prison, he was elected to the Legislative Assembly and appointed as Leader of Government Business. This became the occasion of his release from prison to take government office as ranking African. In March 1952, he became Prime Minister. In 1956, independence elections were held. Independence was granted on March 6, 1957. Also that year, Nkrumah placed the first restrictions on opposition.

In 1958, the Ghana-Guinea-Mali Union was formed. Nkrumah visited the United States and hosted the first conference of Independent African States in Accra. In 1960, a plebiscite approved a republican constitution and Nkrumah as president of the republic. On July 1, Nkrumah was proclaimed president with the title OSAGYEFO, victorious leader. In 1962, the first major attempts on Nkrumah's life were made with the resulting purges in the CPP and Government. In 1964, there are other attempts on his life and stepped up measures of internal security. That same year, a referendum was held which made Ghana officially a one-party state. In 1965, there was a purge among high army officers, in the wake of military coups in several African states. In January, 1966, the Volta River project was inaugurated. On February 21, Nkrumah left for Hanoi in an attempt to provide mediation services for the Vietnam conflict. February 24, a military coup deposed him. Nkrumah went to Guinea where Sekou Touré welcomed him as "co-president" and has kept him confined to a villa under strict security measures.

2. Sekou Touré

Ahmed Sekou Touré was born on January 9, 1922, in the village of Faranah in Guinea's interior. He claims descendance from the legendary Samory Toure who fought the French until 1898, but his family were peasant farmers. He was raised as a Moslem. After brief schooling - he was expelled at 15 for leading a strike - he became a clerk and started his long involvement in trade unionism. He was associated with

the Confederation Generale du Travail, a communist-dominated French labor union becoming Guinean secretary-general of the French-West-African coordinating committee in 1950. In 1957, he broke with the communists and helped establish the General Union of Workers of Black Africa, becoming secretary-general. In 1946, he had been one of the founders of the African Democratic Rally launched by the Ivory Coast's Felix Houphouet-Boigny. By 1952, Sekou Touré was secretary-general of the Guinean Democratic Party, the PDG, which at that time was a local branch of the RDA. At the time he was vice-president of the RDA and Houphouet-Boigny's right-hand man. He held a series of political offices becoming mayor of Conakry in 1955 and a deputy of the French National Assembly from 1956 to 1958. In 1957, Touré was made vice-president of the Government Council of Guinea which was tantamount to being the prime minister under the French. In this position he actively campaigned for a "non" vote against the proposed French Community under DeGaulle. When the people agreed with him, DeGaulle threw Guinea out of the French sphere summarily and withdrew all aid and support. Ghana came to Guinea's aid as did the Eastern bloc countries.

Today there is one party in Guinea, the PDG, other opposition forces having been stifled. Touré is the acknowledged head of government and party. He promoted a constitution in 1959 and has regularly held elections. In 1961, he expelled the Soviet ambassador for being involved in anti-government plotting. In 1966, the United States ambassador was temporarily seized and the Peace Corps expelled when a Guinean

minister flying on an American airplane was arrested in Accra. Various unsuccessful plots have been uncovered against the government. Relations with both the Ivory Coast and Senegal, near neighbors, are strained, partly by the presence of large numbers of Guinean exiles living on the borders. However, Touré has recently won another election and continues in power. He is currently suing to resume friendly relations with France and asking aid from both east and west.

Appendix IV

Categories from the Alker Merged Dictionary

<u>Category</u>	<u>Source</u>
01 POWER/OTHER	Lasswell Dictionary
02 POWER/AUTHORITATIVE	" "
03 POWER/COOPERATION	" "
04 POWER/CONFLICT	" "
05 POWER/DOCTRINE	" "
06 POWER/ARENA	" "
07 POWER/INDULGENCE	" "
08 POWER/DEPRIVATION	" "
09 POWER/SCOPE	" "
10 POWER/GENERAL PARTICIPANT	" "
11 POWER/AUTHORITATIVE PARTICIPANT	" "
12 POWER/NATIONAL LEADER	" "
13 POWER	" "
14 RECTITUDE/SCOPE	" "
15 RECTITUDE	" "
16 RESPECT	" "
17 AFFECTION	" "
18 WEALTH/OTHER	" "
19 WEALTH/TRANSACTION	" "
20 WEALTH/PARTICIPANT	" "

<u>Category</u>	<u>Source</u>
21 WEALTH	Lasswell Dictionary
22 WELL-BEING/SOMATIC	" "
23 WELL-BEING/PSYCHIC	" "
24 WELL-BEING	" "
25 ENLIGHTENMENT/OTHER	" "
26 ENLIGHTENMENT/SCOPE	" "
27 ENLIGHTENMENT	" "
28 SKILL	" "
29 TRANSACTION/INDULGENCE	" "
30 TRANSACTION/DEPRIVATION	" "
31 TRANSACTION	" "
32 SCOPE	" "
33 BASE	" "
34 ARENA	" "
35 PARTICIPANT	" "
36 POSITIVE AFFECT	" "
37 NEGATIVE AFFECT	" "
38 ANOMIE	" "
39 SELF/SELVES	Harvard Third Dictionary
40 OTHER	" " "
41 TIME/PAST	" " "
42 TIME/PRESENT, FUTURE	" " "
43 TIME	" " "

<u>Category</u>	<u>Source</u>
44 IDEAL VALUE	Harvard Third Dictionary
45 ACTION NORM	" " "
46 AROUSAL/URGE	" " "
47 AFFECTION	" " "
48 PLEASURE	" " "
49 DISTRESS	" " "
50 ANGER	" " "
51 GOOD	" " "
52 BAD	" " "
53 OUGHT	" " "
54 COMMUNICATE	" " "
55 APPROACH	" " "
56 GUIDE	" " "
57 CONTROL	" " "
58 FOLLOW	" " "
59 ATTACK	" " "
60 AVOID	" " "
61 ATTEMPT	" " "
62 GET/POSSESS	" " "
63 COMMUNITY	" " "
64 ECONOMIC	" " "
65 LEGAL	" " "
66 MILITARY	" " "

<u>Category</u>	<u>Source</u>
67 POLITICAL	Harvard Third Dictionary
68 TECHNOLOGY	" " "
69 HIGHER-STATUS	" " "
70 PEER-STATUS	" " "
71 LOWER-STATUS	" " "
72 SIGN STRONG	Namenwirth Dictionary
73 SIGN WEAK	" "
74 SIGN ACCEPT	" "
75 SIGN REJECT	" "
76 DANGER/DEATH	" "
77 UNIFICATION	Original
78 NATIONALISTIC	"
79 NATION-STATE	"
80 UN-FAMILY	"
81 UN-ORGANIZATIONS	"
82 REGIONAL ORGANIZATIONS	"
83 NON-COMMUNIST EUROPE	"
84 EAST-EUROPE/USSR	"
85 NORTH AMERICA	"
86 LATIN AMERICA	"
87 AFRICA	"
88 NORTH-AFRICA/NEAR EAST	"
89 NON-COMMUNIST-ASIA	"

<u>Category</u>	<u>Source</u>
90 COMMUNIST-ASIA	Original
91 COLONIALISM	"
92 HUMAN-RIGHTS	"
93 ARMS-CONTROL	"
94 COLD-WAR	"
95 UNDEFINED	"
96 UNDEFINABLE	"
97 ABSTRACTION	"
98 RANDOM-A	"
99 RANDOM-B	"

Appendix V

The Pirro African Dictionary¹

Harold D. Lasswell has defined politics as "who gets what when how."² To operationalize this definition in terms of content categories for the analysis of written materials, several "dictionaries" consisting of such categories containing words or phrases have been created. Among the many dictionaries used for political analysis are the Harvard Third Dictionary, the Namenwirth Dictionary, the Alker Merged Dictionary and the Laswell Dictionary. Each of these has a series of categories designed around theoretical interests for particular analytic objectives. The Pirro African Dictionary like those mentioned, is aimed at political analysis, but has slightly different analytic objectives. This dictionary is designed for the analysis of African materials for political ideological content.

The Pirro African Dictionary has been developed around a definition of political ideology based on content (basic beliefs, goals and programs)

¹ This research was sponsored by funds from the National Science Foundation. No dictionary is a solitary creation. The author wishes to thank the many persons who assisted the design: Charles Cleveland and Cheryl Christensen for categorization; Mike Farrell and Erik Steiner for category criticism and manipulation; Karl W. Deutsch, William Foltz and Harold D. Lasswell for advice and assistance; and J. Zvi Namenwirth for instruction in dictionary construction. The faults in the finished product are mine alone.

² Harold D. Lasswell, Politics Who Gets What When How (New York: McGraw-Hill, 1936).

function and attributes with an orientation toward political development.³ Words in sentences can be analyzed in terms of actors performing various kinds of action with political ideological bases and particular implications for development activity. Unlike other content analysis instruments, this dictionary attempts to include major African political value terms. Retention of many categories from other dictionaries makes comparisons of results feasible.

The dictionary is composed of 98 categories divided into groups with various theoretical focii. The first group identifies in several categories all persons. Thus, the social structure is delineated in terms of actors. All the personal pronouns and most personal nouns are contained in these categories: SELF, WE, THEY, INDIVIDUAL, GROUP and MASS. The first three categories are common to a number of dictionaries including the Harvard Third. The categories INDIVIDUAL, MASS and GROUP were created for use in Africa where national leaders tend to stress the communal nature of society and deny the importance of the individual. The second group is adjectival in nature continuing many standard ways of describing nouns. This group includes many categories from the Harvard Third Dictionary which are also used in the Namenwirth Dictionary and the Alker Merged Dictionary. Categories 07 to 11 and 32 to 47 are in this group. A third group of categories is chiefly verbs,

³ See the first chapter of this dissertation for more detailed description of the basis of political ideology and political development.

where action is divided in several ways. They are mainly from the Harvard Third Dictionary and have been slightly revised. Here they can be ranged along a Passive-Active dimension from SENSE, THINK, COMMUNICATE, CAUSE, WISH to INITIATE ACTION, APPROACH, MOVE, GET, POSSESS, GUIDE, CONTROL and COMBINE. There is a group of tags about foreign policy and international institutions. Many of these tags are similar to the ones in the Alker Merged Dictionary. They range 53 to 59. In each of these groups of categories several new tags have been added to supplement those derived from other dictionaries. For instance, GLORIOUS, VITAL are added to the adjective group, IMPERIALISM to the international group. The fifth group of tags is a series of new categories surrounding African politics. GHANA and GUINEA contain the country words. NATIONALISM, TRIBALISM and PAROCHIALISM are three categories about the orientation of the actor. NATIONALISM contains words associated with the nation-state. TRIBALISM is those words connected with the various African tribes and their symbols. PAROCHIALISM is a summary category containing all references to TRIBALISM, LOCAL GOVERNMENT and similar words of narrow, local and personal concerns. RACE contains all references to color and discrimination. DIVIDE and UNITY are opposite categories with verbs and adjectives. FREEDOM includes words about the independence movement and liberty. DEMOCRACY is all words about citizenship and mass participation in politics. SOCIALISM is a small category about the particular governmental involvement in economics. The categories from

72 to 77 are the various political aspects of society. **POLITICAL** is a general and somewhat residual category with all words relating to the political sphere. **PARTY** is political party oriented words. **EXECUTIVE**, **LEGISLATIVE**, and **JUDICIAL** are words relating to the branches of government while **GOVERNMENT** refers to the general working of government and to the bureaucracy. Categories 78 to 86 refer to various possible governmental functions. **MILITARY** contains all words about the government branch and its operations. **SOCIAL WELFARE** contains general well-being words. **FINANCE**, **ECONOMIC**, **INDUSTRIALIZATION**, **AGRICULTURE**, and **URBANIZATION** refer to various aspects of economic development and planning. **IGNORANCE** is an education category. **HISTORY** contains all references to the past of Africa minus references to imperialism and colonialism. The next six categories are the Ward and Rustow six crises of political development. They are summary categories with words from the prior categories. **POSITIVE ACTION**, **NEGATIVE ACTION** and **PASSIVE** summarize the verb categories.

A listing of all categories follows.

List of Categories

N N-Words

01 SELF

02 WE

03 THEY

04 INDIVIDUAL

05 GROUP

06 MASS

07 QUANTITY

08 SPACE

09 PAST TIME

10 PRESENT TIME

11 FUTURE TIME

12 STRUCTURE

13 OBSTACLE

14 DEFENSE MECHANISM

15 IF

16 OUGHT

17 EQUAL

18 NOT

19 SENSE

20 THINK

21 COMMUNICATE

- 22 CAUSE
- 23 WISH
- 24 INITIATE ACTION
- 25 APPROACH
- 26 MOVE
- 27 GET
- 28 POSSESS
- 29 GUIDE
- 30 CONTROL
- 31 COMBINE
- 32 INCOMPETENCE
- 33 BAD
- 34 CORRUPTION
- 35 AVOID
- 36 OPPOSITION
- 37 HATRED
- 38 ATTACK
- 39 EXPEL
- 40 DANGER THEME
- 41 DISTRESS
- 42 DEATH THEME
- 43 POSITIVE
- 44 REGULAR
- 45 COMPETENCE
- 46 APPROVE

- 47 PLEASURE
- 48 GLORIOUS
- 49 VERY
- 50 VITAL
- 51 STATUS
- 52 PROGRESS
- 53 INTERNATIONAL
- 54 IMPERIALISM
- 55 BRITAIN
- 56 FRANCE
- 57 THE WEST
- 58 THE EAST
- 59 NEUTRAL
- 60 CLASS
- 61 GHANA
- 62 GUINEA
- 63 AFRICA
- 64 NATIONALISM
- 65 TRIBALISM
- 66 RACE
- 67 DIVIDE
- 68 UNITY
- 69 FREEDOM
- 70 DEMOCRACY

- 71 SOCIALISM
- 72 POLITICAL
- 73 PARTY
- 74 EXECUTIVE
- 75 GOVERNMENT
- 76 LEGISLATURE
- 77 JUDICIAL
- 78 MILITARY
- 79 SOCIAL WELFARE
- 80 FINANCE
- 81 HEALTH
- 82 ECONOMIC
- 83 INDUSTRIALIZATION
- 84 AGRICULTURE
- 85 URBANIZATION
- 86 IGNORANCE
- 87 HISTORY
- 88 LOCAL GOVERNMENT
- 89 LEGITIMACY
- 90 ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT
- 91 INTEGRATION
- 92 PARTICIPATION
- 93 PENETRATION
- 94 DISTRIBUTION

95 POSITIVE ACTION

96 NEGATIVE ACTION

97 PASSIVE

98 PAROCHIAL

A	N type word
About	N type word
According	N type word
Although	N type word
Am	N type word
Amongst	N type word
An	N type word
And	N type word
Anyon	N type word
Ar	N type word
As	N type word
At	N type word
Be	N type word
Been	N type word
Being	N type word
But	N type word
By	N type word
Can	N type word
Despit	N type word
Elsewher	N type word
Etc	N type word
For	N type word
From	N type word
Furthermore	N type word
In	N type word
General	N type word
Henceforth	N type word
Hereby	N type word
Herein	N type word
How	N type word
Is	N type word
It	N type word
Itself	N type word
Likewis	N type word
Meanwhil	N type word
Meantim	N type word
Moreover	N type word
Nevertheless	N type word
Nevertheles	N type word
Of	N type word
On	N type word
Or	N type word
Per	N type word
Presumably	N type word
Rather	N type word
Regardless	N type word
Sat	N type word
Simpl	N type word
So	N type word
Somebody	N type word
Somehow	N type word
Someon	N type word

Someth	N type word	
Somewhat	N type word	
S-party	N type word	
Such	N type word	
Th	N type word	
Than	N type word	
That	N type word	
The	N type word	
Ther	N type word	
There	N type word	
Thereafter	N type word	
Therein	N type word	
Thereof	N type word	
Thereon	N type word	
Thereto	N type word	
Therewith	N type word	
Thes	N type word	
Thi	N type word	
This	N type word	
Though	N type word	
Through	N type word	
Throughout	N type word	
Thus	N type word	
To	N type word	
Too	N type word	
What	N type word	
Whatever	N type word	
Wher	N type word	
Whereby	N type word	
Whereas	N type word	
Wherein	N type word	
Which	N type word	
Who	N type word	
Whoever	N type word	
Whom	N type word	
Whos	N type word	
With	N type word	
Without	N type word	
Abandon	Avoid	Negative action
Abhorrenc	Hatred	Negative action
Abiliti	Quantity	Penetration
Ability	Quantity	Penetration
Abl	Quantity	Penetration
Able-bodied	Competence	Positive action
Abnormal	Incompetence	Negative action
Abod	Local	Parochial
Abolish	Opposition	Negative action
Abolit	Opposition	Negative action
Abolitionist	Opposition	Negative action
Abominab	Hatred	Negative action
Abominabl	Hatred	Negative action
Abov	Space	Parochial

Aboso	Tribalism	Parochial
Abroad	Space	Integration
Absenc	Avoid	Negative action
Absent	Avoid	Negative action
Absolut	Glorious	Integration
Abstract	Think	Passive
Abundanc	Economic	Econ. develop.
Abundant	Economic	Econ. develop.
Abus	Opposition	Negative action
Academic	Ignorance	Distribution
Academy	Ignorance	Positive action
Accelerat	Progress	Positive action
Accept	Approve	Positive action
Acceptab	Positive action	
Acceptabl	Approve	Positive action
Acceptanc	Approve	Positive action
Access	Freedom	Integration
Accident	Danger theme	Negative action
Accommodat	Approach	Integration
Accompany	Combine	Positive action
Accomplic	Opposition	Negative action
Accomplish	Get	Distribution
Accomplishment	Get	Distribution
Accord	Unity	Integration
Accordanc	Unity	Integration
Account	Get	Econ. develop.
Accountability	Democracy	Legitimacy
Accountant	Finance	Econ. develop.
Accra	Ghana	Legitimacy
Accuracy	Competence	Positive action
Accurat	Competence	Positive action
Accus	Attack	Negative action
Accusat	Bad	Negative action
Achiev	Get	Positive action
Achievement	Get	Positive action
Achimota	Tribalism	Parochial
Acquaint	Sense	Passive
Acquir	Get	Positive action
Acquirement	Possess	Positive action
Acquisit	Possess	Positive action
Acr	Agriculture	Econ. develop.
Acreag	Agriculture	Econ. develop.
Acros	Space	Passive
Act	Move	Positive action
Activ	Move	Positive action
Activist	Party	Participation
Activiti	Move	Positive action
Activity	Move	Positive action
Actor	Ignorance	Positive action
Actres	Ignorance	Positive action
Actual	Regular	Integration
Ad	Quantity	Positive action

Adapt	Initiate action	Positive action
Adaptabl	Approach	Positive action
Adaptat	Approach	Positive action
Adaption	Initiate action	Positive action
Add	Approach	Positive action
Addis-ababa	Africa	Legitimacy
Addit	Approach	Positive action
Additional	Approach	Positive action
Adres	Communicate	Positive action
Adequat	Regular	Positive action
Adher	Class	Participation
Adherenc	Class	Participation
Adhes	Party	Participation
Adjust	Guide	Positive action
Adjustment	Guide	Positive action
Administer	Government	Penetration
Administrat	Government	Penetration
Administrativ	Government	Penetration
Administrator	Government	Penetration
Admir	Glorious	Positive action
Admirat	Glorious	Positive action
Admirab	Positive	Positive action
Admirabl	Positive	Positive action
Admis	Approach	Positive action
Admit	Communicate	
Adopt	Possess	Participation
Adult	Individual	Positive action
Advanc	Initiate action	Positive action
Advancement	Progress	Positive action
Advantag	Progress	Positive action
Advantageou	Approve	Positive action
Adversari	Opposition	Negative action
Adversary	Opposition	Negative action
Advic	Communicate	Positive action
Advis	Communicate	Positive action
Advisabl	Approve	Positive action
Adviser	Individual	Participation
Advisor	Individual	Participation
Advocacy	Approve	Participation
Advocat	Approve	Participation
Aef	Imperialism	Participation
Affair	Structure	Positive action
Affect	Approach	Positive action
Affection	Positive	Positive action
Affectionat	Positive	Positive action
Affiliat	Party	Participation
Affirm	Approve	Positive action
Affirmanc	Approve	Positive action
Affirmat	Approve	Positive action
Affirmativ	Approve	Positive action
Affluence	Progress	Econ. develop.
Afford	Get	Distribution

Afraid	Distress	Negative action
Africa	Africa	Legitimacy
African	Africa	Legitimacy
African-affairs-center	Government	Legitimacy
Africaniz	Political	Legitimacy
Africanization	Government	Legitimacy
African-liberation-front	Party	Legitimacy
African-party-of-independence	Party	Legitimacy
After	Future	Positive action
Afterward	Future	Positive action
Ag	Past	Passive
Again	Present	Passive
Against	Attack	Negative action
Agenci	Government	Distribution
Agency	Government	Distribution
Agent	Opposition	Negative action
Agents-provocateurs	Opposition	Negative action
Aggregat	Quantity	Integration
Aggress	Attack	Negative action
Aggressiv	Attack	Negative action
Aggressiveness	Attack	Negative action
Aggressor	Opposition	Negative action
Agitat	Opposition	Negative action
Agitator	Opposition	Negative action
Ago	Past	Passive
Agre	Combine	Positive action
Agreement	Unity	Participation
Agricultur	Agriculture	Econ. develop.
Agricultural	Agriculture	Econ. develop.
Agricultural-development-cofp	Oration	
	Agriculture	Econ. develop.
Ahead	Space	Positive action
Aid	Status	Positive action
Aim	Initiate action	Positive action
Aircraft	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Air-warfar	Attack	Econ. develop.
Akasombo	Tribalism	Parochial
Akuse	Tribalism	Parochial
Alarm	Danger theme	Negative action
Alarmed	Danger theme	Negative action
Alarming	Danger theme	Negative action
Albania	East	Passive
Algeria	Neutral	Passive
Alien	Imperialism	Negative action
Alienat	Hatred	Negative action
Align	International	Positive action
Aligned	International	Positive action
Alignment	Combine	Legitimacy
Alik	Equal	Positive action
Aliv	Vital	Positive action
All	Quantity	Integration

All-african	Africa	Legitimacy
All-african-people	Legitimacy	
All-african-trade-union-feder	Ation	
Allegat	Africa	Legitimacy
Allegianc	Communicate	Negative action
Alli	Nationalism	Legitimacy
Allianc	Combine	Legitimacy
Ally	International	Legitimacy
Allow	Combine	Legitimacy
Allowanc	Guide	Positive action
Almighty	Guide	Positive action
Almost	Glorious	Positive action
Alon	If	Passive
Along	Quantity	Negative action
Aloud	Space	Passive
Already	Communicate	Passive
Also	Past	Passive
Alternat	Quantity	Positive action
Alternativ	Approach	Positive action
Altogether	If	Positive action
Aluminium	Unity	Passive
Aluminum	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Always	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Ambassador	Present	Passive
Amend	Past	Passive
Amendment	Government	Legitimacy
America	Democracy	Participation
American	Democracy	Participation
Ambit	West	Passive
Ambitious	West	Passive
Ambivalenc	Initiate action	Positive action
Ambivalent	Progress	Positive action
Ammendment	Defense-mech.	Passive
Among	Defense-mech.	Passive
Amount	Democracy	Participation
Ampl	Space	Passive
Ampl	Quantity	Positive action
Ampl	Quantity	Positive action
Ambulanc	Quantity	Positive action
Amus	Ignorance	Distribution
Analogi	Pleasure	Positive action
Analogou	Think	Passive
Analogous	Think	Passive
Analogy	Think	Passive
Analys	Think	Passive
Analysi	Think	Passive
Analyst	Think	Passive
Analytic	Think	Passive
Analyz	Think	Passive
Anarchism	Opposition	Negative action
Anarchy	Opposition	Negative action

Anarchical	Bad	Negative action
Anachronistic	Past	Negative action
Ancestor	Local	Parochial
Angola	Africa	Legitimacy
Ancient	Past	Parochial
Anger	Hatred	Negative action
Angry	Hatred	Negative action
Ankase	Tribalism	Parochial
Anloga	Tribalism	Passive
Annexation	Combine	Negative action
Anniversary	Past	Legitimacy
Announc	Communicate	Positive action
Annoy	Attack	Negative action
Annoyanc	Attack	Negative action
Annual	Past	Passive
Answer	Communicate	Positive action
Another	Quantity	Passive
Antagonism	Hatred	Negative action
Antagoniz	Attack	Negative action
Anthem	Nationalism	Legitimacy
Anti	Attack	Negative action
Anti-american	Imperialism	Negative action
Anticipat	Think	Positive action
Anticolonialism	Imperialism	Negative action
Anti-labor	Industrial	Negative action
Anti-trust	Industrial	Negative action
Antitrust	Industrial	Negative action
Anxieti	Distress	Negative action
Anxiety	Distress	Negative action
Anxiou	Distress	Negative action
Any	Quantity	Passive
Anything	Freedom	Passive
Anyway	Freedom	Passive
Anywher	Freedom	Passive
Aof	Imperialism	Participation
Apart	Space	Negative action
Apartheid	Race	Negative action
Apathy	Avoid	Negative action
Apologi	Status	Positive action
Apologiz	Status	Positive action
Apology	Status	Positive action
Apostat	Party	Negative action
App	Initiate action	Positive action
Appal	Hatred	Negative action
Apparent	Sense	Positive action
Appeal	Communicate	Participation
Appear	Sense	Passive
Appearanc	Sense	Passive
Appeas	Status	Passive
Appeasement	Status	Passive
Appeaser	Status	Passive
Applaus	Glorious	Positive action

Appli	Initiate action	Positive action
Applicabl	Approach	Positive action
Applicat	Initiate action	Positive action
Apply	Initiate action	Positive action
Appoint	Government	Participation
Appointe	Government	Participation
Appointment	Government	Participation
Apprais	Think	Positive action
Appraisal	Think	Positive action
Appreciat	Approve	Positive action
Apprehension	Distress	Negative action
Approach	Approach	Positive action
Appropriat	Government	Distribution
Approv	Approve	Positive action
Approval	Approve	Positive action
Aquir	Get	Distribution
Arbitrari	Bad	Legitimacy
Arbitrary	Bad	Negative action
Arbitrat	Government	Positive action
Archaic	Past	Negative action
Ardent	Vital	Positive action
Area	Space	Passive
Argentina	West	Passive
Aris	Move	Positive action
Arisen	Progress	Positive action
Argu	Communicate	Negative action
Argument	Communicate	Negative action
Arm	Military	Negative action
Armageddon	Attack	Negative action
Armament	Military	Negative action
Armi	Military	Negative action
Armistic	International	Positive action
Army	Military	Negative action
Aros	Move	Positive action
Around	Space	Passive
Arous	Approach	Positive action
Arousal	Move	Positive action
Arrang	Guide	Positive action
Arrangement	Space	Positive action
Arrest	Control	Negative action
Arriv	Approach	Positive action
Arrival	Approach	Positive action
Arroganc	Hatred	Negative action
Arsenal	Military	Negative action
Art	Ignorance	Distribution
Articulat	Communicate	Positive action
Artisan	Group	Parochial
Artist	Ignorance	Distribution
Artistic	Ignorance	Distribution
Asamankese	Tribalism	Parochial
Asantenan-council	Tribalism	Parochial
Asanwinso	Tribalism	Parochial

Ascend	Initiate action	Positive action
Ascendancy	Progress	Positive action
Ascendant	Progress	Positive action
Ascertain	Think	Passive
Asham	Distress	Negative action
Ashanti	Tribalism	Parochial
Asid	Space	Passive
Ask	Communicate	Passive
Aspect	Think	Passive
Aspir	Wish	Positive action
Aspirat	Progress	Positive action
Assail	Opposition	Negative action
Assasinat	Opposition	Negative action
Assault	Attack	Negative action
Assemb	Legislature	Participation
Assembl	Legislature	Participation
Assembli	Legislature	Participation
Assent	Approve	Participation
Assert	Initiate action	Participation
Assertiv	Control	Negative action
Asses	Finance	Positive action
Assessment	Think	Positive action
Asset	Finance	Positive action
Assign	Control	Positive action
Assignment	Approach	Positive action
Assimilat	Combine	Positive action
Assin-foso	Tribalism	Parochial
Assist	Guide	Positive action
Assistanc	Guide	Positive action
Associat	Combine	Positive action
Assum	Think	Passive
Assumpt	Think	Passive
Assur	Guide	Positive action
Assuranc	Guide	Positive action
Asylum	Health	Distribution
Ate	Possess	Positive action
Atlantic-alliance	West	Passive
Atmospher	Space	Passive
Atomic	International	Passive
Attach	Combine	Positive action
Attachment	Approve	Positive action
Attack	Attack	Negative action
Attain	Get	Legitimacy
Attainabl	Get	Legitimacy
Attainment	Get	Legitimacy
Attempt	Initiate action	Positive action
Attend	Sense	Participation
Attent	Sense	Participation
Attitud	Think	Passive
Attract	Guide	Positive action
Attractiv	Approve	Positive action
Attribut	Structure	Positive action

Audacious	Vital	Negative action
Audienc	They	Participation
Audit	Finance	Positive action
Auditor-general	Government	Penetration
Augment	Approach	Positive action
Augmentat	Approach	Positive action
Australia	West	Passive
Austria	West	Passive
Authentic	Regular	Integration
Authentical	Regular	Integration
Authenticity	Regular	Integration
Authoritarian	Control	Negative action
Authoriti	Government	Legitimacy
Authoriz	Government	Legitimacy
Authority	Government	Legitimacy
Automatic	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Automobil	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Autonomou	Freedom	Legitimacy
Autonomy	Freedom	Legitimacy
Autumn	Past	Passive
Auxillaries-of-public-service		
	Government	Penetration
Availabl	Quantity	Positive action
Average	Quantity	Positive action
Avoid	Avoid	Negative action
Avoidanc	Avoid	Negative action
Avow	Communicate	Positive action
Avowal	Communicate	Positive action
Await	Initiate action	Passive
Awak	Approach	Passive
Awaken	Approach	Positive action
Awar	Sense	Passive
Awarenes	Sense	Passive
Away	Space	Passive
Awful	Bad	Negative action
Awhil	Present	Passive
Awkward	Incompetence	Negative action
Awok	Move	Passive
Baby	Health	Passive
Back	Space	Passive
Backward	Past	Negative action
Backwardnes	History	Parochial
Bad	Bad	Negative action
Badly	Bad	Negative action
Baffled	Incompetence	Negative action
Baga	Tribalism	Parochial
Balanc	Structure	Passive
Balance-sheet	Economic	Econ. develop.
Balkan	Divide	Negative action
Balkanizat	Divide	Negative action
Balkanization	Divide	Parochial
Ballet	Ignorance	Distribution

Ballistic	Military	Negative action
Ballot	Democracy	Legitimacy
Bamako	Tribalism	Parochial
Ban	Expel	Negative action
Band	Group	Parochial
Bandung	Neutral	Parochial
Bank	Finance	Econ. develop.
Baolule	Tribalism	Parochial
Bar	Control	Negative action
Baram-bakie	Tribalism	Parochial
Bargain	Initiate action	Positive action
Barrier	Obstacle	Parochial
Bas	Cause	Passive
Basi	Cause	Passive
Basic	Cause	Passive
Basical	Cause	Passive
Basis	Cause	Passive
Battl	Attack	Negative action
Battlefield	Military	Negative action
Bauxite	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Beacon	Glorious	Integration
Bear	Danger theme	Negative action
Beast	Danger theme	Negative action
Beat	Move	Negative action
Beaten	Control	Negative action
Beautiful	Positive	Positive action
Beauty	Positive	Positive action
Becam	Past	Integration
Becom	Present	Positive action
Becaus	Cause	Positive action
Bechuanaland	Africa	Passive
Befor	Past	Passive
Began	Past	Positive action
Begin	Initiate action	Positive action
Begun	Past	Positive action
Behalf	Guide	Positive action
Behav	Move	Positive action
Behavior	Move	Positive action
Behind	Space	Passive
Bekima	Tribalism	Parochial
Belgian	Imperialism	Passive
Belgian-congo	Imperialism	Passive
Belgium	West	Passive
Belief	Cause	Positive action
Believ	Think	Positive action
Belittl	Attack	Negative action
Belligerent	Attack	Negative action
Belong	Possess	Legitimacy
Belov	Positive	Positive action
Bend	Control	Positive action
Beneficial	Progress	Positive action
Benefit	Progress	Positive action

Bent	Control	Positive action
Berat	Opposition	Negative action
Besid	Space	Passive
Best	Positive	Positive action
Bestow	Status	Positive action
Betray	Attack	Negative action
Betrayal	Opposition	Negative action
Betrayer	Opposition	Negative action
Better	Positive	Positive action
Betterment	Progress	Positive action
Between	Space	Passive
Beyond	Space	Passive
Bid	Initiate action	Passive
Big	Quantity	Passive
Bights-of-benim	Tribalism	Parochial
Bigotry	Race	Negative action
Bil	Government	Participation
Bilateral	International	Legitimacy
Bill	Government	Participation
Bills	Government	Participation
Billion	Finance	Econ. develop.
Bimbila	Divide	Parochial
Bind	Control	Positive action
Bipartisan	Political	Participation
Bipartisanship	Political	Participation
Birth	Health	Positive action
Bit	Attack	Passive
Bitten	Distress	Passive
Bitter	Bad	Negative action
Bl	Distress	Negative action
Black	Race	Negative action
Black-africa	Race	Passive
Blam	Attack	Negative action
Blast	Attack	Negative action
Blaz	Danger theme	Negative action
Ble	Distress	Negative action
Bles	Approve	Positive action
Blew	Expel	Positive action
Blood	Death theme	Parochial
Blow	Expel	Positive action
Blind	Health	Negative action
Bloc	International	Legitimacy
Block	Obstacle	Negative action
Bloom	Progress	Positive action
Blossom	Progress	Positive action
Board	Government	Distribution
Boast	Communicate	Positive action
Bobikuma	Tribalism	Parochial
Bodi	Group	
Body	Individual	
Boil	Hatred	Negative action
Bolivia	West	

Bomb	International	Negative action
Bon	Death theme	
Bond	Unity	Integration
Bondag	Status	Negative action
Book	Ignorance	Distribution
Boost	Approve	Positive action
Bor	Incompetence	Negative action
Border	Government	Legitimacy
Born	Past	Parochial
Borrow	Get	Negative action
Borrower	Status	Negative action
Both	Quantity	
Bother	Attack	Negative action
Bottom	Space	Negative action
Bought	Get	
Bound	Control	Negative action
Boundari	Government	Legitimacy
Boundary	Government	Legitimacy
Bountiful	Progress	Positive action
Bounty	Progress	Positive action
Bourgeois	Class	Parochial
Bourgeoisie	Class	Parochial
Boy	Individual	Negative action
Bpn	Party	Participation
Br	Get	Parochial
Brang	Get	Positive action
Branch	Party	Participation
Brav	Glorious	Positive action
Bravery	Glorious	Positive action
Brazil	West	
Breach	Divide	Negative action
Bread	Social welfare	Econ. develop.
Break	Move	Negative action
Breakdown	Incompetence	Negative action
Break-through	Progress	Positive action
Breath	Move	Distribution
Breath-taking	Glorious	Positive action
Brib	Corruption	Negative action
Bribery	Corruption	Negative action
Brid	Ignorance	Distribution
Brief	Present	
Bright	Glorious	Positive action
Brilliant	Glorious	Positive action
Bring	Move	Positive action
Britain	Britain	Negative action
British	Britain	Negative action
British-cameroon	Africa	
Broad	Quantity	
Broadcast	Ignorance	Distribution
Broaden	Progress	Positive action
Broader	Progress	Positive action
Broadest	Progress	Positive action

Broadly	Space	Positive action
Brok	Move	Negative action
Broken	Move	Negative action
Brother	Unity	Integration
Brotherhood	Unity	Integration
Brought	Get	Positive action
Brutal	Bad	Negative action
Budget	Government	Penetration
Budgetary	Government	Penetration
Build	Progress	Positive action
Builder	Progress	Positive action
Building-up	Progress	Positive action
Built	Progress	Positive action
Bulgaria	East	
Bully	Imperialism	Negative action
Bumbl	Incompetence	Negative action
Bunch	Group	
Bungl	Incompetence	Negative action
Burden	Distress	Negative action
Bureau	Government	Penetration
Bureaucracy	Government	Penetration
Bureaucratic	Government	Penetration
Buri	Death theme	Negative action
Burial	Death theme	Negative action
Burma	Neutral	
Burn	Hatred	Negative action
Burnt	Distress	Negative action
Burst	Danger theme	Negative action
Bury	Death theme	Negative action
Burundi	Africa	Legitimacy
Busines	Economic	Distribution
Businessman	Economic	Distribution
Businessmen	Economic	Distribution
Butter	Agriculture	Econ. develop.
Buy	Get	Positive action
Buyer	Economic	Positive action
Cabinet	Executive	Participation
Cadre	Party	Participation
Cadres	Party	Participation
Cag	Danger theme	Negative action
Cal	Communicate	
Calculat	Think.	Passive
Call	Initiate action	Passive
Cam	Move	Positive action
Cameroon	Africa	
Cameroons	Africa	
Cameroun	Africa	
Camouflag	Defense-mech.	Negative action
Campaign	Political	Participation
Canada	West	
Candid	Regular	Positive action
Candidat	Party	Participation

Candidatur	Political	Participation
Cannot	Not	Negative action
Capabiliti	Quantity	Positive action
Capability	Quantity	Positive action
Capabl	Quantity	Positive action
Capaciti	Quantity	Positive action
Capacity	Quantity	Positive action
Capital	Finance	Econ. develop.
Capitalism	Imperialism	Econ. develop.
Capitalist	Imperialism	Econ. develop.
Capitalistic	Imperialism	Econ. develop.
Capitol	Nationalism	Legitimacy
Captain	Military	
Captiv	Status	Negative action
Captur	Get	Negative action
Car	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Card	Class	Participation
Care	Guide	Positive action
Career	Government	
Careful	Guide	Positive action
Careles	Incompetence	Negative action
Carelessnes	Incompetence	Negative action
Carri	Progress	Positive action
Carry	Move	Positive action
Cartel	Corruption	Negative action
Cash	Finance	Positive action
Cast	Expel	
Catch	Get	Positive action
Categori	Structure	
Catholic	Ignorance	
Cattl	Agriculture	Econ. develop.
Caught	Get	Positive action
Caus	Cause	Positive action
Cautiou	Guide	Positive action
Ceas	Avoid	Negative action
Celebrat	Pleasure	Positive action
Cement	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Censor	Avoid	
Censorship	Avoid	Negative action
Cent	Quantity	Distribution
Center	Space	Integration
Central	Space	Integration
Central-african-republic	Africa	
Centralism	Government	Integration
Centralist	Government	Integration
Centraliz	Government	Integration
Centralizat	Government	Integration
Centuries	Past	
Century	Past	
Ceremoni	Tribalism	Parochial
Ceremonial	Tribalism	Parochial
Ceremony	Tribalism	Parochial

Certain	Very	Positive action
Cessat	Avoid	Negative action
Ceylon	West	
Cgta	Industrial	Participation
Chad	Africa	
Chain	Danger theme	Negative action
Chairman	Government	Participation
Chairmen	Government	Penetration
Challeng	Initiate action	
Champion	Glorious	Positive action
Chanc	If	
Chancellor	Government	Participation
Chang	Approach	Positive action
Channel	Control	Positive action
Chaos	Bad	
Character	Structure	
Characteristic	Structure	
Characteriz	Think	Positive action
Charg	Get	
Charitabl	Social welfare	Positive action
Chapter	Party	Participation
Charter	Government	Participation
Charm	Positive	Positive action
Chas	Move	
Chauvenism	Nationalism	Legitimacy
Chauvinism	Nationalism	Negative action
Cheap	Bad	Distribution
Cheaper	Finance	Distribution
Check	Guide	Positive action
Cheer	Pleasure	Positive action
Cheerful	Pleasure	Positive action
Cherish	Positive	Positive action
Chicanery	Corruption	Negative action
Chief	Tribalism	Parochial
Chiefdom	Tribalism	Parochial
Chiefs-of-circumscription	Tribalism	Parochial
Child	Status	
Childhood	Status	Distribution
Childlik	Status	Distribution
Childish	Status	Distribution
Children	Status	Distribution
Chile	West	
China	East	
Chines	East	
Chinese-communist	East	
Choic	Think	Passive
Chocs	Get	Positive action
Chos	Get	Positive action
Chosen	Get	Participation
Christ	Ignorance	
Christian	Ignorance	
Christianity	Ignorance	

Christma	Ignorance	
Church	Ignorance	
Circulat	Approach	Penetration
Circumstanc	If	Passive
Cit	Communicate	Econ. develop.
Citi	Urbanization	Econ. develop.
Citizen	Political	Legitimacy
Citizenship	Political	Legitimacy
City	Urbanization	Econ. develop.
Civic	Political	Integration
Civil	Government	Legitimacy
Civilian	Political	Integration
Civiliz	Progress	Positive action
Civilizat	Progress	Positive action
Civilization	Progress	Positive action
Civil-servant	Urbanization	Penetration
Claim	Initiate action	
Clan	Tribalism	Parochial
Clarifi	Communicate	Positive action
Clarificat	Communicate	Positive action
Clarify	Communicate	Positive action
Clash	Attack	Negative action
Clas	Class	Parochial
Classic	Past	
Classifi	Structure	Passive
Classify	Think	
Classroom	Ignorance	Distribution
Clean	Positive	Positive action
Clear	Freedom	Positive action
Clerk	Government	Penetration
Clever	Competence	Positive action
Client-state	Imperialism	Negative action
Climb	Initiate action	Positive action
Clinic	Health	Distribution
Clinical	Health	Distribution
Cliqu	Opposition	Negative action
Clock	Present	
Clos	Space	Negative action
Closenes	Approach	
Closer	Approach	
Closur	Legislature	Legitimacy
Cloth	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Club	Group	Parochial
Clumsy	Incompetence	Negative action
Cnr	Political	Participation
Coal	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Coalit	Combine	Legitimacy
Coars	Bad	Negative action
Coastal-guinea	Local	Parochial
Cobalt	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Cocoa	Agriculture	Econ. develop.
Coexistence	International	Legitimacy

Cocoa-marketing-board	Agriculture	Econ. develop.
Coffe	Agriculture	Econ. develop.
Coffee	Agriculture	Econ. develop.
Cohes	Unity	Integration
Cohesiv	Unity	Integration
Cohesiveness	Unity	Integration
Coin	Finance	Econ. develop.
Cold-war	International	Legitimacy
Collaborat	Combine	Legitimacy
Collaps	Bad	Negative action
Collateral	Finance	Econ. develop.
Collect	Get	Positive action
Collectiv	Unity	Integration
Collectivist	Combine	Integration
Collective-bargain	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Collective-defens	Military	Legitimacy
Collectivism	Unity	Legitimacy
Collectiviti	Unity	Integration
Collectivity	Unity	Legitimacy
Colleg	Ignorance	Distribution
Collusion	Corruption	
Colombia	West	
Colonel	Military	
Coloni	Imperialism	Negative action
Colonial	Imperialism	Negative action
Colonialist	Imperialism	Negative action
Colonialism	Imperialism	Negative action
Colonist	Imperialism	Negative action
Colonial-office	Imperialism	Negative action
Coloniz	Imperialism	Negative action
Colonizat	Imperialism	Negative action
Colonizer	Imperialism	Negative action
Colony	Imperialism	Negative action
Color	Race	
Colour	Race	
Columbia	West	
Com	Move	Positive action
Combat	Attack	Negative action
Combin	Combine	Positive action
Combinat	Combine	Positive action
Combust	Industrial	
Comfort	Pleasure	Positive action
Comfortabl	Pleasure	Positive action
Command	Control	Positive action
Commander	Military	
Commander-in-chief	Military	Participation
Commenc	Initiate action	Positive action
Commend	Approve	Positive action
Comment	Communicate	Positive action
Commerc	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Commercial	Economic	Econ. develop.
Commiss	Government	Penetration

Commissioner	Government	Penetration
Commit	Initiate action	Negative action
Commitment	Government	Positive action
Committe	Government	Participation
Committed	Very	Positive action
Common	Unity	Passive
Commoditi	Economic	Econ. develop.
Commodity	Economic	Econ. develop.
Commonly	Unity	
Common-market	Industrial	
Commonwealth	Britain	
Communal	Unity	Integration
Commune	Group	Parochial
Communes	Unity	Integration
Communicat	Communicate	Passive
Communiqu	Political	Passive
Communism	East	
Communist	East	
Communistic	East	
Communiti	Unity	Integration
Community	Unity	Integration
Compan	Military	Parochial
Compani	Military	Parochial
Companionship	Approve	Parochial
Company	Military	Parochial
Compar	Think	Positive action
Comparable	Think	Positive action
Comparison	Think	Positive action
Comparitiv	Competence	Positive action
Compatibl	Competence	Positive action
Compatriot	Nationalism	Participation
Compel	Control	Negative action
Competenc	Competence	Positive action
Competit	Initiate action	
Competitor	Opposition	
Competent	Competence	Positive action
Competitiv	Opposition	
Compensat	Finance	Distribution
Compet	Initiate action	
Complain	Distress	Negative action
Complet	Quantity	Positive action
Complianc	Status	Positive action
Complex	Structure	
Component	Structure	
Compos	Think	Passive
Comprehend	Think	Passive
Comprehensiv	Competence	Legitimacy
Compromis	Combine	Participation
Compulsiv	Incompetence	Negative action
Comrad	Party	Participation
Comradship	Party	Participation
Comradeship	Party	Participation

Con	Bad	Negative action
Conakry	Guinea	Legitimacy
Conceal	Avoid	
Concealment	Corruption	
Conceiv	Think	Passive
Concentrat	Think	Passive
Concept	Think	Passive
Concern	Think	Passive
Concess	Status	Positive action
Conciliat	Government	Integration
Conclud	Get	Positive action
Conclus	Death theme	Positive action
Concord	Unity	Integration
Concret	Regular	
Concur	Combine	Passive
Condemn	Attack	Negative action
Condemnat	Hatred	Negative action
Condit	If	Passive
Conditional	If	
Condon	Approve	Positive action
Conduct	Guide	Positive action
Confederat	Political	Legitimacy
Confer	Political	Participation
Conferenc	Political	Participation
Confes	Status	Positive action
Confidenc	Approve	Positive action
Confident	Competence	Positive action
Confirm	Communicate	Passive
Conflict	Distress	Negative action
Confiscat	Attack	Negative action
Conform	Status	
Conformist	Incompetence	Negative action
Conformity	Status	
Confront	Communicate	Positive action
Confrontat	Communicate	Positive action
Confus	Distress	Negative action
Confused	Incompetence	Negative action
Confusion	Incompetence	Negative action
Congenial	Bad	Positive action
Congo	Africa	
Congolese	Africa	
Congratulat	Glorious	Positive action
Congres	Legislature	Participation
Congressional	Legislature	Participation
Connect	Approach	Positive action
Conquer	Attack	
Conquest	Imperialism	
Conscience	Dught	Passive
Consciou	Sense	Passive
Consciousnes	Think	Passive
Consensu	Unity	Integration
Consent	Approve	Passive

Consequenc	Cause	Passive
Consequent	Future	Passive
Conserv	Future	Positive action
Conservat	Possess	Positive action
Conservatism	Political	
Conservativ	Political	
Consider	Think	Passive
Considerabl	Very	
Considerat	Think	Positive action
Consist	Equal	Positive action
Consistent	Competence	Positive action
Consolidat	Combine	Integration
Conspiraci	Opposition	Negative action
Conspiracy	Opposition	Negative action
Constant	Competence	Positive action
Constituenci	Political	Participation
Constituency	Political	Participation
Constituent	Political	Participation
Constitut	Government	Participation
Constitution	Government	Legitimacy
Constitutional	Government	Legitimacy
Constitutiv	Government	Participation
Constraint	Obstacle	Negative action
Constru	Think	Passive
Construct	Progress	Positive action
Constructiv	Progress	Positive action
Consult	Government	Passive
Consultat	Government	Passive
Consum	Economic	Positive action
Consumer	Economic	Distribution
Consumer-cooperatives	Economic	Distribution
Consumer-cooperative-societies		
	Economic	Distribution
Consumpt	Economic	Distribution
Contact	Approach	Positive action
Contain	Possess	Positive action
Contemplat	Think	Passive
Contemplati	Think	Passive
Contemporaneous	Present	
Contemptuous	Hatred	Negative action
Contempt	Corruption	Negative action
Content	Communicate	Positive action
Contest	Opposition	Positive action
Context	Communicate	
Continent	Africa	Legitimacy
Continental	Africa	Legitimacy
Continent-wide	Africa	Legitimacy
Continu	Future	Positive action
Continual	Future	Positive action
Continuanc	Future	Positive action
Continuat	Future	Positive action
Continuity	Future	Integration

Continuou	Future	Positive action
Continuous	Future	Positive action
Contract	Combine	
Contractual	Combine	
Contradict	Incompetence	Negative action
Contrary	Opposition	Negative action
Contrast	Think	
Contribut	Progress	Positive action
Contributor	Individual	Positive action
Contriv	Initiate action	Positive action
Control	Control	Positive action
Convenienc	Positive	Distribution
Convenient	Positive	Distribution
Convention	Party	Integration
Convention-people	Party	Participation
Convention-peoples-party	Party	Participation
Convers	Communicate	Passive
Conversat	Communicate	Passive
Convert	Initiate action	Positive action
Convey	Move	Positive action
Convict	Think	Negative action
Conviction	Think	Positive action
Convinc	Communicate	Positive action
Cooperat	Combine	Positive action
Cooperation	Combine	Positive action
Cooperativ	Combine	Distribution
Coordinat	Combine	Positive action
Cop	Government	Positive action
Copi	Status	
Copper	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Copy	Status	
Cordial	Positive	Positive action
Corn	Agriculture	Econ. develop.
Corner	Space	
Corp	Military	Participation
Corporat	Combine	Econ. develop.
Corpse	Death theme	
Correct	Positive	Positive action
Correctnes	Positive	Positive action
Correspondent	Communicate	
Corrupt	Corruption	Negative action
Corrupter	Corruption	Negative action
Cost	Finance	Distribution
Costa-rica	West	
Cottag	Tribalism	Parochial
Cotton	Agriculture	Econ. develop.
Could	Approach	Passive
Council	Government	Participation
Councillor	Government	Legitimacy
Council-of-notables	Tribalism	Parochial
Council-of-villages	Tribalism	Parochial
Counsel	Guide	Participation

Count	Move	Passive
Counterbalanc	International	Passive
Counterattack	Attack	Negative action
Counter-attack	Attack	Negative action
Counter-revolution	Opposition	Negative action
Counter-revolutionaries	Opposition	Negative action
Counter-revolutionary	Opposition	Negative action
Countries	International	Legitimacy
Country	Nationalism	Legitimacy
Countrymen	Nationalism	Legitimacy
Countrysid	Local	Parochial
Country-wid	Nationalism	Integration
County	Government	Parochial
Coup-d-etats	Opposition	Negative action
Coupl	Combine	
Courag	Glorious	Positive action
Courageou	Glorious	Positive action
Courageous	Glorious	Positive action
Cours	Structure	
Court	Judicial	Penetration
Cousin	Individual	Parochial
Covenant	International	Legitimacy
Cover	Guide	Positive action
Cow	Agriculture	Econ. develop.
Cpp	Party	Participation
Crack	Space	
Crafts	Tribalism	Econ. develop.
Craftsman	Tribalism	Econ. develop.
Craftsmen	Tribalism	Econ. develop.
Crash	Distress	Negative action
Crash-program	Progress	Econ. develop.
Crawl	Move	
Crazy	Incompetence	Negative action
Creat	Think	Positive action
Creativ	Think	Positive action
Creator	Think	Positive action
Credit	Finance	Econ. develop.
Creed	Cause	
Crept	Move	
Cri	Distress	Negative action
Crim	Corruption	Negative action
Criminal	Opposition	Negative action
Cripppl	Health	Negative action
Cris	Danger theme	Negative action
Crisi	Danger theme	Negative action
Critic	Opposition	
Critical	Attack	
Criticism	Attack	Negative action
Criticiz	Attack	Negative action
Crowd	Group	
Crown	Britain	
Crop	Agriculture	Econ. develop.

Crucial	Vital	Positive action
Crude	Bad	Negative action
Cruel	Attack	Negative action
Crusad	Approve	Positive action
Crush	Death theme	Negative action
Cry	Distress	Negative action
Cuba	East	
Culminat	Glorious	Positive action
Cultivat	Agriculture	Econ. develop.
Cultur	History	Parochial
Cultural	History	Parochial
Cur	Health	Positive action
Curb	Obstacle	
Curiou	Think	
Curiosity	Think	
Currency	Finance	Econ. develop.
Current	Present	
Curs	Attack	Negative action
Curv	Space	
Custom	Tribalism	Parochial
Customary	History	Parochial
Customer	Economic	Econ. develop.
Cut	Attack	
Czech	East	
Czechoslovakia	East	
Dahomey	Africa	
Daily	Present	
Damag	Attack	Negative action
Damn	Attack	Negative action
Danc	Ignorance	Distribution
Danger	Danger theme	Negative action
Dangerou	Danger theme	Negative action
Dar	Initiate action	Negative action
Dare	Initiate action	Negative action
Dark	Death theme	Negative action
Darknes	Death theme	Negative action
Dash	Move	Negative action
Dat	Present	
Daughter	Individual	Parochial
Dawn	Present	Positive action
Day	Present	Positive action
De	Initiate action	Positive action
Dead	Death theme	
Deadlock	Political	Negative action
Deadly	Hatred	Negative action
Deal	Communicate	Positive action
Dealt	Communicate	Positive action
Dear	Positive	Positive action
Death	Death theme	
Debat	Legislature	Participation
Debatabl	Party	Participation
Debauchery	Corruption	Negative action

Debt	Finance	Econ. develop.
Debtor	Finance	Econ. develop.
Decad	Present	
Decadent	Corruption	Negative action
Decay	Death theme	Negative action
Deceit	Corruption	Negative action
Deceiv	Bad	Negative action
Deceiver	Opposition	Negative action
Decent	Positive	Positive action
Decentraliz	Local	Parochial
Decentralizat	Local	Parochial
Decept	Opposition	Negative action
Decid	Think	Passive
Decis	Control	Passive
Decisiv	Positive	Passive
Declar	Communicate	Passive
Declarat	Political	Passive
Declin	Distress	Passive
Decolonization	Imperialism	Positive action
Decolonize	Imperialism	Positive action
Decre	Government	Penetration
Decreas	Control	Negative action
Dedicat	Competence	Passive
Deep	Space	
Deepen	Space	
Deeper	Space	
Defeat	Attack	Negative action
Defect	Incompetence	Negative action
Defectiv	Incompetence	Negative action
Defenc	Defense-mech.	Positive action
Defend	Defense-mech.	Legitimacy
Defender	Party	Legitimacy
Defens	Military	Legitimacy
Defensiv	Avoid	Legitimacy
Deficienci	Incompetence	Negative action
Deficiency	Incompetence	Negative action
Deficient	Incompetence	Negative action
Deficit	Finance	Econ. develop.
Defin	Think	Passive
Definit	Think	Passive
Defray	Finance	Distribution
Degaulle	France	
De-gaulle	France	
Degenerat	Bad	Negative action
Degrad	Status	Negative action
Degre	Quantity	Distribution
Deject	Distress	Negative action
Delay	Corruption	Negative action
Delegat	Government	Participation
Delegation	Government	Participation
Delegations	Government	Participation
Deliberat	Competence	

Delicat	Positive	Positive action
Delight	Pleasure	Positive action
Delightful	Pleasure	Positive action
Delinquent	Corruption	Negative action
Deliver	Progress	Positive action
Delus	Corruption	Negative action
Delinquency	Incompetence	Negative action
Demand	Communicate	Negative action
Demobiliz	Initiate action	
Demobilizat	Initiate action	
Democracy	Democracy	Participation
Democrat	Democracy	Participation
Democratic	Democracy	Participation
Democratical	Democracy	Participation
Democraticat	Democracy	Participation
Democratic-party-of-guinea	Party	Participation
Democratiz	Democracy	Participation
Demonstrat	Communicate	Positive action
Deni	Avoid	Negative action
Denial	Defense-mech.	Negative action
Denmark	West	
Denolunc	Opposition	Parochial
Denounc	Attack	Negative action
Denunciat	Opposition	Negative action
Deny	Avoid	Negative action
Depart	Avoid	Negative action
Department	Government	Penetration
Departmental	Government	Distribution
Depend	Status	Negative action
Dependabl	Competence	Positive action
Dependenc	Status	Negative action
Dependency	Status	Negative action
Dependent	Status	Negative action
Depersonalization	Mass	Participation
Deplet	Economic	Negative action
Deplor	Bad	Negative action
Deposit	Finance	Econ. develop.
Depress	Distress	Negative action
Depressed	Distress	Negative action
Depth	Space	
Deputi	Government	Penetration
Deputy	Executive	Penetration
Depreciat	Finance	Negative action
Depriv	Status	Negative action
Deprivat	Status	Negative action
Descend	Move	Negative action
Descendant	History	Parochial
Describ	Communicate	Passive
Description	Communicate	Passive
Desert	Opposition	
Deserv	Approve	Positive action
Design	Guide	Positive action

Desir	Wish	Passive
Desirabl	Wish	Passive
Desk	Government	Penetration
Despair	Distress	Negative action
Desperat	Distress	Negative action
Despis	Hatred	Negative action
Despondency	Distress	Negative action
Despondent	Distress	Negative action
Despot	Hatred	Negative action
Despotism	Hatred	Negative action
Destin	Future	Positive action
Destini	Future	Positive action
Destiny	Future	Positive action
Destroy	Attack	Negative action
Destruct	Attack	Negative action
Destructiv	Opposition	Negative action
Detach	Avoid	Negative action
Detail	Very	
Detect	Think	Positive action
Deter	Attack	Negative action
Deteriorat	Bad	Negative action
Determin	Think	Positive action
Determinat	Cause	Legitimacy
Deterr	Attack	Negative action
Deterrenc	Attack	Negative action
Deterrent	Attack	Negative action
Detest	Hatred	Negative action
Detractor	Opposition	Negative action
Develop	Progress	Positive action
Development-secretariat	Social welfare	Penetration
Developing	Progress	Positive action
Development	Progress	Positive action
Deviat	Corruption	Negative action
Deviant	Bad	Negative action
Devic	Structure	
Devil	Opposition	Negative action
Devis	Think	Passive
Devolv	Progress	Passive
Devot	Government	Positive action
Di	Death theme	Negative action
Diamond	Economic	Econ. develop.
Dictat	Control	Positive action
Dictator	Corruption	Negative action
Dictatorship	Corruption	Negative action
Did	Move	Positive action
Differ	Not	Passive
Differenc	Not	Passive
Different	Not	Passive
Differentiat	Think	Passive
Difficult	Distress	Negative action
Difficulti	Avoid	Negative action
Difficulty	Avoid	Negative action

Dig	Initiate action	
Dignity	Freedom	Legitimacy
Dilemmas	Think	Negative action
Dimens	Structure	
Dioula	Tribalism	Parochial
Diploma	Ignorance	Distribution
Diplomacy	International	Legitimacy
Diplomatic	International	Legitimacy
Direct	Control	Positive action
Directiv	Government	Positive action
Director	Executive	Penetration
Dirty	Hatred	Negative action
Disabl	Health	Negative action
Disaccord	Divide	Negative action
Disadvantag	Status	Negative action
Disagre	Communicate	Negative action
Disagreement	Opposition	Negative action
Disappcint	Distress	Negative action
Disappear	Avoid	Negative action
Disappointing	Distress	Negative action
Disappointment	Distress	Negative action
Disapprov	Attack	Negative action
Disapproval	Attack	Negative action
Disarm	International	Positive action
Disarmament	International	Positive action
Disaster	Distress	Negative action
Disavow	Opposition	Negative action
Discharg	Expel	Negative action
Disciplin	Competence	Integration
Disclosur	Communicate	Negative action
Discomfort	Distress	Negative action
Discord	Divide	Negative action
Discourag	Distress	Negative action
Discover	Think	Passive
Discoveri	Approach	Positive action
Discovery	Think	Positive action
Discredit	Bad	Negative action
Discriminat	Race	Negative action
Discriminatory	Race	Negative action
Discus	Communicate	Passive
Discuss	Communicate	Passive
Disgust	Distress	Negative action
Diseas	Health	Negative action
Disharmony	Divide	Negative action
Dishearten	Distress	Negative action
Dishonesty	Corruption	Negative action
Dishonor	Distress	Negative action
Disillusionment	Distress	Negative action
Disintegrat	Divide	Negative action
Dislik	Hatred	Negative action
Disloyalty	Corruption	Negative action
Dismal	Bad	Negative action

Disorder	Incompetence	Negative action
Disorganiz	Divide	Negative action
Disorganized	Incompetence	Negative action
Dispel	Expel	Negative action
Displac	Defense-mech.	Negative action
Displacement	Defense-mech.	Negative action
Display	Communicate	Negative action
Displeas	Hatred	Negative action
Dispos	Expel	Negative action
Disposal	Expel	Negative action
Disposit	Move	Negative action
Disprov	Attack	Negative action
Disput	Attack	Negative action
Disregard	Avoid	Negative action
Disrupt	Opposition	Negative action
Disruptiv	Opposition	Negative action
Dissatisfi	Opposition	Negative action
Dissatisfied	Opposition	Econ. develop.
Dissens	Opposition	Integration
Distanc	Space	
Distant	Space	
Distinct	Think	
Distinguish	Think	Positive action
Distinguished	Glorious	Positive action
Distort	Corruption	Negative action
Distres	Distress	Negative action
Distribut	Economic	Distribution
District	Local	Parochial
Distrust	Hatred	Negative action
Disturb	Distress	Negative action
Disturbanc	Distress	Negative action
Disunion	Divide	Negative action
Disunit	Divide	Negative action
Disunity	Divide	Negative action
Divers	Regular	
Diversificat	Industrial	
Diversity	Regular	
Divert	Move	
Divid	Divide	Negative action
Divin	Glorious	Positive action
Divis	Divide	Passive
Divorc	Expel	
Do	Move	Positive action
Doctor	Health	Distribution
Doctrin	Cause	Passive
Does	Move	Positive action
Dogma	Cause	Passive
Dogmatism	Cause	Passive
Dollar	Finance	Econ. develop.
Domestic	Nationalism	Integration
Dominanc	Control	
Dominant	Control	

Dominat	Control	
Don	Death theme	Positive action
Doubl	Quantity	Positive action
Doubt	Think	Negative action
Doubtful	Not	Negative action
Down	Space	Negative action
Draft	Initiate action	Participation
Drag	Avoid	Negative action
Drain	Expel	Negative action
Drama	Ignorance	Distribution
Drank	Possess	Distribution
Drastic	Quantity	Negative action
Drastical	Very	Negative action
Draw	Move	Distribution
Drawn	Progress	Distribution
Dread	Distress	Negative action
Dreadful	Bad	Negative action
Dream	Wish	Passive
Dreamt	Wish	Passive
Drew	Progress	Positive action
Drift	Move	Passive
Drink	Possess	Distribution
Driv	Move	Positive action
Driven	Move	Positive action
Drop	Expel	Negative action
Drown	Death theme	Negative action
Drov	Move	Positive action
Drum	Tribalism	Parochial
Drumbeat	Tribalism	Parochial
Drunk	Possess	Negative action
Drunken	Corruption	Negative action
Du	Ought	Econ. develop.
Dull	Incompetence	Negative action
Dumb	Incompetence	Negative action
Dur	Present	
Durabl	Competence	Positive action
Dust	Death theme	Negative action
Duti	Ought	Legitimacy
Dutiful	Ought	Legitimacy
Duty	Ought	Legitimacy
Dwel	Move	Parochial
Dy	Death theme	
Dynamic	Progress	Positive action
Dynamism	Progress	Positive action
Each	Quantity	
Eager	Wish	Positive action
Earlier	Past	Positive action
Earliest	Past	Positive action
Early	Past	Positive action
Earn	Economic	Distribution
Earner	Economic	Distribution
Earnest	Positive	Positive action

Earth	Agriculture	Econ. develop.
Eas	Pleasure	Positive action
East	East	
East-berlin	East	
East-germany	East	
Eastern	East	
Eastern-europe	East	
Eat	Possess	Distribution
Eaten	Possess	Distribution
Echo	Communicate	
Ecole-normal	Ignorance	Distribution
Economi	Economic	Econ. develop.
Economic	Economic	Econ. develop.
Economical	Economic	Econ. develop.
Economist	Economic	Econ. develop.
Economy	Economic	Econ. develop.
Ecuador	West	
Edg	Space	
Editor	Ignorance	Distribution
Editorial	Ignorance	Distribution
Educat	Ignorance	Distribution
Educational	Ignorance	Distribution
Educator	Ignorance	Distribution
Eec	West	
Effect	Cause	
Effectiv	Quantity	Positive action
Effectual	Approve	Positive action
Effectuat	Approve	Positive action
Efficaciou	Competence	Positive action
Efficacy	Competence	Positive action
Efficiency	Competence	Positive action
Efficient	Competence	Positive action
Effort	Initiate action	
Egalitarian	Freedom	Participation
Egg	Agriculture	
Egocentric	Individual	Negative action
Egoism	Individual	Negative action
Egoistic	Individual	Negative action
Egypt	Neutral	
Egyptian	Neutral	
Either	If	
Elaborat	Very	Negative action
Elat	Glorious	Positive action
Elder	Tribalism	Parochial
Elect	Democracy	Participation
Electiv	Political	Participation
Elective	Political	Participation
Elector	Democracy	Participation
Electoral	Democracy	Participation
Electorat	Political	Participation
Electric	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Electrical	Industrial	Econ. develop.

Electrificat	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Electricity	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Element	Think	
Elephant	Agriculture	Econ. develop.
Elevat	Progress	Positive action
Eligibl	Very	Positive action
Eliminat	Expel	Negative action
Elit	Class	Negative action
Elitism	Opposition	Negative action
Els	If	
El-salvador	West	
Embargo	Attack	Negative action
Embarras	Attack	Negative action
Embarrassment	Distress	Negative action
Embassy	Government	Legitimacy
Embitter	Hatred	Negative action
Embodi	Structure	Positive action
Embody	Structure	Positive action
Emancipat	Freedom	Legitimacy
Emancipation	Freedom	Legitimacy
Emancipatory	Freedom	Legitimacy
Embrac	Approve	Positive action
Emerg	Progress	Positive action
Emergenc	Progress	Econ. develop.
Emergenci	Distress	Negative action
Emergency	Distress	Negative action
Emergent	Progress	Positive action
Eminenc	Glorious	Positive action
Emphasi	Wish	Positive action
Emphasis	Very	Positive action
Emphasiz	Wish	Positive action
Empir	Imperialism	Negative action
Employ	Move	Distribution
Employe	Economic	Distribution
Employer	Economic	Distribution
Employment	Economic	Distribution
Empty	Quantity	
Enabl	Guide	Positive action
Enact	Legislature	Legitimacy
Enactment	Legislature	Legitimacy
Encounter	Attack	Positive action
Encourag	Guide	Passive
Encouragement	Guide	Positive action
End	Future	
Endanger	Danger theme	Negative action
Endeavor	Wish	
Endors	Political	Positive action
Endur	Distress	Negative action
Enduranc	Competence	Negative action
Enemi	Opposition	Negative action
Enemy	Opposition	Negative action
Energetic	Competence	Positive action

Energi	Competence	Positive action
Energy	Move	Positive action
Enforc	Government	Legitimacy
Enforcement	Government	Legitimacy
Engag	Approach	Positive action
Engender	Initiate action	Positive action
England	Britain	Negative action
Engagement	Attack	
Engin	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Engineer	Industrial	Econ. develop.
English	Britain	Negative action
Enjoy	Pleasure	Positive action
Enjoyment	Pleasure	Positive action
Enlarg	Approach	Positive action
Enlighten	Guide	Positive action
Enlightenment	Think	Positive action
Enlist	Military	Passive
Enlistment	Military	Participation
Enormou	Very	Positive action
Enough	Quantity	Positive action
Enrich	Progress	Positive action
Enslav	Status	Negative action
Enslavement	Status	Negative action
Ensur	Control	Positive action
Enter	Move	Positive action
Enterpris	Structure	Positive action
Entertain	Communicate	Positive action
Entertainer	Ignorance	Distribution
Entertainment	Ignorance	Distribution
Enthusiasm	Vital	Positive action
Enthusiastic	Vital	Positive action
Entir	Quantity	Integration
Entirety	Regular	Integration
Entiti	Structure	Integration
Entitl	Possess	Legitimacy
Entity	Structure	Legitimacy
Entranc	Initiate action	Positive action
Entri	Space	Positive action
Entrust	Initiate action	Positive action
Entry	Space	Positive action
Enunciat	Communicate	Positive action
Envi	Hatred	Negative action
Enviou	Hatred	Negative action
Environment	Space	
Envisag	Think	Passive
Envy	Hatred	Negative action
Equal	Equal	Legitimacy
Equalitarian	Equal	Legitimacy
Equalitarianism	Equal	Legitimacy
Equality	Equal	Legitimacy
Equalizat	Equal	Legitimacy
Equat	Equal	Legitimacy

Equilibrium	Structure	Legitimacy
Equipment	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Equitabl	Economic	Legitimacy
Equity	Equal	Legitimacy
Equivalenc	Equal	Positive action
Equivalent	Equal	Integration
Er	Incompetence	Negative action
Era	Past	
Eradicat	Expel	Negative action
Erect	Progress	Positive action
Erroneous	Incompetence	Negative action
Error	Incompetence	Negative action
Escap	Avoid	
Escort	Guide	Positive action
Especial	Very	Positive action
Essenc	Mass	Participation
Essential	Vital	Positive action
Establish	Progress	Positive action
Established	Cause	Positive action
Establishment	Initiate action	Positive action
Estrang	Opposition	Negative action
Estrangement	Opposition	Negative action
Estat	Agriculture	Parochial
Esteem	Status	Positive action
Estimat	Think	Passive
Estonia	East	
Eternal	Future	
Ethiopia	Africa	
Ethnic	Tribalism	Parochial
Ethnocentric	Tribalism	Parochial
Ethnocentrism	Tribalism	Parochial
Ethos	Cause	Integration
Europ	Imperialism	
European	Imperialism	
European-economic-community	West	
Evaluat	Think	Passive
Even	Quantity	
Evening	Future	
Evenly	Quantity	Legitimacy
Event	Present	
Eventual	Future	
Ever	Present	
Every	Quantity	Integration
Everybody	Unity	Integration
Everyon	Unity	Integration
Everyth	N type word	
Everywher	Space	Integration
Evidenc	Communicate	
Evident	Very	Positive action
Evidently	Very	Positive action
Evil	Corruption	Negative action
Evok	Cause	Passive

Evolut	Present	Econ. develop.
Evolutionary	Approach	Econ. develop.
Evolv	Approach	Econ. develop.
Exact	Quantity	Positive action
Exalt	Glorious	Positive action
Examin	Think	Passive
Examination	Think	Passive
Exempl	Think	Passive
Exasperat	Distress	Passive
Exce	Initiate action	Positive action
Exceed	Initiate action	Positive action
Excellenc	Positive	Positive action
Excellent	Positive	Positive action
Except	If	
Exceptional	Glorious	Positive action
Excessiv	Very	Positive action
Exchang	Initiate action	Econ. develop.
Excit	Approach	Positive action
Excitement	Communicate	Positive action
Exclaim	Communicate	Positive action
Exclud	Expel	Negative action
Exclusiv	Avoid	
Exclusiveness	Status	
Excus	Defense-mech.	Positive action
Exercis	Progress	
Execut	Progress	Legitimacy
Executiv	Executive	Legitimacy
Exert	Move	Positive action
Exhibit	Communicate	Positive action
Exist	Present	Positive action
Existenc	Present	Legitimacy
Expand	Progress	Positive action
Expans	Progress	Positive action
Expatriate	Opposition	Negative action
Expect	Think	Positive action
Expectant	Wish	Positive action
Expectat	Wish	Econ. develop.
Expediter	Competence	Penetration
Expel	Expel	Negative action
Expend	Progress	Positive action
Expenditur	Government	Distribution
Expens	Economic	Distribution
Expensiv	Economic	Distribution
Experienc	Structure	Passive
Experiment	Initiate action	
Expert	Competence	Positive action
Explain	Communicate	Passive
Explanat	Progress	Passive
Explicit	Competence	Passive
Exploit	Imperialism	Negative action
Exploitable	Imperialism	Negative action
Exploiter	Imperialism	Negative action

Explor	Initiate action	Positive action
Exploratory	Initiate action	Positive action
Exploitat	Imperialism	Negative action
Expir	Death theme	Negative action
Expirat	Death theme	Negative action
Export	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Exporter	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Expos	Attack	Negative action
Expres	Communicate	
Express	Communicate	Passive
Extend	Future	Positive action
Extens	Approach	Positive action
Extensiv	Future	Positive action
Extent	Future	Positive action
External	Space	
Extinct	Death theme	
Extraordinary	Glorious	Positive action
Extravaganc	Corruption	Negative action
Extravagant	Corruption	Negative action
Extrem	Very	
F	Guide	Distribution
Fabric	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Fabulou	Glorious	Positive action
Fact	Structure	Passive
Faciliti	Guide	Econ. develop.
Fac	Present	Positive action
Facilitat	Approach	Positive action
Factor	Economic	Passive
Factori	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Factory	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Fad	Avoid	
Fade	Avoid	
Fail	Incompetence	Negative action
Failur	Incompetence	Negative action
Faint	Distress	Negative action
Fair	Positive	Negative action
Faith	Cause	Passive
Faithful	Competence	Passive
Fal	Move	Positive action
Fall	Move	Positive action
Fallaciou	Bad	Negative action
Fallacy	Incompetence	Negative action
Fallible	Incompetence	
Fam	Glorious	
Fals	Corruption	Negative action
Fami	Tribalism	Parochial
Famili	Tribalism	Parochial
Familiar	Regular	Positive action
Famou	Glorious	Positive action
Familiarity	Regular	Parochial
Fantastic	Glorious	Positive action
Far	Space	

Farewell	Communicate	
Farm	Agriculture	Econ. develop.
Farmer	Agriculture	Econ. develop.
Fascinat	Communicate	Positive action
Fascist	Imperialism	Negative action
Fast	Move	
Fasten	Approach	Positive action
Fatal	Death theme	Negative action
Fate	Death theme	Negative action
Father	Individual	Parochial
Fatherland	Nationalism	Negative action
Fault	Corruption	Negative action
Favor	Approve	Positive action
Favorab	Approve	Positive action
Favorabl	Approve	Positive action
Favorit	Positive	Positive action
Fe	Guide	Distribution
Fear	Distress	Negative action
Fearful	Distress	Negative action
Featur	Structure	
Federal	Government	Integration
Federalism	Political	Integration
Federaliz	Political	Integration
Federal-assembly	Legislature	Legitimacy
Federal-council-of-the-youth-of-africa	Group	Legitimacy
Federat	Political	Integration
Federation-of-france-overseas-territories	France	Negative action
Federation-of-students-of-black-africa	Group	Group
Feebl	Incompetence	Negative action
Feel	Sense	Passive
Feelings	Sense	Passive
Feels	Sense	Passive
Fel	Move	Positive action
Fellow	Individual	Participation
Fellowship	Unity	Participation
Felt	Sense	Passive
Female	Individual	
Fetter	Obstacle	Negative action
Feudal	History	Parochial
Feudalism	History	Parochial
Feudalist	History	Parochial
Fever	Distress	Negative action
Feverish	Distress	Negative action
Few	Quantity	
Fighter	Attack	Negative action
Field	Agriculture	Econ. develop.
Fierc	Attack	Negative action
Fight	Attack	Negative action
Figur	Structure	
Fil	Move	

Fin	Positive	Positive action
Final	Future	
Financ	Finance	Econ. develop.
Financial	Finance	Econ. develop.
Find	Get	Positive action
Finish	Get	Positive action
Fir	Danger theme	
Firm	Competence	
Firmness	Competence	
First	Past	Positive action
First-class	Glorious	Positive action
Fiscal	Finance	Econ. develop.
Fish	Agriculture	Econ. develop.
Fisheri	Agriculture	Econ. develop.
Fishery	Agriculture	Econ. develop.
Fixat	Defense-mech.	
Fl	Avoid	Negative action
Flag	Nationalism	Legitimacy
Flagstaff	Nationalism	Legitimacy
Flam	Danger theme	
Flash	Danger theme	
Flat	Space	
Fle	Avoid	
Fleet	Military	Legitimacy
Flew	Progress	Positive action
Flight	Move	Legitimacy
Float	Move	
Flood	Danger theme	Negative action
Flood-control	Agriculture	Positive action
Flourish	Progress	Positive action
Flow	Move	Positive action
Flower	Progress	Positive action
Flown	Move	Positive action
Fluctuat	Approach	Positive action
Fly	Move	Positive action
Fo	Opposition	
Focu	Structure	
Folk	Tribalism	Parochial
Folksong	Tribalism	Parochial
Follow	Status	Positive action
Follower	Party	Participation
Fond	Positive	Positive action
Food	Agriculture	Distribution
Foodstuff	Agriculture	Distribution
Fool	Incompetence	Negative action
Foolish	Incompetence	Negative action
Forbid	Control	Negative action
Forc	Control	Negative action
Force-de-frappe	Attack	
Forceful	Control	Positive action
Forefather	History	Parochial
Foreign	Imperialism	Negative action

Foreigner	Imperialism	Negative action
Foreign-exchange	Communicate	Econ. develop.
Foremost	Glorious	Positive action
Fores	Approach	
Foreseeabl	Future	
Forseeabl	Future	Passive
Forest	Agriculture	Econ. develop.
Forestal-guinea	Local	Parochial
Forestat	Agriculture	Econ. develop.
Forestry	Agriculture	Econ. develop.
Forever	Future	
Forgav	Approach	Positive action
Forget	Avoid	Passive
Forgiv	Approach	Passive
Forgiven	Approach	Passive
Forgiveness	Approach	Passive
Forgot	Avoid	Passive
Forgotten	Avoid	Passive
Form	Structure	
Former	Past	
Formidabl	Distress	Negative action
Formation	Progress	
Formulat	Think	Passive
Forsak	Avoid	Negative action
Forsaken	Avoid	Negative action
Forese	Think	
Foresight	Think	Passive
Fort	Military	
Fortun	Quantity	Positive action
Fortunat	Positive	Positive action
Forum	Political	Participation
Forward	Space	Positive action
Foster	Progress	Positive action
Fought	Attack	Negative action
Foulah	Tribalism	Parochial
Found	Get	Passive
Foundat	Cause	Positive action
Fractional	Divide	Negative action
Fractionalis	Divide	Negative action
Fractur	Divide	Negative action
Fram	Initiate action	
Framework	Structure	
Franc	Finance	
France	France	
Franco-african	France	
Franco-guinean	France	
Fraternal	Unity	Positive action
Fraternity	Unity	Penetration
Fraud	Corruption	Negative action
Fre	Freedom	Legitimacy
Freedom	Freedom	Legitimacy
Freez	Death theme	Negative action

French	France	Negative action
French-community	France	Negative action
Frenchmen	France	
French-national-assembly	France	Negative action
Frequent	Present	
French-equatorial-africa	Africa	Negative action
French-west-africa	Africa	Negative action
Friendship	Approve	Positive action
Friend	Approve	Positive action
Friendlier	Approve	Positive action
Friendly	Approve	Positive action
Friendlines	Approve	Positive action
Fright	Distress	Negative action
Frighten	Distress	Negative action
Frightfully	Very	Negative action
Frivolous	Corruption	Negative action
Front	Space	
Froz	Death theme	Negative action
Frozen	Death theme	Negative action
Fruitful	Progress	Positive action
Fruitless	Distress	Positive action
Frustrat	Distress	Negative action
Ful	Quantity	
Full	Quantity	
Fullest	Quantity	Positive action
Fulfil	Get	Positive action
Fulfill	Progress	Positive action
Fulfillment	Get	Positive action
Full-fledged	Progress	Legitimacy
Full-scale	Progress	Econ. develop.
Fumbl	Incompetence	Negative action
Funct	Structure	Positive action
Functionari	Party	Participation
Functioning	Structure	Positive action
Fund	Finance	Econ. develop.
Fundamental	Cause	
Funny	Pleasure	
Furiou	Hatred	Negative action
Furnish	Guide	Positive action
Furnitur	Economic	Distribution
Further	Space	
Fury	Hatred	Negative action
Futur	Future	
Futil	Distress	Negative action
Futility	Distress	Negative action
Ga	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Gabon	Africa	
Gabones	Africa	
Gain	Possess	Positive action
Gallant	Glorious	Positive action
Gambia	Africa	
Gang	Opposition	

Gap	Status	
Garden	Agriculture	Econ. develop.
Gardener	Agriculture	
Garrison	Military	
Gather	Get	Integration
Gaull	France	
Gav	Progress	Positive action
Gay	Pleasure	Positive action
Gaz	Sense	Passive
Gendarme	Government	Penetration
General-assembly	International	Participation
Generaliti	Think	Legitimacy
Generality	Think	Legitimacy
Generaliz	Think	Legitimacy
General-union-of-black-workers	S-of-africa	Economic
Generat	Past	
Generou	Positive	Positive action
Geneva	International	
Geniu	Glorious	Positive action
Gentl	Positive	Positive action
Gentleman	Individual	
Gentlemen	Group	
Genuin	Regular	Positive action
Germ	Health	Negative action
German	West	
Germani	West	
Germany	West	
Get	Get	Positive action
Ghana	Ghana	Legitimacy
Ghana-academy-of-sciences	Ignorance	Distribution
Ghanian	Ghana	Legitimacy
Ghana-independence-bill	Legislature	Legitimacy
Ghana-national-trading-corporation	Ation	
	Economic	Econ. develop.
Ghana-news-agency	Ignorance	Distribution
Ghana-peoples-trading-corporation		
	Economic	Econ. develop.
Ghost	Danger theme	Negative action
Giant	Quantity	
Girl	Individual	
Giv	Approach	Positive action
Given	Progress	Positive action
Glanc	Sense	Passive
Glad	Pleasure	Positive action
Glas	Danger theme	Econ. develop.
Glimps	Sense	Passive
Glob	International	Legitimacy
Global	International	Legitimacy
Gloom	Bad	Negative action
Gloomy	Distress	Negative action
Glori	Glorious	Positive action
Gloriou	Glorious	Positive action

Glory	Glorious	Positive action
Glow	Glorious	Positive action
Go	Avoid	Positive action
Goal	Progress	Positive action
Gold	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Gold-coast	Ghana	Legitimacy
Golden	Glorious	Positive action
Gon	Avoid	Positive action
Good	Positive	Positive action
Goodby	Communicate	
Goodnes	Positive	Positive action
Goodwil	Positive	Positive action
Goodwill	Pleasure	Positive action
Good-will	Pleasure	Positive action
Gossip	Corruption	Negative action
Got	Get	Positive action
Govern	Government	Legitimacy
Government	Government	Legitimacy
Governmental	Government	Legitimacy
Governor	Government	Legitimacy
Graciou	Positive	Positive action
Gradual	Present	
Graduat	Ignorance	Positive action
Grain	Agriculture	Econ. develop.
Grand	Positive	Positive action
Grandchild	Future	Parochial
Grandchildren	Future	Parochial
Grandeur	Glorious	Positive action
Grant	Guide	Distribution
Grasp	Get	Negative action
Grateful	Positive	Positive action
Gratifi	Pleasure	Positive action
Gratificat	Pleasure	Positive action
Gratify	Pleasure	Positive action
Gratitud	Positive	Positive action
Grav	Death theme	Negative action
Gravitat	Move	Positive action
Great	Quantity	Positive action
Greatest	Glorious	Positive action
Greatnes	Glorious	Positive action
Greater	Quantity	Positive action
Greatly	Quantity	Positive action
Greece	West	
Greed	Corruption	Negative action
Greek	West	
Greet	Move	
Grew	Progress	Positive action
Grief	Distress	Negative action
Griev	Death theme	Negative action
Grievanc	Opposition	Negative action
Grim	Bad	Negative action
Groan	Distress	Negative action

Gross-national-product	Government	Econ. develop.
Ground	Death theme	
Group	Group	Integration
Grow	Progress	Positive action
Grown	Progress	Positive action
Growth	Progress	Positive action
Grudg	Hatred	Negative action
Grumbl	Opposition	Negative action
Guarante	Approach	Passive
Guarantor	Approach	Passive
Guard	Guide	Passive
Guardian	Guide	Passive
Guardianship	Guide	Passive
Guatemala	West	
Guerze	Guinea	Parochial
Gues	Think	Passive
Guid	Guide	Passive
Guidanc	Guide	Legitimacy
Guidelin	Political	Positive action
Guide-line	Guide	Positive action
Guilt	Distress	Negative action
Guilty	Distress	Negative action
Guinea	Guinea	Legitimacy
Guinean	Guinea	Legitimacy
Guinian	Guinea	
Guinea-of-the-foutah	Guinea	Parochial
Guinea-of-the-mandings	Guinea	Parochial
Gun	Danger theme	Negative action
H	They	
Ha	Possess	Positive action
Habit	Structure	
Had	Possess	Positive action
Haggl	Move	Negative action
Haiti	West	
Hamper	Obstacle	Negative action
Handicap	Status	Negative action
Handicapp	Status	Negative action
Handicraft	Tribalism	Parochial
Handl	Guide	Positive action
Handsom	Glorious	Positive action
Hang	Move	
Happen	Present	Positive action
Happier	Pleasure	Positive action
Happily	Positive	Positive action
Happines	Pleasure	Positive action
Happy	Pleasure	Positive action
Hard	Bad	Positive action
Harden	Bad	Negative action
Hardest	Bad	Negative action
Hardship	Distress	Negative action
Harm	Attack	Negative action
Harmful	Bad	Negative action

Harmoniou	Unity	Integration
Harmoniz	Unity	Integration
Harmonizat	Unity	Integration
Harmonization	Unity	Integration
Harmony	Unity	Integration
Haras	Distress	Negative action
Harras	Distress	Negative action
Harassment	Distress	Negative action
Harshest	Bad	Negative action
Harvest	Get	Econ. develop.
Has	Possess	Positive action
Hast	Present	
Hasten	Move	
Hat	Hatred	
Hatr	Hatred	Negative action
Hav	Possess	Positive action
Hay	Agriculture	Econ. develop.
Have-not	Status	Negative action
Hazard	Danger theme	Negative action
Head	Executive	
Head-of-state	Executive	Legitimacy
Headquarter	Party	Participation
Health	Health	Distribution
Healthi	Health	Distribution
Healthy	Health	Distribution
Heap	Quantity	Econ. develop.
Hear	Sense	Passive
Heard	Sense	Passive
Hedg	Defense-mech.	
Hegemony	Imperialism	Negative action
Height	Quantity	
Heir	History	Parochial
Held	Possess	Positive action
Hell	Death theme	Negative action
Help	Guide	Positive action
Helpful	Guide	Positive action
Helples	Distress	Positive action
Hemispher	International	Legitimacy
Hemispheric	International	Legitimacy
Henc	Future	
Henchman	Opposition	Negative action
Henchmen	Opposition	Negative action
Herd	Agriculture	Econ. develop.
Here	Space	
Herewith	Space	
Heritag	History	Parochial
Her-majesty-the-queen	Britain	
Her	They	
Heresi	Opposition	Negative action
Heresy	Opposition	Negative action
Hero	Glorious	Positive action
Heroic	Glorious	Positive action

Heroin	Glorious	Positive action
Heroism	Glorious	Positive action
Herself	They	
Hesitant	Distress	Negative action
Hesitat	Distress	Negative action
Hi	They	
Hid	Avoid	
Hidden	Avoid	
Hideou	Bad	Negative action
Hierarchi	History	Parochial
Hierarchy	History	Parochial
High	Space	Positive action
Higher	Status	Positive action
Highest	Glorious	Positive action
Highway	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Him	They	
Himself	They	
Hinder	Obstacle	Negative action
Hindranc	Obstacle	Negative action
Hindrance	Obstacle	Negative action
Hint	Initiate action	
Hir	Economic	Distribution
Hire	Guide	Distribution
Hiroshima	Death theme	
His	They	Negative action
Historic	History	Parochial
Historical	History	Parochial
History	History	Parochial
Hit	Attack	Positive action
Hitherto	Past	
Ho	Agriculture	Econ. develop.
Hold	Possess	Positive action
Holiday	Present	Positive action
Hom	Social welfare	Parochial
Homag	Status	Positive action
Homeland	Nationalism	Legitimacy
Honduras	West	
Hong-kong	West	
Honey	Agriculture	
Honest	Positive	Positive action
Honesty	Positive	Positive action
Honor	Glorious	Positive action
Honorab	Glorious	Positive action
Honorabl	Glorious	Positive action
Honorable-member	Legislature	Legitimacy
Hop	Wish	Positive action
Hopeful	Wish	Positive action
Hopeles	Distress	Negative action
Horn	Tribalism	Parochial
Horror	Distress	Negative action
Horribl	Bad	Negative action
Horrifi	Distress	Negative action

Hors	Agriculture	Econ. develop.
Hospital	Health	Distribution
Hospitality	Positive	Positive action
Host	Positive	Positive action
Hostil	Hatred	Negative action
Hostiliti	Hatred	Negative action
Hostility	Hatred	Negative action
Hous	Urbanization	Parochial
Household	Urbanization	Parochial
Hotel	Urbanization	Distribution
House-of-chiefs	Tribalism	Parochial
House-of-commons	Legislature	Legitimacy
House-of-lords	Legislature	Legitimacy
Hour	Present	
However	If	
Howl	Distress	Negative action
Hug	Very	
Huge	Space	
Human	Individual	
Humanitarian	Social welfare	Positive action
Humanity	Ignorance	Positive action
Humbl	Status	Positive action
Humbly	Status	Positive action
Humility	Status	Positive action
Humiliat	Status	Negative action
Hundr	Quantity	
Hundred	Group	
Hunger	Social welfare	Distribution
Hungary	East	
Hungry	Social weifare	Distribution
Hunt	Attack	Positive action
Hunter	Tribalism	
Huri	Expel	Positive action
Hurri	Approach	Positive action
Hurry	Move	Positive action
Hurt	Attack	Negative action
Husband	Individual	Parochial
Hut	Tribalism	Parochial
Hydro-electric-power	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Hydro-electricity	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Hydrogen	International	Econ. develop.
Hymn	Nationalism	Legitimacy
I	Self	
Iceland	West	
Idea	Cause	Passive
Ideal	Progress	Passive
Identifi	Think	Legitimacy
Identificat	Think	Legitimacy
Identify	Think	Legitimacy
Identity	Nationalism	Legitimacy
Ideologi	Cause	Legitimacy
Ideological	Structure	Legitimacy

Ideology	Cause	Legitimacy
Idl	Corruption	Negative action
Idlenc	Corruption	Negative action
If	If	
Ignobl	Corruption	Negative action
Ignor	Avoid	Passive
Ignoranc	Ignorance	Distribution
Ignorant	Incompetence	Distribution
Ignorantly	Ignorance	Distribution
Ill	Distress	Distribution
Illegal	Corruption	Negative action
Illegitimat	Corruption	Negative action
Illiteracy	Ignorance	Distribution
Illiterat	Ignorance	Distribution
Illnes	Health	Distribution
Illness	Health	Distribution
Illogical	Incompetence	Negative action
Illus	Think	Passive
Illusion	Incompetence	Passive
Illusory	Incompetence	Passive
Illustrat	Communicate	Passive
Imag	Nationalism	Passive
Imagin	Think	Passive
Imaginat	Think	Passive
Imaginativ	Think	Passive
Imbalanc	Bad	Negative action
Imitat	Status	Positive action
Immatur	Incompetence	
Immediat	Present	
Immaturity	Incompetence	
Immens	Quantity	
Immoderat	Corruption	Negative action
Immobil	Corruption	Negative action
Immutabl	Future	
Impair	Obstacle	Negative action
Impassabl	Obstacle	Negative action
Impatient	Bad	Negative action
Imped	Obstacle	Negative action
Impedance	Obstacle	Negative action
Impediment	Obstacle	Negative action
Impenetrabl	Obstacle	Negative action
Imperativ	Ought	Positive action
Imperceptib	Communicate	Negative action
Imperceptibl	Communicate	Negative action
Imperfect	Incompetence	Negative action
Imperfection	Incompetence	Negative action
Imperial	Imperialism	Negative action
Imperialism	Imperialism	Negative action
Imperialist	Imperialism	Negative action
Imperialistic	Imperialism	Negative action
Imperiou	Bad	Negative action
Imperishabl	Future	Positive action

Implement	Guide	Econ. develop.
Impli	Communicate	Positive action
Implicat	Future	Passive
Implication	Future	Passive
Import	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Importat	Economic	Econ. develop.
Impos	Control	Negative action
Impossible	Obstacle	Negative action
Impostor	Corruption	Negative action
Impostur	Corruption	Negative action
Impotence	Incompetence	Negative action
Impotency	Incompetence	Negative action
Impractical	Incompetence	Negative action
Imprecis	Incompetence	Negative action
Impotent	Incompetence	Negative action
Importanc	Vital	Positive action
Impoverish	Social welfare	Distribution
Important	Vital	Positive action
Impres	Sense	Positive action
Improper	Corruption	Negative action
Improv	Progress	Positive action
Improvement	Progress	Positive action
Impuls	Cause	Passive
Inability	Incompetence	Negative action
Inaccessibl	Obstacle	Negative action
Inactivity	Incompetence	Negative action
Inaccurat	Incompetence	Negative action
Inadequaci	Incompetence	Negative action
Inadequacy	Incompetence	Negative action
Inadequat	Incompetence	Negative action
Inarticulat	Incompetence	Negative action
Inaugurat	Initiate action	Positive action
Incapabl	Incompetence	Negative action
Incapability	Incompetence	Negative action
Incapaciti	Incompetence	Negative action
Incapacity	Incompetence	Negative action
Incentiv	Wish	Positive action
Incest	Tribalism	Negative action
Incipient	Initiate action	Positive action
Incite	Opposition	Positive action
Inlcin	Approach	Positive action
Inclinat	Wish	Passive
Includ	Space	Positive action
Incom	Get	Econ. develop.
Incomparab	Glorious	Negative action
Incomparabl	Glorious	Negative action
Incompatibl	Avoid	Negative action
Incompetenc	Incompetence	Negative action
Incompetent	Incompetence	Negative action
Inconsistent	Incompetence	Negative action
Inconvenient	Bad	Negative action
Incorporat	Unity	Integration

Incorrect	Incompetence	Negative action
Incorruptibl	Competence	Positive action
Increases	Quantity	Positive action
Incumbent	Government	Participation
Incur	Approach	Positive action
Inde	Very	Positive action
Indecision	Distress	Negative action
Identical	Equal	Passive
Indemniti	Finance	Econ. develop.
Indemnity	Finance	Econ. develop.
Independenc	Freedom	Legitimacy
Independent	Freedom	Legitimacy
Indispensabl	Vital	Negative action
India	Neutral	
Indian	Neutral	
Indians	Neutral	
Indicat	Communicate	Passive
Indifferenc	Incompetence	Negative action
Indigenou	Nationalism	Legitimacy
Indigent	Social welfare	Distribution
Indignant	Hatred	Negative action
Indignity	Status	Negative action
Indirect	Think	Passive
Indispensibl	Vital	Positive action
Indispensabl	Competence	Positive action
Indissociabl	Regular	Positive action
Individual	Individual	
Individualism	Individual	Negative action
Individualist	Individual	
Individualistic	Individual	Negative action
Individuality	Individual	
Individualiz	Individual	Negative action
Indivisibl	Unity	Integration
Indolenc	Incompetence	Negative action
Indolent	Incompetence	Negative action
Indonesia	Neutral	
Induc	Wish	Positive action
Industri	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Industrial	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Industrial-development-corporAtion		
	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Industrialism	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Industrialist	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Industrializ	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Industrializat	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Industry	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Ineffectiv	Incompetence	Negative action
Inefficiency	Incompetence	Negative action
Inefficient	Incompetence	Negative action
Inequaliti	Status	Negative action
Inequality	Status	Negative action
Inequitabl	Status	Negative action

Inequiti	Status	Negative action
Inept	Incompetence	Negative action
Ineptitud	Incompetence	Negative action
Inertia	Corruption	Negative action
Inexact	Incompetence	Negative action
Inexcusab	Bad	Negative action
Inexcusabl	Bad	Negative action
Inexpedient	Incompetence	Negative action
Inexperie	Incompetence	Negative action
Inevitab	Future	
Inevitabl	Future	
Infamous	Bad	Negative action
Inferior	Status	Negative action
Inferiority	Status	Negative action
Inflinit	Quantity	Negative action
Inflat	Approach	Negative action
Inflationary	Finance	Econ. develop.
Inflexible	Incompetence	Negative action
Inflict	Distress	Negative action
Influenc	Guide	Passive
Influential	Glorious	Passive
Influx	Approach	Passive
Inform	Communicate	Passive
Informat	Think	Passive
Inhabit	Nationalism	Participation
Inhabitant	Nationalism	Legitimacy
Inherent	Regular	Integration
Inherit	History	Parochial
Iniquitou	Bad	Negative action
Initiat	Initiate action	Positive action
Initiativ	Initiate action	Positive action
Inject	Initiate action	Positive action
Injur	Distress	Negative action
Injury	Distress	Negative action
Injustic	Corruption	Negative action
Inner	Space	
Innumerabl	Quantity	Positive action
Inordinat	Very	Positive action
Inquir	Initiate action	Passive
Inquiry	Communicate	Passive
Insid	Space	
Insight	Think	Passive
Insist	Control	Positive action
Insistanc	Control	Positive action
Insistent	Vital	Positive action
Insistenc	Vital	Positive action
Insecur	Distress	Negative action
Insecurity	Distress	Negative action
Insolubl	Bad	Negative action
Inspir	Think	Passive
Inspirat	Wish	Passive
Instability	Bad	Negative action

Installat	Initiate action	Penetration
Instanc	Present	
Instant	Present	
Instead	Not	
Instigat	Initiate action	Positive action
Instinct	Cause	Parochial
Instinctual	Cause	Parochial
Institut	Initiate action	Legitimacy
Institutional	Structure	Legitimacy
Instruct	Ignorance	Passive
Instructor	Ignorance	Distribution
Instrument	Structure	Distribution
Insufficiency	Social welfare	Negative action
Insufficient	Status	Negative action
Insult	Attack	Negative action
Insur	Guide	Distribution
Insuranc	Approach	Distribution
Intact	Regular	
Integral	Regular	Integration
Intellectual	Think	Positive action
Intelligensia	Class	
Intelligentsia	Class	
Intelligent	Think	Positive action
Intelligenc	Think	Positive action
Intend	Wish	Passive
Integrat	Initiate action	Integration
Integrity	Competence	Positive action
Intens	Vital	
Intensify	Vital	
Intensifi	Vital	
Intensiv	Vital	
Intent	Wish	Passive
Interact	Communicate	Passive
Inter-african	Africa	
Interallied	Combine	
Inter-allied	Combine	
Interdependenc	Unity	Legitimacy
Inter-dependenc	Unity	Legitimacy
Interdependent	Unity	Legitimacy
Interdependency	Unity	Legitimacy
Interest	Regular	
Interfer	Attack	Negative action
Interferenc	Initiate action	Negative action
Interior	Space	Negative action
Intermediat	Present	Negative action
Internal	Space	
International	International	Legitimacy
International-bank-for-recons	truction-and-dev	Elopment
	International	Econ. develop.
International-monetary-fund	International	Econ. develop.
Interpersonal	Individual	Parochial
Interpret	Think	

Interpretat	Communicate	
Interrupt	Attack	Passive
Inter-territorial	Nationalism	Integration
Intimidat	Attack	Negative action
Intoleranc	Race	Negative action
Interval	Present	
Interven	Initiate action	Negative action
Intervent	Opposition	Negative action
Intervention	Initiate action	Negative action
Interview	Communicate	Passive
Into	Space	
Intolerabl	Bad	Negative action
Intrigu	Opposition	Negative action
Introduc	Communicate	Positive action
Introduct	Initiate action	Positive action
Intrus	Attack	Positive action
Intrust	Approve	Passive
Invad	Attack	Negative action
Invalid	Bad	Distribution
Invas	Attack	Negative action
Invent	Think	Positive action
Inventiv	Think	Positive action
Inventivness	Think	Positive action
Invest	Initiate action	Econ. develop.
Investigat	Move	Passive
Investment	Get	Econ. develop.
Invit	Wish	Positive action
Invitat	Wish	Positive action
Involv	Approach	Positive action
Involvement	Move	Positive action
Inward	Space	
Ireland	West	
Irk	Attack	Negative action
Iron	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Iron-curtain	East	
Irrational	Incompetence	Negative action
Irresponsibl	Incompetence	Negative action
Irresponsibility	Incompetence	Negative action
Irrigat	Agriculture	Econ. develop.
Irritat	Hatred	Negative action
Isolat	Expel	Participation
Isolationism	International	Participation
Israel	West	
Issu	Initiate action	
Italy	West	
Italian	West	
Ivory-coast	Africa	
Jam	Distress	Negative action
Jamaica	West	
Japan	West	
Jeopardiz	Danger theme	Negative action
Jealou	Hatred	Negative action

Jealousy	Hatred	Negative action
Jew	West	
Jewish	West	
Job	Economic	Distribution
Jok	Pleasure	
Join	Combine	Integration
Joint	Combine	Integration
Joint-provincial-council-of-chiefs	Chiefs	
	Tribalism	Parochial
Journal	Ignorance	Distribution
Journalism	Ignorance	Distribution
Journalist	Ignorance	Distribution
Journey	Move	
Joy	Pleasure	Positive action
Joyful	Glorious	Positive action
Joyou	Glorious	Positive action
Jrda	Party	Participation
Jubilant	Glorious	Positive action
Jump	Move	Positive action
Judg	Judicial	Penetration
Judgment	Judicial	Penetration
Judicial	Judicial	Penetration
Judiciary	Judicial	Penetration
Junctur	Space	
Juridical	Judicial	Penetration
Jurisdic	Judicial	Penetration
Just	Present	Penetration
Justic	Progress	Penetration
Justiciary	Judicial	Penetration
Justifi	Defense-mech.	Penetration
Justifiab	Political	Positive action
Justifiabl	Political	Positive action
Justificat	Defense-mech.	Positive action
Justify	Defense-mech.	Positive action
Justly	Political	Positive action
Juvenil	Individual	
Keen	Competence	Positive action
Keep	Possess	Positive action
Kenya	Africa	
Kept	Possess	Positive action
Kick	Attack	
Kill	Death theme	Negative action
Kind	Positive	Positive action
Kindnes	Positive	Positive action
King	Britain	
Kingdom	History	Parochial
Kissi	Tribalism	Positive action
Kneel	Status	
Knelt	Status	
Knew	Think	Passive
Knock	Attack	
Know	Think	Passive

Knowledg	Think	Passive
Known	Think	Passive
Koukou	Tribalism	Parochial
Kremlin	East	
Kulungugu	Tribalism	Parochial
Kumasi	Tribalism	Parochial
Kwame	Self	Legitimacy
Kwame-nkrumah	Self	Legitimacy
L	Danger theme	Positive action
Label	Structure	
Labor	Class	Distribution
Laborer	Class	
Labor-management	Industrial	Distribution
Lack	Incompetence	Negative action
Lackadaisical	Incompetence	Negative action
Lad	Individual	
Ladi	Group	
Lady	Individual	
Lag	Incompetence	Negative action
Lain	Move	Positive action
Laid	Move	Positive action
Lamb	Agriculture	
Land	Agriculture	Legitimacy
Landmark	Very	Legitimacy
Languag	Nationalism	Legitimacy
Larg	Quantity	
Large-scale	Space	Positive action
Larger	Quantity	Positive action
Last	Past	
Lat	Past	
Later	Future	
Latest	Present	
Latvia	East	
Launch	Initiate action	Positive action
Laugh	Pleasure	
Laughter	Pleasure	
Law	Legislature	Penetration
Lawyer	Judicial	Penetration
Lay	Move	Positive action
Layer	Space	
Lazines	Incompetence	Negative action
Lazy	Incompetence	Negative action
Le	Guide	
Lead	Guide	Positive action
Leader	Executive	Participation
Leadership	Executive	Participation
Lean	Status	
Leap	Move	Positive action
Learn	Think	Distribution
Least	Quantity	
Leather	Agriculture	Econ. develop.
Leav	Avoid	Positive action

Lectur	Communicate	Distribution
Left	Space	
Legacy	History	Parochial
Legal	Judicial	Legitimacy
Legality	Government	Legitimacy
Legend	History	Parochial
Legislat	Legislature	Legitimacy
Legislativ	Legislature	Legitimacy
Legislative-assembly	Legislature	Legitimacy
Legislator	Legislature	Legitimacy
Legislatur	Legislature	Legitimacy
Legitimacy	Political	Legitimacy
Legitimat	Political	Legitimacy
Lend	Guide	Econ. develop.
Lent	Guide	Econ. develop.
Length	Quantity	
Les	Quantity	
Lesson	Ignorance	Distribution
Let	Guide	Positive action
Lethargy	Incompetence	Negative action
Level	Space	
Levy	Government	Penetration
Li	Corruption	Negative action
Liar	Corruption	Negative action
Liberal	Political	
Liberalism	Political	
Liberaliz	Political	
Liberalizat	Political	
Liberat	Freedom	Legitimacy
Liberia	Africa	
Liberian	Africa	
Liberti	Freedom	Legitimacy
Liberty	Freedom	Legitimacy
Library	Ignorance	Distribution
Lif	Vital	
Lik	Equal	Positive action
Lift	Move	Positive action
Lightn	Danger theme	Positive action
Limit	Obstacle	Negative action
Limitat	Obstacle	Negative action
Limitation	Incompetence	Negative action
Limitless	Freedom	Legitimacy
Lin	Structure	
Link	Combine	
Lion	Tribalism	Parochial
Liquidate	Opposition	Negative action
List	Move	
Listen	Sense	Passive
Literacy	Ignorance	Distribution
Literary	Ignorance	Distribution
Literatur	Ignorance	Distribution
Lithuania	East	

Littl	Quantity	
Liv	Move	Positive action
Livestock	Agriculture	Econ. develop.
Load	Quantity	
Loaf	Incompetence	Negative action
Loan	Finance	Econ. develop.
Lobbi	Political	Participation
Lobby	Political	Participation
Local	Local	Parochial
Locat	Space	Positive action
Lock	Possess	Positive action
Logical	Competence	Positive action
Loi-cadre	Freedom	Legitimacy
Lon	Distress	
Lonelines	Distress	Negative action
Long	Space	
Long-rang	Future	Positive action
Long-term	Future	Positive action
Longer	Future	
Look	Sense	Passive
Loos	Bad	
Lord	Status	
Los	Avoid	
Lost	Incompetence	Negative action
Lot	Quantity	
Loud	Danger theme	
Lousy	Bad	Negative action
Lov	Pleasure	Positive action
Lovely	Positive	Positive action
Lover	Pleasure	Positive action
Low	Space	Negative action
Low-cost	Finance	Econ. develop.
Low-incom	Social welfare	Distribution
Lower	Death theme	
Lower-guinea	Local	Parochial
Loyal	Nationalism	Legitimacy
Loyalty	Nationalism	Legitimacy
Luck	Defense-mech.	Positive action
Lucky	Defense-mech.	Positive action
Lumber	Agriculture	Econ. develop.
Lusciou	Pleasure	Positive action
Luxembourg	West	
Luxury	Positive	Distribution
Ly	Corruption	
Lycee	Ignorance	Distribution
Lynch	Hatred	Negative action
M	Self	
Machin	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Machinery	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Mad	Hatred	Positive action
Madagascar	Africa	
Made	Progress	Positive action

Magic	Tribalism	Parochial
Magician	Tribalism	Parochial
Magnif	Initiate action	Positive action
Magnifi	Initiate action	Positive action
Magistrat	Government	Penetration
Magistratur	Government	Penetration
Magnificent	Glorious	Positive action
Maid	Status	Parochial
Mail	Government	Penetration
Main	Vital	Positive action
Mainspr	Structure	Positive action
Maintain	Guide	Positive action
Maintenanc	Guide	Positive action
Majesty	Britain	
Major	Quantity	Positive action
Majority	Democracy	Positive action
Mak	Initiate action	Positive action
Mal	Individual	
Maladjusted	Incompetence	Negative action
Maladjustment	Corruption	Negative action
Malevolent	Hatred	Negative action
Mali	Africa	
Maliciou	Bad	Negative action
Malinke	Tribalism	Parochial
Manag	Control	Positive action
Man	Individual	
Manageab	Control	Positive action
Manageabl	Control	Positive action
Management	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Manager	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Mandat	Political	Legitimacy
Mandate	Political	Legitimacy
Mandatory	Dught	Positive action
Maneuver	Initiate action	Participation
Manifest	Very	Positive action
Manifestat	Approach	Passive
Manipulat	Control	Positive action
Mankind	Group	Positive action
Manner	Structure	Positive action
Manouver	Move	Passive
Manpower	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Manufactur	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Manufacturer	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Manuver	Move	Passive
Many	Quantity	
Marabout	Tribalism	Parochial
March	Move	
Margin	Space	
Marin	Military	
Mark	Move	Positive action
Market	Economic	Econ. develop.
Marri	Approach	

Marriage	Combine	Distribution
Marry	Approach	Distribution
Martial	Military	
Marvelous	Glorious	Positive action
Marxism	East	
Masculine	Group	
Mask	Tribalism	Parochial
Mass	Mass	Participation
Masses	Mass	Participation
Massive	Very	
Master	Status	Negative action
Mastership	Status	Negative action
Mat	Approach	
Match	Move	Positive action
Matches	Glorious	
Material	Structure	Econ. develop.
Maternal	Group	
Matter	Structure	
Mature	Competence	
Maturity	Competence	Positive action
Mauritius	Africa	
Maximum	Vital	
May	If	
Maybe	If	
Mayor	Government	Participation
Meager	Incompetence	Negative action
Meal	Social welfare	Distribution
Mean	Think	Passive
Meaning	Think	Passive
Meaningful	Think	
Meant	Think	Passive
Measure	Quantity	Positive action
Measureless	Glorious	Positive action
Meat	Agriculture	Distribution
Mechanic	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Mechanical	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Mechanism	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Mechanization	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Medical	Health	Distribution
Medicine	Health	Distribution
Mediocr	Incompetence	Negative action
Mediate	International	Participation
Meditate	Think	Participation
Mediator	International	Participation
Meet	Move	Passive
Meets	Move	Passive
Melt	Distress	Passive
Member	Party	Legitimacy
Membership	Party	Legitimacy
Memorial	History	Parochial
Memory	History	Parochial
Men	Group	

Menac	Danger theme	Negative action
Menace	Danger theme	Negative action
Ment	Communicate	
Mental	Think	
Mentaliti	Think	
Mentality	Think	
Mention	Communicate	Passive
Mer	Quantity	Negative action
Merchant	Economic	Econ. develop.
Mercy	Death theme	
Merg	Combine	Integration
Merit	Positive	Positive action
Merry	Pleasure	Positive action
Messag	Communicate	
Messenger	Communicate	
Met	Progress	Positive action
Metal	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Metallurgy	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Method	Structure	
Metropolis	Urbanization	Econ. develop.
Metropolitan	Imperialism	Econ. develop.
Mexico	West	
Middl	Space	
Midst	Space	Integration
Might	If	Passive
Mighty	Glorious	Positive action
Mightiest	Glorious	Positive action
Mil	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Mild	Positive	Positive action
Militancy	Social welfare	Participation
Militate	Very	
Militant	Legitimacy	Participation
Militaristic	Military	Negative action
Military	Military	Negative action
Milk	Agriculture	Econ. develop.
Mill	Agriculture	Econ. develop.
Min	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Mind	Think	
Million	Finance	Econ. develop.
Mindful	Think	Positive action
Miner	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Mineral	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Mining	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Minimiz	Economic	
Minimum	Economic	
Minister	Executive	Legitimacy
Ministerial	Executive	Legitimacy
Ministeri	Government	Penetration
Ministry	Government	Penetration
Ministry	Government	Penetration
Ministry-of-labor-and-cooperatives	Government	Econ. develop.

Ministry-of-social-welfare	Government	Econ. develop.
Minor	Status	
Minoriti	Status	Negative action
Minority	Quantity	Negative action
Minut	Present	
Miracl	Glorious	Positive action
Mis	Not	
Miscalculat	Danger theme	Negative action
Miscalculation	Incompetence	Negative action
Mischieviou	Attack	Negative action
Misde	Bad	Negative action
Misdeed	Bad	Negative action
Misled	Incompetence	Negative action
Miscarry	Incompetence	Negative action
Miserabl	Distress	Negative action
Miseri	Distress	Negative action
Misery	Distress	Negative action
Misfortun	Distress	Negative action
Misguid	Incompetence	Negative action
Misinform	Corruption	Negative action
Misl	Corruption	Negative action
Mislead	Corruption	Negative action
Misrepresentat	Incompetence	Negative action
Miss	Incompetence	Negative action
Missil	Death theme	Econ. develop.
Missionari	Imperialism	
Missionary	Imperialism	
Mistak	Incompetence	Negative action
Mistakedly	Incompetence	Negative action
Mistaken	Incompetence	Negative action
Mister	Status	Negative action
Mistook	Incompetence	Negative action
Mistreat	Attack	Negative action
Mistreatment	Distress	Negative action
Mistrust	Corruption	Negative action
Misunderstand	Incompetence	Negative action
Misunderstood	Incompetence	Negative action
Misus	Corruption	Negative action
Mixtur	Structure	
Mob	Opposition	Integration
Mobiliz	Move	Positive action
Mobilizat	Combine	Positive action
Mock	Attack	Negative action
Model	Structure	
Modern	Present	
Modest	Positive	Positive action
Modify	Approach	Positive action
Modifi	Approach	Positive action
Modificat	Approach	Positive action
Moment	Present	
Momentous	Glorious	Positive action
Money	Finance	Econ. develop.

Monetary	Quantity	Econ. develop.
Mongolia	East	
Monopoli	Control	Econ. develop.
Monopolistic	Economic	Econ. develop.
Monopoly	Control	Econ. develop.
Monstrous	Bad	Negative action
Month	Present	
Monument	Glorious	Legitimacy
Mor	Quantity	
Monrovia	Africa	
Moral	Positive	Positive action
Morality	Positive	Positive action
Morn	Present	
Morocco	Neutral	
Morrow	Future	
Mortal	Death theme	
Mortality	Health	
Most	Quantity	
Mot	Move	
Mother	Individual	Parochial
Mother-country	Imperialism	Negative action
Motherland	Nationalism	Legitimacy
Motiv	Wish	
Motivat	Wish	Positive action
Motor	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Mount	Move	Positive action
Mountain	Agriculture	Econ. develop.
Mourn	Death theme	Negative action
Mov	Move	Positive action
Movement	Political	Positive action
Movi	Ignorance	Distribution
Mozambique	Africa	
Mr-speaker	Legislature	Legitimacy
Much	Quantity	
Mud	Death theme	
Muddl	Incompetence	Negative action
Multilateral	International	Legitimacy
Multinational	International	Legitimacy
Multipli	Quantity	Positive action
Multiplicat	Quantity	Positive action
Multiply	Quantity	Positive action
Municipal	Urbanization	Econ. develop.
Murder	Bad	Negative action
Murderer	Bad	Negative action
Music	Ignorance	Distribution
Musical	Ignorance	Distribution
Musician	Ignorance	Distribution
Must	Dught	Passive
Mutil-racial	Race	
Mutual	Combine	Integration
My	Self	
Myself	Self	

Myth	History	Parochial
Mythical	History	Parochial
Nag	Attack	
Nagasaki	Death theme	
Nail	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Nak	Danger theme	Negative action
Nam	Communicate	Passive
Narrow	Space	
Nat	Nationalism	Legitimacy
National	Nationalism	Legitimacy
National-assembly	Legislature	Legitimacy
National-democracy	Political	Legitimacy
Nationalism	Nationalism	Legitimacy
Nationalist	Nationalism	Legitimacy
Nationalistic	Nationalism	Legitimacy
Nationality	Nationalism	Legitimacy
National-labor-federation	Industrial	Econ. develop.
National-party-of-guinea	Party	Participation
National-political-bureau	Political	Legitimacy
National-youth	Group	Participation
Nationalist-association-of-so	cialist-student-	Organizations
	Group	Participation
Nationhood	Nationalism	Legitimacy
Nativ	Nationalism	Legitimacy
Natur	Structure	Integration
Natural	Regular	Integration
Naturaliz	Nationalism	Legitimacy
Naturalizat	Nationalism	Legitimacy
Naval	Military	Penetration
Navy	Military	Penetration
Nazi	Danger theme	Negative action
Ne	Wish	Negative action
Near	Space	
Nearest	Space	
Necessari	Vital	Positive action
Necessary	Vital	Positive action
Necessiti	Vital	Positive action
Necessity	Vital	Positive action
Need	Wish	Positive action
Negation	Not	Negative action
Negativ	Not	Negative action
Neglect	Corruption	Negative action
Negligenc	Incompetence	Negative action
Negotiat	International	Legitimacy
Negotiators	International	Legitimacy
Negro	Race	
Neighbor	Combine	Parochial
Neighborhood	Combine	Parochial
Neighborlines	Combine	Parochial
Neither	Not	Negative action
Neo-colonial	Imperialism	Negative action
Neo-colonialism	Imperialism	Negative action

Neo-colonialist	Imperialism	Negative action
Nepal	West	
Nepotism	Corruption	Negative action
Nervou	Distress	Negative action
Netherlands	West	
Netherlands-antilles	West	
Neutral	Neutral	Passive
Neutralism	Neutral	Legitimacy
Neutralist	Neutral	
Neutrality	Neutral	Legitimacy
Never	Not	Negative action
New	Present	Positive action
Newcomer	Future	Legitimacy
Newspaper	Ignorance	Distribution
New-zealand	West	
Next	Initiate action	
Nic	Positive	Positive action
Nicaragua	West	
Niger	Africa	
Nigeria	Africa	
Nigerian	Africa	
Night	Present	
Nihilism	Bad	Negative action
Nihilistic	Bad	Negative action
Nil	Not	Negative action
Nkrumah	Self	
Nkrumahism	Self	
Nkrumaism	Political	
No	Not	Negative action
Nobl	Glorious	Positive action
Noblest	Glorious	Positive action
Nobody	Status	
Nod	Communicate	
Nominat	Party	Participation
Nomine	Party	Participation
Men	Not	Negative action
Nonalign	Neutral	Legitimacy
Non-alignment	Neutral	Legitimacy
Nonalignment	Neutral	
Non-cooperat	Avoid	Negative action
Non-nuclear	International	Legitimacy
Noon	Present	
Nor	Not	Negative action
Norm	Cause	Positive action
Normal	Regular	Positive action
North	Space	
Northern	Space	
Northern-rhodesia	Africa	
Northern-territor	Local	Parochial
North-korea	East	
North-vietnam	East	
Norway	West	

Not	Not	Negative action
Noth	Not	Negative action
Notic	Sense	Passive
Notion	Think	Passive
Nourish	Guide	Distribution
Novel	Future	Positive action
Now	Present	
Nowher	Space	Negative action
Nuclear	International	
Null	Not	
Number	Quantity	
Numerou	Quantity	
Nurs	Health	Distribution
Nyasaland	Africa	
Obedienc	Status	
Obey	Status	
Object	Structure	
Objectiv	Regular	Positive action
Oblig	Ought	
Obligat	Ought	
Obscur	Corruption	Negative action
Obscurity	Corruption	Negative action
Observ	Sense	Passive
Observat	Sense	Passive
Observer	They	Passive
Obsolet	Incompetence	Negative action
Obstacl	Obstacle	Negative action
Obstruct	Obstacle	Negative action
Obstructionist	Opposition	Negative action
Obtain	Get	Positive action
Obviou	Sense	Positive action
Obuasi	Tribalism	Parochial
Occas	Present	
Occasional	Present	
Occupat	Control	Distribution
Occupi	Possess	Distribution
Occupy	Possess	Distribution
Occur	Move	Positive action
Occurenc	Regular	Positive action
Ocean	Danger theme	
Odd	Incompetence	Negative action
Off	Space	
Offend	Distress	Negative action
Offenc	Bad	Negative action
Offensiv	Attack	Negative action
Offer	Approach	Positive action
Offic	Government	Legitimacy
Officer	Military	Penetration
Official	Government	Penetration
Officialese	Government	Penetration
Offspr	Individual	Parochial
Oft	Quantity	

Often	Present	
Dil	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Old	Past	
Older	Past	
Omen	Tribalism	
Ominou	Danger theme	Negative action
Omnipotent	Glorious	Positive action
Omnipresent	Glorious	Positive action
Onc	Past	
One	Quantity	
One-party	Political	Participation
Oneself	Individual	
Open	Space	Positive action
Opera	Ignorance	Distribution
Operat	Progress	Positive action
Opin	Approve	
Oppportunism	Opposition	Negative action
Opportunist	Corruption	
Oppres	Opposition	Negative action
Oppress	Opposition	Negative action
Oppressiv	Hatred	Negative action
Oppressor	Hatred	Negative action
Opponent	Opposition	Negative action
Oppportuniti	Progress	Positive action
Oppportunity	Progress	Positive action
Oppos	Opposition	Negative action
Opposit	Opposition	Negative action
Optimistic	Positive	Positive action
Optimism	Positive	Positive action
Oral	Communicate	
Orang	Agriculture	Econ. develop.
Ordain	Initiate action	Positive action
Order	Initiate action	Positive action
Ordinanc	Government	Legitimacy
Ordinary	Regular	Negative action
Organism	Individual	
Organiz	Combine	Positive action
Organizat	Combine	Integration
Organizational	Combine	
Orientat	Structure	Positive action
Origin	Initiate action	Integration
Original	Past	Integration
Originat	Initiate action	Integration
Orphan	Social welfare	Distribution
Osageyfo	Self	
Ostentatious	Corruption	Negative action
Other	They	
Otherwis	If	
Ought	Ought	Passive
Duolof	Tribalism	Parochial
Dur	We	
Durself	We	

Ourselv	We	
Out	Space	
Outcom	Progress	Positive action
Outdat	Past	
Outer	Space	
Outlaw	Opposition	Negative action
Outlin	Initiate action	Positive action
Outlook	Sense	Passive
Outset	Initiate action	Positive action
Outsid	Status	
Outspoken	Communicate	Positive action
Outstand	Glorious	Positive action
Outward	Space	Positive action
Over	Space	
Overcom	Attack	Negative action
Overjoy	Glorious	Positive action
Overlap	Space	
Overlook	Corruption	Passive
Overproduc	Incompetence	Econ. develop.
Overproduct	Positive	Econ. develop.
Overrid	Control	Positive action
Overseas	International	
Oversimplifi	Incompetence	Positive action
Oversimplificat	Incompetence	Positive action
Oversimplify	Incompetence	Positive action
Overtak	Initiate action	Positive action
Overthrow	Opposition	Negative action
Overwork	Corruption	Distribution
Ow	Finance	
Own	Possess	Positive action
Owner	Possess	Positive action
Ownership	Possess	Positive action
Pac	Move	Positive action
Pacify	Guide	Positive action
Pack	Move	Positive action
Pact	International	Legitimacy
Pain	Distress	Negative action
Painful	Distress	
Painter	Ignorance	Distribution
Paintings	Tribalism	Parochial
Pair	Quantity	
Pakistan	West	
Palestine	West	
Pan-africanism	Africa	Legitimacy
Pan-african	Africa	Legitimacy
Panama	West	
Pan-american	West	
Paraguay	West	
Paramount	Glorious	Positive action
Parasitism	Corruption	Negative action
Pardon	Guide	Positive action
Parent	Individual	Parochial

Parental	Individual	Parochial
Parity	Equal	Positive action
Parliament	Legislature	Legitimacy
Parliamentarian	Legislature	Participation
Parliamentary	Legislature	Participation
Parochialism	Local	Parochial
Part	Equal	
Parti	Party	Participation
Partial	Quantity	
Participant	Political	Participation
Participat	Approve	Participation
Particular	Quantity	
Particularism	Individual	Negative action
Partisan	Political	Participation
Partisanship	Political	Participation
Partner	Combine	Integration
Partnership	Combine	Integration
Party	Party	Participation
Pas	Progress	Positive action
Passion	Pleasure	Positive action
Passionat	Pleasure	Positive action
Passiv	Distress	Passive
Past	Past	
Path	Structure	Positive action
Pastur	Agriculture	Econ. develop.
Paternalism	Imperialism	Negative action
Paternalistic	Imperialism	Negative action
Patienc	Positive	Positive action
Patient	Health	Distribution
Patrimony	History	Parochial
Patriot	Nationalism	Legitimacy
Patriotic	Nationalism	Legitimacy
Patriotism	Nationalism	Legitimacy
Patronag	Corruption	Negative action
Pattern	Structure	
Pauper	Social welfare	Distribution
Paus	Present	Positive action
Pay	Finance	Distribution
Payment	Finance	Distribution
Pdg	Party	Participation
Pdg-rda	Party	Participation
Pea	Agriculture	
Peac	Progress	Positive action
Peaceful	Progress	Positive action
Peace-lov	Nationalism	Positive action
Peacetim	International	Positive action
Peacemaker	Approach	Positive action
Peasant	Tribalism	Econ. develop.
Peculiar	Incompetence	Negative action
Peer	Equal	Positive action
Peking	East	
Pend	Future	

Penetrat	Approach	Penetration
Pens	Social welfare	Distribution
Peopl	Mass	Integration
Per-capita	Economic	Econ. develop.
Percent	Quantity	Econ. develop.
Per	Econ. develop.	
Per-cent	Quantity	Econ. develop.
Perceiv	Think	Passive
Percept	Think	Passive
Perceptib	Think	Passive
Perceptibl	Think	Passive
Perfect	Positive	Positive action
Perform	Progress	Positive action
Performanc	Progress	Positive action
Performer	Ignorance	Positive action
Perhap	If	
Peril	Danger theme	Negative action
Period	Present	
Perish	Death theme	Negative action
Perishabl	Death theme	Negative action
Permanent	Future	
Permanenc	Future	
Permiss	Control	Positive action
Permissibl	Approve	Positive action
Permit	Control	Passive
Perniciou	Bad	Negative action
Perpetrat	Move	Positive action
Perpetrator	Opposition	Negative action
Perpetual	Future	
Perpetuat	Future	
Persever	Future	Positive action
Perseveranc	Future	Positive action
Persist	Future	Positive action
Persistanc	Control	Positive action
Person	Individual	
Personal	Possess	
Personaliti	Competence	
Personality	Competence	
Personnel	Government	Penetration
Perspectiv	Communicate	Passive
Persuad	Guide	Passive
Persuas	Guide	Passive
Perturb	Distress	Negative action
Pervad	Competence	Positive action
Pervas	Competence	Positive action
Peru	West	
Petty	Bad	Negative action
Pettines	Attack	Negative action
Peul	Tribalism	Parochial
Phase	Structure	
Phenomena	Structure	
Phenomenon	Structure	

Philippines	West	
Phras	Communicate	
Physician	Health	Distribution
Pick	Get	Positive action
Pictur	Think	Distribution
Piec	Structure	
Pig	Agriculture	Econ. develop.
Pil	Very	Econ. develop.
Pioneer	Progress	Participation
Pitch	Expel	Positive action
Piti	Distress	Negative action
Pity	Distress	Negative action
Plac	Structure	Positive action
Plagu	Distress	Negative action
Plain	Regular	
Plan	Initiate action	Econ. develop.
Plann	Initiate action	Econ. develop.
Plant	Agriculture	Econ. develop.
Planter	Agriculture	Econ. develop.
Platform	Party	Legitimacy
Platinum	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Piay	Ignorance	Distribution
Player	Ignorance	Distribution
Plead	Initiate action	Positive action
Pleas	Approve	Positive action
Pleasant	Pleasure	Positive action
Pleasur	Pleasure	Positive action
Plebiscit	Democracy	Participation
Pledg	Initiate action	Legitimacy
Plenty	Quantity	Positive action
Plot	Opposition	Negative action
Plow	Agriculture	Econ. develop.
Plung	Danger theme	Positive action
Plunder	Corruption	Negative action
Plurality	Democracy	Participation
Pocket	Corruption	
Poem	Ignorance	Distribution
Poet	Ignorance	Distribution
Poetry	Ignorance	Distribution
Point	Guide	
Poison	Danger theme	Negative action
Pol	Political	
Poland	East	
Polaris	Divide	Negative action
Polariz	Divide	Negative action
Polic	Political	Penetration
Policeman	Government	Penetration
Polici	Political	Legitimacy
Policy	Political	Legitimacy
Politic	Political	Legitimacy
Political	Political	Legitimacy
Politician	Political	Legitimacy

Poll	Political	Legitimacy
Polygamy	Tribalism	Parochial
Poor	Social welfare	Distribution
Poorly	Incompetence	Negative action
Popular	Mass	Positive action
Popularity	Approve	Integration
Populat	Mass	Legitimacy
Port	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Portion	Quantity	
Portions	Quantity	
Portugal	Imperialism	
Portuguese-guinea	Imperialism	
Posit	Space	Participation
Positiv	Competence	
Positive-action	Party	Distribution
Posses	Possess	Positive action
Possess	Possess	Positive action
Possessor	Possess	Positive action
Possessiv	Possess	Positive action
Possib	If	Positive action
Possibl	If	Positive action
Possibiliti	If	Positive action
Possibility	If	Positive action
Post	Government	Legitimacy
Postpon	Avoid	Negative action
Postponement	Avoid	Negative action
Potent	Control	Positive action
Potential	If	Positive action
Potentialiti	Future	Positive action
Poultry	Agriculture	Econ. develop.
Pound	Quantity	Econ. develop.
Pour	Move	Positive action
Poverty	Social welfare	Distribution
Power	Control	Legitimacy
Powerful	Control	Legitimacy
Power-house	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Powerless	Incompetence	Negative action
Practic	Initiate action	Positive action
Practicabl	Competence	Positive action
Practical	Competence	Positive action
Practically	If	Positive action
Prais	Positive	Positive action
Pray	Communicate	
Preach	Communicate	Passive
Precarious	Danger theme	Negative action
Precedenc	Status	Positive action
Precedent	Past	Passive
Precinct	Local	Parochial
Preciou	Positive	Positive action
Precipitat	Cause	Positive action
Precisely	Competence	
Predict	Competence	Passive

Predictab	Competence	Passive
Predictabl	Competence	Passive
Preeminenc	Glorious	Positive action
Prefer	Wish	Positive action
Preferably	Wish	Positive action
Preferenc	Approve	Positive action
Prejudic	Race	Negative action
Preliminary	Past	
Prelud	Past	
Preoccupat	Corruption	
Prepar	Initiate action	Positive action
Preparat	Initiate action	Positive action
Preparedness	Initiate action	Positive action
Pres	Move	Positive action
Presenc	Regular	
Present	Present	
Present-day	Present	
Preserv	Possess	Positive action
Preservat	Possess	Positive action
Presid	Political	Participation
Presidency	Executive	Legitimacy
President	Executive	Legitimacy
Presidential	Executive	Legitimacy
Press	Control	Distribution
Pressur	Control	
Prestig	Status	Legitimacy
Pretend	Defense-mech.	
Pretens	Bad	Passive
Pretentiousnes	Corruption	Negative action
Pretext	Bad	Passive
Pre-thought	Think	
Pretty	Positive	
Prevail	Control	Positive action
Prevent	Control	Negative action
Preventive-detention-act	Legislature	Legitimacy
Previou	Past	
Pric	Quantity	Econ. develop.
Prid	Pleasure	Positive action
Priest	Individual	
Prim	Competence	Positive action
Primacy	Status	Positive action
Primari	Competence	Positive action
Primary	Vital	Positive action
Primary-certificate	Ignorance	Distribution
Primary-school-certificate	Ignorance	Distribution
Primitiv	History	Parochial
Principl	Cause	
Print	Ignorance	Distribution
Printer	Ignorance	Distribution
Prior	Past	
Prioriti	Competence	Positive action
Priority	Competence	Positive action

Prison	Danger theme	Negative action
Prisoner	Danger theme	Negative action
Privacy	Avoid	
Privat	Avoid	
Privileg	Status	Positive action
Priz	Glorious	Positive action
Pro	Approve	
Prob	Attack	Negative action
Probab	If	
Probabl	If	
Probat	Judicial	Penetration
Problem	Distress	Negative action
Proce	Move	Positive action
Procedur	Structure	Positive action
Proces	Communicate	Positive action
Proclaim	Communicate	Legitimacy
Proclamat	Communicate	Legitimacy
Proclamat	Government	Legitimacy
Produc	Progress	Econ. develop.
Producer	Progress	Econ. develop.
Product	Economic	Econ. develop.
Productiv	Economic	Econ. develop.
Productivity	Economic	Econ. develop.
Profes	Initiate action	
Profess	Initiate action	Distribution
Professional	Industrial	Positive action
Professor	Ignorance	Distribution
Profit	Finance	Econ. develop.
Profitab	Economic	Econ. develop.
Profitabl	Economic	Econ. develop.
Profiteer	Opposition	Negative action
Profound	Very	
Program	Party	Penetration
Progres	Progress	
Progressiv	Progress	Positive action
Prohibit	Control	Negative action
Project	Progress	Penetration
Proletariat	Class	
Prominent	Glorious	Positive action
Promis	Approve	Passive
Promot	Initiate actzon	■0q00000q000000
Prompt	Present	
Promptly	Competence	
Promulgat	Government	Legitimacy
Propaganda	Corruption	Distribution
Proper	Dught	
Property	Economic	Econ. develop.
Prophesi	Communicate	Passive
Prophesy	Communicate	Passive
Proport	Quantity	Passive
Proposal	Think	Passive
Propos	Approach	Passive

Prosecut	Judicial	Negative action
Prospect	If	Passive
Prosperity	Progress	Positive action
Prosperous	Economic	Positive action
Protect	Guide	Positive action
Protectionist	Industrial	Positive action
Protectiv	Guide	Positive action
Protest	Attack	Negative action
Protugal	West	
Proud	Glorious	Positive action
Prov	Think	Passive
Proven	Think	Passive
Provid	Guide	Positive action
Provinc	Local	Parochial
Provincial	Local	Parochial
Provis	Guide	Legitimacy
Provok	Cause	Positive action
Public	Political	Legitimacy
Publsh	Communicate	Distribution
Puerto	West	
Pul	Move	Positive action
Punish	Attack	Negative action
Punishment	Attack	Negative action
Pupil	Ignorance	Distribution
Puppet	Control	Distribution
Purchas	Get	Econ. develop.
Purely	Positive	
Purity	Positive	
Purpos	Initiate action	Passive
Purs	Move	Econ. develop.
Pursu	Initiate action	Positive action
Pursuit	Wish	Positive action
Push	Expel	Positive action
Pushbutton	Danger theme	Econ. develop.
Put	Move	Positive action
Puzzi	Think	
Qualifi	Competence	Positive action
Qualify	Competence	Positive action
Qualiti	Structure	Positive action
Quality	Structure	Positive action
Quantiti	Quantity	
Quantity	Quantity	
Quarrel	Attack	Negative action
Queen	Britain	
Queer	Bad	Negative action
Quest	Initiate action	Positive action
Question	Communicate	Passive
Quick	Present	
Quicker	Present	
Quickest	Present	
Quit	Move	Positive action
Quot	Communicate	Passive

R		
Rac		
Racialism		
Race		
Racial		
Racism		
Racist		
Radical		
Radio		
Rag		
Raid		
Rail		
Railroad		
Railway		
Rain		
Rais		
Ralli		
Ranch		
Rancher		
Rang		
Rank		
Rapid		
Rapprochement		
Raptur		
Rar		
Rascal		
Rate		
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Ratificat		
Ratify		
Rating		
Rational		
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Rationalizat		
Ravag		
Raw		
Rda		
Reach		
React		
Reactionari		
Reactionary		
Reactivat		
Read		
Reader		
Ready		
Reaffirm		
Real		
Realistic		
Realiti		
Reality		
Realiz		
Realizat		
Hatred		
Initiate action	Positive action	
Race	Negative action	
Race	Positive action	
Race	Negative action	
Race	Negative action	
Race	Negative action	
Opposition	Negative action	
Ignorance	Econ. develop.	
Hatred		
Attack	Negative action	
Industrial	Econ. develop.	
Industrial	Econ. develop.	
Industrial	Econ. develop.	
Death theme		
Move	Positive action	
Approve	Participation	
Agriculture	Econ. develop.	
Agriculture	Econ. develop.	
Quantity		
Quantity		
Present		
Combine	Integration	
Pleasure	Positive action	
Quantity	Positive action	
Opposition	Negative action	
Think		
Democracy	Legitimacy	
Democracy	Legitimacy	
Democracy	Legitimacy	
Think		
Competence	Positive action	
Defense-mech.	Positive action	
Defense-mech.	Passive	
Attack	Negative action	
Danger theme	Negative action	
Party	Participation	
Get	Positive action	
Move	Positive action	
Opposition	Negative action	
Opposition	Negative action	
Move	Positive action	
Sense	Distribution	
Individual	Distribution	
Present		
Communicate	Positive action	
Regular	Integration	
Regular	Integration	
Regular	Integration	
Regular	Integration	
Sense	Passive	
Sense	Passive	

Reap	Agriculture	Econ. develop.
Rear	Space	
Rearm	Attack	Negative action
Rearmament	Attack	Negative action
Rearrangement	Progress	Positive action
Reason	Think	
Reasonabl	Positive	
Reassert	Initiate action	Positive action
Reassur	Guide	
Reassuranc	Guide	Passive
Rebel	Attack	Negative action
Rebell	Opposition	Negative action
Rebuk	Communicate	Negative action
Recal	Think	Passive
Recall	Communicate	Passive
Receiv	Get	Passive
Recent	Past	
Reciprocal	Communicate	Legitimacy
Reciprocity	Communicate	Legitimacy
Reckles	Danger theme	Negative action
Recklessnes	Danger theme	Negative action
Reclamat	Initiate action	
Reclamat	Initiate action	
Recognit	Sense	Legitimacy
Recogniz	Sense	Legitimacy
Recognizabl	Regular	Legitimacy
Recommend	Initiate action	Participation
Recommendat	Initiate action	Participation
Reconcil	Combine	Integration
Reconciliat	Combine	Integration
Reconsider	Initiate action	Passive
Reconstitut	Initiate action	Legitimacy
Reconstruct	Initiate action	Positive action
Reconversion	Political	Positive action
Record	Communicate	Positive action
Recover	Get	Positive action
Recreat	Initiate action	Positive action
Recreational	Ignorance	Distribution
Recur	Present	Positive action
Red	Danger theme	
Redeem	Initiate action	Econ. develop.
Redevelopment	Initiate action	Econ. develop.
Reds	East	
Red-tape	Government	Penetration
Reduc	Death theme	
Reduct	Control	Positive action
Reelect	Political	Participation
Reemploy	Industrial	Distribution
Reestablish	Initiate action	Positive action
Reexamin	Think	Positive action
Refer	Communicate	Passive
Referenc	Communicate	Passive

Referendum	Democracy	Participation
Reflect	Think	Passive
Reform	Guide	Positive action
Refus	Control	Negative action
Refusal	Communicate	Negative action
Reg	Local	Parochial
Regain	Initiate action	Negative action
Regard	Sense	Passive
Regim	Political	Legitimacy
Regimentat	Military	Negative action
Region	Local	Parochial
Regional	Local	Parochial
Regional-assemb	Local	Parochial
Regional-assembli	Local	Parochial
Regionalist	Local	Parochial
Regionalizat	Local	Parochial
Regionalism	Local	Parochial
Register	Communicate	Passive
Regret	Distress	Passive
Regrettab	Distress	Passive
Regrettabl	Distress	Passive
Regres	Defense-mech.	Negative action
Regress	History	Parochial
Regroup	Combine	Positive action
Regular	Regular	
Regulat	Control	Legitimacy
Regulatory	Government	Legitimacy
Rehabilitat	Health	Distribution
Reign	Control	Legitimacy
Reinforc	Guide	Positive action
Reject	Expel	Negative action
Rejoic	Glorious	Positive action
Relat	Communicate	Passive
Relations	Individual	Parochial
Relationship	Individual	Parochial
Relativ	Individual	Parochial
Relaunch	Initiate action	Positive action
Relax	Pleasure	Passive
Relaxat	Approach	Passive
Releas	Expel	Positive action
Relentles	Bad	Negative action
Relentless	Bad	Negative action
Relevanc	Regular	Passive
Relevant	Regular	Passive
Reli	Status	Passive
Relief	Guide	Distribution
Reliev	Guide	Distribution
Relinquish	Expel	Negative action
Rely	Status	Positive action
Remain	Future	Positive action
Remark	Communicate	Passive
Remarkab	Glorious	Passive

Remarkabl	Glorious	Positive action
Remedi	Guide	Distribution
Remedy	Guide	Distribution
Remember	Think	Passive
Remind	Communicate	Passive
Reminder	Communicate	Passive
Remov	Expel	Positive action
Remunerativ	Progress	Econ. develop.
Render	Progress	Positive action
Renegad	Party	Negative action
Renew	Initiate action	Positive action
Renounc	Communicate	Passive
Renovat	Initiate action	Positive action
Rent	Economic	Distribution
Rental	Economic	Distribution
Reopen	Initiate action	Positive action
Reorganiz	Initiate action	Positive action
Reorganizat	Initiate action	Positive action
Rep	Communicate	
Repair	Control	Positive action
Repeal	Legislature	Legitimacy
Repeat	Communicate	Passive
Repel	Avoid	Positive action
Replac	Competence	Positive action
Repli	Communicate	Passive
Reply	Communicate	Passive
Report	Communicate	Passive
Repres	Defense-mech.	Negative action
Represent	Democracy	Legitimacy
Representat	Democracy	Legitimacy
Representativ	Legislature	Participation
Representative	Democracy	Legitimacy
Repress	Status.	Negative action
Republic	Political	Legitimacy
Republican	Political	
Republicanism	Political	
Repudiat	Hatred	Negative action
Repugnant	Hatred	Negative action
Request	Communicate	Passive
Requir	Control	Distribution
Requirement	Control	Distribution
Research	Progress	
Resembl	Equal	Passive
Relent	Hatred	Positive action
Resentment	Hatred	
Reserv	Possess	Passive
Reservat	Defense-mech.	Passive
Resident	Urbanization	Parochial
Resign	Avoid	Positive action
Resignat	Avoid	Positive action
Resist	Control	Negative action
Resistanc	Avoid	Negative action

Resolut	Political	Legitimacy
Resolv	Think	Legitimacy
Resourc	Economic	Econ. develop.
Respect	Status	Legitimacy
Respond	Communicate	Positive action
Respons	Communicate	Passive
Responsibiliti	Competence	Legitimacy
Responsibility	Competence	Legitimacy
Responsibl	Competence	Legitimacy
Rest	Pleasure	Passive
Restat	Communicate	Passive
Restatement	Communicate	Passive
Restlessness	Wish	Negative action
Restor	Initiate action	Positive action
Restrain	Control	Negative action
Restraint	Control	Negative action
Restrict	Control	Negative action
Restriction	Control	Negative action
Restrictiv	Control	Negative action
Result	Cause	Positive action
Retail	Economic	Econ. develop.
Retir	Avoid	Positive action
Retort	Communicate	Passive
Retreat	Avoid	Negative action
Retrogress	Corruption	Negative action
Return	Approach	Positive action
Reunifi	Unity	Integration
Reunify	Unity	Integration
Reveal	Communicate	Passive
Revenue	Government	Econ. develop.
Rever	Glorious	Positive action
Revers	Move	Positive action
Review	Think	Positive action
Reviv	Initiate action	Positive action
Revis	Initiate action	Positive action
Revolt	Opposition	Negative action
Revolut	Progress	Econ. develop.
Revolutionari	Progress	Econ. develop.
Revolutionary	Progress	Econ. develop.
Reward	Glorious	Positive action
Rhodesia	Africa	
Rhythm	Present	
Ric	Agriculture	Econ. develop.
Rich	Glorious	Positive action
Richer	Progress	Positive action
Richnes	Progress	Positive action
Rid	Expel	
Riddanc	Expel	Negative action
Ridden	Move	Negative action
Ride	Move	
Ridicul	Attack	Negative action
Ridg	Danger theme	

Rifl	Danger theme	Econ. develop.
Rightful	Positive	Legitimacy
Rights	Political	Legitimacy
Righteousnes	Positive	Legitimacy
Rigid	Incompetence	Negative action
Rip	Attack	Econ. develop.
Ripe	Present	Econ. develop.
Right	Positive	Legitimacy
Righteou	Positive	Legitimacy
Ris	Move	Positive action
Risk	Danger theme	Negative action
Risky	Danger theme	Negative action
Ritual	Tribalism	Parochial
Rivalri	Opposition	Negative action
Rivalry	Opposition	Negative action
Rival	Opposition	Negative action
River	Agriculture	Econ. develop.
Road	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Roar	Danger theme	
Rob	Corruption	Negative action
Rod	Move	
Role	Structure	
Root	Cause	Legitimacy
Rop	Death theme	
Rough	Bad	Negative action
Round	Space	
Routin	Competence	
Row	Attack	
Royal	Britain	
Royalty	Britain	
Ruandi-urundi	Africa	
Rub	Move	
Rubber	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Rud	Attack	
Ruin	Corruption	
Ruinous	Distress	Negative action
Rul	Control	Legitimacy
Ruler	Executive	Legitimacy
Rumania	East	
Rumor	Bad	Negative action
Rumormonger	Opposition	Negative action
Rumor-monger	Opposition	Negative action
Rumor-mongering	Opposition	Negative action
Run	Move	Positive action
Rural	Local	Parochial
Rush	Move	Positive action
Russia	East	
Ruthles	Bad	Negative action
Rwanda	Africa	
Sabotag	Opposition	Negative action
Saboteur	Party	Negative action
Sacrific	Status	

Sad	Distress	Negative action
Saf	Guide	Positive action
Safeguard	Guide	Positive action
Safety	Guide	Positive action
Sag	Competence	
Said	Communicate	Passive
Sake	Guide	
Sal	Finance	Econ. develop.
Salari	Industrial	Distribution
Salary	Industrial	Distribution
Salt	Agriculture	Econ. develop.
Sam	Equal	Passive
Sanct	Very	Legitimacy
Sanction	Approve	Legitimacy
Sanitat	Health	Distribution
Sank	Avoid	Positive action
Satisfact	Pleasure	Positive action
Satisfactory	Competence	Positive action
Satisfi	Pleasure	Positive action
Satisfy	Pleasure	Positive action
Sav	Possess	Positive action
Savag	Tribalism	Positive action
Saw	Sense	Passive
Say	Communicate	Passive
Scal	Structure	
Scandal	Corruption	Negative action
Scandalou	Corruption	Negative action
Scapegoat	Attack	Negative action
Scar	Distress	Negative action
Scarc	Quantity	
Scatter	Expel	Negative action
Schem	Corruption	Negative action
Scheme	Guide	Negative action
Schemer	Corruption	
School	Ignorance	Distribution
Schoolteacher	Ignorance	Distribution
Scienc	Ignorance	Distribution
Scientific	Ignorance	Distribution
Scientist	Ignorance	Distribution
Scop	Structure	
Scorn	Attack	Negative action
Scratch	Expel	
Scream	Distress	Negative action
Scrutinize	Think	Passive
Scrutiny	Think	Passive
Search	Initiate action	Positive action
Season	Present	
Seat	Government	
Secess	Divide	Negative action
Second	Quantity	
Secondary	Status	Negative action
Secret	Avoid	

Secretari	Government	Penetration
Secretariat	Government	Penetration
Secretary	Government	Penetration
Secretary-of-state	Government	Legitimacy
Secretaries-of-state	Government	Penetration
Secretary-general	Executive	Penetration
Sect	Local	Parochial
Section	Local	Parochial
Sectional	Local	Parochial
Sector	Local	Parochial
Secular	Structure	
Secur	Possess	Positive action
Security	Government	Integration
Security-council	International	Penetration
Sedit	Opposition	Negative action
Seduc	Bad	Negative action
Seductiv	Bad	Negative action
Se	Communicate	
See	Sense	Passive
Seek	Initiate action	Positive action
Seem	Sense	Passive
Seen	Sense	Passive
Sees	Sense	Passive
Segregat	Divide	Negative action
Seiz	Get	Negative action
Seizur	Attack	Negative action
Sekou	Self	
Sekou-toure	Self	
Sel	Communicate	Econ. develop.
Seldom	Present	
Select	Think	Participation
Selectivity	Guide	Participation
Self	Self	
Self-administration	Freedom	Legitimacy
Self-consciousness	Individual	
Self-confidenc	Individual	Positive action
Self-criticism	Individual	
Self-determinat	Freedom	Legitimacy
Self-determination	Freedom	Legitimacy
Self-enrichment	Corruption	Negative action
Self-government	Freedom	Legitimacy
Self-guidance	Freedom	Legitimacy
Selfish	Bad	Negative action
Selfishnes	Corruption	Negative action
Selfishness	Corruption	Negative action
Selfles	Mass	Positive action
Self-love	Individual	Negative action
Self-management	Freedom	Legitimacy
Self-rule	Freedom	Legitimacy
Self-seekers	Individual	Negative action
Self-seeking	Individual	Negative action
Self-sufficiency	Freedom	Econ. develop.

Selv	We	
Semblanc	Regular	Passive
Senat	Legislature	Legitimacy
Senator	Legislature	Legitimacy
Send	Expel	Positive action
Sens	Sense	Passive
Senegal	Africa	
Senegales	Africa	
Senior	Status	
Sensibl	Competence	Positive action
Sent	Expel	Positive action
Sentenc	Communicate	
Sentiment	Positive	
Separat	Divide	Negative action
Separatism	Opposition	Negative action
Seri	Space	
Seriou	Competence	
Serv	Status	Positive action
Servant	Status	Negative action
Servic	Guide	Penetration
Serviceman	Military	Penetration
Servicemen	Military	Penetration
Serving-boy	Status	Negative action
Servitud	Status	Negative action
Sess	Government	Legitimacy
Set	Positive action	
Settl	Imperialism	Positive action
Settler	Imperialism	Positive action
Settlement	Imperialism	Positive action
Set-up	Initiate action	Positive action
Seven-year	Economic	Econ. develop.
Seven-year-development-plan	Economic	Econ. develop.
Seven-year-plan	Economic	Econ. develop.
Sever	Distress	
Several	Quantity	
Sh	They	
Shackl	Imperialism	Negative action
Shad	Death theme	
Shadow	Danger theme	
Shak	Move	Positive action
Shaken	Distress	
Shall	Dught	Passive
Shallow	Space	
Sham	Distress	Negative action
Shameful	Corruption	Negative action
Shameless	Bad	Negative action
Shap	Space	Positive action
Shar	Communicate	Positive action
Sharp	Danger theme	
Shatter	Attack	
Sheep	Agriculture	Econ. develop.
Shelter	Guide	Distribution

Shield	Guide	Positive action
Shift	Move	
Shiftles	Incompetence	Negative action
Shin	Glorious	Positive action
Ship	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Shipyard	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Shirt	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Sho	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Shock	Distress	Negative action
Shook	Move	Positive action
Shon	Glorious	Positive action
Shoot	Attack	Positive action
Shop	Economic	Econ. develop.
Short	Quantity	
Shortcom	Bad	Negative action
Shortag	Quantity	
Shorten	Quantity	
Shot	Attack	Negative action
Show	Communicate	Passive
Shown	Communicate	Passive
Should	Dught	Passive
Shout	Communicate	
Shrank	Avoid	
Shrink	Avoid	
Shrunk	Avoid	
Shut	Control	Positive action
Shy	Avoid	
Sick	Health	Distribution
Sicknes	Health	Distribution
Sid	Space	
Sierra-leone	Africa	
Sight	Sense	Passive
Sign	Communicate	Passive
Signal	Communicate	Passive
Significant	Vital	Positive action
Significanc	Vital	Positive action
Signify	Vital	Positive action
Signifi	Vital	Positive action
Silenc	Danger theme	
Silent	Communicate	
Silk	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Silver	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Similar	Equal	Passive
Similariti	Equal	Passive
Similarity	Equal	Passive
Sin	Corruption	
Sinc	Cause	
Sincer	Positive	Positive action
Sincerity	Positive	Positive action
Singapore	West	
Singl	Quantity	
Sink	Avoid	

Sir	Status	Negative action
Sister	Individual	Parochial
Sit	Move	
Situat	Space	Passive
Siz	Quantity	
Skil	Competence	
Skill	Competence	
Skin	Race	
Slain	Death theme	Negative action
Slanderou	Attack	Negative action
Slav	Status	Negative action
Slavery	Status	Negative action
Slay	Death theme	Negative action
Slender	Quantity	
Slew	Death theme	Negative action
Slic	Attack	
Slid	Move	
Slip	Move	Negative action
Slogan	Nationalism	Legitimacy
Slow	Incompetence	Negative action
Slung	Move	
Slum	Urbanization	Distribution
Small	Quantity	
Smaller	Quantity	
Smart	Competence	Positive action
Smash	Attack	Negative action
Spatial	Space	
Smel	Sense	
Smelter	Industrial	
Smil	Positive	
Smuggl	Corruption	Negative action
Snak	Danger theme	
Snap	Move	
Soap	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Sob	Distress	
Sober	Competence	Positive action
Social	Communicate	Positive action
Socialism	Socialism	Econ. develop.
Socialist	Socialism	Econ. develop.
Socialistic	Socialism	Econ. develop.
Social-security	Socialism	Distribution
Societi	Ignorance	Distribution
Society	Mass	Distribution
Soil	Death theme	Econ. develop.
Sol	Individual	
Sold	Communicate	Econ. develop.
Solemn	Positive	Positive action
Solid	Regular	Integration
Solidari	Unity	Integration
Solidary	Unity	Integration
Solidarity	Unity	Integration
Solidity	Unity	Integration

Soldier	Military	Penetration
Solut	Progress	
Solv	Think	Positive action
Som	Quantity	
Somalia	Africa	
Sometin	Present	
Somewher	Space	
Son	Individual	Parochial
Soon	Future	
Sooner	Present	
Sor	Distress	
Sorcerer	Tribalism	Parochial
Sorrow	Distress	Negative action
Sorry	Distress	Negative action
Sort	Regular	
Soul	Mass	Integration
Sound	Communicate	Passive
Sought	Initiate action	Passive
Sourc	Cause	
Sousou	Tribalism	Parochial
Soussou	Tribalism	Parochial
South	Space	
South-africa	Africa	
South-america	West	
Southern	Space	
South-korea	West	
Southern-rhodesia	Africa	
South-west-africa	Africa	
South-vietnam	West	
Sovereign	Nationalism	Legitimacy
Soverign	Nationalism	Legitimacy
Sovereignty	Nationalism	Legitimacy
Soverignty	Nationalism	Legitimacy
Soviet	East	
Sow	Agriculture	Econ. develop.
Sown	Agriculture	Econ. develop.
Spac	Space	
Spain	West	
Spar	Quantity	
Spat	Expel	
Sp	Past	
Spe	Present	
Spear	Tribalism	Parochial
Spearhead	Initiate action	Positive action
Special	Quantity	Positive action
Specific	Quantity	Passive
Spectacl	Sense	Positive action
Speedier	Competence	
Speedy	Competence	
Specify	Communicate	Positive action
Speak	Communicate	Passive
Speaker	Government	Participation

Speech	Communicate	Passive
Speedily	Present	
Spend	Communicate	Econ. develop.
Spent	Communicate	Econ. develop.
Spher	International	
Spi	Sense	
Spirit	Vital	Integration
Spirited	Vital	Positive action
Spit	Expel	Negative action
Splendid	Glorious	Positive action
Splendor	Glorious	Positive action
Split	Divide	Negative action
Spoil	Incompetence	Negative action
Spok	Communicate	Passive
Spoken	Communicate	Passive
Spokesman	Party	Legitimacy
Sport	Ignorance	
Spot	Space	
Spr	Future	
Sprang	Move	
Spread	Move	Positive action
Sprung	Move	
Spy	Opposition	
Squalor	Social welfare	Distribution
Squander	Corruption	Negative action
Squar	Space	
Stability	Competence	Integration
Stabl	Competence	Integration
Staff	Government	Penetration
Stag	Structure	
Stagnat	Corruption	Negative action
Stand	Future	Positive action
Standard	Regular	Positive action
Start	Initiate action	Positive action
Starv	Health	Distribution
Starvat	Health	Distribution
Stat	Government	Legitimacy
Status-quo	Regular	Positive action
Statehood	Nationalism	Legitimacy
Statesman	Government	Participation
Statesmanlike	Government	Participation
Statesmen	Government	Participation
Statement	Communicate	Passive
Statu	Status	Legitimacy
Statuettes	Tribalism	Parochial
Statut	Legislature	Participation
Statutory	Legislature	Participation
Staunch	Competence	
Stay	Possess	Positive action
Steady	Competence	Positive action
Steady	Competence	Positive action
Steal	Get	Negative action

Steel	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Steel-mills	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Steer	Control	Econ. develop.
Step	Move	Positive action
Sterling	Finance	Econ. develop.
Stern	Control	Negative action
Stigma	Bad	Negative action
Stil	Death theme	
Still	Present	
Stimulat	Initiate action	Positive action
Stockpil	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Stock-farming	Agriculture	Econ. develop.
Stocks	Finance	Econ. develop.
Stol	Corruption	Negative action
Stolen	Corruption	Negative action
Ston	Death theme	
Stop	Death theme	Positive action
Storm	Danger theme	
Stood	Possess	Positive action
Straight	Competence	
Strain	Distress	Positive action
Stranger	They	
Strangl	Death theme	Negative action
Strata	Class	
Strategi	Initiate action	Positive action
Strategic	Initiate action	Positive action
Strategy	Initiate action	Positive action
Strength	Control	Positive action
Strengthen	Progress	Positive action
Strenuous	Distress	Positive action
Stres	Distress	Positive action
Stretch	Move	Positive action
Strif	Attack	Negative action
Strik	Attack	Negative action
Striv	Initiate action	Positive action
Striven	Initiate action	
Strok	Move	
Strong	Status	Positive action
Stronger	Status	Positive action
Strongest	Status	Positive action
Stronghold	Space	Legitimacy
Strov	Initiate action	Positive action
Struck	Attack	Negative action
Structur	Structure	Passive
Struggl	Initiate action	Negative action
Student	Ignorance	Distribution
Studi	Think	Distribution
Study	Think	Distribution
Stuf	Structure	Econ. develop.
Stupid	Incompetence	Negative action
Subdu	Status	Negative action
Subject	Structure	Negative action

Subjectivity	Think	Negative action
Subjugat	Imperialism	Negative action
Sublimat	Defense-mech.	Negative action
Submarin	Danger theme	
Submis	Status	Negative action
Submission	Status	Negative action
Submissiv	Status	Negative action
Submit	Status	Negative action
Subordinat	Status	Negative action
Subscrib	Initiate action	Negative action
Subserviency	Status	Negative action
Subsidy	Guide	Econ. develop.
Subsidi	Progress	Econ. develop.
Subsistenc	Social welfare	
Substanc	Structure	Passive
Substantial	Quantity	Positive action
Substitut	Defense-mech.	
Subvers	Opposition	Negative action
Subversion	Opposition	Negative action
Subversiv	Opposition	Negative action
Subversive	Opposition	Negative action
Subvert	Opposition	Negative action
Succe	Get	Positive action
Succeed	Get	Positive action
Succes	Get	Positive action
Success	Glorious	Positive action
Successful	Glorious	Positive action
Sudan	Africa	
Sudden	Present	
Suffer	Distress	Negative action
Sufficient	Quantity	Positive action
Suffrag	Political	Legitimacy
Sugar	Agriculture	Econ. develop.
Sugar-refineries	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Suggest	Communicate	Passive
Suicid	Death theme	Negative action
Suicidal	Death theme	Negative action
Suit	Approve	
Suitabl	Positive	Positive action
Sulk	Hatred	Negative action
Sum	Quantity	
Summariz	Communicate	
Summer	Present	
Summit	Glorious	
Summon	Control	Positive action
Sun	Status	
Sunk	Expel	
Superior	Glorious	Positive action
Superiority	Glorious	Positive action
Superstit	History	Parochial
Superstiti	History	Parochial
Supervis	Status	Positive action

Supplement		
Suppli	Guide	Positive action
Supply	Guide	Positive action
Support	Guide	Positive action
Supporter	Legitimacy	Positive action
Suppos	Legitimacy	Participation
Supposed	Think	Passive
Suppres	Dught	Passive
Suppress	Imperialism	Negative action
Supranational	Imperialism	Negative action
Suprem	International	Legitimacy
Supremacy	Glorious	Positive action
Sur	Glorious	Positive action
Surpas	Very	
Surfac	Initiate action	Positive action
Surplus	Space	
Surpris	Positive	Econ. develop.
Surrender	Pleasure	Positive action
Surround	Bad	Negative action
Survey	Space	
Surviv	Think	Passive
Survival	Danger theme	Positive action
Suspect	Danger theme	Positive action
Suspend	Think	Passive
Suspicious	Move	Passive
Sustain	Avoid	Passive
Swallow	Guide	Positive action
Sway	Possess	
Swear	Move	
Sweden	Hatred	Passive
Sweet	Neutral	
Swell	Positive	Positive action
Swift	Space	Positive action
Switzerland	Present	
Swor	Neutral	
Sword	Attack	
Sworn	Danger theme	Parochial
Swung	Communicate	
Symbol	Move	
Symboliz	Structure	Legitimacy
Sympathizer	Communicate	Legitimacy
Symptom	Party	Participation
Synthesi	Distress	
Syria	Structure	
System	Neutral	
Systematic	Structure	Passive
Tackl	Competence	Passive
Tactic	Attack	Positive action
Tactical	Initiate action	Passive
Taiwan	Initiate action	Passive
Tak	West	
Taken	Get	Positive action
	Get	Positive action

Talent	Competence	
Talk	Communicate	Passive
Tall	Quantity	
Tanganyika	Africa	
Tangib	Sense	
Tangibl	Sense	
Tantamount	Equal	
Tanzania	Africa	
Target	Structure	Positive action
Tarif	Finance	Econ. develop.
Tariff	Finance	Econ. develop.
Tarrif	Finance	Econ. develop.
Task	Competence	Positive action
Tast	Sense	
Taught	Ignorance	Distribution
Tax	Government	Legitimacy
Taxat	Government	Legitimacy
Tax-pay	Government	Legitimacy
Taxpayer	Government	Legitimacy
Tax-payer	Government	Legitimacy
Tax-rolls	Government	Legitimacy
Tea	Agriculture	
Teach	Ignorance	Distribution
Teacher	Ignorance	Distribution
Team	Combine	Integration
Tear	Attack	Negative action
Technical	Urbanization	Econ. develop.
Technician	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Techniqu	Urbanization	Econ. develop.
Technological	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Technology	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Tel	Communicate	Passive
Telecommunications	Urbanization	Econ. develop.
Telegram	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Telephon	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Television	Ignorance	
Tell	Communicate	Passive
Temper	Hatred	Negative action
Temporary	Present	
Tend	Guide	Passive
Tendenci	Approach	
Tendency	Communicate	Passive
Tender	Positive	Positive action
Tens	Distress	
Term	Political	Legitimacy
Termerity	Bad	Negative action
Terminat	Progress	Positive action
Terrifi	Distress	Negative action
Terrific	Glorious	Positive action
Terrib	Bad	Positive action
Terribl	Bad	Positive action
Terrified	Distress	Positive action

Terrify	Distress	Positive action
Territori	Nationalism	Legitimacy
Territorial	Nationalism	Legitimacy
Territory	Nationalism	Legitimacy
Territorial-assembly-of-guinea	Legislature	Legitimacy
Terror	Distress	Negative action
Terrorism	Opposition	Negative action
Test	Initiate action	
Thailand	West	
Thank	Communicate	
Theater	Ignorance	Distribution
Theft	Corruption	Negative action
Their	They	
Theoretician	Group	
The-state	Nationalism	Legitimacy
Them	They	
Themselv	They	
Then	Past	
Theoretical	Structure	Passive
Theori	Structure	Passive
Theory	Structure	Passive
Therefor	Cause	
Thermonuclear	International	Econ. develop.
They	They	
Thief	Corruption	Negative action
Thieves	Opposition	Negative action
Thin	Quantity	Passive
Think	Think	Passive
Thorough	Competence	
Thos	Quantity	
Thought	Think	Passive
Thousand	Group	
Threat	Danger theme	Negative action
Threaten	Danger theme	Negative action
Threw	Expel	Positive action
Thrill	Pleasure	
Thrill	Pleasure	Positive action
Thriv	Progress	Positive action
Throat	Danger theme	
Thron	Britain	
Throw	Expel	Positive action
Thrown	Expel	
Thrust	Expel	
Thunder	Danger theme	
Ti	Obstacle	
Tim	Present	
Timber	Agriculture	Econ. develop.
Tin	Industrial	
Tiny	Quantity	
Tip	Space	
Tir	Distress	

Tireles	Competence	Positive action
Titl	Possess	Legitimacy
Togo	Africa	
Today	Present	
Together	Unity	Integration
Togoland	Africa	
Togolese	Africa	
Toil	Economic	Distribution
Told	Communicate	Passive
Toleranc	Race	Passive
Tongu	Nationalism	Legitimacy
Tonight	Present	
Tolerant	Race	Passive
Tolerat	Race	Passive
Tomorrow	Future	
Tom-tom	Tribalism	Parochial
Took	Get	Positive action
Tool	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Top	Space	
Topic	Communicate	
Tor	Attack	
Torn	Distress	Negative action
Tos	Expel	Positive action
Toss	Move	Positive action
Total	Quantity	
Totalitarian	Corruption	Negative action
Totalitarianism	Corruption	Negative action
Totality	Unity	Integration
Touch	Sense	Passive
Touchy	Hatred	Negative action
Toure	Self	
Toward	Approach	
Town	Urbanization	Econ. develop.
Trac	Sense	
Trad	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Trader	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Tradesmen	Group	
Trade-union	Industrial	Distribution
Trade-union-congress	Industrial	Distribution
Tradit	Econ. develop.	Parochial
Traditional	History	Parochial
Traffic	Move	Econ. develop.
Tragedy	Death theme	Negative action
Tragic	Death theme	Negative action
Tragical	Death theme	Negative action
Trail	Avoid	Positive action
Train	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Training	Guide	Distribution
Trait	Structure	
Traitor	Opposition	Negative action
Transcend	Move	
Transcendant	Space	

Transfer	Initiate action	Positive action
Transference	Initiate action	Positive action
Transform	Progress	Positive action
Transformative	Initiate action	Positive action
Translate	Communicate	Passive
Transport	Initiate action	Positive action
Transportation	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Trap	Attack	Negative action
Travel	Initiate action	Positive action
Treachery	Corruption	Negative action
Treason	Opposition	Negative action
Treasurer	Glorious	Positive action
Treasury	Government	Positive action
Treat	Government	Econ. develop.
Treaties	Guide	Positive action
Treaty	International	Legitimacy
Treatment	International	Legitimacy
Tremble	Guide	Positive action
Tremendous	Distress	Negative action
Trend	Glorious	Negative action
Tri	Future	Passive
Trial	Initiate action	Positive action
Trib	Judicial	Negative action
Tribal	Tribalism	Parochial
Tribalism	Tribalism	Parochial
Tribunal	Tribalism	Parochial
Tribute	Judicial	Penetration
Trick	Approve	Positive action
Trickery	Danger theme	Negative action
Triumph	Opposition	Negative action
Triumphal	Glorious	Positive action
Triviality	Glorious	Positive action
Triviality	Corruption	Negative action
Troop	Corruption	Negative action
Trouble	Military	Integration
Tru	Distress	Negative action
Truly	Positive	Positive action
Trusteeship	Positive	Positive action
Trust	Imperialism	Econ. develop.
Trustworthy	Competence	Positive action
Truth	Competence	Positive action
Truthful	Positive	Positive action
Try	Competence	Positive action
Tungsten	Initiate action	Positive action
Tunisia	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Turbine	Neutral	
Turkey	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Turn	West	
Twist	Move	Positive action
Two	Move	Positive action
Tyranny	Quantity	
	Bad	Negative action

Tyrannical	Bad	Negative action
Tyranny	Corruption	Negative action
U	We	
Uganda	Africa	
Ugly	Bad	Negative action
Ugtan	Industrial	Participation
Ultimat	Glorious	Positive action
Un	International	
Unabl	Incompetence	Negative action
Unacceptabl	Incompetence	Negative action
Unanimou	Unity	Integration
Unanimous	Unity	Integration
Unattractiv	Bad	Negative action
Unbind	Freedom	Negative action
Unicef	International	
Uncertain	Distress	Negative action
Uncertainty	Incompetence	Negative action
Uncl	Tribalism	
Uncomfortabl	Distress	Negative action
Unconditional	Freedom	Positive action
Unconquerabl	Attack	Negative action
Unconscious	Avoid	Negative action
Unconstitutional	Government	Legitimacy
Unconvinc	Incompetence	Negative action
Uncreativ	Incompetence	Negative action
Undemocratic	Bad	Negative action
Under	Space	
Underdevelop	Status	Econ. develop.
Under-developed	Status	Econ. develop.
Underdevelopment	Status	Econ. develop.
Undermin	Opposition	Negative action
Under-privileged	Status	Distribution
Understand	Think	Positive action
Understandabl	Think	Positive action
Understood	Think	Positive action
Undertak	Initiate action	Positive action
Undertaken	Get	Positive action
Undo	Attack	Positive action
Undoubted	Very	Passive
Undoubtedly	Very	Passive
Uneasiness	Distress	Negative action
Unemploy	Urbanization	Distribution
Unemployment	Urbanization	Distribution
Unequal	Not	Negative action
Unexceptional	Incompetence	
Unexpir	Present	
Unfair	Bad	Negative action
Unfalter	Competence	Positive action
Unfinish	Present	Negative action
Unfortunat	Distress	Negative action
Ungrateful	Corruption	Negative action
Unhappier	Bad	Negative action

Unhappines	Bad	Negative action
Unhappy	Distress	Negative action
Unifi	Unity	Integration
Unificat	Unity	Integration
Uniform	Competence	Integration
Unify	Unity	Integration
Unimaginativ	Incompetence	Negative action
Unimportant	Incompetence	Negative action
Uninformed	Incompetence	Negative action
Unintelligent	Incompetence	Negative action
Uninterrupt	Future	Positive action
Union	Industrial	Distribution
Unionism	Industrial	Distribution
Unionist	Industrial	Distribution
Uniqu	Quantity	Positive action
Unit	Structure	Integration
Unitary	Unity	Integration
Unite	Unity	Integration
United-kingdom	Britain	
United-nations	International	
United-states	West	
Unity	Unity	Integration
Univers	International	Integration
Universal	Quantity	Integration
Universiti	Ignorance	Distribution
University	Ignorance	Distribution
Unjust	Corruption	Negative action
Unjustifi	Distress	Negative action
Unknown	Danger theme	Negative action
Unles	If	
Unlik	Not	
Unmistakab	Very	
Unmistakabl	Very	
Unnecessary	Incompetence	Passive
Unpopular	Bad	Negative action
Unprecedented	Glorious	Positive action
Unprepared	Incompetence	Negative action
Unprofessional	Incompetence	Negative action
Unpromising	Incompetence	
Unqualifi	Very	Negative action
Unqualified	Incompetence	Negative action
Unreliabl	Incompetence	Negative action
Unremarkabl	Incompetence	Negative action
Unreservedly	Approve	Negative action
Unresourceful	Incompetence	Negative action
Unrestrict	Freedom	
Unsatisfactorily	Incompetence	Negative action
Unsatisfactory	Incompetence	Negative action
Unseat	Opposition	Negative action
Unskilled	Incompetence	Distribution
Unskillful	Incompetence	Distribution
Unsolv	Bad	Negative action

Unsteady	Incompetence	Negative action
Unsteadily	Incompetence	Negative action
Unsuccessful	Incompetence	Negative action
Unsuitabl	Incompetence	Negative action
Unsurpassab	Glorious	Positive action
Unsurpassabl	Glorious	Positive action
Unsystematic	Incompetence	Negative action
Untalented	Incompetence	Negative action
Unti	Freedom	Negative action
Until	Present	
Untrained	Incompetence	Distribution
Unusual	Very	Positive action
Unwis	Incompetence	Negative action
Unworkmanlike	Incompetence	Negative action
Unworthy	Bad	Negative action
Up	Space	
Upheld	Control	Legitimacy
Uphold	Control	Legitimacy
Upon	Space	
Upper	Space	
Upper-volta	Africa	
Uproot	Attack	Negative action
Upset	Distress	Negative action
Uruguay	West	
Uranium	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Urban	Urbanization	Econ. develop.
Urbaniz	Urbanization	Econ. develop.
Urbanization	Urbanization	Econ. develop.
Urg	Wish	
Urgency	Vital	Positive action
Urgent	Vital	Positive action
Us	We	
Usa	West	
Useful	Positive	Positive action
Usefulness	Competence	Positive action
Useles	Incompetence	Negative action
Uselessness	Incompetence	Negative action
Ussr	East	
Usual	Present	
Usurp	Attack	Negative action
Utiliti	Positive	Econ. develop.
Utility	Positive	Econ. develop.
Utiliz	Positive	Econ. develop.
Utilizat	Positive	Econ. develop.
Utter	Communicate	Passive
Utopia	Glorious	Positive action
Vacat	Move	Positive action
Vagu	Bad	
Validity	Attack	Positive action
Vagueness	Bad	
Vain	Corruption	
Valid	Positive	Positive action

Valuabl	Positive	Positive action
Valu	Positive	Positive action
Vanguard	Class	Positive action
Vanish	Avoid	
Vari	Think	Positive action
Varianc	Think	Positive action
Variabl	Structure	Positive action
Variety	Regular	
Various	Regular	
Vary	Think	Positive action
Vasselage	Status	Negative action
Vast	Quantity	
Vegetabl	Agriculture	Econ. develop.
Vehicl	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Veil	Bad	
Venezuela	West	
Ventur	Initiate action	Positive action
Very	Very	Positive action
Vested-interests	Opposition	Econ. develop.
Veteran	Military	Penetration
Veto	Political	Legitimacy
Vexatiou	Distress	Negative action
Vi	Attack	Positive action
Vic	Corruption	Negative action
Vice-president	Government	Legitimacy
Viciou	Hatred	Negative action
Vicissitud	Distress	Negative action
Victim	Death theme	Negative action
Victor	Glorious	Positive action
Victori	Glorious	Positive action
Victoriou	Glorious	Positive action
Victory	Glorious	Positive action
View	Sense	
Viewer	Individual	Distribution
Viewpoint	Think	
Vigilanc	Competence	Positive action
Vigilant	Party	Positive action
Vigor	Vital	Positive action
Vigorous	Vital	Positive action
Vigorous	Vital	Positive action
Vil	Bad	Negative action
Viliag	Tribalism	Parochial
Vilificat	Attack	Negative action
Vindicat	Defense-mech.	Positive action
Vindictiv	Hatred	Negative action
Violat	Attack	Negative action
Violenc	Attack	Negative action
Violent	Attack	Negative action
Virtual	Very	
Virtuou	Positive	Positive action
Virtu	Positive	Positive action
Vis	Sense	

Visit	Move	Positive action
Visualiz	Sense	Passive
Vital	Vital	Positive action
Vitality	Vital	Positive action
Vocat	Ignorance	
Vocational	Ignorance	
Voic	Communicate	
Void	Not	
Volta	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Volta-project	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Volta-river-authority	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Volta-river-project	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Volta-scheme	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Volum	Quantity	
Voluntari	Approve	Participation
Voluntary	Approve	Participation
Volunteer	Guide	Participation
Vot	Political	Participation
Vow	Initiate action	
Vulgar	Bad	Negative action
Vulnerabl	Danger theme	
Vulnerability	Danger theme	
Wa	Past	
Wag	Industrial	Distribution
Wait	Present	Passive
Wak	Move	Positive action
Waken	Move	Positive action
Walk	Move	Positive action
Wall	Control	
Want	Wish	Distribution
War	Attack	Negative action
Warfar	Attack	Negative action
Warhead	Death theme	Negative action
Warmonger	Attack	Negative action
Warn	Danger theme	Passive
Wartim	Military	Negative action
Was	Past	
Wast	Corruption	Negative action
Wasteful	Incompetence	Negative action
Wasters	Incompetence	Negative action
Watch	Move	Negative action
Water	Agriculture	Positive action
Waterway	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Way	Structure	Passive
We	We	
Weak	Status	
Weaken	Status	
Weaknes	Status	
Wealth	Economic	Distribution
Wealthy	Economic	Distribution
Weapon	Military	Negative action
Wearily	Distress	

Wearisome	Distress	
Wear	Possess	Positive action
Weary	Distress	
Week	Present	
Weep	Distress	Negative action
Welcom	Move	Positive action
Weigh	Think	
Weight	Quantity	
Welfar	Social welfare	Distribution
Well	Positive	
Well-being	Pleasure	Positive action
Went	Avoid	Positive action
Wept	Distress	
Wer	Past	
West	West	
West-africa	Africa	
West-berlin	West	
Western	West	
West-germany	West	
Wheat	Agriculture	Econ. develop.
When	Future	
Whenever	Future	
Wherever	Space	
Whether	If	
Whil	Present	
Whip	Attack	
Whisper	Communicate	
Whistl	Communicate	
Whit	Race	
Whol	Space	Integration
Wholenes	Space	Integration
Why	Cause	
Widow	Individual	Parochial
Widower	Individual	Parochial
Wif	Individual	Parochial
Wick	Corruption	Negative action
Wid	Space	
Widen	Space	
Wider	Space	
Widest	Space	
Wil	Future	
Wild	Danger theme	Negative action
Wield	Move	Positive action
Wilderness	Danger theme	
Will	Future	
Willingnes	Approve	Positive action
Win	Get	Positive action
Winter	Death theme	
Witch	Tribalism	
Wir	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Wis	Think	Positive action
Wisdom	Think	Positive action

Wish	Wish	Passive
Wiser	Think	Positive action
Wishful	Wish	Passive
Wit	Think	
Withdraw	Avoid	Negative action
Withdrawal	Defense-mech.	Negative action
Withdrew	Avoid	Negative action
Withheld	Avoid	Negative action
Withhold	Avoid	Negative action
Within	Space	
Witness	Sense	Penetration
Wiv	Group	
Wizard	Tribalism	Parochial
Wok	Move	
Wolf	Danger theme	
Wolves	Opposition	Negative action
Woman	Individual	
Women	Group	
Womenfolk	Group	
Won	Get	Positive action
Wonder	Think	Positive action
Wonderful	Glorious	Positive action
Wood	Agriculture	Econ. develop.
Wool	Agriculture	Econ. develop.
Wor	Possess	
Word	Communicate	
Work	Industrial	Distribution
Worker	Class	Distribution
Working-class	Class	Distribution
Workingman	Class	Distribution
Workingmen	Class	Distribution
Working-man	Class	Distribution
Working-women	Class	Distribution
World	International	Legitimacy
World-war	International	
Worm	Death theme	
Worri	Distress	Negative action
Worrisome	Distress	Negative action
Worry	Distress	Negative action
Wors	Bad	Negative action
Worship	Status	Positive action
Worst	Bad	Negative action
Worth	Positive	Positive action
Worthless	Bad	Negative action
Worthiness	Positive	Positive action
Worthy	Positive	Positive action
Would	Ought	Passive
Wound	Distress	Negative action
Wreck	Attack	Negative action
Writ	Communicate	Distribution
Writer	Ignorance	Distribution
Written	Move	Distribution

Wrong	Incompetence	Negative action
Wrot	Progress	Distribution
Xenophobia	Tribalism	Parochial
Year	Present	
Yearn	Wish	Passive
Yes	Approve	Positive action
Yes-yes	Race	Negative action
Yesterday	Past	
Yet	Past	
Yield	Status	Negative action
Yok	Status	Negative action
You	They	
Young	Present	
Youthful	Group	Positive action
Youngster	Individual	
Your	They	
Yourself	They	
Yourself	They	
Youth	Present	Positive action
Youth-movement	Group	Participation
Yugoslavia	Neutral	
Zeal	Vital	Positive action
zeal	vital	positive action

A	N type word
About	N type word
According	N type word
Although	N type word
Am	N type word
Amongst	N type word
An	N type word
And	N type word
Anyon	N type word
Ar	N type word
As	N type word
At	N type word
Be	N type word
Been	N type word
Being	N type word
But	N type word
By	N type word
Can	N type word
Despit	N type word
Elsewher	N type word
Etc	N type word
Everyth	N type word
For	N type word
From	N type word
Furthermore	N type word
In	N type word
General	N type word
Henceforth	N type word
Hereby	N type word
Herein	N type word
How	N type word
Is	N type word
It	N type word
Itself	N type word
Likewis	N type word
Meanwhil	N type word
Meantim	N type word
Moreover	N type word
Nevertheless	N type word
Nevertheles	N type word
Of	N type word
On	N type word
Or	N type word
Per	N type word
Presumably	N type word
Rather	N type word
Regardless	N type word
Sat	N type word
Simpl	N type word
So	N type word

Somebody	N	type	word
Somehow	N	type	word
Someon	N	type	word
Someth	N	type	word
Somewhat	N	type	word
S-party	N	type	word
Such	N	type	word
Th	N	type	word
Than	N	type	word
That	N	type	word
The	N	type	word
Ther	N	type	word
There	N	type	word
Thereafter	N	type	word
Therein	N	type	word
Thereof	N	type	word
Thereon	N	type	word
Thereto	N	type	word
Therewith	N	type	word
Thes	N	type	word
Thi	N	type	word
This	N	type	word
Though	N	type	word
Through	N	type	word
Throughout	N	type	word
Thus	N	type	word
To	N	type	word
Toc	N	type	word
What	N	type	word
Whatever	N	type	word
Wher	N	type	word
Whereby	N	type	word
Whereas	N	type	word
Wherein	N	type	word
Which	N	type	word
Who	N	type	word
Whoever	N	type	word
Whom	N	type	word
Whos	N	type	word
With	N	type	word
Without	N	type	word

I	Self
M	Self
My	Self
Myself	Self
Nkrumah	Self
Nkrumahism	Self
Dsageyfo	Self
Sekou	Self
Sekou-toure	Self

Self
Toure
Kwame
Kwame-nkrumah

Self
Self
Self
Self

Legitimacy
Legitimacy

Dur
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Stranger
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Observer

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Participation
Negative action
Passive

Body
Female
Gentleman
Girl
Human
Individual
Individualist
Individuality
Juvenil
Lad
Lady
Mal
Man
Oneself
Organism

Individual
Individual
Individual
Individual
Individual
Individual
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Individual
Individual
Individual
Individual
Individual

Person	Individual	
Priest	Individual	
Self-consciousness	Individual	
Self-criticism	Individual	
Sol	Individual	
Woman	Individual	
Youngster	Individual	
Adviser	Individual	Participation
Advisor	Individual	Participation
Fellow	Individual	Participation
Reader	Individual	Distribution
Viewer	Individual	Distribution
Adult	Individual	Positive action
Contributor	Individual	Positive action
Self-confidenc	Individual	Positive action
Boy	Individual	Negative action
Egocentric	Individual	Negative action
Egoism	Individual	Negative action
Egoistic	Individual	Negative action
Individualism	Individual	Negative action
Individualistic	Individual	Negative action
Individualiz	Individual	Negative action
Particularism	Individual	Negative action
Self-love	Individual	Negative action
Self-seekers	Individual	Negative action
Self-seeking	Individual	Negative action
Cousin	Individual	Parochial
Daughter	Individual	Parochial
Father	Individual	Parochial
Husband	Individual	Parochial
Interpersonal	Individual	Parochial
Mother	Individual	Parochial
Offspr	Individual	Parochial
Parent	Individual	Parochial
Parental	Individual	Parochial
Relations	Individual	Parochial
Relationship	Individual	Parochial
Relativ	Individual	Parochial
Sister	Individual	Parochial
Son	Individual	Parochial
Widow	Individual	Parochial
Widower	Individual	Parochial
Wif	Individual	Parochial
Bodi	Group	
Bunch	Group	
Crowd	Group	
Federation-of-students-of-bl	Group	
Gentlemen	Group	
Hundred	Group	
Ladi	Group	

Masculin	Group	
Maternal	Group	
Men	Group	
Theoretician	Group	
Thousand	Group	
Tradesmen	Group	
Wiv	Group	
Women	Group	
Womenfolk	Group	
Federal-council-of-the-youth	Group	Legitimacy
Group	Group	Integration
National-youth	Group	Participation
Nationalist-association-of-s	Group	Participation
Youth-movement	Group	Participation
Mankind	Group	Positive action
Youthful	Group	Positive action
Artisan	Group	Parochial
Band	Group	Parochial
Club	Group	Parochial
Commune	Group	Parochial

Populat	Mass	Legitimacy
Peopl	Mass	Integration
Soul	Mass	Integration
Depersonalization	Mass	Participation
Essenc	Mass	Participation
Mass	Mass	Participation
Masses	Mass	Participation
Society	Mass	Distribution
Popular	Mass	Positive action
Selfles	Mass	Positive action

Both	Quantity
Broad	Quantity
Each	Quantity
Empty	Quantity
Even	Quantity
Few	Quantity
Ful	Quantity
Full	Quantity
Giant	Quantity
Height	Quantity
Hundr	Quantity
Immens	Quantity
Larg	Quantity
Least	Quantity
Length	Quantity
Les	Quantity
Littl	Quantity
Load	Quantity

Lot	Quantity	
Many	Quantity	
Mor	Quantity	
Most	Quantity	
Much	Quantity	
Number	Quantity	
Numerou	Quantity	
Oft	Quantity	
One	Quantity	
Pair	Quantity	
Partial	Quantity	
Particular	Quantity	
Portion	Quantity	
Portions	Quantity	
Quantiti	Quantity	
Quantity	Quantity	
Rang	Quantity	
Rank	Quantity	
Scarc	Quantity	
Second	Quantity	
Several	Quantity	
Short	Quantity	
Shortag	Quantity	
Shorten	Quantity	
Singl	Quantity	
Siz	Quantity	
Slender	Quantity	
Small	Quantity	
Smaller	Quantity	
Som	Quantity	
Spar	Quantity	
Sum	Quantity	
Tall	Quantity	
Thos	Quantity	
Tiny	Quantity	
Total	Quantity	
Two	Quantity	
Vast	Quantity	
Volum	Quantity	
Weight	Quantity	
Evenly	Quantity	
Heap	Quantity	Legitimacy
Monetary	Quantity	Econ. develop.
Percent	Quantity	Econ. develop.
Per-cent	Quantity	Econ. develop.
Pound	Quantity	Econ. develop.
Pric	Quantity	Econ. develop.
Aggregat	Quantity	Integration
All	Quantity	Integration
Entir	Quantity	Integration
Every	Quantity	Integration
Universal	Quantity	Integration

Abiliti	Quantity	Penetration
Ability	Quantity	Penetration
Abl	Quantity	Penetration
Cent	Quantity	Distribution
Degre	Quantity	Distribution
Ad	Quantity	Positive action
Also	Quantity	Positive action
Amount	Quantity	Positive action
Ampl	Quantity	Positive action
Ampl	Quantity	Positive action
Availabl	Quantity	Positive action
Average	Quantity	Positive action
Capabiliti	Quantity	Positive action
Capability	Quantity	Positive action
Capabl	Quantity	Positive action
Capaciti	Quantity	Positive action
Capacity	Quantity	Positive action
Comple	Quantity	Positive action
Doubl	Quantity	Positive action
Effectiv	Quantity	Positive action
Enough	Quantity	Positive action
Exact	Quantity	Positive action
Fortun	Quantity	Positive action
Fullest	Quantity	Positive action
Great	Quantity	Positive action
Greater	Quantity	Positive action
Greatly	Quantity	Positive action
Increas	Quantity	Positive action
Innumerabl	Quantity	Positive action
Larger	Quantity	Positive action
Major	Quantity	Positive action
Measur	Quantity	Positive action
Multipli	Quantity	Positive action
Multiplicat	Quantity	Positive action
Multiply	Quantity	Positive action
Plenty	Quantity	Positive action
Rar	Quantity	Positive action
Special	Quantity	Positive action
Substantial	Quantity	Positive action
Sufficient	Quantity	Positive action
Uniqu	Quantity	Positive action
Alon	Quantity	Negative action
Drastic	Quantity	Negative action
Infini	Quantity	Negative action
Mer	Quantity	Negative action
Minority	Quantity	Negative action
Another	Quantity	Passive
Any	Quantity	Passive
Big	Quantity	Passive
Proport	Quantity	Passive
Specific	Quantity	Passive
Thin	Quantity	Passive

Corner	Space
Crack	Space
Curv	Space
Deep	Space
Deepen	Space
Deeper	Space
Depth	Space
Distanc	Space
Distant	Space
Edg	Space
Environment	Space
External	Space
Far	Space
Flat	Space
Front	Space
Further	Space
Here	Space
Herewith	Space
Huge	Space
Inner	Space
Insid	Space
Internal	Space
Into	Space
Inward	Space
Junctur	Space
Layer	Space
Left	Space
Level	Space
Long	Space
Margin	Space
Middl	Space
Narrow	Space
Near	Space
Nearest	Space
North	Space
Northern	Space
Off	Space
Out	Space
Outer	Space
Over	Space
Overlap	Space
Rear	Space
Round	Space
Seri	Space
Shallow	Space
Sid	Space
Spatial	Space
Somewher	Space
South	Space
Southern	Space
Spac	Space

Spot	Space	
Squar	Space	
Surfac	Space	
Surround	Space	
Tip	Space	
Top	Space	
Transcendant	Space	
Under	Space	
Up	Space	
Upon	Space	
Upper	Space	
Wherever	Space	
Wid	Space	
Widen	Space	
Wider	Space	
Widest	Space	
Within	Space	
Stronghold	Space	
Abroad	Space	
Center	Space	
Central	Space	
Everywher	Space	
Midst	Space	
Whol	Space	
Wholenes	Space	
Posit	Space	
Ahead	Space	
Arrangement	Space	
Broadly	Space	
Entri	Space	
Entry	Space	
Forward	Space	
High	Space	
Includ	Space	
Large-scale	Space	
Locat	Space	
Open	Space	
Outward	Space	
Shap	Space	
Swell	Space	
Apart	Space	
Bottom	Space	
Clos	Space	
Down	Space	
Interior	Space	
Low	Space	
Nowher	Space	
Acros	Space	
Along	Space	
Among	Space	
Area	Space	
Around	Space	
		Legitimacy
		Integration
		Integration
		Integration
		Integration
		Integration
		Integration
		Integration
		Participation
		Positive action
		Positive action
		Positive action
		Positive action
		Positive action
		Positive action
		Positive action
		Positive action
		Positive action
		Positive action
		Positive action
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		Negative action
		Negative action
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		Negative action
		Negative action
		Negative action
		Negative action
		Passive
		Passive
		Passive
		Passive
		Passive
		Passive

Asid	Space	Passive
Atmospher	Space	Passive
Away	Space	Passive
Back	Space	Passive
Behind	Space	Passive
Besid	Space	Passive
Between	Space	Passive
Beyond	Space	Passive
Situat	Space	Passive
Abov	Space	Parochial

Centuries	Past	
Century	Past	
Classic	Past	
Era	Past	
Former	Past	
Generat	Past	
Hitherto	Past	
Last	Past	
Lat	Past	
Old	Past	
Older	Past	
Onc	Past	
Outdat	Past	
Past	Past	
Preliminary	Past	
Prelud	Past	
Previou	Past	
Prior	Past	
Recent	Past	
Sp	Past	
Then	Past	
Wa	Past	
Was	Past	
Wer	Past	
Yesterday	Past	
Yet	Past	
Anniversary	Past	Legitimacy
Becam	Past	Integration
Original	Past	Integration
Began	Past	Positive action
Begun	Past	Positive action
Earlier	Past	Positive action
Earliest	Past	Positive action
Early	Past	Positive action
First	Past	Positive action
Anachronistic	Pasi	Negative action
Archaic	Past	Negative action
Backward	Past	Negative action
Ag	Past	Passive
Ago	Past	Passive

Already	Past	Passive
Always	Past	Passive
Annual	Past	Passive
Autumn	Past	Passive
Befor	Past	Passive
Precedent	Past	Passive
Ancient	Past	Parochial
Born	Past	Parochial

Brief	Present
Clock	Present
Contemporaneous	Present
Current	Present
Daily	Present
Dat	Present
Decad	Present
Dur	Present
Event	Present
Ever	Present
Frequent	Present
Gradual	Present
Hast	Present
Hour	Present
Immediat	Present
Instanc	Present
Instant	Present
Interval	Present
Latest	Present
Minut	Present
Modern	Present
Moment	Present
Month	Present
Morn	Present
Night	Present
Noon	Present
Now	Present
Occas	Present
Occasional	Present
Often	Present
Period	Present
Present	Present
Present-day	Present
Prompt	Present
Quick	Present
Quicker	Present
Quickest	Present
Rapid	Present
Ready	Present
Rhythm	Present
Season	Present
Seldom	Present

Sometim	Present	
Sooner	Present	
Spe	Present	
Speedily	Present	
Still	Present	
Sudden	Present	
Summer	Present	
Swift	Present	
Temporary	Present	
Tim	Present	
Today	Present	
Tonight	Present	
Unexpir	Present	
Until	Present	
Usual	Present	
Week	Present	
Whil	Present	
Year	Present	
Young	Present	
Existenc	Present	Legitimacy
Evolut	Present	Econ. develop.
Ripe	Present	Econ. develop.
Just	Present	Penetration
Becom	Present	Positive action
Dawn	Present	Positive action
Day	Present	Positive action
Exist	Present	Positive action
Fac	Present	Positive action
Happen	Present	Positive action
Holiday	Present	Positive action
New	Present	Positive action
Paus	Present	Positive action
Recur	Present	Positive action
Youth	Present	Positive action
Intermediat	Present	Negative action
Unfinish	Present	Negative action
Again	Present	Passive
Always	Present	Passive
Awhil	Present	Passive
Wait	Present	Passive

End	Future
Eternal	Future
Evening	Future
Eventual	Future
Final	Future
Foreseeabl	Future
Forever	future
Futur	Future
Henc	Future
Immutabl	Future

Inevitab	Future	
Inevitabl	Future	
Later	Future	
Longer	Future	
Morrow	Future	
Pend	Future	
Permanent	Future	
Permanenc	Future	
Perpetual	Future	
Perpetuat	Future	
Soon	Future	
Spr	Future	
Tomorrow	Future	
When	Future	
Whenever	Future	
Will	Future	
Will	Future	
Newcomer	Future	Legitimacy
Continuity	Future	Integration
After	Future	Positive action
Afterward	Future	Positive action
Conserv	Future	Positive action
Continu	Future	Positive action
Continual	Future	Positive action
Continuanc	Future	Positive action
Continuat	Future	Positive action
Continuou	Future	Positive action
Continuous	Future	Positive action
Destin	Future	Positive action
Destini	Future	Positive action
Destiny	Future	Positive action
Extend	Future	Positive action
Extensiv	Future	Positive action
Extent	Future	Positive action
Imperishabl	Future	Positive action
Long-rang	Future	Positive action
Long-term	Future	Positive action
Novel	Future	Positive action
Persever	Future	Positive action
Perseveranc	Future	Positive action
Persist	Future	Positive action
Potentialiti	Future	Positive action
Remain	Future	Positive action
Stand	Future	Positive action
Uninterrupt	Future	Positive action
Consequent	Future	Passive
Forseeabl	Future	Passive
Implicat	Future	Passive
Implication	Future	Passive
Trend	Future	Passive
Grandchild	Future	Parochial
Grandchildren	Future	Parochial

Categori	Structure	
Character	Structure	
Characteristic	Structure	
Complex	Structure	
Component	Structure	
Cours	Structure	
Devic	Structure	
Dimens	Structure	
Featur	Structure	
Figur	Structure	
Focu	Structure	
Form	Structure	
Framework	Structure	
Habit	Structure	
Label	Structure	
Lin	Structure	
Matter	Structure	
Method	Structure	
Mixtur	Structure	
Model	Structure	
Object	Structure	
Pattern	Structure	
Phase	Structure	
Phenomena	Structure	
Phenomenon	Structure	
Piec	Structure	
Role	Structure	
Scal	Structure	
Scop	Structure	
Secular	Structure	
Stag	Structure	
Synthesi	Structure	
Trait	Structure	
Entity	Structure	Legitimacy
Equilibrium	Structure	Legitimacy
Ideological	Structure	Legitimacy
Institutional	Structure	Legitimacy
Symbol	Structure	Legitimacy
Material	Structure	Econ. develop.
Stuf	Structure	Econ. develop.
Entiti	Structure	Integration
Natur	Structure	Integration
Unit	Structure	Integration
Instrument	Structure	Distribution
Affair	Structure	Positive action
Attribut	Structure	Positive action
Embodi	Structure	Positive action
Embody	Structure	Positive action
Enterpris	Structure	Positive action
Funct	Structure	Positive action
Functioning	Structure	Positive action

Mainspr	Structure	Positive action
Manner	Structure	Positive action
Orientat	Structure	Positive action
Path	Structure	Positive action
Plac	Structure	Positive action
Procedur	Structure	Positive action
Qualiti	Structure	Positive action
Quality	Structure	Positive action
Target	Structure	Positive action
Variabl	Structure	Positive action
Subject	Structure	Negative action
Balanc	Structure	Passive
Classifi	Structure	Passive
Experienc	Structure	Passive
Fact	Structure	Passive
Structur	Structure	Passive
Substanc	Structure	Passive
System	Structure	Passive
Theoretical	Structure	Passive
Theori	Structure	Passive
Theory	Structure	Passive
Way	Structure	Passive

Curb	Obstacle	
Ti	Obstacle	
Block	Obstacle	Negative action
Constraint	Obstacle	Negative action
Fetter	Obstacle	Negative action
Hamper	Obstacle	Negative action
Hinder	Obstacle	Negative action
Hindranc	Obstacle	Negative action
Hindrance	Obstacle	Negative action
Impair	Obstacle	Negative action
Impassabl	Obstacle	Negative action
Imped	Obstacle	Negative action
Impedance	Obstacle	Negative action
Impediment	Obstacle	Negative action
Impenetrabl	Obstacle	Negative action
Impossibl	Obstacle	Negative action
Inaccessibl	Obstacle	Negative action
Limit	Obstacle	Negative action
Limitat	Obstacle	Negative action
Obstacl	Obstacle	Negative action
Obstruct	Obstacle	Negative action
Barrier	Obstacle	Parochial
Fixat	Defense-mech.	
Hedg	Defense-mech.	
Pretend	Defense-mech.	
Substitut	Defense-mech.	
Defend	Defense-mech.	Legitimacy
Justifi	Defense-mech.	Penetration

Defenc	Defense-mech.	Positive action
Excus	Defense-mech.	Positive action
Justificat	Defense-mech.	Positive action
Justify	Defense-mech.	Positive action
Luck	Defense-mech.	Positive action
Lucky	Defense-mech.	Positive action
Rationaliz	Defense-mech.	Positive action
Vindicat	Defense-mech.	Positive action
Camouflag	Defense-mech.	Negative action
Denial	Defense-mech.	Negative action
Displac	Defense-mech.	Negative action
Displacement	Defense-mech.	Negative action
Regres	Defense-mech.	Negative action
Repres	Defense-mech.	Negative action
Sublimat	Defense-mech.	Negative action
Withdrawal	Defense-mech.	Negative action
Ambivalenc	Defense-mech.	Passive
Ambivalent	Defense-mech.	Passive
Rationalizat	Defense-mech.	Passive
Reservat	Defense-mech.	Passive

Chanc	If	
Conditional	If	
Either	If	
Els	If	
Except	If	
However	If	
If	If	
May	If	
Maybe	If	
Otherwis	If	
Perhap	If	
Probab	If	
Probabl	If	
Unles	If	
Whether	If	
Alternativ	If	Positive action
Possib	If	Positive action
Possibl	If	Positive action
Possibiliti	If	Positive action
Possibility	If	Positive action
Potential	If	Positive action
Practically	If	Positive action
Almost	If	Passive
Circumstanc	If	Passive
Condit	If	Passive
Might	If	Passive
Prospect	If	Passive
Oblig	Ought	
Obligat	Ought	
Proper	Ought	

Duti	Ought	Legitimacy
Dutiful	Ought	Legitimacy
Duty	Ought	Legitimacy
Du	Ought	Econ. develop.
Imperativ	Ought	Positive action
Mandatory	Ought	Positive action
Conscience	Ought	Passive
Must	Ought	Passive
Ought	Ought	Passive
Shall	Ought	Passive
Should	Ought	Passive
Supposed	Ought	Passive
Would	Ought	Passive

Part	Equal	
Tantamount	Equal	
Equal	Equal	Legitimacy
Equalitarian	Equal	Legitimacy
Equalitarianism	Equal	Legitimacy
Equality	Equal	Legitimacy
Equalizat	Equal	Legitimacy
Equat	Equal	Legitimacy
Equity	Equal	Legitimacy
Equivalent	Equal	Integration
Alik	Equal	Positive action
Consist	Equal	Positive action
Equivalenc	Equal	Positive action
Lik	Equal	Positive action
Parity	Equal	Positive action
Peer	Equal	Positive action
Identical	Equal	Passive
Resembl	Equal	Passive
Sam	Equal	Passive
Similar	Equal	Passive
Similariti	Equal	Passive
Similarity	Equal	Passive

Instead	Not	
Mis	Not	
Null	Not	
Unlik	Not	
Void	Not	
Cannot	Not	Negative action
Doubtful	Not	Negative action
Negation	Not	Negative action
Negativ	Not	Negative action
Neither	Not	Negative action
Never	Not	Negative action
Nil	Not	Negative action
No	Not	Negative action

Comparable	Think	Positive action
Comparison	Think	Positive action
Considerat	Think	Positive action
Conviction	Think	Positive action
Creat	Think	Positive action
Creativ	Think	Positive action
Creator	Think	Positive action
Detect	Think	Positive action
Determin	Think	Positive action
Discovery	Think	Positive action
Distinguish	Think	Positive action
Enlightenment	Think	Positive action
Expect	Think	Positive action
Intellectual	Think	Positive action
Intelligent	Think	Positive action
Intelligenc	Think	Positive action
Invent	Think	Positive action
Inventiv	Think	Positive action
Inventivness	Think	Positive action
Mindful	Think	Positive action
Reexamin	Think	Positive action
Review	Think	Positive action
Solv	Think	Positive action
Understand	Think	Positive action
Understandabl	Think	Positive action
Understood	Think	Positive action
Vari	Think	Positive action
Varianc	Think	Positive action
Vary	Think	Positive action
Wis	Think	Positive action
Wisdom	Think	Positive action
Wiser	Think	Positive action
Wonder	Think	Positive action
Convict	Think	Negative action
Dilemmas	Think	Negative action
Doubt	Think	Negative action
Subjectivity	Think	Negative action
Abstract	Think	Passive
Analogi	Think	Passive
Analogou	Think	Passive
Analogous	Think	Passive
Analogy	Think	Passive
Analys	Think	Passive
Analysi	Think	Passive
Analyst	Think	Passive
Analytic	Think	Passive
Analyz	Think	Passive
Ascertain	Think	Passive
Aspect	Think	Passive
Assum	Think	Passive
Assumpt	Think	Passive
Attitud	Think	Passive

Calculat	Think	Passive
Choic	Think	Passive
Compos	Think	Passive
Comprehend	Think	Passive
Conceiv	Think	Passive
Concentrat	Think	Passive
Concept	Think	Passive
Concern	Think	Passive
Consciousnes	Think	Passive
Consider	Think	Passive
Constru	Think	Passive
Contemplat	Think	Passive
Contemplati	Think	Passive
Decid	Think	Passive
Defin	Think	Passive
Definit	Think	Passive
Devis	Think	Passive
Differentiat	Think	Passive
Discover	Think	Passive
Envisag	Think	Passive
Estimat	Think	Passive
Evaluat	Think	Passive
Examin	Think	Passive
Examination	Think	Passive
Exempl	Think	Passive
Formulat	Think	Passive
Foresight	Think	Passive
Gues	Think	Passive
Illus	Think	Passive
Imagin	Think	Passive
Imaginat	Think	Passive
Imaginativ	Think	Passive
Indirect	Think	Passive
Informat	Think	Passive
Insight	Think	Passive
Inspir	Think	Passive
Knew	Think	Passive
Know	Think	Passive
Knowledg	Think	Passive
Known	Think	Passive
Mean	Think	Passive
Meanining	Think	Passive
Meant	Think	Passive
Notion	Think	Passive
Perceiv	Think	Passive
Percept	Think	Passive
Perceptib	Think	Passive
Perceptibl	Think	Passive
Proposal	Think	Passive
Prov	Think	Passive
Proven	Think	Passive
Recal	Think	Passive

Reflect	Think	Passive
Remember	Think	Passive
Scrutinize	Think	Passive
Scrutiny	Think	Passive
Suppos	Think	Passive
Survey	Think	Passive
Suspect	Think	Passive
Think	Think	Passive
Thought	Think	Passive

Admit	Communicate	
Cal	Communicate	
Context	Communicate	
Correspondent	Communicate	
Echo	Communicate	
Evidenc	Communicate	
Expres	Communicate	
Farewell	Communicate	
Goodby	Communicate	
Interpretat	Communicate	
Ment	Communicate	
Messag	Communicate	
Messenger	Communicate	
Nod	Communicate	
Oral	Communicate	
Phras	Communicate	
Pray	Communicate	
Rep	Communicate	
Se	Communicate	
Sentenc	Communicate	
Shout	Communicate	
Silent	Communicate	
Summariz	Communicate	
Sworn	Communicate	
Thank	Communicate	
Topic	Communicate	
Voic	Communicate	
Whisper	Communicate	
Whistl	Communicate	
Word	Communicate	
Proclaim	Communicate	Legitimacy
Proclamat	Communicate	Legitimacy
Reciprocal	Communicate	Legitimacy
Reciprocity	Communicate	Legitimacy
Symboliz	Communicate	Legitimacy
Cit	Communicate	Econ. develop.
Foreign-exchange	Communicate	Econ. develop.
Sel	Communicate	Econ. develop.
Sold	Communicate	Econ. develop.
Spend	Communicate	Econ. develop.
Spent	Communicate	Econ. develop.

Appeal	Communicate	Participation
Lectur	Communicate	Distribution
Publish	Communicate	Distribution
Writ	Communicate	Distribution
Addres	Communicate	Positive action
Advic	Communicate	Positive action
Advis	Communicate	Positive action
Announc	Communicate	Positive action
Answer	Communicate	Positive action
Articulat	Communicate	Positive action
Avow	Communicate	Positive action
Avowal	Communicate	Positive action
Boast	Communicate	Positive action
Clarifi	Communicate	Positive action
Clarificat	Communicate	Positive action
Clarify	Communicate	Positive action
Comment	Communicate	Positive action
Confront	Communicate	Positive action
Confrontat	Communicate	Positive action
Content	Communicate	Positive action
Convinc	Communicate	Positive action
Deal	Communicate	Positive action
Dealt	Communicate	Positive action
Demonstrat	Communicate	Positive action
Entertain	Communicate	Positive action
Enunciat	Communicate	Positive action
Excitement	Communicate	Positive action
Exclaim	Communicate	Positive action
Exhibit	Communicate	Positive action
Fascinat	Communicate	Positive action
Impli	Communicate	Positive action
Introduc	Communicate	Positive action
Outspoken	Communicate	Positive action
Proces	Communicate	Positive action
Reaffirm	Communicate	Positive action
Record	Communicate	Positive action
Respond	Communicate	Positive action
Shar	Communicate	Positive action
Social	Communicate	Positive action
Specify	Communicate	Positive action
Allegat	Communicate	Negative action
Argu	Communicate	Negative action
Argument	Communicate	Negative action
Demand	Communicate	Negative action
Disagre	Communicate	Negative action
Disclosur	Communicate	Negative action
Display	Communicate	Negative action
Imperceptib	Communicate	Negative action
Imperceptibl	Communicate	Negative action
Rebuk	Communicate	Negative action
Refusal	Communicate	Negative action
Aloud	Communicate	Passive

Ask	Communicate	Passive
Communicat	Communicate	Passive
Confirm	Communicate	Passive
Convers	Communicate	Passive
Conversat	Communicate	Passive
Declar	Communicate	Passive
Describ	Communicate	Passive
Description	Communicate	Passive
Discus	Communicate	Passive
Discuss	Communicate	Passive
Explain	Communicate	Passive
Express	Communicate	Passive
Illustrat	Communicate	Passive
Indicat	Communicate	Passive
Inform	Communicate	Passive
Inquiry	Communicate	Passive
Interact	Communicate	Passive
Interview	Communicate	Passive
Mention	Communicate	Passive
Nam	Communicate	Passive
Perspectiv	Communicate	Passive
Preach	Communicate	Passive
Prophesi	Communicate	Passive
Prophecy	Communicate	Passive
Question	Communicate	Passive
Quot	Communicate	Passive
Recall	Communicate	Passive
Refer	Communicate	Passive
Referenc	Communicate	Passive
Register	Communicate	Passive
Relat	Communicate	Passive
Remark	Communicate	Passive
Remind	Communicate	Passive
Reminder	Communicate	Passive
Renounc	Communicate	Passive
Repeat	Communicate	Passive
Repli	Communicate	Passive
Reply	Communicate	Passive
Report	Communicate	Passive
Request	Communicate	Passive
Respons	Communicate	Passive
Restat	Communicate	Passive
Restatement	Communicate	Passive
Retort	Communicate	Passive
Reveal	Communicate	Passive
Said	Communicate	Passive
Say	Communicate	Passive
Show	Communicate	Passive
Shown	Communicate	Passive
Sign	Communicate	Passive
Signal	Communicate	Passive
Sound	Communicate	Passive

Speak	Communicate	Passive
Speech	Communicate	Passive
Spok	Communicate	Passive
Spoken	Communicate	Passive
Statement	Communicate	Passive
Suggest	Communicate	Passive
Talk	Communicate	Passive
Tel	Communicate	Passive
Tell	Communicate	Passive
Tendency	Communicate	Passive
Told	Communicate	Passive
Translat	Communicate	Passive
Utter	Communicate	Passive

Creed	Cause	
Effect	Cause	
Fundamental	Cause	
Principl	Cause	
Sinc	Cause	
Sourc	Cause	
Therefor	Cause	
Why	Cause	
Determinat	Cause	Legitimacy
Ideologi	Cause	Legitimacy
Ideology	Cause	Legitimacy
Root	Cause	Legitimacy
Ethos	Cause	Integration
Beclus	Cause	Positive action
Belief	Cause	Positive action
Caus	Cause	Positive action
Established	Cause	Positive action
Foundat	Cause	Positive action
Norm	Cause	Positive action
Precipitat	Cause	Positive action
Provok	Cause	Positive action
Result	Cause	Positive action
Bas	Cause	Passive
Basi	Cause	Passive
Basic	Cause	Passive
Basical	Cause	Passive
Basis	Cause	Passive
Consequenc	Cause	Passive
Doctrin	Cause	Passive
Dogma	Cause	Passive
Dogmatism	Cause	Passive
Evok	Cause	Passive
Faith	Cause	Passive
Idea	Cause	Passive
Impuls	Cause	Passive
Instinct	Cause	Parochial
Instinctual	Cause	Parochial

Endeavor	Wish	
Motiv	Wish	
Urg	Wish	
Expectat	Wish	Econ. develop.
Want	Wish	Distribution
Aspir	Wish	Positive action
Eager	Wish	Positive action
Emphasi	Wish	Positive action
Emphasiz	Wish	Positive action
Expectant	Wish	Positive action
Hop	Wish	Positive action
Hopeful	Wish	Positive action
Incentiv	Wish	Positive action
Induc	Wish	Positive action
Invit	Wish	Positive action
Invitat	Wish	Positive action
Motivat	Wish	Positive action
Need	Wish	Positive action
Prefer	Wish	Positive action
Preferably	Wish	Positive action
Pursuit	Wish	Positive action
Ne	Wish	Negative action
Restlessness	Wish	Negative action
Desir	Wish	Passive
Desirabl	Wish	Passive
Dream	Wish	Passive
Dreamt	Wish	Passive
Inclinat	Wish	Passive
Inspirat	Wish	Passive
Intend	Wish	Passive
Intent	Wish	Passive
Wish	Wish	Passive
Wishful	Wish	Passive
Yearn	Wish	Passive

Challeng	Initiate action
Claim	Initiate action
Competit	Initiate action
Compet	Initiate action
Demobiliz	Initiate action
Demobilizat	Initiate action
Dig	Initiate action
Effort	Initiate action
Experiment	Initiate action
Fram	Initiate action
Hint	Initiate action
Issu	Initiate action
Next	Initiate action
Profes	Initiate action

Reclaimat	Initiate	action	
Reclamat	Initiate	action	
Striven	Initiate	action	
Test	Initiate	action	
Vow	Initiate	action	
Institut	Initiate	action	Legitimacy
Pledg	Initiate	action	Legitimacy
Promot	Initiate	actzon	0q00000q000000
Reconstitut	Initiate	action	Legitimacy
Exchang	Initiate	action	Econ. develop.
Invest	Initiate	action	Econ. develop.
Plan	Initiate	action	Econ. develop.
Plann	Initiate	action	Econ. develop.
Redeem	Initiate	action	Econ. develop.
Redevelopment	Initiate	action	Econ. develop.
Integrat	Initiate	action	Integration
Origin	Initiate	action	Integration
Originat	Initiate	action	Integration
Assert	Initiate	action	Participation
Draft	Initiate	action	Participation
Maneuver	Initiate	action	Participation
Recommend	Initiate	action	Participation
Recommendat	Initiate	action	Participation
Installat	Initiate	action	Penetration
Profess	Initiate	action	Distribution
Adapt	Initiate	action	Positive action
Adaption	Initiate	action	Positive action
Advanc	Initiate	action	Positive action
Aim	Initiate	action	Positive action
Ambit	Initiate	action	Positive action
App	Initiate	action	Positive action
Appli	Initiate	action	Positive action
Applicat	Initiate	action	Positive action
Apply	Initiate	action	Positive action
Ascend	Initiate	action	Positive action
Attempt	Initiate	action	Positive action
Bargain	Initiate	action	Positive action
Begin	Initiate	action	Positive action
Climb	Initiate	action	Positive action
Commenc	Initiate	action	Positive action
Contriv	Initiate	action	Positive action
Convert	Initiate	action	Positive action
De	Initiate	action	Positive action
Engender	Initiate	action	Positive action
Entranc	Initiate	action	Positive action
Entrust	Initiate	action	Positive action
Establishment	Initiate	action	Positive action
Exce	Initiate	action	Positive action
Exceed	Initiate	action	Positive action
Explor	Initiate	action	Positive action
Exploratory	Initiate	action	Positive action
Inaugurat	Initiate	action	Positive action

Incipient	Initiate	action	Positive	action
Initiat	Initiate	action	Positive	action
Initiativ	Initiate	action	Positive	action
Inject	Initiate	action	Positive	action
Instigat	Initiate	action	Positive	action
Introduct	Initiate	action	Positive	action
Launch	Initiate	action	Positive	action
Magnif	Initiate	action	Positive	action
Magnifi	Initiate	action	Positive	action
Mak	Initiate	action	Positive	action
Ordain	Initiate	action	Positive	action
Order	Initiate	action	Positive	action
Outlin	Initiate	action	Positive	action
Outset	Initiate	action	Positive	action
Overtak	Initiate	action	Positive	action
Plead	Initiate	action	Positive	action
Practic	Initiate	action	Positive	action
Prepar	Initiate	action	Positive	action
Preparat	Initiate	action	Positive	action
Preparedness	Initiate	action	Positive	action
Pursu	Initiate	action	Positive	action
Quest	Initiate	action	Positive	action
Rac	Initiate	action	Positive	action
Reassert	Initiate	action	Positive	action
Reconstruct	Initiate	action	Positive	action
Recreat	Initiate	action	Positive	action
Reestablish	Initiate	action	Positive	action
Relaunch	Initiate	action	Positive	action
Renew	Initiate	action	Positive	action
Renovat	Initiate	action	Positive	action
Reopen	Initiate	action	Positive	action
Reorganiz	Initiate	action	Positive	action
Reorganizat	Initiate	action	Positive	action
Restor	Initiate	action	Positive	action
Reviv	Initiate	action	Positive	action
Revis	Initiate	action	Positive	action
Search	Initiate	action	Positive	action
Seek	Initiate	action	Positive	action
Set-up	Initiate	action	Positive	action
Spearhead	Initiate	action	Positive	action
Start	Initiate	action	Positive	action
Stimulat	Initiate	action	Positive	action
Strategi	Initiate	action	Positive	action
Strategic	Initiate	action	Positive	action
Strategy	Initiate	action	Positive	action
Striv	Initiate	action	Positive	action
Strov	Initiate	action	Positive	action
Surpas	Initiate	action	Positive	action
Transfer	Initiate	action	Positive	action
Transferenc	Initiate	action	Positive	action
Transformat	Initiate	action	Positive	action
Transport	Initiate	action	Positive	action

Travel	Initiate	action	Positive	action
Tri	Initiate	action	Positive	action
Try	Initiate	action	Positive	action
Undertak	Initiate	action	Positive	action
Ventur	Initiate	action	Positive	action
Commit	Initiate	action	Negative	action
Dar	Initiate	action	Negative	action
Dare	Initiate	action	Negative	action
Interferenc	Initiate	action	Negative	action
Interven	Initiate	action	Negative	action
Intervention	Initiate	action	Negative	action
Regain	Initiate	action	Negative	action
Struggl	Initiate	action	Negative	action
Subscrib	Initiate	action	Negative	action
Await	Initiate	action	Passive	
Bid	Initiate	action	Passive	
Call	Initiate	action	Passive	
Inquir	Initiate	action	Passive	
Purpos	Initiate	action	Passive	
Reconsider	Initiate	action	Passive	
Sought	Initiate	action	Passive	
Tactic	Initiate	action	Passive	
Tactical	Initiate	action	Passive	

Closenes	Approach			
Closer	Approach			
Fores	Approach			
Marri	Approach			
Mat	Approach			
Tendenci	Approach			
Toward	Approach			
Evolutionary	Approach			Econ. develop.
Evolv	Approach			Econ. develop.
Accommodat	Approach			Integration
Circulat	Approach			Penetration
Penetrat	Approach			Penetration
Insuranc	Approach			Distribution
Marry	Approach			Distribution
Adaptabl	Approach			Positive action
Adaptat	Approach			Positive action
Add	Approach			Positive action
Addit	Approach			Positive action
Additional	Approach			Positive action
Admis	Approach			Positive action
Affect	Approach			Positive action
Alternat	Approach			Positive action
Applicabl	Approach			Positive action
Approach	Approach			Positive action
Arous	Approach			Positive action
Arriv	Approach			Positive action
Arrival	Approach			Positive action

Assignment	Approach	Positive action
Augment	Approach	Positive action
Augmentat	Approach	Positive action
Awaken	Approach	Positive action
Chang	Approach	Positive action
Connect	Approach	Positive action
Contact	Approach	Positive action
Discoveri	Approach	Positive action
Engag	Approach	Positive action
Enlarg	Approach	Positive action
Excit	Approach	Positive action
Extens	Approach	Positive action
Facilitat	Approach	Positive action
Fasten	Approach	Positive action
Fluctuat	Approach	Positive action
Forgav	Approach	Positive action
Giv	Approach	Positive action
Hurri	Approach	Positive action
Inlcin	Approach	Positive action
Incur	Approach	Positive action
Involv	Approach	Positive action
Modify	Approach	Positive action
Modifi	Approach	Positive action
Modificat	Approach	Positive action
Offer	Approach	Positive action
Peacemaker	Approach	Positive action
Return	Approach	Positive action
Inflat	Approach	Negative action
Awak	Approach	Passive
Could	Approach	Passive
Forgiv	Approach	Passive
Forgiven	Approach	Passive
Forgivenes	Approach	Passive
Guarante	Approach	Passive
Guarantor	Approach	Passive
Influx	Approach	Passive
Manifestat	Approach	Passive
Propos	Approach	Passive
Relaxat	Approach	Passive

Chas	Move
Crawl	Move
Crept	Move
Divert	Move
Fast	Move
Fl	Move
Float	Move
Greet	Move
Hang	Move
Hasten	Move
Journey	Move

List	Move	
March	Move	
Mot	Move	
Ride	Move	
Rod	Move	
Rub	Move	
Shift	Move	
Sit	Move	
Slid	Move	
Slung	Move	
Snap	Move	
Sprang	Move	
Sprung	Move	
Strok	Move	
Sway	Move	
Swung	Move	
Transcend	Move	
Wok	Move	
Flight	Move	Legitimacy
Purs	Move	Econ. develop.
Traffic	Move	Econ. develop.
Breath	Move	Distribution
Draw	Move	Distribution
Employ	Move	Distribution
Written	Move	Distribution
Act	Move	Positive action
Activ	Move	Positive action
Activiti	Move	Positive action
Activity	Move	Positive action
Aris	Move	Positive action
Aros	Move	Positive action
Arousal	Move	Positive action
Behav	Move	Positive action
Behavior	Move	Positive action
Bring	Move	Positive action
Cam	Move	Positive action
Carry	Move	Positive action
Com	Move	Positive action
Convey	Move	Positive action
Did	Move	Positive action
Do	Move	Positive action
Does	Move	Positive action
Driv	Move	Positive action
Driven	Move	Positive action
Drov	Move	Positive action
Energy	Move	Positive action
Enter	Move	Positive action
Exert	Move	Positive action
Fai	Move	Positive action
Fall	Move	Positive action
Fel	Move	Positive action
Flow	Move	Positive action

Flown	Move	Positive action
Fly	Move	Positive action
Gravitat	Move	Positive action
Hurry	Move	Positive action
Involvement	Move	Positive action
Jump	Move	Positive action
Lain	Move	Positive action
Laid	Move	Positive action
Lay	Move	Positive action
Leap	Move	Positive action
Lift	Move	Positive action
Liv	Move	Positive action
Mark	Move	Positive action
Match	Move	Positive action
Mobiliz	Move	Positive action
Mount	Move	Positive action
Mov	Move	Positive action
Occur	Move	Positive action
Pac	Move	Positive action
Pack	Move	Positive action
Perpetrat	Move	Positive action
Pour	Move	Positive action
Pres	Move	Positive action
Proce	Move	Positive action
Pul	Move	Positive action
Put	Move	Positive action
Quit	Move	Positive action
Rais	Move	Positive action
React	Move	Positive action
Reactivat	Move	Positive action
Revers	Move	Positive action
Ris	Move	Positive action
Run	Move	Positive action
Rush	Move	Positive action
Shak	Move	Positive action
Shook	Move	Positive action
Spread	Move	Positive action
Step	Move	Positive action
Stretch	Move	Positive action
Toss	Move	Positive action
Turn	Move	Positive action
Twist	Move	Positive action
Vacat	Move	Positive action
Visit	Move	Positive action
Wak	Move	Positive action
Waken	Move	Positive action
Walk	Move	Positive action
Welcom	Move	Positive action
Wield	Move	Positive action
Beat	Move	Negative action
Break	Move	Negative action
Brok	Move	Negative action

Broken	Move	Negative action
Dash	Move	Negative action
Descend	Move	Negative action
Disposit	Move	Negative action
Haggl	Move	Negative action
Ridden	Move	Negative action
Slip	Move	Negative action
Watch	Move	Negative action
Awok	Move	Passive
Count	Move	Passive
Drift	Move	Passive
Investigat	Move	Passive
Manouver	Move	Passive
Manuver	Move	Passive
Meet	Move	Passive
Meets	Move	Passive
Suspend	Move	Passive
Dwel	Move	Parochial

Bought	Get	
Charg	Get	
Attain	Get	Legitimacy
Attainabl	Get	Legitimacy
Attainment	Get	Legitimacy
Account	Get	Econ. develop.
Harvest	Get	Econ. develop.
Incom	Get	Econ. develop.
Investment	Get	Econ. develop.
Purchas	Get	Econ. develop.
Gather	Get	Integration
Chosen	Get	Participation
Accomplish	Get	Distribution
Accomplishment	Get	Distribution
Afford	Get	Distribution
Aquir	Get	Distribution
Achiev	Get	Positive action
Achievement	Get	Positive action
Acquir	Get	Positive action
Brang	Get	Positive action
Brought	Get	Positive action
Buy	Get	Positive action
Catch	Get	Positive action
Caught	Get	Positive action
Choos	Get	Positive action
Chos	Get	Positive action
Collect	Get	Positive action
Conclud	Get	Positive action
Find	Get	Positive action
Finish	Get	Positive action
Fulfil	Get	Positive action
Fulfillment	Get	Positive action

Lock	Possess	Positive action
Own	Possess	Positive action
Owner	Possess	Positive action
Ownership	Possess	Positive action
Posses	Possess	Positive action
Possess	Possess	Positive action
Possessor	Possess	Positive action
Possessiv	Possess	Positive action
Preserv	Possess	Positive action
Preservat	Possess	Positive action
Sav	Possess	Positive action
Secur	Possess	Positive action
Stay	Possess	Positive action
Stood	Possess	Positive action
Wear	Possess	Positive action
Drunk	Possess	Negative action
Reserv	Possess	Passive

Le	Guide	
Point	Guide	
Reassur	Guide	
Sake	Guide	
Guidanc	Guide	Legitimacy
Provis	Guide	Legitimacy
Faciliti	Guide	Econ. develop.
Implement	Guide	Econ. develop.
Lend	Guide	Econ. develop.
Lent	Guide	Econ. develop.
Subsidy	Guide	Econ. develop.
Counsel	Guide	Participation
Selectivity	Guide	Participation
Volunteer	Guide	Participation
Servic	Guide	Penetration
F	Guide	Distribution
Fe	Guide	Distribution
Grant	Guide	Distribution
Hire	Guide	Distribution
Insur	Guide	Distribution
Nourish	Guide	Distribution
Relief	Guide	Distribution
Reliev	Guide	Distribution
Remedi	Guide	Distribution
Remedy	Guide	Distribution
Shelter	Guide	Distribution
Training	Guide	Distribution
Adjust	Guide	Positive action
Adjustment	Guide	Positive action
Allow	Guide	Positive action
Allowanc	Guide	Positive action
Arrang	Guide	Positive action
Assist	Guide	Positive action
Assistanc	Guide	Positive action

Assur	Guide	Positive action
Assuranc	Guide	Positive action
Attract	Guide	Positive action
Behalf	Guide	Positive action
Care	Guide	Positive action
Careful	Guide	Positive action
Cautiou	Guide	Positive action
Check	Guide	Positive action
Conduct	Guide	Positive action
Cover	Guide	Positive action
Design	Guide	Positive action
Enabl	Guide	Positive action
Encouragement	Guide	Positive action
Enlighten	Guide	Positive action
Escort	Guide	Positive action
Furnish	Guide	Positive action
Guide-line	Guide	Positive action
Handl	Guide	Positive action
Help	Guide	Positive action
Helpful	Guide	Positive action
Lead	Guide	Positive action
Let	Guide	Positive action
Maintain	Guide	Positive action
Maintenanc	Guide	Positive action
Pacify	Guide	Positive action
Pardon	Guide	Positive action
Protect	Guide	Positive action
Protectiv	Guide	Positive action
Provid	Guide	Positive action
Reform	Guide	Positive action
Reinforc	Guide	Positive action
Saf	Guide	Positive action
Safeguard	Guide	Positive action
Safety	Guide	Positive action
Shield	Guide	Positive action
Supplement	Guide	Positive action
Suppli	Guide	Positive action
Supply	Guide	Positive action
Sustain	Guide	Positive action
Treat	Guide	Positive action
Treatment	Guide	Positive action
Scheme	Guide	Negative action
Encourag	Guide	Passive
Guard	Guide	Passive
Guardian	Guide	Passive
Guardianship	Guide	Passive
Guid	Guide	Passive
Influenc	Guide	Passive
Persuad	Guide	Passive
Persuas	Guide	Passive
Reassuranc	Guide	Passive
Tend	Guide	Passive

Dominanc	Control	
Dominant	Control	
Dominat	Control	
Pressur	Control	
Wail	Control	
Power	Control	Legitimacy
Powerful	Control	Legitimacy
Regulat	Control	Legitimacy
Reign	Control	Legitimacy
Rul	Control	Legitimacy
Upheld	Control	Legitimacy
Uphold	Control	Legitimacy
Monopoli	Control	Econ. develop.
Monopoly	Control	Econ. develop.
Steer	Control	Econ. develop.
Occupat	Control	Distribution
Press	Control	Distribution
Puppet	Control	Distribution
Requir	Control	Distribution
Requirement	Control	Distribution
Assign	Control	Positive action
Bend	Control	Positive action
Bent	Control	Positive action
Bind	Control	Positive action
Channel	Control	Positive action
Command	Control	Positive action
Control	Control	Positive action
Dictat	Control	Positive action
Direct	Control	Positive action
Ensur	Control	Positive action
Forceful	Control	Positive action
Insist	Control	Positive action
Insistanc	Control	Positive action
Manag	Control	Positive action
Manageab	Control	Positive action
Manageabl	Control	Positive action
Manipulat	Control	Positive action
Overrid	Control	Positive action
Permiss	Control	Positive action
Persistanc	Control	Positive action
Potent	Control	Positive action
Prevail	Control	Positive action
Reduct	Control	Positive action
Repair	Control	Positive action
Shut	Control	Positive action
Strength	Control	Positive action
Summon	Control	Positive action
Arrest	Control	Negative action
Assertiv	Control	Negative action
Authoritarian	Control	Negative action

Bar	Control	Negative action
Beaten	Control	Negative action
Bound	Control	Negative action
Compel	Control	Negative action
Decrease	Control	Negative action
Forbid	Control	Negative action
Force	Control	Negative action
Impose	Control	Negative action
Prevent	Control	Negative action
Prohibit	Control	Negative action
Refuse	Control	Negative action
Resist	Control	Negative action
Restrain	Control	Negative action
Restraint	Control	Negative action
Restrict	Control	Negative action
Restriction	Control	Negative action
Restrictive	Control	Negative action
Stern	Control	Negative action
Decisive	Control	Passive
Permit	Control	Passive

Contract	Combine	
Contractual	Combine	
Couple	Combine	
Interallied	Combine	
Inter-allied	Combine	
Link	Combine	
Organizational	Combine	
Alignment	Combine	Legitimacy
Alli	Combine	Legitimacy
Ally	Combine	Legitimacy
Coalition	Combine	Legitimacy
Collaborate	Combine	Legitimacy
Corporate	Combine	Econ. develop.
Collectivist	Combine	Integration
Consolidate	Combine	Integration
Join	Combine	Integration
Joint	Combine	Integration
Merge	Combine	Integration
Mutual	Combine	Integration
Organize	Combine	Integration
Partner	Combine	Integration
Partnership	Combine	Integration
Rapprochement	Combine	Integration
Reconcile	Combine	Integration
Reconciliate	Combine	Integration
Team	Combine	Integration
Compromise	Combine	Participation
Cooperative	Combine	Distribution
Marriage	Combine	Distribution
Accompany	Combine	Positive action

Deficient	Incompetence	Negative action
Delinquency	Incompetence	Negative action
Disorder	Incompetence	Negative action
Disorganized	Incompetence	Negative action
Dull	Incompetence	Negative action
Dumb	Incompetence	Negative action
Er	Incompetence	Negative action
Erroneous	Incompetence	Negative action
Error	Incompetence	Negative action
Fail	Incompetence	Negative action
Failur	Incompetence	Negative action
Fallacy	Incompetence	Negative action
Feebl	Incompetence	Negative action
Fool	Incompetence	Negative action
Foolish	Incompetence	Negative action
Fumbl	Incompetence	Negative action
Illogical	Incompetence	Negative action
Imperfect	Incompetence	Negative action
Imperfection	Incompetence	Negative action
Impotence	Incompetence	Negative action
Impotency	Incompetence	Negative action
Impractical	Incompetence	Negative action
Imprecis	Incompetence	Negative action
Impotent	Incompetence	Negative action
Inability	Incompetence	Negative action
Inactivity	Incompetence	Negative action
Inaccurat	Incompetence	Negative action
Inadequaci	Incompetence	Negative action
Inadequacy	Incompetence	Negative action
Inadequat	Incompetence	Negative action
Inarticulat	Incompetence	Negative action
Incapabl	Incompetence	Negative action
Incapability	Incompetence	Negative action
Incapaciti	Incompetence	Negative action
Incapacity	Incompetence	Negative action
Incompetenc	Incompetence	Negative action
Incompetent	Incompetence	Negative action
Inconsistent	Incompetence	Negative action
Incorrect	Incompetence	Negative action
Indifferenc	Incompetence	Negative action
Indolenc	Incompetence	Negative action
Indolent	Incompetence	Negative action
Ineffectiv	Incompetence	Negative action
Inefficiency	Incompetence	Negative action
Inefficient	Incompetence	Negative action
Inept	Incompetence	Negative action
Ineptitud	Incompetence	Negative action
Inexact	Incompetence	Negative action
Inexpedient	Incompetence	Negative action
Inexperie	Incompetence	Negative action
Inflexible	Incompetence	Negative action
Irrational	Incompetence	Negative action

Irresponsibl	Incompetence	Negative action
Irresponsibility	Incompetence	Negative action
Lack	Incompetence	Negative action
Lackadaisical	Incompetence	Negative action
Lag	Incompetence	Negative action
Lazines	Incompetence	Negative action
Lazy	Incompetence	Negative action
Lethargy	Incompetence	Negative action
Limitation	Incompetence	Negative action
Loaf	Incompetence	Negative action
Lost	Incompetence	Negative action
Maladjusted	Incompetence	Negative action
Meagr	Incompetence	Negative action
Mediocr	Incompetence	Negative action
Miscalculation	Incompetence	Negative action
Misled	Incompetence	Negative action
Miscarry	Incompetence	Negative action
Misguid	Incompetence	Negative action
Misrepresentat	Incompetence	Negative action
Miss	Incompetence	Negative action
Mistak	Incompetence	Negative action
Mistakedly	Incompetence	Negative action
Mistaken	Incompetence	Negative action
Mistook	Incompetence	Negative action
Misunderstand	Incompetence	Negative action
Misunderstood	Incompetence	Negative action
Muddl	Incompetence	Negative action
Negligenc	Incompetence	Negative action
Obsolet	Incompetence	Negative action
Odd	Incompetence	Negative action
Peculiar	Incompetence	Negative action
Poorly	Incompetence	Negative action
Powerless	Incompetence	Negative action
Rigid	Incompetence	Negative action
Shiftles	Incompetence	Negative action
Slow	Incompetence	Negative action
Spoil	Incompetence	Negative action
Stupid	Incompetence	Negative action
Unabl	Incompetence	Negative action
Unacceptabl	Incompetence	Negative action
Uncertainty	Incompetence	Negative action
Unconvinc	Incompetence	Negative action
Uncreativ	Incompetence	Negative action
Unimaginativ	Incompetence	Negative action
Unimportant	Incompetence	Negative action
Uninformed	Incompetence	Negative action
Unintelligent	Incompetence	Negative action
Unprepared	Incompetence	Negative action
Unprofessional	Incompetence	Negative action
Unqualified	Incompetence	Negative action
Unreliabl	Incompetence	Negative action
Unremarkabl	Incompetence	Negative action

Dreadful	Bad	Negative action
Fallaciou	Bad	Negative action
Gloom	Bad	Negative action
Grim	Bad	Negative action
Harden	Bad	Negative action
Hardest	Bad	Negative action
Harmful	Bad	Negative action
Harshest	Bad	Negative action
Hideou	Bad	Negative action
Horribl	Bad	Negative action
Imbalanc	Bad	Negative action
Impatient	Bad	Negative action
Imperiou	Bad	Negative action
Inconvenient	Bad	Negative action
Inexcusab	Bad	Negative action
Inexcusabl	Bad	Negative action
Infamous	Bad	Negative action
Iniquitou	Bad	Negative action
Insolubl	Bad	Negative action
Instability	Bad	Negative action
Intolerabl	Bad	Negative action
Lousy	Bad	Negative action
Maliciou	Bad	Negative action
Misde	Bad	Negative action
Misdeed	Bad	Negative action
Monstrous	Bad	Negative action
Murder	Bad	Negative action
Murderer	Bad	Negative action
Nihilism	Bad	Negative action
Nihilistic	Bad	Negative action
Offenc	Bad	Negative action
Perniciou	Bad	Negative action
Petty	Bad	Negative action
Queer	Bad	Negative action
Relentles	Bad	Negative action
Relentless	Bad	Negative action
Rough	Bad	Negative action
Rumor	Bad	Negative action
Ruthles	Bad	Negative action
Seduc	Bad	Negative action
Seductiv	Bad	Negative action
Selfish	Bad	Negative action
Shameless	Bad	Negative action
Shortcom	Bad	Negative action
Stigma	Bad	Negative action
Surrender	Bad	Negative action
Termerity	Bad	Negative action
Tyranni	Bad	Negative action
Tyrannical	Bad	Negative action
Ugly	Bad	Negative action
Unattractiv	Bad	Negative action
Undemocratic	Bad	Negative action

Unfair	Bad	Negative action
Unhappier	Bad	Negative action
Unhappiness	Bad	Negative action
Unpopular	Bad	Negative action
Unsolv	Bad	Negative action
Unworthy	Bad	Negative action
Vil	Bad	Negative action
Vulgar	Bad	Negative action
Wors	Bad	Negative action
Worst	Bad	Negative action
Worthles	Bad	Negative action
Pretens	Bad	Passive
Pretext	Bad	Passive

Collusion	Corruption	
Concealment	Corruption	
Ly	Corruption	
Opportunist	Corruption	
Pocket	Corruption	
Preoccupat	Corruption	
Ruin	Corruption	
Schemer	Corruption	
Sin	Corruption	
Vain	Corruption	
Overwork	Corruption	Distribution
Propaganda	Corruption	Distribution
Brib	Corruption	Negative action
Bribery	Corruption	Negative action
Cartel	Corruption	Negative action
Chicanery	Corruption	Negative action
Contempt	Corruption	Negative action
Corrupt	Corruption	Negative action
Corrupter	Corruption	Negative action
Crim	Corruption	Negative action
Debauchery	Corruption	Negative action
Decadent	Corruption	Negative action
Deceit	Corruption	Negative action
Delay	Corruption	Negative action
Delinquent	Corruption	Negative action
Delus	Corruption	Negative action
Deviat	Corruption	Negative action
Dictator	Corruption	Negative action
Dictatorship	Corruption	Negative action
Dishonesty	Corruption	Negative action
Disloyalty	Corruption	Negative action
Distort	Corruption	Negative action
Drunken	Corruption	Negative action
Evil	Corruption	Negative action
Extravaganc	Corruption	Negative action
Extravagant	Corruption	Negative action
Fals	Corruption	Negative action

Fault	Corruption	Negative	action
Fraud	Corruption	Negative	action
Frivolous	Corruption	Negative	action
Gossip	Corruption	Negative	action
Greed	Corruption	Negative	action
Idl	Corruption	Negative	action
Idlenes	Corruption	Negative	action
Ignobl	Corruption	Negative	action
Illegal	Corruption	Negative	action
Illegitimat	Corruption	Negative	action
Immoderat	Corruption	Negative	action
Immobil	Corruption	Negative	action
Impostor	Corruption	Negative	action
Impostur	Corruption	Negative	action
Improper	Corruption	Negative	action
Inertia	Corruption	Negative	action
Injustic	Corruption	Negative	action
Li	Corruption	Negative	action
Liar	Corruption	Negative	action
Maladjustment	Corruption	Negative	action
Misinform	Corruption	Negative	action
Misl	Corruption	Negative	action
Mislead	Corruption	Negative	action
Mistrust	Corruption	Negative	action
Misus	Corruption	Negative	action
Neglect	Corruption	Negative	action
Nepotism	Corruption	Negative	action
Obscur	Corruption	Negative	action
Obscurity	Corruption	Negative	action
Ostentatious	Corruption	Negative	action
Parasitism	Corruption	Negative	action
Patronag	Corruption	Negative	action
Plunder	Corruption	Negative	action
Pretentiousnes	Corruption	Negative	action
Retrogress	Corruption	Negative	action
Rob	Corruption	Negative	action
Scandal	Corruption	Negative	action
Scandalou	Corruption	Negative	action
Schem	Corruption	Negative	action
Self-enrichment	Corruption	Negative	action
Selfishnes	Corruption	Negative	action
Selfishness	Corruption	Negative	action
Shameful	Corruption	Negative	action
Smuggl	Corruption	Negative	action
Squander	Corruption	Negative	action
Stagnat	Corruption	Negative	action
Stol	Corruption	Negative	action
Stolen	Corruption	Negative	action
Theft	Corruption	Negative	action
Thief	Corruption	Negative	action
Totalitarian	Corruption	Negative	action
Totalitarianism	Corruption	Negative	action

Treachery	Corruption	Negative action
Trivialiti	Corruption	Negative action
Triviality	Corruption	Negative action
Tyranny	Corruption	Negative action
Ungratful	Corruption	Negative action
Unjust	Corruption	Negative action
Vic	Corruption	Negative action
Wast	Corruption	Negative action
Wick	Corruption	Negative action
Overlook	Corruption	Passive

Censor	Avoid	
Conceal	Avoid	
Escap	Avoid	
Exclusiv	Avoid	
Fad	Avoid	
Fade	Avoid	
Fle	Avoid	
Hid	Avoid	
Hidden	Avoid	
Los	Avoid	
Privacy	Avoid	
Privat	Avoid	
Secret	Avoid	
Shrank	Avoid	
Shrink	Avoid	
Shrunk	Avoid	
Shy	Avoid	
Sink	Avoid	
Vanish	Avoid	
Defensiv	Avoid	Legitimacy
Go	Avoid	Positive action
Gon	Avoid	Positive action
Leav	Avoid	Positive action
Repel	Avoid	Positive action
Resign	Avoid	Positive action
Resignat	Avoid	Positive action
Retir	Avoid	Positive action
Sank	Avoid	Positive action
Trail	Avoid	Positive action
Went	Avoid	Positive action
Abandon	Avoid	Negative action
Absenc	Avoid	Negative action
Absent	Avoid	Negative action
Apathy	Avoid	Negative action
Avoid	Avoid	Negative action
Avoidanc	Avoid	Negative action
Ceas	Avoid	Negative action
Censorship	Avoid	Negative action
Cessat	Avoid	Negative action
Deni	Avoid	Negative action

Deny	Avoid	Negative action
Depart	Avoid	Negative action
Detach	Avoid	Negative action
Difficulti	Avoid	Negative action
Difficulty	Avoid	Negative action
Disappear	Avoid	Negative action
Disregard	Avoid	Negative action
Drag	Avoid	Negative action
Fl	Avoid	Negative action
Forsak	Avoid	Negative action
Forsaken	Avoid	Negative action
Incompatibl	Avoid	Negative action
Non-cooperat	Avoid	Negative action
Postpon	Avoid	Negative action
Postponement	Avoid	Negative action
Resistanc	Avoid	Negative action
Retreat	Avoid	Negative action
Unconscious	Avoid	Negative action
Withdraw	Avoid	Negative action
Withdrew	Avoid	Negative action
Withheld	Avoid	Negative action
Withhold	Avoid	Negative action
Forget	Avoid	Passive
Forgot	Avoid	Passive
Forgotten	Avoid	Passive
Ignor	Avoid	Passive
Suspici	Avoid	Passive

Competitor	Opposition	
Competitiv	Opposition	
Critic	Opposition	
Desert	Opposition	
Fo	Opposition	
Gang	Opposition	
Spy	Opposition	
Dissatisfied	Opposition	Econ. develop.
Vested-interests	Opposition	Econ. develop.
Dissens	Opposition	Integration
Mob	Opposition	Integration
Contest	Opposition	Positive action
Incite	Opposition	Positive action
Abolish	Opposition	Negative action
Abolit	Opposition	Negative action
Abolitionist	Opposition	Negative action
Abus	Opposition	Negative action
Accomplic	Opposition	Negative action
Adversari	Opposition	Negative action
Adversary	Opposition	Negative action
Agent	Opposition	Negative action
Agents-provocateurs	Opposition	Negative action
Aggressor	Opposition	Negative action

Agitat	Opposition	Negative action
Agitator	Opposition	Negative action
Anarchism	Opposition	Negative action
Anarchy	Opposition	Negative action
Assail	Opposition	Negative action
Assasinat	Opposition	Negative action
Berat	Opposition	Negative action
Betrayal	Opposition	Negative action
Betrayer	Opposition	Negative action
Cliqu	Opposition	Negative action
Conspiraci	Opposition	Negative action
Conspiracy	Opposition	Negative action
Contrary	Opposition	Negative action
Counter-revolution	Opposition	Negative action
Counter-revolutionaries	Opposition	Negative action
Counter-revolutionary	Opposition	Negative action
Coup-d-etats	Opposition	Negative action
Criminal	Opposition	Negative action
Deceiver	Opposition	Negative action
Decept	Opposition	Negative action
Denunsiat	Opposition	Negative action
Destructiv	Opposition	Negative action
Detractor	Opposition	Negative action
Devil	Opposition	Negative action
Disagreement	Opposition	Negative action
Disavow	Opposition	Negative action
Disrupt	Opposition	Negative action
Disruptiv	Opposition	Negative action
Dissatisfi	Opposition	Negative action
Elitism	Opposition	Negative action
Enemi	Opposition	Negative action
Enemy	Opposition	Negative action
Estrang	Opposition	Negative action
Estrangement	Opposition	Negative action
Expatriate	Opposition	Negative action
Grievanc	Opposition	Negative action
Grumbl	Opposition	Negative action
Henchman	Opposition	Negative action
Henchmen	Opposition	Negative action
Heresi	Opposition	Negative action
Heresy	Opposition	Negative action
Intervent	Opposition	Negative action
Intrigu	Opposition	Negative action
Liquidate	Opposition	Negative action
Obstructionist	Opposition	Negative action
Opportunism	Opposition	Negative action
Oppres	Opposition	Negative action
Oppress	Opposition	Negative action
Opponent	Opposition	Negative action
Oppos	Opposition	Negative action
Opposit	Opposition	Negative action
Outlaw	Opposition	Negative action

Overthrow	Opposition	Negative action
Perpetrator	Opposition	Negative action
Plot	Opposition	Negative action
Profiteer	Opposition	Negative action
Radical	Opposition	Negative action
Rascal	Opposition	Negative action
Reactionari	Opposition	Negative action
Reactionary	Opposition	Negative action
Rebell	Opposition	Negative action
Revolt	Opposition	Negative action
Rivalri	Opposition	Negative action
Rivalry	Opposition	Negative action
Rival	Opposition	Negative action
Rumormonger	Opposition	Negative action
Rumor-monger	Opposition	Negative action
Rumor-mongering	Opposition	Negative action
Sabotag	Opposition	Negative action
Sedit	Opposition	Negative action
Separatism	Opposition	Negative action
Subvers	Opposition	Negative action
Subversion	Opposition	Negative action
Subversiv	Opposition	Negative action
Subversive	Opposition	Negative action
Subvert	Opposition	Negative action
Terrorism	Opposition	Negative action
Thieves	Opposition	Negative action
Traitor	Opposition	Negative action
Treason	Opposition	Negative action
Trickery	Opposition	Negative action
Undermin	Opposition	Negative action
Unseat	Opposition	Negative action
Wolves	Opposition	Negative action
Denolunc	Opposition	Parochial

Hat	Hatred	
R	Hatred	
Rag	Hatred	
Resentment	Hatred	
Mad	Hatred	Positive action
Relent	Hatred	Positive action
Abhorrenc	Hatred	Negative action
Abominab	Hatred	Negative action
Abominabl	Hatred	Negative action
Alienat	Hatred	Negative action
Anger	Hatred	Negative action
Angry	Hatred	Negative action
Antagonism	Hatred	Negative action
Appal	Hatred	Negative action
Arroganc	Hatred	Negative action
Boil	Hatred	Negative action
Burn	Hatred	Negative action

Condemnat	Hatred	Negative	action
Contemptuous	Hatred	Negative	action
Deadly	Hatred	Negative	action
Despis	Hatred	Negative	action
Despot	Hatred	Negative	action
Despotism	Hatred	Negative	action
Detest	Hatred	Negative	action
Dirty	Hatred	Negative	action
Dislik	Hatred	Negative	action
Displeas	Hatred	Negative	action
Distrust	Hatred	Negative	action
Embitter	Hatred	Negative	action
Envi	Hatred	Negative	action
Enviou	Hatred	Negative	action
Envy	Hatred	Negative	action
Furiou	Hatred	Negative	action
Fury	Hatred	Negative	action
Grudg	Hatred	Negative	action
Hatr	Hatred	Negative	action
Hostil	Hatred	Negative	action
Hostiliti	Hatred	Negative	action
Hostility	Hatred	Negative	action
Indignant	Hatred	Negative	action
Irritat	Hatred	Negative	action
Jealou	Hatred	Negative	action
Jealousy	Hatred	Negative	action
Lynch	Hatred	Negative	action
Malevolent	Hatred	Negative	action
Oppressiv	Hatred	Negative	action
Oppressor	Hatred	Negative	action
Repudiat	Hatred	Negative	action
Repugnant	Hatred	Negative	action
Sulk	Hatred	Negative	action
Temper	Hatred	Negative	action
Touchy	Hatred	Negative	action
Viciou	Hatred	Negative	action
Vindictiv	Hatred	Negative	action
Swear	Hatred	Passive	

Conquer	Attack
Critical	Attack
Cut	Attack
Engagement	Attack
Force-de-frappe	Attack
Kick	Attack
Knock	Attack
Nag	Attack
Row	Attack
Rud	Attack
Shatter	Attack
Slic	Attack

Swor	Attack	
Tor	Attack	
Whip	Attack	
Air-warfar	Attack	Econ. develop.
Rip	Attack	Econ. develop.
Encounter	Attack	Positive action
Hit	Attack	Positive action
Hunt	Attack	Positive action
Intrus	Attack	Positive action
Shoot	Attack	Positive action
Tackl	Attack	Positive action
Undo	Attack	Positive action
Validity	Attack	Positive action
Vi	Attack	Positive action
Accus	Attack	Negative action
Against	Attack	Negative action
Aggress	Attack	Negative action
Aggressiv	Attack	Negative action
Aggressivenes	Attack	Negative action
Annoy	Attack	Negative action
Annoyanc	Attack	Negative action
Antagoniz	Attack	Negative action
Anti	Attack	Negative action
Armageddon	Attack	Negative action
Assault	Attack	Negative action
Attack	Attack	Negative action
Battl	Attack	Negative action
Belittl	Attack	Negative action
Belligerent	Attack	Negative action
Betray	Attack	Negative action
Blam	Attack	Negative action
Blast	Attack	Negative action
Bother	Attack	Negative action
Clash	Attack	Negative action
Combat	Attack	Negative action
Condemn	Attack	Negative action
Confiscat	Attack	Negative action
Counterattack	Attack	Negative action
Counter-attack	Attack	Negative action
Criticism	Attack	Negative action
Criticiz	Attack	Negative action
Cruel	Attack	Negative action
Curs	Attack	Negative action
Damag	Attack	Negative action
Damn	Attack	Negative action
Defeat	Attack	Negative action
Denounc	Attack	Negative action
Destroy	Attack	Negative action
Destruct	Attack	Negative action
Deter	Attack	Negative action
Deterr	Attack	Negative action
Deterrenc	Attack	Negative action

Deterrent	Attack	Negative action
Disapprov	Attack	Negative action
Disapproval	Attack	Negative action
Disprov	Attack	Negative action
Disput	Attack	Negative action
Embargo	Attack	Negative action
Embarras	Attack	Negative action
Expos	Attack	Negative action
Fighter	Attack	Negative action
Fierc	Attack	Negative action
Fight	Attack	Negative action
Fought	Attack	Negative action
Harm	Attack	Negative action
Hurt	Attack	Negative action
Insult	Attack	Negative action
Interfer	Attack	Negative action
Intimidat	Attack	Negative action
Invad	Attack	Negative action
Invas	Attack	Negative action
Irk	Attack	Negative action
Mischieviou	Attack	Negative action
Mistreat	Attack	Negative action
Mock	Attack	Negative action
Offensiv	Attack	Negative action
Ovvercom	Attack	Negative action
Pettines	Attack	Negative action
Prob	Attack	Negative action
Protest	Attack	Negative action
Punish	Attack	Negative action
Punishment	Attack	Negative action
Quarrel	Attack	Negative action
Raid	Attack	Negative action
Ravag	Attack	Negative action
Rearm	Attack	Negative action
Rearmament	Attack	Negative action
Rebel	Attack	Negative action
Ridicul	Attack	Negative action
Scapegoat	Attack	Negative action
Scorn	Attack	Negative action
Seizur	Attack	Negative action
Shot	Attack	Negative action
Slanderou	Attack	Negative action
Smash	Attack	Negative action
Strif	Attack	Negative action
Strik	Attack	Negative action
Struck	Attack	Negative action
Tear	Attack	Negative action
Trap	Attack	Negative action
Unconquerabl	Attack	Negative action
Uproot	Attack	Negative action
Usurp	Attack	Negative action
Vilificat	Attack	Negative action

Fir	Danger theme	
Flam	Danger theme	
Flash	Danger theme	
Loud	Danger theme	
Ocean	Danger theme	
Red	Danger theme	
Ridg	Danger theme	
Roar	Danger theme	
Shadow	Danger theme	
Sharp	Danger theme	
Silenc	Danger theme	
Snak	Danger theme	
Storm	Danger theme	
Submarin	Danger theme	
Throat	Danger theme	
Thunder	Danger theme	
Vulnerabl	Danger theme	
Vulnerability	Danger theme	
Wilderness	Danger theme	
Wolf	Danger theme	
Glas	Danger theme	Econ. develop.
Pushbutton	Danger theme	Econ. develop.
Rifl	Danger theme	Econ. develop.
L	Danger theme	Positive action
Lightn	Danger theme	Positive action
Plung	Danger theme	Positive action
Surviv	Danger theme	Positive action
Survival	Danger theme	Positive action
Accident	Danger theme	Negative action
Alarm	Danger theme	Negative action
Alarmed	Danger theme	Negative action
Alarming	Danger theme	Negative action
Bear	Danger theme	Negative action
Beast	Danger theme	Negative action
Blaz	Danger theme	Negative action
Burst	Danger theme	Negative action
Cag	Danger theme	Negative action
Chain	Danger theme	Negative action
Cris	Danger theme	Negative action
Crisi	Danger theme	Negative action
Danger	Danger theme	Negative action
Dangerou	Danger theme	Negative action
Endanger	Danger theme	Negative action
Flood	Danger theme	Negative action
Ghost	Danger theme	Negative action
Gun	Danger theme	Negative action
Hazard	Danger theme	Negative action
Jeopardiz	Danger theme	Negative action
Menac	Danger theme	Negative action
Menace	Danger theme	Negative action
Miscalculat	Danger theme	Negative action

Nak	Danger theme	Negative action
Nazi	Danger theme	Negative action
Ominou	Danger theme	Negative action
Peril	Danger theme	Negative action
Poison	Danger theme	Negative action
Precarious	Danger theme	Negative action
Prison	Danger theme	Negative action
Prisoner	Danger theme	Negative action
Raw	Danger theme	Negative action
Reckles	Danger theme	Negative action
Recklessnes	Danger theme	Negative action
Risk	Danger theme	Negative action
Risky	Danger theme	Negative action
Threat	Danger theme	Negative action
Threaten	Danger theme	Negative action
Trick	Danger theme	Negative action
Unknown	Danger theme	Negative action
Wild	Danger theme	Negative action
Warn	Danger theme	Passive
Sword	Danger theme	Parochial

Lon	Distress	
Painful	Distress	
Sever	Distress	
Shaken	Distress	
Sob	Distress	
Sor	Distress	
Symptom	Distress	
Tens	Distress	
Tir	Distress	
Wearily	Distress	
Wearisome	Distress	
Weary	Distress	
Wept	Distress	
Ill	Distress	Distribution
Fruitles	Distress	Positive action
Helples	Distress	Positive action
Strain	Distress	Positive action
Strenuous	Distress	Positive action
Stres	Distress	Positive action
Terrified	Distress	Positive action
Terrify	Distress	Positive action
Afraid	Distress	Negative action
Anxieti	Distress	Negative action
Anxiety	Distress	Negative action
Anxiou	Distress	Negative action
Apprehension	Distress	Negative action
Asham	Distress	Negative action
Bl	Distress	Negative action
Ble	Distress	Negative action
Burden	Distress	Negative action

Burnt	Distress	Negative action
Complain	Distress	Negative action
Conflict	Distress	Negative action
Confus	Distress	Negative action
Crash	Distress	Negative action
Cri	Distress	Negative action
Cry	Distress	Negative action
Deject	Distress	Negative action
Depress	Distress	Negative action
Depressed	Distress	Negative action
Despair	Distress	Negative action
Desperat	Distress	Negative action
Despondency	Distress	Negative action
Despondent	Distress	Negative action
Difficult	Distress	Negative action
Disappoint	Distress	Negative action
Disappointing	Distress	Negative action
Disappointment	Distress	Negative action
Disaster	Distress	Negative action
Discomfort	Distress	Negative action
Discourag	Distress	Negative action
Disgust	Distress	Negative action
Dishearten	Distress	Negative action
Dishonor	Distress	Negative action
Disillusionment	Distress	Negative action
Distres	Distress	Negative action
Disturb	Distress	Negative action
Disturbanc	Distress	Negative action
Dread	Distress	Negative action
Embarrassment	Distress	Negative action
Emergenci	Distress	Negative action
Emergency	Distress	Negative action
Endur	Distress	Negative action
Faint	Distress	Negative action
Fear	Distress	Negative action
Fearful	Distress	Negative action
Fever	Distress	Negative action
Feverish	Distress	Negative action
Formidabl	Distress	Negative action
Fright	Distress	Negative action
Frighten	Distress	Negative action
Frustrat	Distress	Negative action
Futil	Distress	Negative action
Futility	Distress	Negative action
Gloomy	Distress	Negative action
Grief	Distress	Negative action
Groan	Distress	Negative action
Guilt	Distress	Negative action
Guilty	Distress	Negative action
Hardship	Distress	Negative action
Haras	Distress	Negative action
Harras	Distress	Negative action

Harassment	Distress	Negative action
Hesitant	Distress	Negative action
Hesitat	Distress	Negative action
Hopeles	Distress	Negative action
Horror	Distress	Negative action
Horrifi	Distress	Negative action
Howl	Distress	Negative action
Indecision	Distress	Negative action
Inflict	Distress	Negative action
Injur	Distress	Negative action
Injury	Distress	Negative action
Insecur	Distress	Negative action
Insecurity	Distress	Negative action
Jam	Distress	Negative action
Lonelines	Distress	Negative action
Miserabl	Distress	Negative action
Miseri	Distress	Negative action
Misery	Distress	Negative action
Misfortun	Distress	Negative action
Mistreatment	Distress	Negative action
Nervou	Distress	Negative action
Offend	Distress	Negative action
Pain	Distress	Negative action
Perturb	Distress	Negative action
Piti	Distress	Negative action
Pity	Distress	Negative action
Plagu	Distress	Negative action
Problem	Distress	Negative action
Ruinous	Distress	Negative action
Sad	Distress	Negative action
Scar	Distress	Negative action
Scream	Distress	Negative action
Sham	Distress	Negative action
Shock	Distress	Negative action
Sorrow	Distress	Negative action
Sorry	Distress	Negative action
Suffer	Distress	Negative action
Terrifi	Distress	Negative action
Terror	Distress	Negative action
Torn	Distress	Negative action
Trembl	Distress	Negative action
Troubl	Distress	Negative action
Uncertain	Distress	Negative action
Uncomfortabl	Distress	Negative action
Uneasines	Distress	Negative action
Unfortunat	Distress	Negative action
Unhappy	Distress	Negative action
Unjustifi	Distress	Negative action
Upset	Distress	Negative action
Vexatiou	Distress	Negative action
Vicissitud	Distress	Negative action
Weep	Distress	Negative action

Worri	Distress	Negative action
Worrisome	Distress	Negative action
Worry	Distress	Negative action
Wound	Distress	Negative action
Bitten	Distress	Passive
Declin	Distress	Passive
Exasperat	Distress	Passive
Melt	Distress	Passive
Passiv	Distress	Passive
Regret	Distress	Passive
Regrettab	Distress	Passive
Regrettabl	Distress	Passive

Bon	Death theme	
Corpse	Death theme	
Dead	Death theme	
Death	Death theme	
Dy	Death theme	
Extinct	Death theme	
Ground	Death theme	
Hiroshima	Death theme	
Lower	Death theme	
Mercy	Death theme	
Mortal	Death theme	
Mud	Death theme	
Nagasaki	Death theme	
Rain	Death theme	
Reduc	Death theme	
Rop	Death theme	
Shad	Death theme	
Stil	Death theme	
Ston	Death theme	
Winter	Death theme	
Worm	Death theme	
Missil	Death theme	Econ. develop.
Soil	Death theme	Econ. develop.
Conclus	Death theme	Positive action
Don	Death theme	Positive action
Stop	Death theme	Positive action
Buri	Death theme	Negative action
Burial	Death theme	Negative action
Bury	Death theme	Negative action
Crush	Death theme	Negative action
Dark	Death theme	Negative action
Darknes	Death theme	Negative action
Decay	Death theme	Negative action
Di	Death theme	Negative action
Drown	Death theme	Negative action
Dust	Death theme	Negative action
Expir	Death theme	Negative action
Expirat	Death theme	Negative action

Fatal	Death theme	Negative action
Fate	Death theme	Negative action
Freez	Death theme	Negative action
Froz	Death theme	Negative action
Frozen	Death theme	Negative action
Grav	Death theme	Negative action
Griev	Death theme	Negative action
Hell	Death theme	Negative action
Kill	Death theme	Negative action
Mourn	Death theme	Negative action
Perish	Death theme	Negative action
Perishabl	Death theme	Negative action
Slain	Death theme	Negative action
Slay	Death theme	Negative action
Slew	Death theme	Negative action
Strangl	Death theme	Negative action
Suicid	Death theme	Negative action
Suicidal	Death theme	Negative action
Tragedy	Death theme	Negative action
Tragic	Death theme	Negative action
Tragical	Death theme	Negative action
Victim	Death theme	Negative action
Warhead	Death theme	Negative action
Blood	Death theme	Parochial

Pretty	Positive	
Purely	Positive	
Purity	Positive	
Reasonabl	Positive	
Sentiment	Positive	
Smil	Positive	
Well	Positive	
Rightful	Positive	Legitimacy
Righteousnes	Positive	Legitimacy
Right	Positive	Legitimacy
Righteou	Positive	Legitimacy
Overproduct	Positive	Econ. develop.
Surplus	Positive	Econ. develop.
Utiliti	Positive	Econ. develop.
Utility	Positive	Econ. develop.
Utiliz	Positive	Econ. develop.
Utilizat	Positive	Econ. develop.
Convenienc	Positive	Distribution
Convenient	Positive	Distribution
Luxury	Positive	Distribution
Admirab	Positive	Positive action
Admirabl	Positive	Positive action
Affection	Positive	Positive action
Affectionat	Positive	Positive action
Beautiful	Positive	Positive action
Beauty	Positive	Positive action

Belov	Positive	Positive action
Best	Positive	Positive action
Better	Positive	Positive action
Charm	Positive	Positive action
Cherish	Positive	Positive action
Clean	Positive	Positive action
Cordial	Positive	Positive action
Correct	Positive	Positive action
Correctnes	Positive	Positive action
Dear	Positive	Positive action
Decent	Positive	Positive action
Delicat	Positive	Positive action
Earnest	Positive	Positive action
Excellenc	Positive	Positive action
Excellent	Positive	Positive action
Favorit	Positive	Positive action
Fin	Positive	Positive action
Fond	Positive	Positive action
Fortunat	Positive	Positive action
Generou	Positive	Positive action
Gentl	Positive	Positive action
Good	Positive	Positive action
Goodnes	Positive	Positive action
Goodwil	Positive	Positive action
Graciou	Positive	Positive action
Grand	Positive	Positive action
Grateful	Positive	Positive action
Gratitud	Positive	Positive action
Happily	Positive	Positive action
Honest	Positive	Positive action
Honesty	Positive	Positive action
Hospitality	Positive	Positive action
Host	Positive	Positive action
Kind	Positive	Positive action
Kindnes	Positive	Positive action
Lovely	Positive	Positive action
Merit	Positive	Positive action
Mild	Positive	Positive action
Modest	Positive	Positive action
Moral	Positive	Positive action
Morality	Positive	Positive action
Nic	Positive	Positive action
Optimistic	Positive	Positive action
Optimism	Positive	Positive action
Patienc	Positive	Positive action
Perfect	Positive	Positive action
Prais	Positive	Positive action
Preciou	Positive	Positive action
Sincer	Positive	Positive action
Sincerity	Positive	Positive action
Solemn	Positive	Positive action
Suitabl	Positive	Positive action

Sweet	Positive	Positive action
Tender	Positive	Positive action
Tru	Positive	Positive action
Truly	Positive	Positive action
Truth	Positive	Positive action
Useful	Positive	Positive action
Valid	Positive	Positive action
Valuabl	Positive	Positive action
Valu	Positive	Positive action
Virtuou	Positive	Positive action
Virtu	Positive	Positive action
Worth	Positive	Positive action
Worthines	Positive	Positive action
Worthy	Positive	Positive action
Fair	Positive	Negative action
Decisiv	Positive	Passive

Concret	Regular	
Divers	Regular	
Diversity	Regular	
Intact	Regular	
Interest	Regular	
Plain	Regular	
Presenc	Regular	
Regular	Regular	
Sort	Regular	
Variety	Regular	
Various	Regular	
Recognizabl	Regular	Legitimacy
Actual	Regular	Integration
Authentic	Regular	Integration
Authentic	Regular	Integration
Authenticity	Regular	Integration
Entirety	Regular	Integration
Inherent	Regular	Integration
Integral	Regular	Integration
Natural	Regular	Integration
Real	Regular	Integration
Realistic	Regular	Integration
Realiti	Regular	Integration
Reality	Regular	Integration
Solid	Regular	Integration
Adequat	Regular	Positive action
Candid	Regular	Positive action
Familiar	Regular	Positive action
Genuin	Regular	Positive action
Indissociabl	Regular	Positive action
Normal	Regular	Positive action
Objectiv	Regular	Positive action
Occurenc	Regular	Positive action
Standard	Regular	Positive action

Status-quo
Ordinary
Relevanc
Relevant
Semblanc
Familiarity

Regular
Regular
Regular
Regular
Regular
Regular

Positive action
Negative action
Passive
Passive
Passive
Parochial

Deliberat
Firm
Firmness
Matur
Personaliti
Personality
Positiv
Precisely
Promptly
Routin
Sag
Seriou
Skil
Skilli
Speedier
Speedy
Staunch
Straight
Talent
Thorough
Comprehensiv
Responsibiliti
Responsibility
Responsibl
Trust
Disciplin
Stability
Stabl
Uniform
Expediter
Able-bodied
Accuracy
Accurat
Clever
Comparitiv
Compatibl
Competenc
Competent
Confident
Consistent
Constant
Dependabl
Durabl
Efficaciou

Competence
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Competence

Legitimacy
Legitincy
Legitimacy
Legitimacy
Econ. develop.
Integration
Integration
Integration
Integration
Penetration
Positive action
Positive action
Positive action
Positive action
Positive action
Positive action
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Positive action
Positive action

Efficacy	Competence	Positive action
Efficiency	Competence	Positive action
Efficient	Competence	Positive action
Energetic	Competence	Positive action
Energi	Competence	Positive action
Expert	Competence	Positive action
Incorruptibl	Competence	Positive action
Indispensabl	Competence	Positive action
Integrity	Competence	Positive action
Keen	Competence	Positive action
Logical	Competence	Positive action
Maturity	Competence	Positive action
Pervad	Competence	Positive action
Pervas	Competence	Positive action
Practicabl	Competence	Positive action
Practical	Competence	Positive action
Prim	Competence	Positive action
Primari	Competence	Positive action
Prioriti	Competence	Positive action
Priority	Competence	Positive action
Qualifi	Competence	Positive action
Qualify	Competence	Positive action
Rational	Competence	Positive action
Replac	Competence	Positive action
Satisfactory	Competence	Positive action
Sensibl	Competence	Positive action
Smart	Competence	Positive action
Sober	Competence	Positive action
Steady	Competence	Positive action
Steady	Competence	Positive action
Task	Competence	Positive action
Tireles	Competence	Positive action
Trustworthy	Competence	Positive action
Truthful	Competence	Positive action
Unfalter	Competence	Positive action
Usefulnes	Competence	Positive action
Vigilanc	Competence	Positive action
Enduranc	Competence	Negative action
Dedicat	Competence	Passive
Explicit	Competence	Passive
Faithful	Competence	Passive
Predict	Competence	Passive
Predictab	Competence	Passive
Predictabl	Competence	Passive
Systematic	Competence	Passive

Dpin
Pro
Suit
Sanction

Approve
Approve
Approve
Approve

Legitimacy

Popularity	Approve	Integration
Advocacy	Approve	Participation
Advocat	Approve	Participation
Assent	Approve	Participation
Participat	Approve	Participation
Ralli	Approve	Participation
Voluntari	Approve	Participation
Voluntary	Approve	Participation
Accept	Approve	Positive action
Acceptabl	Approve	Positive action
Acceptanc	Approve	Positive action
Advantageou	Approve	Positive action
Advisabl	Approve	Positive action
Affirm	Approve	Positive action
Affirmanc	Approve	Positive action
Affirmat	Approve	Positive action
Affirmativ	Approve	Positive action
Appreciat	Approve	Positive action
Approv	Approve	Positive action
Approval	Approve	Positive action
Attachment	Approve	Positive action
Attractiv	Approve	Positive action
Bles	Approve	Positive action
Boost	Approve	Positive action
Commend	Approve	Positive action
Condon	Approve	Positive action
Confidenc	Approve	Positive action
Crusad	Approve	Positive action
Deserv	Approve	Positive action
Effectual	Approve	Positive action
Effectuat	Approve	Positive action
Embrac	Approve	Positive action
Favor	Approve	Positive action
Favorab	Approve	Positive action
Favorabl	Approve	Positive action
Friendship	Approve	Positive action
Friend	Approve	Positive action
Friendlier	Approve	Positive action
Friendly	Approve	Positive action
Friendlines	Approve	Positive action
Permissibl	Approve	Positive action
Pleas	Approve	Positive action
Preferenc	Approve	Positive action
Tribut	Approve	Positive action
Willingnes	Approve	Positive action
Yes	Approve	Positive action
Unreservedly	Approve	Negative action
Consent	Approve	Passive
Intrust	Approve	Passive
Promis	Approve	Passive
Companionship	Approve	Parochial

Funny	Pleasure	
Jok	Pleasure	
Laugh	Pleasure	
Laughter	Pleasure	
Thrill	Pleasure	
Amus	Pleasure	Positive action
Celebrat	Pleasure	Positive action
Cheer	Pleasure	Positive action
Cheerful	Pleasure	Positive action
Comfort	Pleasure	Positive action
Comfortabl	Pleasure	Positive action
Delight	Pleasure	Positive action
Delightful	Pleasure	Positive action
Eas	Pleasure	Positive action
Enjoy	Pleasure	Positive action
Enjoyment	Pleasure	Positive action
Gay	Pleasure	Positive action
Glad	Pleasure	Positive action
Goodwill	Pleasure	Positive action
Good-will	Pleasure	Positive action
Gratifi	Pleasure	Positive action
Gratificat	Pleasure	Positive action
Gratify	Pleasure	Positive action
Happier	Pleasure	Positive action
Happines	Pleasure	Positive action
Happy	Pleasure	Positive action
Joy	Pleasure	Positive action
Lov	Pleasure	Positive action
Lover	Pleasure	Positive action
Lusciou	Pleasure	Positive action
Merry	Pleasure	Positive action
Passion	Pleasure	Positive action
Passionat	Pleasure	Positive action
Pleasant	Pleasure	Positive action
Pleasur	Pleasure	Positive action
Prid	Pleasure	Positive action
Raptur	Pleasure	Positive action
Satisfact	Pleasure	Positive action
Satisfi	Pleasure	Positive action
Satisfy	Pleasure	Positive action
Surpris	Pleasure	Positive action
Thrill	Pleasure	Positive action
Well-being	Pleasure	Positive action
Relax	Pleasure	Passive
Rest	Pleasure	Passive

Fam	Glorious	
Matchles	Glorious	
Summit	Glorious	
Monument	Glorious	Legitimacy
Absolut	Glorious	Integration
Beacon	Glorious	Integration
Admir	Glorious	Positive action
Admirat	Glorious	Positive action
Almighty	Glorious	Positive action
Applaus	Glorious	Positive action
Brav	Glorious	Positive action
Bravery	Glorious	Positive action
Breath-taking	Glorious	Positive action
Bright	Glorious	Positive action
Brilliant	Glorious	Positive action
Champion	Glorious	Positive action
Congratulat	Glorious	Positive action
Courag	Glorious	Positive action
Courageou	Glorious	Positive action
Courageous	Glorious	Positive action
Culminat	Glorious	Positive action
Distinguished	Glorious	Positive action
Divin	Glorious	Positive action
Elat	Glorious	Positive action
Eminenc	Glorious	Positive action
Exalt	Glorious	Positive action
Exceptional	Glorious	Positive action
Extraordinary	Glorious	Positive action
Fabulou	Glorious	Positive action
Famou	Glorious	Positive action
Fantastic	Glorious	Positive action
First-class	Glorious	Positive action
Foremost	Glorious	Positive action
Gallant	Glorious	Positive action
Geniu	Glorious	Positive action
Glori	Glorious	Positive action
Gloriou	Glorious	Positive action
Glory	Glorious	Positive action
Glow	Glorious	Positive action
Golden	Glorious	Positive action
Grandeur	Glorious	Positive action
Greatest	Glorious	Positive action
Greatnes	Glorious	Positive action
Handsom	Glorious	Positive action
Hero	Glorious	Positive action
Heroic	Glorious	Positive action
Heroin	Glorious	Positive action
Heroism	Glorious	Positive action
Highest	Glorious	Positive action
Honor	Glorious	Positive action

Honorab	Glorious	Positive action
Honorabl	Glorious	Positive action
Joyful	Glorious	Positive action
Joyou	Glorious	Positive action
Jubilant	Glorious	Positive action
Magnificent	Glorious	Positive action
Marvelou	Glorious	Positive action
Measureles	Glorious	Positive action
Mighty	Glorious	Positive action
Mightiest	Glorious	Positive action
Miracl	Glorious	Positive action
Momentous	Glorious	Positive action
Nobl	Glorious	Positive action
Noblest	Glorious	Positive action
Omnipotent	Glorious	Positive action
Omnipresent	Glorious	Positive action
Outstand	Glorious	Positive action
Overjoy	Glorious	Positive action
Paramount	Glorious	Positive action
Preeminenc	Glorious	Positive action
Priz	Glorious	Positive action
Prominent	Glorious	Positive action
Proud	Glorious	Positive action
Rejoic	Glorious	Positive action
Remarkabi	Glorious	Positive action
Rever	Glorious	Positive action
Reward	Glorious	Positive action
Rich	Glorious	Positive action
Shin	Glorious	Positive action
Shon	Glorious	Positive action
Splendid	Glorious	Positive action
Splendor	Glorious	Positive action
Success	Glorious	Positive action
Successful	Glorious	Positive action
Superior	Glorious	Positive action
Superiority	Glorious	Positive action
Suprem	Glorious	Positive action
Supremacy	Glorious	Positive action
Terrific	Glorious	Positive action
Treasur	Glorious	Positive action
Triumph	Glorious	Positive action
Triumphal	Glorious	Positive action
Ultimat	Glorious	Positive action
Unprecedented	Glorious	Positive action
Unsurpassab	Glorious	Positive action
Unsurpassabl	Glorious	Positive action
Utopia	Glorious	Positive action
Victor	Glorious	Positive action
Victori	Glorious	Positive action
Victoriou	Glorious	Positive action
Victory	Glorious	Positive action
Wonderful	Glorious	Positive action

Incomparab	Glorious	Negative action
Incomparabl	Glorious	Negative action
Tremendous	Glorious	Negative action
Influential	Glorious	Passive
Remarkab	Glorious	Passive

Considerabl	Very	
Detail	Very	
Extrem	Very	
Hug	Very	
Massiv	Very	
Militate	Very	
Profound	Very	
Sur	Very	
Unmistakab	Very	
Unmistakabl	Very	
Virtual	Very	
Landmark	Very	Legitimacy
Sanct	Very	Legitimacy
Pil	Very	Econ. develop.
Certain	Very	Positive action
Committed	Very	Positive action
Eligibl	Very	Positive action
Emphasis	Very	Positive action
Enormou	Very	Positive action
Especial	Very	Positive action
Evident	Very	Positive action
Evidently	Very	Positive action
Excessiv	Very	Positive action
Inde	Very	Positive action
Inordinat	Very	Positive action
Manifest	Very	Positive action
Unusual	Very	Positive action
Very	Very	Positive action
Drastical	Very	Negative action
Elaborat	Very	Negative action
Frightfully	Very	Negative action
Unqualifi	Very	Negative action
Undoubted	Very	Passive
Undoubtedly	Very	Passive

Intens	Vital	
Intensify	Vital	
Intensifi	Vital	
Intensiv	Vital	
Lif	Vital	
Maximum	Vital	
Spirit	Vital	Integration
Aliv	Vital	Positive action
Ardent	Vital	Positive action

Crucial	Vital	Positive action
Enthusiasm	Vital	Positive action
Enthusiastic	Vital	Positive action
Essential	Vital	Positive action
Importanc	Vital	Positive action
Important	Vital	Positive action
Indispensibl	Vital	Positive action
Insistent	Vital	Positive action
Insistenc	Vital	Positive action
Main	Vital	Positive action
Necessari	Vital	Positive action
Necessary	Vital	Positive action
Necessiti	Vital	Positive action
Necessity	Vital	Positive action
Primary	Vital	Positive action
Significant	Vital	Positive action
Significanc	Vital	Positive action
Signify	Vital	Positive action
Signifi	Vital	Positive action
Spirited	Vital	Positive action
Urgency	Vital	Positive action
Urgent	Vital	Positive action
Vigor	Vital	Positive action
Vigorous	Vital	Positive action
Vigorous	Vital	Positive action
Vital	Vital	Positive action
Vitality	Vital	Positive action
Zeal	Vital	Positive action
Audacious	Vital	Negative action
Indispensabl	Vital	Negative action

Child	Status
Conform	Status
Conformity	Status
Copi	Status
Copy	Status
Exclusivenes	Status
Gap	Status
Kneel	Status
Knelt	Status
Lean	Status
Lord	Status
Minor	Status
Nobody	Status
Obedienc	Status
Obey	Status
Dutsid	Status
Sacrific	Status
Senior	Status
Sun	Status
Weak	Status

Weaken	Status	
Weaknes	Status	
Prestig	Status	Legitimacy
Respect	Status	Legitimacy
Statu	Status	Legitimacy
Underdevelop	Status	Econ. develop.
Under-developed	Status	Econ. develop.
Underdevelopment	Status	Econ. develop.
Childhood	Status	Distribution
Childlik	Status	Distribution
Childish	Status	Distribution
Children	Status	Distribution
Under-privileged	Status	Distribution
Aid	Status	Positive action
Apologi	Status	Positive action
Apologiz	Status	Positive action
Apology	Status	Positive action
Bestow	Status	Positive action
Complianc	Status	Positive action
Concess	Status	Positive action
Confes	Status	Positive action
Esteem	Status	Positive action
Foklow	Status	Positive action
Higher	Status	Positive action
Homag	Status	Positive action
Humbl	Status	Positive action
Humbly	Status	Positive action
Humility	Status	Positive action
Imitat	Status	Positive action
Precedenc	Status	Positive action
Primacy	Status	Positive action
Privileg	Status	Positive action
Rely	Status	Positive action
Serv	Status	Positive action
Strong	Status	Positive action
Stronger	Status	Positive action
Strongest	Status	Positive action
Supervis	Status	Positive action
Worship	Status	Positive action
Bondag	Status	Negative action
Borrower	Status	Negative action
Captiv	Status	Negative action
Degrad	Status	Negative action
Depend	Status	Negative action
Dependenc	Status	Negative action
Dependency	Status	Negative action
Dependent	Status	Negative action
Depriv	Status	Negative action
Deprivat	Status	Negative action
Disadvantag	Status	Negative action
Enslav	Status	Negative action
Enslavement	Status	Negative action

Handicap	Status	Negative action
Handicapp	Status	Negative action
Have-not	Status	Negative action
Humiliat	Status	Negative action
Indignity	Status	Negative action
Inequaliti	Status	Negative action
Inequality	Status	Negative action
Inequitabl	Status	Negative action
Inequiti	Status	Negative action
Inferior	Status	Negative action
Inferiority	Status	Negative action
Insufficient	Status	Negative action
Master	Status	Negative action
Mastership	Status	Negative action
Minoriti	Status	Negative action
Mister	Status	Negative action
Repress	Status	Negative action
Secondary	Status	Negative action
Servant	Status	Negative action
Serving-boy	Status	Negative action
Servitud	Status	Negative action
Sir	Status	Negative action
Slav	Status	Negative action
Slavery	Status	Negative action
Subdu	Status	Negative action
Submis	Status	Negative action
Submission	Status	Negative action
Submissiv	Status	Negative action
Submit	Status	Negative action
Subordinat	Status	Negative action
Subserviency	Status	Negative action
Vasselage	Status	Negative action
Yield	Status	Negative action
Yok	Status	Negative action
Appeas	Status	Passive
Appeasement	Status	Passive
Appeaser	Status	Passive
Reli	Status	Passive
Maid	Status	Parochial
Exercis	Progress	
Formation	Progress	
Progres	Progress	
Research	Progress	
Solut	Progress	
Execut	Progress	Legitimacy
Full-fledged	Progress	Legitimacy
Affluence	Progress	Econ. develop.
Crash-program	Progress	Econ. develop.
Emergenc	Progress	Econ. develop.
Full-scale	Progress	Econ. develop.
Produc	Progress	Econ. develop.

Producer	Progress	Econ. develop.
Remunerativ	Progress	Econ. develop.
Revolut	Progress	Econ. develop.
Revolutionari	Progress	Econ. develop.
Revolutionary	Progress	Econ. develop.
Subsidi	Progress	Econ. develop.
Pioneer	Progress	Participation
Justic	Progress	Penetration
Project	Progress	Penetration
Drawn	Progress	Distribution
Wrot	Progress	Distribution
Accelerat	Progress	Positive action
Advancement	Progress	Positive action
Advantag	Progress	Positive action
Ambitious	Progress	Positive action
Arisen	Progress	Positive action
Ascendancy	Progress	Positive action
Ascendant	Progress	Positive action
Aspirat	Progress	Positive action
Beneficial	Progress	Positive action
Benefit	Progress	Positive action
Betterment	Progress	Positive action
Bloom	Progress	Positive action
Blossom	Progress	Positive action
Bountiful	Progress	Positive action
Bounty	Progress	Positive action
Break-through	Progress	Positive action
Broaden	Progress	Positive action
Broader	Progress	Positive action
Broadest	Progress	Positive action
Build	Progress	Positive action
Builder	Progress	Positive action
Building-up	Progress	Positive action
Built	Progress	Positive action
Carri	Progress	Positive action
Civiliz	Progress	Positive action
Civilizat	Progress	Positive action
Civilization	Progress	Positive action
Construct	Progress	Positive action
Constructiv	Progress	Positive action
Contribut	Progress	Positive action
Deliver	Progress	Positive action
Develop	Progress	Positive action
Developing	Progress	Positive action
Development	Progress	Positive action
Drew	Progress	Positive action
Dynamic	Progress	Positive action
Dynamism	Progress	Positive action
Elevat	Progress	Positive action
Emerg	Progress	Positive action
Emergent	Progress	Positive action
Enrich	Progress	Positive action

Erect	Progress	Positive action
Establish	Progress	Positive action
Expand	Progress	Positive action
Expans	Progress	Positive action
Expend	Progress	Positive action
Flew	Progress	Positive action
Flourish	Progress	Positive action
Flower	Progress	Positive action
Foster	Progress	Positive action
Fruitful	Progress	Positive action
Fulfill	Progress	Positive action
Gav	Progress	Positive action
Given	Progress	Positive action
Goal	Progress	Positive action
Grew	Progress	Positive action
Grow	Progress	Positive action
Grown	Progress	Positive action
Growth	Progress	Positive action
Improv	Progress	Positive action
Improvement	Progress	Positive action
Made	Progress	Positive action
Met	Progress	Positive action
Operat	Progress	Positive action
Opportuniti	Progress	Positive action
Opportunity	Progress	Positive action
Outcom	Progress	Positive action
Pas	Progress	Positive action
Peac	Progress	Positive action
Peaceful	Progress	Positive action
Perform	Progress	Positive action
Performanc	Progress	Positive action
Progressiv	Progress	Positive action
Prosperity	Progress	Positive action
Rearrangement	Progress	Positive action
Render	Progress	Positive action
Richer	Progress	Positive action
Richnes	Progress	Positive action
Strengthen	Progress	Positive action
Terminat	Progress	Positive action
Thriv	Progress	Positive action
Transform	Progress	Positive action
Devolv	Progress	Passive
Explanat	Progress	Passive
Ideal	Progress	Passive
Geneva	International	
Nuclear	International	
Dverseas	International	
Spher	International	
Un	International	
Unicef	International	
United-nations	International	

World-war	International	
Allianc	International	Legitimacy
Bilateral	International	Legitimacy
Bloc	International	Legitimacy
Coexistence	International	Legitimacy
Cold-war	International	Legitimacy
Countries	International	Legitimacy
Covenant	International	Legitimacy
Diplomacy	International	Legitimacy
Diplomatic	International	Legitimacy
Glob	International	Legitimacy
Global	International	Legitimacy
Hemispher	International	Legitimacy
Hemispheric	International	Legitimacy
International	International	Legitimacy
Multilateral	International	Legitimacy
Multinational	International	Legitimacy
Negotiat	International	Legitimacy
Negotiators	International	Legitimacy
Non-nuclear	International	Legitimacy
Pact	International	Legitimacy
Supranational	International	Legitimacy
Treati	International	Legitimacy
Treaty	International	Legitimacy
World	International	Legitimacy
Hydrogen	International	Econ. develop.
International-bank-for-recon	International	Econ. develop.
International-monetary-fund	International	Econ. develop.
Thermonuclear	International	Econ. develop.
Univers	International	Integration
General-assembly	International	Participation
Isolationism	International	Participation
Mediat	International	Participation
Mediator	International	Participation
Security-council	International	Penetration
Align	International	Positive action
Aligned	International	Positive action
Armistic	International	Positive action
Disarm	International	Positive action
Disarmament	International	Positive action
Peacetim	International	Positive action
Bomb	International	Negative action
Atomic	International	Passive
Counterbalanc	International	Passive
Conquest	Imperialism	
Europ	Imperialism	
European	Imperialism	
Missionari	Imperialism	
Missionary	Imperialism	
Portugal	Imperialism	
Portuguese-guinea	Imperialism	

Trusteeship	Imperialism	
Capitalism	Imperialism	Econ. develop.
Capitalist	Imperialism	Econ. develop.
Capitalistic	Imperialism	Econ. develop.
Metropolitan	Imperialism	Econ. develop.
Aef	Imperialism	Participation
Aof	Imperialism	Participation
Decolonization	Imperialism	Positive action
Decolonize	Imperialism	Positive action
Settl	Imperialism	Positive action
Settler	Imperialism	Positive action
Settlement	Imperialism	Positive action
Alien	Imperialism	Negative action
Anti-american	Imperialism	Negative action
Anticolonialism	Imperialism	Negative action
Bully	Imperialism	Negative action
Client-state	Imperialism	Negative action
Coloni	Imperialism	Negative action
Colonial	Imperialism	Negative action
Colonialist	Imperialism	Negative action
Colonialism	Imperialism	Negative action
Colonist	Imperialism	Negative action
Colonial-office	Imperialism	Negative action
Coloniz	Imperialism	Negative action
Colonizat	Imperialism	Negative action
Colonizer	Imperialism	Negative action
Colony	Imperialism	Negative action
Empir	Imperialism	Negative action
Exploit	Imperialism	Negative action
Exploitable	Imperialism	Negative action
Exploiter	Imperialism	Negative action
Exploitat	Imperialism	Negative action
Fascist	Imperialism	Negative action
Foreign	Imperialism	Negative action
Foreigner	Imperialism	Negative action
Hegemony	Imperialism	Negative action
Imperial	Imperialism	Negative action
Imperialism	Imperialism	Negative action
Imperialist	Imperialism	Negative action
Imperialistic	Imperialism	Negative action
Mother-country	Imperialism	Negative action
Neo-colonial	Imperialism	Negative action
Neo-colonialism	Imperialism	Negative action
Neo-colonialist	Imperialism	Negative action
Paternalism	Imperialism	Negative action
Paternalistic	Imperialism	Negative action
Shackl	Imperialism	Negative action
Subjugat	Imperialism	Negative action
Suppres	Imperialism	Negative action
Suppress	Imperialism	Negative action
Belgian	Imperialism	Passive
Belgian-congo	Imperialism	Passive

Commonwealth	Britain	
Crown	Britain	
Her-majesty-the-queen	Britain	
King	Britain	
Majesty	Britain	
Queen	Britain	
Royal	Britain	
Royalty	Britain	
Thron	Britain	
United-kingdom	Britain	
Britain	Britain	Negative action
British	Britain	Negative action
England	Britain	Negative action
English	Britain	Negative action

Degaulle	France	
De-gaulle	France	
France	France	
Franco-african	France	
Franco-guinean	France	
Frenchmen	France	
Gaull	France	
Federation-of-france-oversea	France	Negative action
French	France	Negative action
French-community	France	Negative action
French-national-assembly	France	Negative action

Bolivia	West
Brazil	West
Canada	West
Ceylon	West
Chile	West
Colombia	West
Columbia	West
Costa-rica	West
Denmark	West
Ecuador	West
Eec	West
El-salvador	West
European-economic-community	West
German	West
Germani	West
Germany	West
Greece	West
Greek	West
Guatemala	West
Haiti	West
Honduras	West

Hong-kong	West	
Iceland	West	
Ireland	West	
Israel	West	
Italy	West	
Italian	West	
Jamaica	West	
Japan	West	
Jew	West	
Jewish	West	
Luxembourg	West	
Mexico	West	
Nepal	West	
Netherlands	West	
Netherlands-antilles	West	
New-zealand	West	
Nicaragua	West	
Norway	West	
Pakistan	West	
Palestine	West	
Panama	West	
Pan-american	West	
Paraguay	West	
Peru	West	
Philippines	West	
Protugal	West	
Puerto	West	
Singapore	West	
South-america	West	
South-korea	West	
South-vietnam	West	
Spain	West	
Taiwan	West	
Thailand	West	
Turkey	West	
United-states	West	
Uruguay	West	
Usa	West	
Venezuela	West	
West	West	
West-berlin	West	
Western	West	
West-germany	West	
America	West	Passive
American	West	Passive
Argentina	West	Passive
Atlantic-alliance	West	Passive
Australia	West	Passive
Austria	West	Passive
Belgium	West	Passive

Bulgaria	East
China	East
Chines	East
Chinese-communist	East
Communism	East
Communist	East
Communistic	East
Cuba	East
Czech	East
Czechoslovakia	East
East	East
East-berlin	East
East-germany	East
Eastern	East
Eastern-europe	East
Estonia	East
Hungary	East
Iron-curtain	East
Kremlin	East
Latvia	East
Lithuania	East
Marxism	East
Mongolia	East
North-korea	East
North-vietnam	East
Peking	East
Poland	East
Reds	East
Rumania	East
Russia	East
Soviet	East
Ussr	East
Albania	East

Passive

Burma	Neutral
Egypt	Neutral
Egyptian	Neutral
India	Neutral
Indian	Neutral
Indians	Neutral
Indonesia	Neutral
Morocco	Neutral
Neutralist	Neutral
Nonalignment	Neutral
Sweden	Neutral
Switzerland	Neutral
Syria	Neutral
Tunisia	Neutral
Yugoslavia	Neutral

Neutralism
Neutrality
Nonalign
Non-alignment
Algeria
Neutral
Bandung

Neutral
Neutral
Neutral
Neutral
Neutral
Neutral
Neutral

Legitimacy
Legitimacy
Legitimacy
Legitimacy
Passive
Passive
Parochial

Intelligensia
Intelligentsia
Laborer
Proletariat
Strata
Adher
Adherenc
Card
Labor
Worker
Working-class
Workingman
Workingmen
Working-man
Working-men
Vanguard
Elit
Bourgeois
Bourgeoisie
Clas

Class
Class
Class
Class
Class
Class
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Class
Class
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Class
Class
Class
Class
Class
Class
Class
Class
Class

Participation
Participation
Participation
Distribution
Distribution
Distribution
Distribution
Distribution
Distribution
Distribution
Distribution
Distribution
Positive action
Negative action
Parochial
Parochial
Parochial

Accra
Ghana
Ghanian
Gold-coast

Ghana
Ghana
Ghana
Ghana

Legitimacy
Legitimacy
Legitimacy
Legitimacy

Guinian
Conakry
Guinea
Guinean
Guerze
Guinea-of-the-foutah
Guinea-of-the-mandings

Guinea
Guinea
Guinea
Guinea
Guinea
Guinea
Guinea

Legitimacy
Legitimacy
Legitimacy
Parochial
Parochial
Parochial

British-cameroon
Cameroon
Cameroons
Cameroun
Central-african-republic
Chad
Congo
Congolese
Dahomey
Ethiopia

Africa
Africa
Africa
Africa
Africa
Africa
Africa
Africa
Africa
Africa

Gabon	Africa	
Gabones	Africa	
Gambia	Africa	
Inter-african	Africa	
Ivory-coast	Africa	
Kenya	Africa	
Liberia	Africa	
Liberian	Africa	
Madagascar	Africa	
Mali	Africa	
Mauritius	Africa	
Monrovia	Africa	
Mozambique	Africa	
Niger	Africa	
Nigeria	Africa	
Nigerian	Africa	
Northern-rhodesia	Africa	
Nyasaland	Africa	
Rhodesia	Africa	
Ruandi-urundi	Africa	
Rwanda	Africa	
Senegal	Africa	
Senegales	Africa	
Sierra-leone	Africa	
Somalia	Africa	
South-africa	Africa	
Southern-rhodesia	Africa	
South-west-africa	Africa	
Sudan	Africa	
Tanganyika	Africa	
Tanzania	Africa	
Togo	Africa	
Togoland	Africa	
Togolese	Africa	
Uganda	Africa	
Upper-volta	Africa	
West-africa	Africa	
Addis-ababa	Africa	Legitimacy
Africa	Africa	Legitimacy
African	Africa	Legitimacy
All-african	Africa	Legitimacy
All-african-trade-union-fede	Africa	Legitimacy
Angola	Africa	Legitimacy
Burundi	Africa	Legitimacy
Continent	Africa	Legitimacy
Continental	Africa	Legitimacy
Continent-wide	Africa	Legitimacy
Pan-africanism	Africa	Legitimacy
Pan-african	Africa	Legitimacy
French-equatorial-africa	Africa	Negative action
French-west-africa	Africa	Negative action
Bechuanaland	Africa	Passive

Allegiance	Nationalism	Legitimacy
Anthem	Nationalism	Legitimacy
Capitol	Nationalism	Legitimacy
Chauvenism	Nationalism	Legitimacy
Country	Nationalism	Legitimacy
Countrymen	Nationalism	Legitimacy
Flag	Nationalism	Legitimacy
Flagstaff	Nationalism	Legitimacy
Homeland	Nationalism	Legitimacy
Hymn	Nationalism	Legitimacy
Identity	Nationalism	Legitimacy
Indigenou	Nationalism	Legitimacy
Inhabitant	Nationalism	Legitimacy
Languag	Nationalism	Legitimacy
Loyal	Nationalism	Legitimacy
Loyalty	Nationalism	Legitimacy
Motherland	Nationalism	Legitimacy
Nat	Nationalism	Legitimacy
National	Nationalism	Legitimacy
Nationalism	Nationalism	Legitimacy
Nationalist	Nationalism	Legitimacy
Nationalistic	Nationalism	Legitimacy
Nationality	Nationalism	Legitimacy
Nationhood	Nationalism	Legitimacy
Nativ	Nationalism	Legitimacy
Naturaliz	Nationalism	Legitimacy
Naturalizat	Nationalism	Legitimacy
Patriot	Nationalism	Legitimacy
Patriotic	Nationalism	Legitimacy
Patriotism	Nationalism	Legitimacy
Slogan	Nationalism	Legitimacy
Sovereign	Nationalism	Legitimacy
Soverign	Nationalism	Legitimacy
Sovereignty	Nationalism	Legitimacy
Soverignty	Nationalism	Legitimacy
Statehood	Nationalism	Legitimacy
Territori	Nationalism	Legitimacy
Territorial	Nationalism	Legitimacy
Territory	Nationalism	Legitimacy
The-state	Nationalism	Legitimacy
Tongu	Nationalism	Legitimacy
Country-wid	Nationalism	Integration
Domestic	Nationalism	Integration
Inter-territorial	Nationalism	Integration
Compatriot	Nationalism	Participation
Inhabit	Nationalism	Participation
Peace-lov	Nationalism	Positive action
Chauvinism	Nationalism	Negative action
Fatherland	Nationalism	Negative action
Imag	Nationalism	Passive

Hunter	Tribalism	
Omen	Tribalism	
Uncl	Tribalism	
Witch	Tribalism	
Crafts	Tribalism	Econ. develop.
Craftsman	Tribalism	Econ. develop.
Craftsmen	Tribalism	Econ. develop.
Peasant	Tribalism	Econ. develop.
Kissi	Tribalism	Positive action
Savag	Tribalism	Positive action
Incest	Tribalism	Negative action
Anloga	Tribalism	Passive
Aboso	Tribalism	Parochial
Achimota	Tribalism	Parochial
Akasombo	Tribalism	Parochial
Akuse	Tribalism	Parochial
Ankase	Tribalism	Parochial
Asamankese	Tribalism	Parochial
Asantenan-council	Tribalism	Parochial
Asanwinso	Tribalism	Parochial
Ashanti	Tribalism	Parochial
Assin-foso	Tribalism	Parochial
Baga	Tribalism	Parochial
Bamako	Tribalism	Parochial
Baolule	Tribalism	Parochial
Baram-bakie	Tribalism	Parochial
Bekima	Tribalism	Parochial
Bights-of-benim	Tribalism	Parochial
Bobikuma	Tribalism	Parochial
Ceremoni	Tribalism	Parochial
Ceremonial	Tribalism	Parochial
Ceremony	Tribalism	Parochial
Chief	Tribalism	Parochial
Chiefdom	Tribalism	Parochial
Chiefs-of-circumscription	Tribalism	Parochial
Clan	Tribalism	Parochial
Cottag	Tribalism	Parochial
Council-of-notables	Tribalism	Parochial
Council-of-villages	Tribalism	Parochial
Custom	Tribalism	Parochial
Dioula	Tribalism	Parochial
Drum	Tribalism	Parochial
Drumbeat	Tribalism	Parochial
Elder	Tribalism	Parochial
Ethnic	Tribalism	Parochial
Ethnocentric	Tribalism	Parochial
Ethnocentrism	Tribalism	Parochial
Fami	Tribalism	Parochial
Famili	Tribalism	Parochial
Folk	Tribalism	Parochial

Folksong	Tribalism	Parochial
Foulah	Tribalism	Parochial
Handicraft	Tribalism	Parochial
Horn	Tribalism	Parochial
House-of-chiefs	Tribalism	Parochial
Hut	Tribalism	Parochial
Joint-provincial-council-of-	Tribalism	Parochial
Koukou	Tribalism	Parochial
Kulungugu	Tribalism	Parochial
Kumasi	Tribalism	Parochial
Lion	Tribalism	Parochial
Magic	Tribalism	Parochial
Magician	Tribalism	Parochial
Malinke	Tribalism	Parochial
Marabout	Tribalism	Parochial
Mask	Tribalism	Parochial
Obuasi	Tribalism	Parochial
Duolof	Tribalism	Parochial
Paintings	Tribalism	Parochial
Peul	Tribalism	Parochial
Polygamy	Tribalism	Parochial
Ritual	Tribalism	Parochial
Sorcerer	Tribalism	Parochial
Sousou	Tribalism	Parochial
Soussou	Tribalism	Parochial
Spear	Tribalism	Parochial
Statuettes	Tribalism	Parochial
Tom-tom	Tribalism	Parochial
Trib	Tribalism	Parochial
Tribal	Tribalism	Parochial
Tribalism	Tribalism	Parochial
Villag	Tribalism	Parochial
Wizard	Tribalism	Parochial
Xenophobia	Tribalism	Parochial

Color	Race	
Colour	Race	
Mutil-racial	Race	
Negro	Race	
Skin	Race	
Whit	Race	
Race	Race	Positive action
Apartheid	Race	Negative action
Bigotry	Race	Negative action
Black	Race	Negative action
Discriminat	Race	Negative action
Discriminatory	Race	Negative action
Intoleranc	Race	Negative action
Prejudic	Race	Negative action
Racialism	Race	Negative action
Racial	Race	Negative action

Racism
Racist
Yes-yes
Black-africa
Toleranc
Tolerant
Tolerat

Race
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Negative action
Negative action
Negative action
Passive
Passive
Passive
Passive

Balkan
Balkanizat
Breach
Disaccord
Discord
Disharmony
Disintegrat
Disorganiz
Disunion
Disunit
Disunity
Divid
Fractional
Fractionalis
Fractur
Polaris
Polariz
Secess
Segregat
Separat
Split
Divis
Balkanization
Bimbila

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Parochial
Parochial

Commonly
Collectivism
Collectivity
Interdependenc
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Interdependent
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Accord
Accordanc
Bond
Brother
Brotherhood
Cohes
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Collectiviti

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Legitimacy
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Legitimacy
Integration
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Integration

Conservatism	Political	
Conservativ	Political	
Liberal	Political	
Liberalism	Political	
Liberaliz	Political	
Liberalizat	Political	
Nkrumalism	Political	
Pol	Political	
Republican	Political	
Republicanism	Political	
Africaniz	Political	Legitimacy
Citizen	Political	Legitimacy
Citizenship	Political	Legitimacy
Confederat	Political	Legitimacy
Legitimacy	Political	Legitimacy
Legitimat	Political	Legitimacy
Mandat	Political	Legitimacy
Mandate	Political	Legitimacy
National-democracy	Political	Legitimacy
National-political-bureau	Political	Legitimacy
Polici	Political	Legitimacy
Policy	Political	Legitimacy
Politic	Political	Legitimacy
Polittical	Political	Legitimacy
Politician	Political	Legitimacy
Poll	Political	Legitimacy
Public	Political	Legitimacy
Regim	Political	Legitimacy
Republic	Political	Legitimacy
Resolut	Political	Legitimacy
Rights	Political	Legitimacy
Suffrag	Political	Legitimacy
Term	Political	Legitimacy
Veto	Political	Legitimacy
Civic	Political	Integration
Civilian	Political	Integration
Federalism	Political	Integration
Federaliz	Political	Integration
Federat	Political	Integration
Bipartisan	Political	Participation
Bipartisanship	Political	Participation
Campaign	Political	Participation
Candidatur	Political	Participation
Cnr	Political	Participation
Confer	Political	Participation
Conferenc	Political	Participation
Constituenci	Political	Participation
Constituency	Political	Participation
Constituent	Political	Participation
Electiv	Political	Participation

Elective	Political	Participation
Electorat	Political	Participation
Forum	Political	Participation
Lobbi	Political	Participation
Lobby	Political	Participation
One-party	Political	Participation
Participant	Political	Participation
Partisan	Political	Participation
Partisanship	Political	Participation
Presid	Political	Participation
Reelect	Political	Participation
Vot	Political	Participation
Polic	Political	Penetration
Endors	Political	Positive action
Guidelin	Political	Positive action
Justifiab	Political	Positive action
Justifiabl	Political	Positive action
Justly	Political	Positive action
Movement	Political	Positive action
Reconversion	Political	Positive action
Deadlock	Political	Negative action
Communiqu	Political	Passive
Declarat	Political	Passive

African-liberation-front	Party	Legitimacy
African-party-of-independenc	Party	Legitimacy
Defender	Party	Legitimacy
Member	Party	Legitimacy
Membership	Party	Legitimacy
Platform	Party	Legitimacy
Spokesman	Party	Legitimacy
Convention	Party	Integration
Activist	Party	Participation
Adhes	Party	Participation
Affiliat	Party	Participation
Bpn	Party	Participation
Branch	Party	Participation
Cadre	Party	Participation
Cadres	Party	Participation
Candidat	Party	Participation
Chapter	Party	Participation
Comrad	Party	Participation
Comradship	Party	Participation
Comradeship	Party	Participation
Convention-people	Party	Participation
Convention-peoples-party	Party	Participation
Cpp	Party	Participation
Debatabl	Party	Participation
Democratic-party-of-guinea	Party	Participation
Follower	Party	Participation
Functionari	Party	Participation

Headquarter	Party	Participation
Jrda	Party	Participation
National-party-of-guinea	Party	Participation
Nominat	Party	Participation
Nomine	Party	Participation
Parti	Party	Participation
Party	Party	Participation
Pdg	Party	Participation
Pdg-rda	Party	Participation
Rda	Party	Participation
Sympathizer	Party	Participation
Program	Party	Penetration
Positive-action	Party	Distribution
Vigilant	Party	Positive action
Apostat	Party	Negative action
Renegad	Party	Negative action
Saboteur	Party	Negative action

Head	Executive	
Executiv	Executive	Legitimacy
Head-of-state	Executive	Legitimacy
Minister	Executive	Legitimacy
Ministerial	Executive	Legitimacy
Presidency	Executive	Legitimacy
President	Executive	Legitimacy
Presidential	Executive	Legitimacy
Ruler	Executive	Legitimacy
Cabinet	Executive	Participation
Leader	Executive	Participation
Leadership	Executive	Participation
Deputy	Executive	Penetration
Director	Executive	Penetration
Secretary-general	Executive	Penetration

Career	Government	
Seat	Government	
African-affairs-center	Government	Legitimacy
Africanization	Government	Legitimacy
Ambassador	Government	Legitimacy
Authoriti	Government	Legitimacy
Authoriz	Government	Legitimacy
Authority	Government	Legitimacy
Border	Government	Legitimacy
Boundari	Government	Legitimacy
Boundary	Government	Legitimacy
Civil	Government	Legitimacy
Constitution	Government	Legitimacy
Constitutional	Government	Legitimacy
Councillor	Government	Legitimacy
Embassy	Government	Legitimacy
Enforc	Government	Legitimacy

Enforcement	Government	Legitimacy
Govern	Government	Legitimacy
Government	Government	Legitimacy
Governmental	Government	Legitimacy
Governor	Government	Legitimacy
Legality	Government	Legitimacy
Office	Government	Legitimacy
Ordinance	Government	Legitimacy
Post	Government	Legitimacy
Proclamation	Government	Legitimacy
Promulgation	Government	Legitimacy
Regulatory	Government	Legitimacy
Secretary-of-state	Government	Legitimacy
Session	Government	Legitimacy
Stat	Government	Legitimacy
Tax	Government	Legitimacy
Taxation	Government	Legitimacy
Tax-payment	Government	Legitimacy
Taxpayer	Government	Legitimacy
Tax-payer	Government	Legitimacy
Tax-rolls	Government	Legitimacy
Unconstitutional	Government	Legitimacy
Vice-president	Government	Legitimacy
Gross-national-product	Government	Econ. develop.
Ministry-of-labor-and-cooper	Government	Econ. develop.
Ministry-of-social-welfare	Government	Econ. develop.
Revenue	Government	Econ. develop.
Treasury	Government	Econ. develop.
Centralism	Government	Integration
Centralist	Government	Integration
Centralization	Government	Integration
Centralization	Government	Integration
Conciliation	Government	Integration
Federal	Government	Integration
Security	Government	Integration
Appointment	Government	Participation
Appointee	Government	Participation
Appointment	Government	Participation
Bill	Government	Participation
Bill	Government	Participation
Bills	Government	Participation
Chairman	Government	Participation
Chancellor	Government	Participation
Charter	Government	Participation
Committee	Government	Participation
Constitution	Government	Participation
Constitutional	Government	Participation
Council	Government	Participation
Delegation	Government	Participation
Delegation	Government	Participation
Delegations	Government	Participation
Incumbent	Government	Participation

Mayor	Government	Participation
Speaker	Government	Participation
Statesman	Government	Participation
Statesmanlike	Government	Participation
Statesmen	Government	Participation
Administer	Government	Penetration
Administrat	Government	Penetration
Administrativ	Government	Penetration
Administrator	Government	Penetration
Auditor-general	Government	Penetration
Auxillaries-of-public-servic	Government	Penetration
Budget	Government	Penetration
Budgetary	Government	Penetration
Bureau	Government	Penetration
Bureaucracy	Government	Penetration
Bureaucratic	Government	Penetration
Chairmen	Government	Penetration
Clerk	Government	Penetration
Commiss	Government	Penetration
Commissioner	Government	Penetration
Decre	Government	Penetration
Department	Government	Penetration
Deputi	Government	Penetration
Desk	Government	Penetration
Gendarme	Government	Penetration
Levy	Government	Penetration
Magistrat	Government	Penetration
Magistratur	Government	Penetration
Mail	Government	Penetration
Ministeri	Government	Penetration
Ministry	Government	Penetration
Ministry	Government	Penetration
Official	Government	Penetration
Officialese	Government	Penetration
Personnel	Government	Penetration
Policeman	Government	Penetration
Red-tape	Government	Penetration
Secretari	Government	Penetration
Secretariat	Government	Penetration
Secretary	Government	Penetration
Secretaries-of-state	Government	Penetration
Staff	Government	Penetration
Agenci	Government	Distribution
Agency	Government	Distribution
Appropriat	Government	Distribution
Board	Government	Distribution
Departmental	Government	Distribution
Expenditur	Government	Distribution
Arbitrat	Government	Positive action
Commitment	Government	Positive action
Cop	Government	Positive action
Devot	Government	Positive action

Directiv	Government	Positive action
Treasurer	Government	Positive action
Consult	Government	Passive
Consultat	Government	Passive
County	Government	Parochial
Closur	Legislature	Legitimacy
Enact	Legislature	Legitimacy
Enactment	Legislature	Legitimacy
Federal-assembly	Legislature	Legitimacy
Ghana-independence-bill	Legislature	Legitimacy
Honorable-member	Legislature	Legitimacy
House-of-commons	Legislature	Legitimacy
House-of-lords	Legislature	Legitimacy
Legislat	Legislature	Legitimacy
Legislativ	Legislature	Legitimacy
Legislative-assembly	Legislature	Legitimacy
Legislator	Legislature	Legitimacy
Legislatur	Legislature	Legitimacy
Mr-speaker	Legislature	Legitimacy
National-assembly	Legislature	Legitimacy
Parliament	Legislature	Legitimacy
Preventive-detention-act	Legislature	Legitimacy
Repeal	Legislature	Legitimacy
Senat	Legislature	Legitimacy
Senator	Legislature	Legitimacy
Territorial-assembly-of-guin	Legislature	Legitimacy
Assemb	Legislature	Participation
Assembl	Legislature	Participation
Assembl i	Legislature	Participation
Congres	Legislature	Participation
Congressional	Legislature	Participation
Debat	Legislature	Participation
Parliamentarian	Legislature	Participation
Parliamentary	Legislature	Participation
Representativ	Legislature	Participation
Statut	Legislature	Participation
Statutory	Legislature	Participation
Law	Legislature	Penetration
Legal	Judicial	Legitimacy
Court	Judicial	Penetration
Judg	Judicial	Penetration
Judgment	Judicial	Penetration
Judicial	Judicial	Penetration
Judiciary	Judicial	Penetration
Juridical	Judicial	Penetration
Jurisdic	Judicial	Penetration
Justiciary	Judicial	Penetration
Lawyer	Judicial	Penetration

Indigent	Social welfare	Distribution
Low-incom	Social welfare	Distribution
Meal	Social welfare	Distribution
Orphan	Social welfare	Distribution
Pauper	Social welfare	Distribution
Pens	Social welfare	Distribution
Poor	Social welfare	Distribution
Poverty	Social welfare	Distribution
Squalor	Social welfare	Distribution
Welfare	Social welfare	Distribution
Charitabl	Social welfare	Positive action
Humanitarian	Social welfare	Positive action
Insufficiency	Social welfare	Negative action
Hom	Social welfare	Parochial

Franc	Finance	
Dw	Finance	
Accountant	Finance	Econ. develop.
Bank	Finance	Econ. develop.
Billion	Finance	Econ. develop.
Capital	Finance	Econ. develop.
Coin	Finance	Econ. develop.
Collateral	Finance	Econ. develop.
Credit	Finance	Econ. develop.
Currency	Finance	Econ. develop.
Debt	Finance	Econ. develop.
Debtor	Finance	Econ. develop.
Deficit	Finance	Econ. develop.
Deposit	Finance	Econ. develop.
Dollar	Finance	Econ. develop.
Financ	Finance	Econ. develop.
Financial	Finance	Econ. develop.
Fiscal	Finance	Econ. develop.
Fund	Finance	Econ. develop.
Indemniti	Finance	Econ. develop.
Indemnity	Finance	Econ. develop.
Inflationary	Finance	Econ. develop.
Loan	Finance	Econ. develop.
Low-cost	Finance	Econ. develop.
Million	Finance	Econ. develop.
Money	Finance	Econ. develop.
Profit	Finance	Econ. develop.
Sal	Finance	Econ. develop.
Sterling	Finance	Econ. develop.
Stocks	Finance	Econ. develop.
Tarif	Finance	Econ. develop.
Tariff	Finance	Econ. develop.
Tarrif	Finance	Econ. develop.
Cheaper	Finance	Distribution
Compensat	Finance	Distribution
Cost	Finance	Distribution

Defray	Finance	Distribution
Pay	Finance	Distribution
Payment	Finance	Distribution
Asses	Finance	Positive action
Asset	Finance	Positive action
Audit	Finance	Positive action
Cash	Finance	Positive action
Depreciat	Finance	Negative action
Mortality	Health	
Asylum	Health	Distribution
Clinic	Health	Distribution
Clinical	Health	Distribution
Doctor	Health	Distribution
Health	Health	Distribution
Healthi	Health	Distribution
Healthy	Health	Distribution
Hospital	Health	Distribution
Illnes	Health	Distribution
Illness	Health	Distribution
Medical	Health	Distribution
Medicin	Health	Distribution
Nurs	Health	Distribution
Patient	Health	Distribution
Physician	Health	Distribution
Rehabilitat	Health	Distribution
Sanitat	Health	Distribution
Sick	Health	Distribution
Sicknes	Health	Distribution
Starv	Health	Distribution
Starvat	Health	Distribution
Birth	Health	Positive action
Cur	Health	Positive action
Blind	Health	Negative action
Crippl	Health	Negative action
Disabl	Health	Negative action
Diseas	Health	Negative action
Germ	Health	Negative action
Baby	Health	Passive
General-union-of-black-worke	Economic	
Minimiz	Economic	
Minimum	Economic	
Equitabl	Economic	Legitimacy
Abundanc	Economic	Econ. develop.
Abundant	Economic	Econ. develop.
Balance-sheet	Economic	Econ. develop.
Commercial	Economic	Econ. develop.
Commoditi	Economic	Econ. develop.
Commodity	Economic	Econ. develop.
Customer	Economic	Econ. develop.
Diamond	Economic	Econ. develop.

Economi	Economic	Econ. develop.
Economic	Economic	Econ. develop.
Economical	Economic	Econ. develop.
Economist	Economic	Econ. develop.
Economy	Economic	Econ. develop.
Ghana-national-trading-corpo	Economic	Econ. develop.
Ghana-peoples-trading-corpor	Economic	Econ. develop.
Importat	Economic	Econ. develop.
Market	Economic	Econ. develop.
Merchant	Economic	Econ. develop.
Monopolistic	Economic	Econ. develop.
Per-capita	Economic	Econ. develop.
Product	Economic	Econ. develop.
Productiv	Economic	Econ. develop.
Productivity	Economic	Econ. develop.
Profitab	Economic	Econ. develop.
Profitabl	Economic	Econ. develop.
Property	Economic	Econ. develop.
Resourc	Economic	Econ. develop.
Retail	Economic	Econ. develop.
Seven-year	Economic	Econ. develop.
Seven-year-development-plan	Economic	Econ. develop.
Seven-year-plan	Economic	Econ. develop.
Shop	Economic	Econ. develop.
Busines	Economic	Distribution
Businessman	Economic	Distribution
Businessmen	Economic	Distribution
Consumer	Economic	Distribution
Consumer-cooperatives	Economic	Distribution
Consumer-cooperative-societi	Economic	Distribution
Consumpt	Economic	Distribution
Distribut	Economic	Distribution
Earn	Economic	Distribution
Earner	Economic	Distribution
Employe	Economic	Distribution
Employer	Economic	Distribution
Employment	Economic	Distribution
Expens	Economic	Distribution
Expensiv	Economic	Distribution
Furnitur	Economic	Distribution
Hir	Economic	Distribution
Job	Economic	Distribution
Rent	Economic	Distribution
Rental	Economic	Distribution
Toil	Economic	Distribution
Wealth	Economic	Distribution
Wealthy	Economic	Distribution
Buyer	Economic	Positive action
Consum	Economic	Positive action
Prosperous	Economic	Positive action
Deplet	Economic	Negative action
Factor	Economic	Passive

Combust	Industrial	
Common-market	Industrial	
Diversificat	Industrial	
Smelter	Industrial	
Tin	Industrial	
Aircraft	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Aluminium	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Aluminum	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Automatic	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Automobil	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Bauxite	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Car	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Cement	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Cloth	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Coal	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Cobalt	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Collective-bargain	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Commerc	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Copper	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Electric	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Electrical	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Electrificat	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Electricity	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Engin	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Engineer	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Equipment	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Export	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Exporter	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Fabric	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Factori	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Factory	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Ga	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Gold	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Highway	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Hydro-electric-power	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Hydro-electricity	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Import	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Industri	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Industrial	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Industrial-development-corpo	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Industrialism	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Industrialist	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Industrializ	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Industrializat	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Industry	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Iron	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Machin	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Machinery	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Management	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Manager	Industrial	Econ. develop.

Manpower	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Manufactur	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Manufacturer	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Mechanic	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Mechanical	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Mechanism	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Mechanizat	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Metal	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Metallurgy	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Mil	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Min	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Miner	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Mineral	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Mining	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Motor	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Nail	Industrial	Econ. develop.
National-labor-federation	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Dil	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Platinum	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Port	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Power-house	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Rail	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Railroad	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Railway	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Road	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Rubber	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Ship	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Shipyard	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Shirt	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Sho	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Silk	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Silver	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Soap	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Steel	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Steel-mills	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Stockpil	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Sugar-refineries	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Technician	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Technological	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Technology	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Telegram	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Telephon	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Tool	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Trad	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Trader	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Train	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Transportat	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Tungsten	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Turbine	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Uranium	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Vehicl	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Volta	Industrial	Econ. develop.

Volta-project	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Volta-river-authority	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Volta-river-project	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Volta-scheme	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Waterway	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Wir	Industrial	Econ. develop.
Cgta	Industrial	Participation
Ugtan	Industrial	Participation
Labor-management	Industrial	Distribution
Reemploy	Industrial	Distribution
Salari	Industrial	Distribution
Salary	Industrial	Distribution
Trade-union	Industrial	Distribution
Trade-union-congress	Industrial	Distribution
Union	Industrial	Distribution
Unionism	Industrial	Distribution
Unionist	Industrial	Distribution
Wag	Industrial	Distribution
Work	Industrial	Distribution
Professional	Industrial	Positive action
Protectionist	Industrial	Positive action
Anti-labor	Industrial	Negative action
Anti-trust	Industrial	Negative action
Antitrust	Industrial	Negative action

Egg	Agriculture	
Gardener	Agriculture	
Honey	Agriculture	
Lamb	Agriculture	
Pea	Agriculture	
Tea	Agriculture	
Land	Agriculture	Legitimacy
Acr	Agriculture	Econ. develop.
Acreag	Agriculture	Econ. develop.
Agricultur	Agriculture	Econ. develop.
Agricultural	Agriculture	Econ. develop.
Agricultural-development-cof	Agriculture	Econ. develop.
Butter	Agriculture	Econ. develop.
Cattl	Agriculture	Econ. develop.
Cocoa	Agriculture	Econ. develop.
Cocoa-marketing-board	Agriculture	Econ. develop.
Coffe	Agriculture	Econ. develop.
Coffee	Agriculture	Econ. develop.
Corn	Agriculture	Econ. develop.
Cotton	Agriculture	Econ. develop.
Cow	Agriculture	Econ. develop.
Crop	Agriculture	Econ. develop.
Cultivat	Agriculture	Econ. develop.
Earth	Agriculture	Econ. develop.
Elephant	Agriculture	Econ. develop.

Farm	Agriculture	Econ. develop.
Farmer	Agriculture	Econ. develop.
Field	Agriculture	Econ. develop.
Fish	Agriculture	Econ. develop.
Fisheri	Agriculture	Econ. develop.
Fishery	Agriculture	Econ. develop.
Forest	Agriculture	Econ. develop.
Forestat	Agriculture	Econ. develop.
Forestry	Agriculture	Econ. develop.
Garden	Agriculture	Econ. develop.
Grain	Agriculture	Econ. develop.
Hay	Agriculture	Econ. develop.
Herd	Agriculture	Econ. develop.
Ho	Agriculture	Econ. develop.
Hors	Agriculture	Econ. develop.
Irrigat	Agriculture	Econ. develop.
Leather	Agriculture	Econ. develop.
Livestock	Agriculture	Econ. develop.
Lumber	Agriculture	Econ. develop.
Milk	Agriculture	Econ. develop.
Mill	Agriculture	Econ. develop.
Mountain	Agriculture	Econ. develop.
Drang	Agriculture	Econ. develop.
Pastur	Agriculture	Econ. develop.
Pig	Agriculture	Econ. develop.
Plant	Agriculture	Econ. develop.
Planter	Agriculture	Econ. develop.
Plow	Agriculture	Econ. develop.
Poultry	Agriculture	Econ. develop.
Ranch	Agriculture	Econ. develop.
Rancher	Agriculture	Econ. develop.
Reap	Agriculture	Econ. develop.
Ric	Agriculture	Econ. develop.
River	Agriculture	Econ. develop.
Salt	Agriculture	Econ. develop.
Sheep	Agriculture	Econ. develop.
Sow	Agriculture	Econ. develop.
Sown	Agriculture	Econ. develop.
Stock-farming	Agriculture	Econ. develop.
Sugar	Agriculture	Econ. develop.
Timber	Agriculture	Econ. develop.
Vegetabl	Agriculture	Econ. develop.
Wheat	Agriculture	Econ. develop.
Wood	Agriculture	Econ. develop.
Wool	Agriculture	Econ. develop.
Food	Agriculture	Distribution
Foodstuff	Agriculture	Distribution
Meat	Agriculture	Distribution
Flood-control	Agriculture	Positive action
Water	Agriculture	Positive action
Estat	Agriculture	Parochial

Citi	Urbanization	Econ. develop.
City	Urbanization	Econ. develop.
Metropolis	Urbanization	Econ. develop.
Municipal	Urbanization	Econ. develop.
Technical	Urbanization	Econ. develop.
Techniqu	Urbanization	Econ. develop.
Telecommunications	Urbanization	Econ. develop.
Town	Urbanization	Econ. develop.
Urban	Urbanization	Econ. develop.
Urbaniz	Urbanization	Econ. develop.
Urbanization	Urbanization	Econ. develop.
Civil-servant	Urbanization	Penetration
Hotel	Urbanization	Distribution
Slum	Urbanization	Distribution
Unemploy	Urbanization	Distribution
Unemployment	Urbanization	Distribution
Hous	Urbanization	Parochial
Household	Urbanization	Parochial
Resident	Urbanization	Parochial

Catholic	Ignorance	
Christ	Ignorance	
Christian	Ignorance	
Christianity	Ignorance	
Christma	Ignorance	
Church	Ignorance	
Sport	Ignorance	
Television	Ignorance	
Vocat	Ignorance	
Vocational	Ignorance	
Radio	Ignorance	Econ. develop.
Academic	Ignorance	Distribution
Ambulanc	Ignorance	Distribution
Art	Ignorance	Distribution
Artist	Ignorance	Distribution
Artistic	Ignorance	Distribution
Ballet	Ignorance	Distribution
Book	Ignorance	Distribution
Brid	Ignorance	Distribution
Broadcast	Ignorance	Distribution
Classroom	Ignorance	Distribution
Colleg	Ignorance	Distribution
Danc	Ignorance	Distribution
Diploma	Ignorance	Distribution
Drama	Ignorance	Distribution
Ecole-normal	Ignorance	Distribution
Editor	Ignorance	Distribution
Editorial	Ignorance	Distribution
Educat	Ignorance	Distribution
Educational	Ignorance	Distribution

Educator	Ignorance	Distribution
Entertainer	Ignorance	Distribution
Entertainment	Ignorance	Distribution
Ghana-academy-of-sciences	Ignorance	Distribution
Ghana-news-agency	Ignorance	Distribution
Ignoranc	Ignorance	Distribution
Ignorantly	Ignorance	Distribution
Illiteracy	Ignorance	Distribution
Illiterat	Ignorance	Distribution
Instructor	Ignorance	Distribution
Journal	Ignorance	Distribution
Journalism	Ignorance	Distribution
Journalist	Ignorance	Distribution
Lesson	Ignorance	Distribution
Library	Ignorance	Distribution
Literacy	Ignorance	Distribution
Literary	Ignorance	Distribution
Literatur	Ignorance	Distribution
Lycee	Ignorance	Distribution
Movi	Ignorance	Distribution
Music	Ignorance	Distribution
Musical	Ignorance	Distribution
Musician	Ignorance	Distribution
Newspaper	Ignorance	Distribution
Opera	Ignorance	Distribution
Painter	Ignorance	Distribution
Play	Ignorance	Distribution
Player	Ignorance	Distribution
Poem	Ignorance	Distribution
Poet	Ignorance	Distribution
Poetry	Ignorance	Distribution
Primary-certificate	Ignorance	Distribution
Primary-school-certificate	Ignorance	Distribution
Print	Ignorance	Distribution
Printer	Ignorance	Distribution
Professor	Ignorance	Distribution
Pupil	Ignorance	Distribution
Recreational	Ignorance	Distribution
School	Ignorance	Distribution
Schoolteacher	Ignorance	Distribution
Scienc	Ignorance	Distribution
Scientific	Ignorance	Distribution
Scientist	Ignorance	Distribution
Societi	Ignorance	Distribution
Student	Ignorance	Distribution
Taught	Ignorance	Distribution
Teach	Ignorance	Distribution
Teacher	Ignorance	Distribution
Theater	Ignorance	Distribution
Universiti	Ignorance	Distribution
University	Ignorance	Distribution
Writer	Ignorance	Distribution

Parochialism	Local	Parochial
Precinct	Local	Parochial
Provinc	Local	Parochial
Provincial	Local	Parochial
Reg	Local	Parochial
Region	Local	Parochial
Regional	Local	Parochial
Regional-assembly	Local	Parochial
Regional-assembly	Local	Parochial
Regionalist	Local	Parochial
Regionalization	Local	Parochial
Regionalism	Local	Parochial
Rural	Local	Parochial
Sect	Local	Parochial
Section	Local	Parochial
Sectional	Local	Parochial
Sector	Local	Parochial

All-african-people	Legitimacy	
Kwame	Legitimacy	Self
Kwame-nkrumah	Legitimacy	Self
Federal-council-of-the-youth	Legitimacy	Group
Populat	Legitimacy	Mass
Evenly	Legitimacy	Quantity
Stronghold	Legitimacy	Space
Anniversary	Legitimacy	Past
Existenc	Legitimacy	Present
Newcomer	Legitimacy	Future
Entity	Legitimacy	Structure
Equilibrium	Legitimacy	Structure
Ideological	Legitimacy	Structure
Institutional	Legitimacy	Structure
Symbol	Legitimacy	Structure
Defend	Legitimacy	Defense-mech.
Duti	Legitimacy	Dught
Dutiful	Legitimacy	Dught
Duty	Legitimacy	Dught
Equal	Legitimacy	Equal
Equalitarian	Legitimacy	Equal
Equalitarianism	Legitimacy	Equal
Equality	Legitimacy	Equal
Equalizat	Legitimacy	Equal
Equat	Legitimacy	Equal
Equity	Legitimacy	Equal
Recognit	Legitimacy	Sense
Recogniz	Legitimacy	Sense
Generaliti	Legitimacy	Think
Generality	Legitimacy	Think
Generaliz	Legitimacy	Think
Identifi	Legitimacy	Think
Identificat	Legitimacy	Think

Identify	Legitimacy	Think
Resolv	Legitimacy	Think
Proclaim	Legitimacy	Communicate
Proclaimat	Legitimacy	Communicate
Reciprocal	Legitimacy	Communicate
Reciprocity	Legitimacy	Communicate
Symboliz	Legitimacy	Communicate
Determinat	Legitimacy	Cause
Ideologi	Legitimacy	Cause
Ideology	Legitimacy	Cause
Root	Legitimacy	Cause
Institut	Legitimacy	Initiate action
Pledg	Legitimacy	Initiate action
Promot	Q00000q000000000	Initiate action
Reconstitut	Legitimacy	Initiate action
Flight	Legitimacy	Move
Attain	Legitimacy	Get
Attainabl	Legitimacy	Get
Attainment	Legitimacy	Get
Belong	Legitimacy	Possess
Entitl	Legitimacy	Possess
Titl	Legitimacy	Possess
Guidanc	Legitimacy	Guide
Provis	Legitimacy	Guide
Power	Legitimacy	Control
Powerful	Legitimacy	Control
Regulat	Legitimacy	Control
Reign	Legitimacy	Control
Rul	Legitimacy	Control
Upheld	Legitimacy	Control
Uphold	Legitimacy	Control
Alignment	Legitimacy	Combine
Alli	Legitimacy	Combine
Ally	Legitimacy	Combine
Coalit	Legitimacy	Combine
Collaborat	Legitimacy	Combine
Arbitrari	Legitimacy	Bad
Defensiv	Legitimacy	Avoid
Rightful	Legitimacy	Positive
Righteousnes	Legitimacy	Positive
Right	Legitimacy	Positive
Righteou	Legitimacy	Positive
Recognizabl	Legitimacy	Regular
Comprehensiv	Legitimacy	Competence
Responsibiliti	Legitimacy	Competence
Responsibility	Legitimacy	Competence
Responsibl	Legitimacy	Competence
Sanction	Legitimacy	Approve
Monument	Legitimacy	Glorious
Landmark	Legitimacy	Very
Sanct	Legitimacy	Very
Prestig	Legitimacy	Status

Respect	Legitimacy	Status
Statu	Legitimacy	Status
Execut	Legitimacy	Progress
Full-fledged	Legitimacy	Progress
Allianc	Legitimacy	International
Bilateral	Legitimacy	International
Bloc	Legitimacy	International
Coexistence	Legitimacy	International
Cold-war	Legitimacy	International
Countries	Legitimacy	International
Covenant	Legitimacy	International
Diplomacy	Legitimacy	International
Diplomatic	Legitimacy	International
Glob	Legitimacy	International
Global	Legitimacy	International
Hemispher	Legitimacy	International
Hemispheric	Legitimacy	International
International	Legitimacy	International
Multilateral	Legitimacy	International
Multinational	Legitimacy	International
Negotiat	Legitimacy	International
Negotiators	Legitimacy	International
Non-nuclear	Legitimacy	International
Pact	Legitimacy	International
Supranational	Legitimacy	International
Treati	Legitimacy	International
Treaty	Legitimacy	International
World	Legitimacy	International
Neutralism	Legitimacy	Neutral
Neutrality	Legitimacy	Neutral
Nonalign	Legitimacy	Neutral
Non-alignment	Legitimacy	Neutral
Accra	Legitimacy	Ghana
Ghana	Legitimacy	Ghana
Ghanian	Legitimacy	Ghana
Gold-coast	Legitimacy	Ghana
Conakry	Legitimacy	Guinea
Guinea	Legitimacy	Guinea
Guinean	Legitimacy	Guinea
Addis-ababa	Legitimacy	Africa
Africa	Legitimacy	Africa
African	Legitimacy	Africa
All-african	Legitimacy	Africa
All-african-trade-union-fede	Legitimacy	Africa
Angola	Legitimacy	Africa
Burundi	Legitimacy	Africa
Continent	Legitimacy	Africa
Continental	Legitimacy	Africa
Continent-wide	Legitimacy	Africa
Pan-africanism	Legitimacy	Africa
Pan-african	Legitimacy	Africa
Allegianc	Legitimacy	Nationalism

Anthem	Legitimacy	Nationalism
Capitol	Legitimacy	Nationalism
Chauvenism	Legitimacy	Nationalism
Country	Legitimacy	Nationalism
Countrymen	Legitimacy	Nationalism
Flag	Legitimacy	Nationalism
Flagstaff	Legitimacy	Nationalism
Homeland	Legitimacy	Nationalism
Hymn	Legitimacy	Nationalism
Identity	Legitimacy	Nationalism
Indigenou	Legitimacy	Nationalism
Inhabitant	Legitimacy	Nationalism
Languag	Legitimacy	Nationalism
Loyal	Legitimacy	Nationalism
Loyalty	Legitimacy	Nationalism
Motherland	Legitimacy	Nationalism
Nat	Legitimacy	Nationalism
National	Legitimacy	Nationalism
Nationalism	Legitimacy	Nationalism
Nationalist	Legitimacy	Nationalism
Nationalistic	Legitimacy	Nationalism
Nationality	Legitimacy	Nationalism
Nationhood	Legitimacy	Nationalism
Nativ	Legitimacy	Nationalism
Naturaliz	Legitimacy	Nationalism
Naturalizat	Legitimacy	Nationalism
Patriot	Legitimacy	Nationalism
Patriotic	Legitimacy	Nationalism
Patriotism	Legitimacy	Nationalism
Slogan	Legitimacy	Nationalism
Sovereign	Legitimacy	Nationalism
Soverign	Legitimacy	Nationalism
Sovereignty	Legitimacy	Nationalism
Soverignty	Legitimacy	Nationalism
Statehood	Legitimacy	Nationalism
Territori	Legitimacy	Nationalism
Territorial	Legitimacy	Nationalism
Territory	Legitimacy	Nationalism
The-state	Legitimacy	Nationalism
Tongu	Legitimacy	Nationalism
Collectivism	Legitimacy	Unity
Collectivity	Legitimacy	Unity
Interdependenc	Legitimacy	Unity
Inter-dependenc	Legitimacy	Unity
Interdependent	Legitimacy	Unity
Interdependency	Legitimacy	Unity
Autonomou	Legitimacy	Freedom
Autonomy	Legitimacy	Freedom
Dignity	Legitimacy	Freedom
Emancipat	Legitimacy	Freedom
Emansipation	Legitimacy	Freedom
Emancipatory	Legitimacy	Freedom

Fre	Legitimacy	Freedom
Freedom	Legitimacy	Freedom
Independenc	Legitimacy	Freedom
Independent	Legitimacy	Freedom
Liberat	Legitimacy	Freedom
Liberti	Legitimacy	Freedom
Liberty	Legitimacy	Freedom
Limitless	Legitimacy	Freedom
Loi-cadre	Legitimacy	Freedom
Self-administration	Legitimacy	Freedom
Self-determinat	Legitimacy	Freedom
Self-determination	Legitimacy	Freedom
Self-government	Legitimacy	Freedom
Self-guidance	Legitimacy	Freedom
Self-management	Legitimacy	Freedom
Self-rule	Legitimacy	Freedom
Accountability	Legitimacy	Democracy
Ballot	Legitimacy	Democracy
Ratifi	Legitimacy	Democracy
Ratificat	Legitimacy	Democracy
Ratify	Legitimacy	Democracy
Represent	Legitimacy	Democracy
Representat	Legitimacy	Democracy
Representative	Legitimacy	Democracy
Africaniz	Legitimacy	Political
Citizen	Legitimacy	Political
Citizenship	Legitimacy	Political
Confederat	Legitimacy	Political
Legitimacy	Legitimacy	Political
Legitimat	Legitimacy	Political
Mandat	Legitimacy	Political
Mandate	Legitimacy	Political
National-democracy	Legitimacy	Political
National-political-bureau	Legitimacy	Political
Polici	Legitimacy	Political
Policy	Legitimacy	Political
Politic	Legitimacy	Political
Political	Legitimacy	Political
Politician	Legitimacy	Political
Poll	Legitimacy	Political
Public	Legitimacy	Political
Regim	Legitimacy	Political
Republic	Legitimacy	Political
Resolut	Legitimacy	Political
Rights	Legitimacy	Political
Suffrag	Legitimacy	Political
Term	Legitimacy	Political
Veto	Legitimacy	Political
African-liberation-front	Legitimacy	Party
African-party-of-independenc	Legitimacy	Party
Defender	Legitimacy	Party
Member	Legitimacy	Party

Membership	Legitimacy	Party
Platform	Legitimacy	Party
Spokesman	Legitimacy	Party
Executive	Legitimacy	Executive
Head-of-state	Legitimacy	Executive
Minister	Legitimacy	Executive
Ministerial	Legitimacy	Executive
Presidency	Legitimacy	Executive
President	Legitimacy	Executive
Presidential	Legitimacy	Executive
Ruler	Legitimacy	Executive
African-affairs-center	Legitimacy	Government
Africanization	Legitimacy	Government
Ambassador	Legitimacy	Government
Authoriti	Legitimacy	Government
Authoriz	Legitimacy	Government
Authority	Legitimacy	Government
Border	Legitimacy	Government
Boundari	Legitimacy	Government
Boundary	Legitimacy	Government
Civil	Legitimacy	Government
Constitution	Legitimacy	Government
Constitutional	Legitimacy	Government
Councillor	Legitimacy	Government
Embassy	Legitimacy	Government
Enforc	Legitimacy	Government
Enforcement	Legitimacy	Government
Govern	Legitimacy	Government
Government	Legitimacy	Government
Governmental	Legitimacy	Government
Governor	Legitimacy	Government
Legality	Legitimacy	Government
Offic	Legitimacy	Government
Ordinanc	Legitimacy	Government
Post	Legitimacy	Government
Proclamat	Legitimacy	Government
Promulgat	Legitimacy	Government
Regulatory	Legitimacy	Government
Secretary-of-state	Legitimacy	Government
Sess	Legitimacy	Government
Stat	Legitimacy	Government
Tax	Legitimacy	Government
Taxat	Legitimacy	Government
Tax-pay	Legitimacy	Government
Taxpayer	Legitimacy	Government
Tax-payer	Legitimacy	Government
Tax-rolls	Legitimacy	Government
Unconstitutional	Legitimacy	Government
Vice-president	Legitimacy	Government
Closur	Legitimacy	Legislature
Enact	Legitimacy	Legislature
Enactment	Legitimacy	Legislature

Federal-assembly	Legitimacy	Legislature
Ghana-independence-bill	Legitimacy	Legislature
Honorable-member	Legitimacy	Legislature
House-of-commons	Legitimacy	Legislature
House-of-lords	Legitimacy	Legislature
Legislat	Legitimacy	Legislature
Legislativ	Legitimacy	Legislature
Legislative-assembly	Legitimacy	Legislature
Legislator	Legitimacy	Legislature
Legislatur	Legitimacy	Legislature
Mr-speaker	Legitimacy	Legislature
National-assembly	Legitimacy	Legislature
Parliament	Legitimacy	Legislature
Preventive-detention-act	Legitimacy	Legislature
Repeal	Legitimacy	Legislature
Senat	Legitimacy	Legislature
Senator	Legitimacy	Legislature
Territorial-assembly-of-guine	Legitimacy	Legislature
Legal	Legitimacy	Judicial
Collective-defens	Legitimacy	Military
Defens	Legitimacy	Military
Fleet	Legitimacy	Military
Equitabl	Legitimacy	Economic
Land	Legitimacy	Agriculture
Militant	Legitimacy	Participation
Supporter	Legitimacy	Participation
Support	Legitimacy	Positive action

Per	Econ. develop.	
Heap	Econ. develop.	Quantity
Monetary	Econ. develop.	Quantity
Percent	Econ. develop.	Quantity
Per-cent	Econ. develop.	Quantity
Pound	Econ. develop.	Quantity
Pric	Econ. develop.	Quantity
Evolut	Econ. develop.	Present
Ripe	Econ. develop.	Present
Material	Econ. develop.	Structure
Stuf	Econ. develop.	Structure
Du	Econ. deveiop.	Dught
Cit	Econ. develop.	Communicate
Foreign-exchange	Econ. develop.	Communicate
Sel	Econ. develop.	Communicate
Sold	Econ. develop.	Communicate
Spend	Econ. develop.	Communicate
Spent	Econ. develop.	Communicate
Expectat	Econ. develop.	Wish
Exchang	Econ. develop.	Initiate action
Invest	Econ. develop.	Initiate action
Plan	Econ. develop.	Initiate action
Plann	Econ. develop.	Initiate action

Redeem	Econ. develop.	Initiate action
Redevelopment	Econ. develop.	Initiate action
Evolutionary	Econ. develop.	Approach
Evolv	Econ. develop.	Approach
Purs	Econ. develop.	Move
Traffic	Econ. develop.	Move
Account	Econ. develop.	Get
Harvest	Econ. develop.	Get
Incom	Econ. develop.	Get
Investment	Econ. develop.	Get
Purchas	Econ. develop.	Get
Faciliti	Econ. develop.	Guide
Implement	Econ. develop.	Guide
Lend	Econ. develop.	Guide
Lent	Econ. develop.	Guide
Subsidy	Econ. develop.	Guide
Monopoli	Econ. develop.	Control
Monopoly	Econ. develop.	Control
Steer	Econ. develop.	Control
Corporat	Econ. develop.	Combine
Overproduc	Econ. develop.	Incompetence
Dissatisfied	Econ. develop.	Opposition
Vested-interests	Econ. develop.	Opposition
Air-warfar	Econ. develop.	Attack
Rip	Econ. develop.	Attack
Glas	Econ. develop.	Danger theme
Pushbutton	Econ. develop.	Danger theme
Rifl	Econ. develop.	Danger theme
Missil	Econ. develop.	Death theme
Soil	Econ. develop.	Death theme
Overproduct	Econ. develop.	Positive
Surplus	Econ. develop.	Positive
Utiliti	Econ. develop.	Positive
Utility	Econ. develop.	Positive
Utiliz	Econ. develop.	Positive
Utilizat	Econ. develop.	Positive
Trust	Econ. develop.	Competence
Pil	Econ. develop.	Very
Underdevelop	Econ. develop.	Status
Under-developed	Econ. develop.	Status
Underdevelopment	Econ. develop.	Status
Affluence	Econ. develop.	Progress
Crash-program	Econ. develop.	Progress
Emergenc	Econ. develop.	Progress
Full-scale	Econ. develop.	Progress
Produc	Econ. develop.	Progress
Producer	Econ. develop.	Progress
Remunerativ	Econ. develop.	Progress
Revolut	Econ. develop.	Progress
Revolutionari	Econ. develop.	Progress
Revolutionary	Econ. develop.	Progress
Subsidi	Econ. develop.	Progress

Hydrogen	Econ. develop.	International
International-bank-for-recon	Econ. develop.	International
International-monetary-fund	Econ. develop.	International
Thermonuclear	Econ. develop.	International
Capitalism	Econ. develop.	Imperialism
Capitalist	Econ. develop.	Imperialism
Capitalistic	Econ. develop.	Imperialism
Metropolitan	Econ. develop.	Imperialism
Crafts	Econ. develop.	Tribalism
Craftsman	Econ. develop.	Tribalism
Craftsmen	Econ. develop.	Tribalism
Peasant	Econ. develop.	Tribalism
Self-sufficiency	Econ. develop.	Freedom
Socialism	Econ. develop.	Socialism
Socialist	Econ. develop.	Socialism
Socialistic	Econ. develop.	Socialism
Gross-national-product	Econ. develop.	Government
Ministry-of-labor-and-cooper	Econ. develop.	Government
Ministry-of-social-welfare	Econ. develop.	Government
Revenue	Econ. develop.	Government
Treasury	Econ. develop.	Government
Bread	Econ. develop.	Social welfare
Accountant	Econ. develop.	Finance
Bank	Econ. develop.	Finance
Billion	Econ. develop.	Finance
Capital	Econ. develop.	Finance
Coin	Econ. develop.	Finance
Collateral	Econ. develop.	Finance
Credit	Econ. develop.	Finance
Currency	Econ. develop.	Finance
Debt	Econ. develop.	Finance
Debtor	Econ. develop.	Finance
Deficit	Econ. develop.	Finance
Deposit	Econ. develop.	Finance
Dollar	Econ. develop.	Finance
Financ	Econ. develop.	Finance
Financial	Econ. develop.	Finance
Fiscal	Econ. develop.	Finance
Fund	Econ. develop.	Finance
Indemaiti	Econ. develop.	Finance
Indemnity	Econ. develop.	Finance
Inflationary	Econ. develop.	Finance
Loan	Econ. develop.	Finance
Low-cost	Econ. develop.	Finance
Million	Econ. develop.	Finance
Money	Econ. develop.	Finance
Profit	Econ. develop.	Finance
Sal	Econ. develop.	Finance
Sterling	Econ. develop.	Finance
Stocks	Econ. develop.	Finance
Tarif	Econ. develop.	Finance
Tariff	Econ. develop.	Finance

Tarrif	Econ. develop.	Finance
Abundanc	Econ. develop.	Economic
Abundant	Econ. develop.	Economic
Balance-sheet	Econ. develop.	Economic
Commercial	Econ. develop.	Economic
Commoditi	Econ. develop.	Economic
Commodity	Econ. develop.	Economic
Customer	Econ. develop.	Economic
Diamond	Econ. develop.	Economic
Economi	Econ. develop.	Economic
Economic	Econ. develop.	Economic
Economical	Econ. develop.	Economic
Economist	Econ. develop.	Economic
Economy	Econ. develop.	Economic
Ghana-national-trading-corpo	Econ. develop.	Economic
Ghana-peoples-trading-corpor	Econ. develop.	Economic
Importat	Econ. develop.	Economic
Market	Econ. develop.	Economic
Merchant	Econ. develop.	Economic
Monopolistic	Econ. develop.	Economic
Per-capita	Econ. develop.	Economic
Product	Econ. develop.	Economic
Productiv	Econ. develop.	Economic
Productivity	Econ. develop.	Economic
Profitab	Econ. develop.	Economic
Profitabl	Econ. develop.	Economic
Property	Econ. develop.	Economic
Resourc	Econ. develop.	Economic
Retail	Econ. develop.	Economic
Seven-year	Econ. develop.	Economic
Seven-year-development-plan	Econ. develop.	Economic
Seven-year-plan	Econ. develop.	Economic
Shop	Econ. develop.	Economic
Aircraft	Econ. develop.	Industrial
Aluminium	Econ. develop.	Industrial
Aluminum	Econ. develop.	Industrial
Automatic	Econ. develop.	Industrial
Automobii	Econ. develop.	Industrial
Bauxite	Econ. develop.	Industrial
Car	Econ. develop.	Industrial
Cement	Econ. develop.	Industrial
Cloth	Econ. develop.	Industrial
Coal	Econ. develop.	Industrial
Cobalt	Econ. develop.	Industrial
Collective-bargain	Econ. develop.	Industrial
Commerc	Econ. develop.	Industrial
Copper	Econ. develop.	Industrial
Electric	Econ. develop.	Industrial
Electrical	Econ. develop.	Industrial
Electrificat	Econ. develop.	Industrial
Electricity	Econ. develop.	Industrial
Engin	Econ. develop.	Industrial

Engineer	Econ. develop.	Industrial
Equipment	Econ. develop.	Industrial
Export	Econ. develop.	Industrial
Exporter	Econ. develop.	Industrial
Fabric	Econ. develop.	Industrial
Factori	Econ. develop.	Industrial
Factory	Econ. develop.	Industrial
Ga	Econ. develop.	Industrial
Gold	Econ. develop.	Industrial
Highway	Econ. develop.	Industrial
Hydro-electric-power	Econ. develop.	Industrial
Hydro-electricity	Econ. develop.	Industrial
Import	Econ. develop.	Industrial
Industri	Econ. develop.	Industrial
Industrial	Econ. develop.	Industrial
Industrial-development-corpora	Econ. develop.	Industrial
Industrialism	Econ. develop.	Industrial
Industrialist	Econ. develop.	Industrial
Industrializ	Econ. develop.	Industrial
Industrializat	Econ. develop.	Industrial
Industry	Econ. develop.	Industrial
Iron	Econ. develop.	Industrial
Machin	Econ. develop.	Industrial
Machinery	Econ. develop.	Industrial
Management	Econ. develop.	Industrial
Manager	Econ. develop.	Industrial
Manpower	Econ. develop.	Industrial
Manufactur	Econ. develop.	Industrial
Manufacturer	Econ. develop.	Industrial
Mechanic	Econ. develop.	Industrial
Mechanical	Econ. develop.	Industrial
Mechanism	Econ. develop.	Industrial
Mechanizat	Econ. develop.	Industrial
Metal	Econ. develop.	Industrial
Metallurgy	Econ. develop.	Industrial
Mil	Econ. develop.	Industrial
Min	Econ. develop.	Industrial
Miner	Econ. develop.	Industrial
Mineral	Econ. develop.	Industrial
Mining	Econ. develop.	Industrial
Motor	Econ. develop.	Industrial
Nail	Econ. develop.	Industrial
National-labor-federation	Econ. develop.	Industrial
Dil	Econ. develop.	Industrial
Platinum	Econ. develop.	Industrial
Port	Econ. develop.	Industrial
Power-house	Econ. develop.	Industrial
Rail	Econ. develop.	Industrial
Railroad	Econ. develop.	Industrial
Railway	Econ. develop.	Industrial
Road	Econ. develop.	Industrial
Rubber	Econ. develop.	Industrial

Ship	Econ. develop.	Industrial
Shipyard	Econ. develop.	Industrial
Shirt	Econ. develop.	Industrial
Sho	Econ. develop.	Industrial
Silk	Econ. develop.	Industrial
Silver	Econ. develop.	Industrial
Soap	Econ. develop.	Industrial
Steel	Econ. develop.	Industrial
Steel-mills	Econ. develop.	Industrial
Stockpil	Econ. develop.	Industrial
Sugar-refineries	Econ. develop.	Industrial
Technician	Econ. develop.	Industrial
Technological	Econ. develop.	Industrial
Technology	Econ. develop.	Industrial
Telegram	Econ. develop.	Industrial
Telephon	Econ. develop.	Industrial
Tool	Econ. develop.	Industrial
Trad	Econ. develop.	Industrial
Trader	Econ. develop.	Industrial
Train	Econ. develop.	Industrial
Transportat	Econ. develop.	Industrial
Tungsten	Econ. develop.	Industrial
Turbine	Econ. develop.	Industrial
Uranium	Econ. develop.	Industrial
Vehicl	Econ. develop.	Industrial
Volta	Econ. develop.	Industrial
Volta-project	Econ. develop.	Industrial
Volta-river-authority	Econ. develop.	Industrial
Volta-river-project	Econ. develop.	Industrial
Volta-scheme	Econ. develop.	Industrial
Waterway	Econ. develop.	Industrial
Wir	Econ. develop.	Industrial
Acr	Econ. develop.	Agriculture
Acreag	Econ. develop.	Agriculture
Agricultur	Econ. develop.	Agriculture
Agricultural	Econ. develop.	Agriculture
Agricultural-development-cof	Econ. develop.	Agriculture
Butter	Econ. develop.	Agriculture
Cattl	Econ. develop.	Agriculture
Cocoa	Econ. develop.	Agriculture
Cocoa-marketing-board	Econ. develop.	Agriculture
Coffe	Econ. develop.	Agriculture
Coffee	Econ. develop.	Agriculture
Corn	Econ. develop.	Agriculture
Cotton	Econ. develop.	Agriculture
Cow	Econ. develop.	Agriculture
Crop	Econ. develop.	Agriculture
Cultivat	Econ. develop.	Agriculture
Earth	Econ. develop.	Agriculture
Elephant	Econ. develop.	Agriculture
Farm	Econ. develop.	Agriculture
Farmer	Econ. develop.	Agriculture

Field	Econ. develop.	Agriculture
Fish	Econ. develop.	Agriculture
Fisheri	Econ. develop.	Agriculture
Fishery	Econ. develop.	Agriculture
Forest	Econ. develop.	Agriculture
Forestat	Econ. develop.	Agriculture
Forestry	Econ. develop.	Agriculture
Garden	Econ. develop.	Agriculture
Grain	Econ. develop.	Agriculture
Hay	Econ. develop.	Agriculture
Herd	Econ. develop.	Agriculture
Ho	Econ. develop.	Agriculture
Hors	Econ. develop.	Agriculture
Irrigat	Econ. develop.	Agriculture
Leather	Econ. develop.	Agriculture
Livestock	Econ. develop.	Agriculture
Lumber	Econ. develop.	Agriculture
Milk	Econ. develop.	Agriculture
Mill	Econ. develop.	Agriculture
Mountain	Econ. develop.	Agriculture
Orang	Econ. develop.	Agriculture
Pastur	Econ. develop.	Agriculture
Pig	Econ. develop.	Agriculture
Plant	Econ. develop.	Agriculture
Planter	Econ. develop.	Agriculture
Plow	Econ. develop.	Agriculture
Poultry	Econ. develop.	Agriculture
Ranch	Econ. develop.	Agriculture
Rancher	Econ. develop.	Agriculture
Reap	Econ. develop.	Agriculture
Ric	Econ. develop.	Agriculture
River	Econ. develop.	Agriculture
Salt	Econ. develop.	Agriculture
Sheep	Econ. develop.	Agriculture
Sow	Econ. develop.	Agriculture
Sown	Econ. develop.	Agriculture
Stock-farming	Econ. develop.	Agriculture
Sugar	Econ. develop.	Agriculture
Timber	Econ. develop.	Agriculture
Vegetabi	Econ. develop.	Agriculture
Wheat	Econ. develop.	Agriculture
Wood	Econ. develop.	Agriculture
Wool	Econ. develop.	Agriculture
Citi	Econ. develop.	Urbanization
City	Econ. develop.	Urbanization
Metropolis	Econ. develop.	Urbanization
Municipal	Econ. develop.	Urbanization
Technical	Econ. develop.	Urbanization
Techniqu	Econ. develop.	Urbanization
Telecommunications	Econ. develop.	Urbanization
Town	Econ. develop.	Urbanization
Urban	Econ. develop.	Urbanization

Authenticity	Integration	Regular
Entirety	Integration	Regular
Inherent	Integration	Regular
Integral	Integration	Regular
Natural	Integration	Regular
Real	Integration	Regular
Realistic	Integration	Regular
Realiti	Integration	Regular
Reality	Integration	Regular
Solid	Integration	Regular
Disciplin	Integration	Competence
Stability	Integration	Competence
Stabl	Integration	Competence
Uniform	Integration	Competence
Popularity	Integration	Approve
Absolut	Integration	Glorious
Beacon	Integration	Glorious
Spirit	Integration	Vital
Univers	Integration	International
Country-wid	Integration	Nationalism
Domestic	Integration	Nationalism
Inter-territorial	Integration	Nationalism
Accord	Integration	Unity
Accordanc	Integration	Unity
Bond	Integration	Unity
Brother	Integration	Unity
Brotherhood	Integration	Unity
Cohes	Integration	Unity
Cohesiv	Integration	Unity
Cohesiveness	Integration	Unity
Collectiv	Integration	Unity
Collectiviti	Integration	Unity
Communal	Integration	Unity
Communes	Integration	Unity
Communiti	Integration	Unity
Community	Integration	Unity
Concord	Integration	Unity
Consensu	Integration	Unity
Everybody	Integration	Unity
Everyon	Integration	Unity
Harmoniou	Integration	Unity
Harmoniz	Integration	Unity
Harmonizat	Integration	Unity
Harmonization	Integration	Unity
Harmony	Integration	Unity
Incorporat	Integration	Unity
Indivisibl	Integration	Unity
Reunifi	Integration	Unity
Reunify	Integration	Unity
Solidari	Integration	Unity
Solidary	Integration	Unity
Solidarity	Integration	Unity

Counsel	Participation	Guide
Selectivity	Participation	Guide
Volunteer	Participation	Guide
Compromis	Participation	Combine
Isolat	Participation	Expel
Advocacy	Participation	Approve
Advocat	Participation	Approve
Assent	Participation	Approve
Participat	Participation	Approve
Ralli	Participation	Approve
Voluntari	Participation	Approve
Voluntary	Participation	Approve
Pioneer	Participation	Progress
General-assembly	Participation	International
Isolationism	Participation	International
Mediat	Participation	International
Mediator	Participation	International
Aef	Participation	Imperialism
Aof	Participation	Imperialism
Adher	Participation	Class
Adherenc	Participation	Class
Card	Participation	Class
Compatriot	Participation	Nationalism
Inhabit	Participation	Nationalism
Agreement	Participation	Unity
Fellowship	Participation	Unity
Egalitarian	Participation	Freedom
Amend	Participation	Democracy
Amendment	Participation	Democracy
Ammendment	Participation	Democracy
Democracy	Participation	Democracy
Democrat	Participation	Democracy
Democratic	Participation	Democracy
Democratical	Participation	Democracy
Democratizat	Participation	Democracy
Democratiz	Participation	Democracy
Elect	Participation	Democracy
Elector	Participation	Democracy
Electoral	Participation	Democracy
Plebiscit	Participation	Democracy
Plurality	Participation	Democracy
Referendum	Participation	Democracy
Bipartisan	Participation	Political
Bipartisanship	Participation	Political
Campaign	Participation	Political
Candidatur	Participation	Political
Cnr	Participation	Political
Confer	Participation	Political
Conferenc	Participation	Political
Constituenci	Participation	Political
Constituency	Participation	Political
Constituent	Participation	Political

Electiv	Participation	Political
Elective	Participation	Political
Electorat	Participation	Political
Forum	Participation	Political
Lobbi	Participation	Political
Lobby	Participation	Political
One-party	Participation	Political
Participant	Participation	Political
Partisan	Participation	Political
Partisanship	Participation	Political
Presid	Participation	Political
Reelect	Participation	Political
Vot	Participation	Political
Activist	Participation	Party
Adhes	Participation	Party
Affiliat	Participation	Party
Bpn	Participation	Party
Branch	Participation	Party
Cadre	Participation	Party
Cadres	Participation	Party
Candidat	Participation	Party
Chapter	Participation	Party
Comrad	Participation	Party
Comradship	Participation	Party
Comradeship	Participation	Party
Convention-people	Participation	Party
Convention-peoples-party	Participation	Party
Cpp	Participation	Party
Debatabl	Participation	Party
Democratic-party-of-guinea	Participation	Party
Follower	Participation	Party
Functionari	Participation	Party
Headquarter	Participation	Party
Jrda	Participation	Party
National-party-of-guinea	Participation	Party
Nominat	Participation	Party
Nomine	Participation	Party
Parti	Participation	Party
Party	Participation	Party
Pdg	Participation	Party
Pdg-rda	Participation	Party
Rda	Participation	Party
Sympathizer	Participation	Party
Cabinet	Participation	Executive
Leader	Participation	Executive
Leadership	Participation	Executive
Appoint	Participation	Government
Appointe	Participation	Government
Appointment	Participation	Government
Bill	Participation	Government
Bill	Participation	Government
Bills	Participation	Government

Chairman	Participation	Government
Chancellor	Participation	Government
Charter	Participation	Government
Committe	Participation	Government
Constitut	Participation	Government
Constitutiv	Participation	Government
Council	Participation	Government
Delegat	Participation	Government
Delegation	Participation	Government
Delegations	Participation	Government
Incumbent	Participation	Government
Mayor	Participation	Government
Speaker	Participation	Government
Statesman	Participation	Government
Statesmanlike	Participation	Government
Statesmen	Participation	Government
Assemb	Participation	Legislature
Assembl	Participation	Legislature
Assembli	Participation	Legislature
Congres	Participation	Legislature
Congressional	Participation	Legislature
Debat	Participation	Legislature
Parliamentarian	Participation	Legislature
Parliamentary	Participation	Legislature
Representativ	Participation	Legislature
Statut	Participation	Legislature
Statutory	Participation	Legislature
Commander-in-chief	Participation	Military
Corp	Participation	Military
Enlistment	Participation	Military
Militancy	Participation	Social welfare
Cgta	Participation	Industrial
Ugtan	Participation	Industrial
Militant	Participation	Legitimacy
Supporter	Participation	Legitimacy

Abiliti	Penetration	Quantity
Ability	Penetration	Quantity
Abi	Penetration	Quantity
Just	Penetration	Present
Justifi	Penetration	Defense-mech.
Witnes	Penetration	Sense
Installat	Penetration	Initiate action
Circulat	Penetration	Approach
Penetrat	Penetration	Approach
Servic	Penetration	Guide
Expediter	Penetration	Competence
Justic	Penetration	Progress
Project	Penetration	Progress
Security-council	Penetration	International
Fraternity	Penetration	Unity

Polic	Penetration	Political
Program	Penetration	Party
Deputy	Penetration	Executive
Director	Penetration	Executive
Secretary-general	Penetration	Executive
Administer	Penetration	Government
Administrat	Penetration	Government
Administrativ	Penetration	Government
Administrator	Penetration	Government
Auditor-general	Penetration	Government
Auxillaries-of-public-servic	Penetration	Government
Budget	Penetration	Government
Budgetary	Penetration	Government
Bureau	Penetration	Government
Bureaucracy	Penetration	Government
Bureaucratic	Penetration	Government
Chairmen	Penetration	Government
Clerk	Penetration	Government
Commiss	Penetration	Government
Commissioner	Penetration	Government
Decre	Penetration	Government
Department	Penetration	Government
Deputi	Penetration	Government
Desk	Penetration	Government
Gendarme	Penetration	Government
Levy	Penetration	Government
Magistrat	Penetration	Government
Magistratur	Penetration	Government
Mail	Penetration	Government
Ministeri	Penetration	Government
Ministry	Penetration	Government
Ministry	Penetration	Government
Official	Penetration	Government
Officialese	Penetration	Government
Personnel	Penetration	Government
Policeman	Penetration	Government
Red-tape	Penetration	Government
Secretari	Penetration	Government
Secretariat	Penetration	Government
Secretary	Penetration	Government
Secretaries-of-state	Penetration	Government
Staff	Penetration	Government
Law	Penetration	Legislature
Court	Penetration	Judicial
Judg	Penetration	Judicial
Judgment	Penetration	Judicial
Judicial	Penetration	Judicial
Judiciary	Penetration	Judicial
Juridical	Penetration	Judicial
Jurisdic	Penetration	Judicial
Justiciary	Penetration	Judicial
Lawyer	Penetration	Judicial

Reliev	Distribution	Guide
Remedi	Distribution	Guide
Remedy	Distribution	Guide
Shelter	Distribution	Guide
Training	Distribution	Guide
Occupat	Distribution	Control
Press	Distribution	Control
Puppet	Distribution	Control
Requir	Distribution	Control
Requirement	Distribution	Control
Cooperativ	Distribution	Combine
Marriag	Distribution	Combine
Ignorant	Distribution	Incompetence
Unskilled	Distribution	Incompetence
Unskillful	Distribution	Incompetence
Untrained	Distribution	Incompetence
Cheap	Distribution	Bad
Invalid	Distribution	Bad
Overwork	Distribution	Corruption
Propaganda	Distribution	Corruption
Ill	Distribution	Distress
Convenienc	Distribution	Positive
Convenient	Distribution	Positive
Luxury	Distribution	Positive
Childhood	Distribution	Status
Childlik	Distribution	Status
Childish	Distribution	Status
Children	Distribution	Status
Under-privileged	Distribution	Status
Drawn	Distribution	Progress
Wrot	Distribution	Progress
Labor	Distribution	Class
Worker	Distribution	Class
Working-class	Distribution	Class
Workingman	Distribution	Class
Workingmen	Distribution	Class
Working-man	Distribution	Class
Working-men	Distribution	Class
Social-security	Distribution	Socialism
Positive-action	Distribution	Party
Agenci	Distribution	Government
Agency	Distribution	Government
Appropriat	Distribution	Government
Board	Distribution	Government
Departmental	Distribution	Government
Expenditur	Distribution	Government
Hunger	Distribution	Social welfare
Hungry	Distribution	Social welfare
Impoverish	Distribution	Social welfare
Indigent	Distribution	Social welfare
Low-incom	Distribution	Social welfare
Meal	Distribution	Social welfare

Orphan	Distribution	Social welfare
Pauper	Distribution	Social welfare
Pens	Distribution	Social welfare
Poor	Distribution	Social welfare
Poverty	Distribution	Social welfare
Squalor	Distribution	Social welfare
Welfar	Distribution	Social welfare
Cheaper	Distribution	Finance
Compensat	Distribution	Finance
Cost	Distribution	Finance
Defray	Distribution	Finance
Pay	Distribution	Finance
Payment	Distribution	Finance
Asylum	Distribution	Health
Clinic	Distribution	Health
Clinical	Distribution	Health
Doctor	Distribution	Health
Health	Distribution	Health
Healthi	Distribution	Health
Healthy	Distribution	Health
Hospital	Distribution	Health
Illnes	Distribution	Health
Illness	Distribution	Health
Medical	Distribution	Health
Medicin	Distribution	Health
Nurs	Distribution	Health
Patient	Distribution	Health
Physician	Distribution	Health
Rehabilitat	Distribution	Health
Sanitat	Distribution	Health
Sick	Distribution	Health
Sicknes	Distribution	Health
Starv	Distribution	Health
Starvat	Distribution	Health
Busines	Distribution	Economic
Businessman	Distribution	Economic
Businessmen	Distribution	Economic
Consumer	Distribution	Economic
Consumer-cooperatives	Distribution	Economic
Consumer-cooperative-societi	Distribution	Economic
Consumpt	Distribution	Economic
Distribut	Distribution	Economic
Earn	Distribution	Economic
Earner	Distribution	Economic
Employe	Distribution	Economic
Employer	Distribution	Economic
Employment	Distribution	Economic
Expens	Distribution	Economic
Expensiv	Distribution	Economic
Furnitur	Distribution	Economic
Hir	Distribution	Economic
Job	Distribution	Economic

Rent	Distribution	Economic
Rental	Distribution	Economic
Toil	Distribution	Economic
Wealth	Distribution	Economic
Wealthy	Distribution	Economic
Labor-management	Distribution	Industrial
Reemploy	Distribution	Industrial
Salari	Distribution	Industrial
Salary	Distribution	Industrial
Trade-union	Distribution	Industrial
Trade-union-congress	Distribution	Industrial
Union	Distribution	Industrial
Unionism	Distribution	Industrial
Unionist	Distribution	Industrial
Wag	Distribution	Industrial
Work	Distribution	Industrial
Food	Distribution	Agriculture
Foodstuff	Distribution	Agriculture
Meat	Distribution	Agriculture
Hotel	Distribution	Urbanization
Slum	Distribution	Urbanization
Unemploy	Distribution	Urbanization
Unemployment	Distribution	Urbanization
Academic	Distribution	Ignorance
Ambulanc	Distribution	Ignorance
Art	Distribution	Ignorance
Artist	Distribution	Ignorance
Artistic	Distribution	Ignorance
Ballet	Distribution	Ignorance
Book	Distribution	Ignorance
Brid	Distribution	Ignorance
Broadcast	Distribution	Ignorance
Classroom	Distribution	Ignorance
Colleg	Distribution	Ignorance
Danc	Distribution	Ignorance
Diploma	Distribution	Ignorance
Drama	Distribution	Ignorance
Ecole-normal	Distribution	Ignorance
Editor	Distribution	Ignorance
Editorial	Distribution	Ignorance
Educat	Distribution	Ignorance
Educational	Distribution	Ignorance
Educator	Distribution	Ignorance
Entertainer	Distribution	Ignorance
Entertainment	Distribution	Ignorance
Ghana-academy-of-sciences	Distribution	Ignorance
Ghana-news-agency	Distribution	Ignorance
Ignoranc	Distribution	Ignorance
Ignorantly	Distribution	Ignorance
Illiteracy	Distribution	Ignorance
Illiterat	Distribution	Ignorance
Instructor	Distribution	Ignorance

Journal	Distribution	Ignorance
Journalism	Distribution	Ignorance
Journalist	Distribution	Ignorance
Lesson	Distribution	Ignorance
Library	Distribution	Ignorance
Literacy	Distribution	Ignorance
Literary	Distribution	Ignorance
Literatur	Distribution	Ignorance
Lycee	Distribution	Ignorance
Movi	Distribution	Ignorance
Music	Distribution	Ignorance
Musical	Distribution	Ignorance
Musician	Distribution	Ignorance
Newspaper	Distribution	Ignorance
Opera	Distribution	Ignorance
Painter	Distribution	Ignorance
Play	Distribution	Ignorance
Player	Distribution	Ignorance
Poem	Distribution	Ignorance
Poet	Distribution	Ignorance
Poetry	Distribution	Ignorance
Primary-certificate	Distribution	Ignorance
Primary-school-certificate	Distribution	Ignorance
Print	Distribution	Ignorance
Printer	Distribution	Ignorance
Professor	Distribution	Ignorance
Pupil	Distribution	Ignorance
Recreational	Distribution	Ignorance
School	Distribution	Ignorance
Schoolteacher	Distribution	Ignorance
Scienc	Distribution	Ignorance
Scientific	Distribution	Ignorance
Scientist	Distribution	Ignorance
Societi	Distribution	Ignorance
Student	Distribution	Ignorance
Taught	Distribution	Ignorance
Teach	Distribution	Ignorance
Teacher	Distribution	Ignorance
Theater	Distribution	Ignorance
Universiti	Distribution	Ignorance
University	Distribution	Ignorance
Writer	Distribution	Ignorance

Acceptab	Positive action	
Set	Positive action	
Adult	Positive action	Individual
Contributor	Positive action	Individual
Self-confidenc	Positive action	Individual
Mankind	Positive action	Group
Youthful	Positive action	Group
Popular	Positive action	Mass

Selfles	Positive action	Mass
Ad	Positive action	Quantity
Also	Positive action	Quantity
Amount	Positive action	Quantity
Ampl	Positive action	Quantity
Ampl	Positive action	Quantity
Availabl	Positive action	Quantity
Average	Positive action	Quantity
Capabiliti	Positive action	Quantity
Capability	Positive action	Quantity
Capabl	Positive action	Quantity
Capaciti	Positive action	Quantity
Capacity	Positive action	Quantity
Comple	Positive action	Quantity
Doubl	Positive action	Quantity
Effectiv	Positive action	Quantity
Enough	Positive action	Quantity
Exact	Positive action	Quantity
Fortun	Positive action	Quantity
Fullest	Positive action	Quantity
Great	Positive action	Quantity
Greater	Positive action	Quantity
Greatly	Positive action	Quantity
Increas	Positive action	Quantity
Innumerabl	Positive action	Quantity
Larger	Positive action	Quantity
Major	Positive action	Quantity
Measur	Positive action	Quantity
Multipli	Positive action	Quantity
Multiplicat	Positive action	Quantity
Multiply	Positive action	Quantity
Plenty	Positive action	Quantity
Rar	Positive action	Quantity
Special	Positive action	Quantity
Substantial	Positive action	Quantity
Sufficient	Positive action	Quantity
Uniqu	Positive action	Quantity
Ahead	Positive action	Space
Arrangement	Positive action	Space
Broadly	Positive action	Space
Entri	Positive action	Space
Entry	Positive action	Space
Forward	Positive action	Space
High	Positive action	Space
Includ	Positive action	Space
Large-scale	Positive action	Space
Locat	Positive action	Space
Open	Positive action	Space
Outward	Positive action	Space
Shap	Positive action	Space
Swell	Positive action	Space
Began	Positive action	Past

Begun	Positive action Past
Earlier	Positive action Past
Earliest	Positive action Past
Early	Positive action Past
First	Positive action Past
Becom	Positive action Present
Dawn	Positive action Present
Day	Positive action Present
Exist	Positive action Present
Fac	Positive action Present
Happen	Positive action Present
Holiday	Positive action Present
New	Positive action Present
Paus	Positive action Present
Recur	Positive action Present
Youth	Positive action Present
After	Positive action Future
Afterward	Positive action Future
Conserv	Positive action Future
Continu	Positive action Future
Continual	Positive action Future
Continuanc	Positive action Future
Continuat	Positive action Future
Continuou	Positive action Future
Continuous	Positive action Future
Destin	Positive action Future
Destini	Positive action Future
Destiny	Positive action Future
Extend	Positive action Future
Extensiv	Positive action Future
Extent	Positive action Future
Imperishabl	Positive action Future
Long-rang	Positive action Future
Long-term	Positive action Future
Novel	Positive action Future
Persever	Positive action Future
Perseveranc	Positive action Future
Persist	Positive action Future
Potentialiti	Positive action Future
Remain	Positive action Future
Stand	Positive action Future
Uninterrupt	Positive action Future
Affair	Positive action Structure
Attribut	Positive action Structure
Embodi	Positive action Structure
Embody	Positive action Structure
Enterpris	Positive action Structure
Funct	Positive action Structure
Functioning	Positive action Structure
Mainspr	Positive action Structure
Manner	Positive action Structure
Orientat	Positive action Structure

Path	Positive action Structure
Plac	Positive action Structure
Procedur	Positive action Structure
Qualiti	Positive action Structure
Quality	Positive action Structure
Target	Positive action Structure
Variabl	Positive action Structure
Defenc	Positive action Defense-mech.
Excus	Positive action Defense-mech.
Justificat	Positive action Defense-mech.
Justify	Positive action Defense-mech.
Luck	Positive action Defense-mech.
Lucky	Positive action Defense-mech.
Rationaliz	Positive action Defense-mech.
Vindicat	Positive action Defense-mech.
Alternativ	Positive action If
Possib	Positive action If
Possibl	Positive action If
Possibiliti	Positive action If
Possibility	Positive action If
Potential	Positive action If
Practically	Positive action If
Imperativ	Positive action Ought
Mandatory	Positive action Ought
Alik	Positive action Equal
Consist	Positive action Equal
Equivalenc	Positive action Equal
Lik	Positive action Equal
Parity	Positive action Equal
Peer	Positive action Equal
Apparent	Positive action Sense
Impres	Positive action Sense
Obviou	Positive action Sense
Spectacl	Positive action Sense
Anticipat	Positive action Think
Apprais	Positive action Think
Appraisal	Positive action Think
Assessment	Positive action Think
Believ	Positive action Think
Characteriz	Positive action Think
Compar	Positive action Think
Comparable	Positive action Think
Comparison	Positive action Think
Considerat	Positive action Think
Conviction	Positive action Think
Creat	Positive action Think
Creativ	Positive action Think
Creator	Positive action Think
Detect	Positive action Think
Determin	Positive action Think
Discovery	Positive action Think
Distinguish	Positive action Think

Enlightenment	Positive	action	Think
Expect	Positive	action	Think
Intellectual	Positive	action	Think
Intelligent	Positive	action	Think
Intelligenc	Positive	action	Think
Invent	Positive	action	Think
Inventiv	Positive	action	Think
Inventivness	Positive	action	Think
Mindful	Positive	action	Think
Reexamin	Positive	action	Think
Review	Positive	action	Think
Solv	Positive	action	Think
Understand	Positive	action	Think
Understandabl	Positive	action	Think
Understood	Positive	action	Think
Vari	Positive	action	Think
Varianc	Positive	action	Think
Vary	Positive	action	Think
Wis	Positive	action	Think
Wisdom	Positive	action	Think
Wiser	Positive	action	Think
Wonder	Positive	action	Think
Address	Positive	action	Communicate
Advic	Positive	action	Communicate
Advis	Positive	action	Communicate
Announc	Positive	action	Communicate
Answer	Positive	action	Communicate
Articulat	Positive	action	Communicate
Avow	Positive	action	Communicate
Avowal	Positive	action	Communicate
Boast	Positive	action	Communicate
Clarifi	Positive	action	Communicate
Clarificat	Positive	action	Communicate
Clarify	Positive	action	Communicate
Comment	Positive	action	Communicate
Confront	Positive	action	Communicate
Confrontat	Positive	action	Communicate
Content	Positive	action	Communicate
Convinc	Positive	action	Communicate
Deal	Positive	action	Communicate
Dealt	Positive	action	Communicate
Demonstrat	Positive	action	Communicate
Entertain	Positive	action	Communicate
Enunciat	Positive	action	Communicate
Excitement	Positive	action	Communicate
Exclaim	Positive	action	Communicate
Exhibit	Positive	action	Communicate
Fascinat	Positive	action	Communicate
Impli	Positive	action	Communicate
Introduc	Positive	action	Communicate
Dutspoken	Positive	action	Communicate
Proces	Positive	action	Communicate

Reaffirm	Positive	action	Communicate	
Record	Positive	action	Communicate	
Respond	Positive	action	Communicate	
Shar	Positive	action	Communicate	
Social	Positive	action	Communicate	
Specify	Positive	action	Communicate	
Beclus	Positive	action	Cause	
Belief	Positive	action	Cause	
Caus	Positive	action	Cause	
Established	Positive	action	Cause	
Foundat	Positive	action	Cause	
Norm	Positive	action	Cause	
Precipitat	Positive	action	Cause	
Provok	Positive	action	Cause	
Result	Positive	action	Cause	
Aspir	Positive	action	Wish	
Eager	Positive	action	Wish	
Emphasi	Positive	action	Wish	
Emphasiz	Positive	action	Wish	
Expectant	Positive	action	Wish	
Hop	Positive	action	Wish	
Hopeful	Positive	action	Wish	
Incentiv	Positive	action	Wish	
Induc	Positive	action	Wish	
Invit	Positive	action	Wish	
Invitat	Positive	action	Wish	
Motivat	Positive	action	Wish	
Need	Positive	action	Wish	
Prefer	Positive	action	Wish	
Preferably	Positive	action	Wish	
Pursuit	Positive	action	Wish	
Adapt	Positive	action	Initiate	action
Adaption	Positive	action	Initiate	action
Advanc	Positive	action	Initiate	action
Aim	Positive	action	Initiate	action
Ambit	Positive	action	Initiate	action
App	Positive	action	Initiate	action
Appli	Positive	action	Initiate	action
Applicat	Positive	action	Initiate	action
Apply	Positive	action	Initiate	action
Ascend	Positive	action	Initiate	action
Attempt	Positive	action	Initiate	action
Bargain	Positive	action	Initiate	action
Begin	Positive	action	Initiate	action
Climb	Positive	action	Initiate	action
Commenc	Positive	action	Initiate	action
Contriv	Positive	action	Initiate	action
Convert	Positive	action	Initiate	action
De	Positive	action	Initiate	action
Engendar	Positive	action	Initiate	action
Entranc	Positive	action	Initiate	action
Entrust	Positive	action	Initiate	action

Establishment	Positive	action	Initiate	action
Exce	Positive	action	Initiate	action
Exceed	Positive	action	Initiate	action
Explor	Positive	action	Initiate	action
Exploratory	Positive	action	Initiate	action
Inaugurat	Positive	action	Initiate	action
Incipient	Positive	action	Initiate	action
Initiat	Positive	action	Initiate	action
Initiativ	Positive	action	Initiate	action
Inject	Positive	action	Initiate	action
Instigat	Positive	action	Initiate	action
Introduct	Positive	action	Initiate	action
Launch	Positive	action	Initiate	action
Magnif	Positive	action	Initiate	action
Magnifi	Positive	action	Initiate	action
Mak	Positive	action	Initiate	action
Ordain	Positive	action	Initiate	action
Order	Positive	action	Initiate	action
Outlin	Positive	action	Initiate	action
Outset	Positive	action	Initiate	action
Overtak	Positive	action	Initiate	action
Plead	Positive	action	Initiate	action
Practic	Positive	action	Initiate	action
Prepar	Positive	action	Initiate	action
Preparat	Positive	action	Initiate	action
Preparedness	Positive	action	Initiate	action
Pursu	Positive	action	Initiate	action
Quest	Positive	action	Initiate	action
Rac	Positive	action	Initiate	action
Reassert	Positive	action	Initiate	action
Reconstruct	Positive	action	Initiate	action
Recreat	Positive	action	Initiate	action
Reestablish	Positive	action	Initiate	action
Relaunch	Positive	action	Initiate	action
Renew	Positive	action	Initiate	action
Renovat	Positive	action	Initiate	action
Reopen	Positive	action	Initiate	action
Reorganiz	Positive	action	Initiate	action
Reorganizat	Positive	action	Initiate	action
Restor	Positive	action	Initiate	action
Reviv	Positive	action	Initiate	action
Revis	Positive	action	Initiate	action
Search	Positive	action	Initiate	action
Seek	Positive	action	Initiate	action
Set-up	Positive	action	Initiate	action
Spearhead	Positive	action	Initiate	action
Start	Positive	action	Initiate	action
Stimulat	Positive	action	Initiate	action
Strategi	Positive	action	Initiate	action
Strategic	Positive	action	Initiate	action
Strategy	Positive	action	Initiate	action
Striv	Positive	action	Initiate	action

Strov	Positive	action	Initiate	action
Surpas	Positive	action	Initiate	action
Transfer	Positive	action	Initiate	action
Transferenc	Positive	action	Initiate	action
Transformat	Positive	action	Initiate	action
Transport	Positive	action	Initiate	action
Travel	Positive	action	Initiate	action
Tri	Positive	action	Initiate	action
Try	Positive	action	Initiate	action
Undertak	Positive	action	Initiate	action
Ventur	Positive	action	Initiate	action
Adaptabl	Positive	action	Approach	
Adaptat	Positive	action	Approach	
Add	Positive	action	Approach	
Addit	Positive	action	Approach	
Additional	Positive	action	Approach	
Admis	Positive	action	Approach	
Affect	Positive	action	Approach	
Alternat	Positive	action	Approach	
Applicabl	Positive	action	Approach	
Approach	Positive	action	Approach	
Arous	Positive	action	Approach	
Arriv	Positive	action	Approach	
Arrival	Positive	action	Approach	
Assignment	Positive	action	Approach	
Augment	Positive	action	Approach	
Augmentat	Positive	action	Approach	
Awaken	Positive	action	Approach	
Chang	Positive	action	Approach	
Connect	Positive	action	Approach	
Contact	Positive	action	Approach	
Discoveri	Positive	action	Approach	
Engag	Positive	action	Approach	
Enlarg	Positive	action	Approach	
Excit	Positive	action	Approach	
Extens	Positive	action	Approach	
Facilitat	Positive	action	Approach	
Fasten	Positive	action	Approach	
Fluctuat	Positive	action	Approach	
Forgav	Positive	action	Approach	
Giv	Positive	action	Approach	
Hurri	Positive	action	Approach	
Inlcin	Positive	action	Approach	
Incur	Positive	action	Approach	
Involv	Positive	action	Approach	
Modify	Positive	action	Approach	
Modifi	Positive	action	Approach	
Modificat	Positive	action	Approach	
Offer	Positive	action	Approach	
Peacemaker	Positive	action	Approach	
Return	Positive	action	Approach	
Act	Positive	action	Move	

Activ	Positive	action	Move
Activiti	Positive	action	Move
Activity	Positive	action	Move
Aris	Positive	action	Move
Aros	Positive	action	Move
Arousal	Positive	action	Move
Behav	Positive	action	Move
Behavior	Positive	action	Move
Bring	Positive	action	Move
Cam	Positive	action	Move
Carry	Positive	action	Move
Com	Positive	action	Move
Convey	Positive	action	Move
Did	Positive	action	Move
Do	Positive	action	Move
Does	Positive	action	Move
Driv	Positive	action	Move
Driven	Positive	action	Move
Drov	Positive	action	Move
Energy	Positive	action	Move
Enter	Positive	action	Move
Exert	Positive	action	Move
Fal	Positive	action	Move
Fall	Positive	action	Move
Fel	Positive	action	Move
Flow	Positive	action	Move
Flown	Positive	action	Move
Fly	Positive	action	Move
Gravitat	Positive	action	Move
Hurry	Positive	action	Move
Involvement	Positive	action	Move
Jump	Positive	action	Move
Lain	Positive	action	Move
Laid	Positive	action	Move
Lay	Positive	action	Move
Leap	Positive	action	Move
Lift	Positive	action	Move
Liv	Positive	action	Move
Mark	Positive	action	Move
Match	Positive	action	Move
Mobiliz	Positive	action	Move
Mount	Positive	action	Move
Mov	Positive	action	Move
Occur	Positive	action	Move
Pac	Positive	action	Move
Pack	Positive	action	Move
Perpetrat	Positive	action	Move
Pour	Positive	action	Move
Pres	Positive	action	Move
Proce	Positive	action	Move
Pul	Positive	action	Move
Put	Positive	action	Move

Quit	Positive	action	Move
Rais	Positive	action	Move
React	Positive	action	Move
Reactivat	Positive	action	Move
Revers	Positive	action	Move
Ris	Positive	action	Move
Run	Positive	action	Move
Rush	Positive	action	Move
Shak	Positive	action	Move
Shook	Positive	action	Move
Spread	Positive	action	Move
Step	Positive	action	Move
Stretch	Positive	action	Move
Toss	Positive	action	Move
Turn	Positive	action	Move
Twist	Positive	action	Move
Vacat	Positive	action	Move
Visit	Positive	action	Move
Wak	Positive	action	Move
Waken	Positive	action	Move
Walk	Positive	action	Move
Welcom	Positive	action	Move
Wield	Positive	action	Move
Achiev	Positive	action	Get
Achievement	Positive	action	Get
Acquir	Positive	action	Get
Brang	Positive	action	Get
Brought	Positive	action	Get
Buy	Positive	action	Get
Catch	Positive	action	Get
Caught	Positive	action	Get
Choos	Positive	action	Get
Chos	Positive	action	Get
Collect	Positive	action	Get
Conclud	Positive	action	Get
Find	Positive	action	Get
Finish	Positive	action	Get
Fulfil	Positive	action	Get
Fulfillment	Positive	action	Get
Get	Positive	action	Get
Got	Positive	action	Get
Obtain	Positive	action	Get
Pick	Positive	action	Get
Reach	Positive	action	Get
Recover	Positive	action	Get
Succe	Positive	action	Get
Succeed	Positive	action	Get
Succes	Positive	action	Get
Tak	Positive	action	Get
Taken	Positive	action	Get
Took	Positive	action	Get
Undertaken	Positive	action	Get

Win	Positive action	Get
Won	Positive action	Get
Acquirement	Positive action	Possess
Acquisit	Positive action	Possess
Ate	Positive action	Possess
Conservat	Positive action	Possess
Contain	Positive action	Possess
Gain	Positive action	Possess
Ha	Positive action	Possess
Had	Positive action	Possess
Has	Positive action	Possess
Hav	Positive action	Possess
Held	Positive action	Possess
Hold	Positive action	Possess
Keep	Positive action	Possess
Kept	Positive action	Possess
Lock	Positive action	Possess
Own	Positive action	Possess
Owner	Positive action	Possess
Ownership	Positive action	Possess
Posses	Positive action	Possess
Possess	Positive action	Possess
Possessor	Positive action	Possess
Possessiv	Positive action	Possess
Preserv	Positive action	Possess
Preservat	Positive action	Possess
Sav	Positive action	Possess
Secur	Positive action	Possess
Stay	Positive action	Possess
Stood	Positive action	Possess
Wear	Positive action	Possess
Adjust	Positive action	Guide
Adjustment	Positive action	Guide
Allow	Positive action	Guide
Allowanc	Positive action	Guide
Arrang	Positive action	Guide
Assist	Positive action	Guide
Assistanc	Positive action	Guide
Assur	Positive action	Guide
Assuranc	Positive action	Guide
Attract	Positive action	Guide
Behalf	Positive action	Guide
Care	Positive action	Guide
Careful	Positive action	Guide
Cautiou	Positive action	Guide
Check	Positive action	Guide
Conduct	Positive action	Guide
Cover	Positive action	Guide
Design	Positive action	Guide
Enabl	Positive action	Guide
Encouragement	Positive action	Guide
Enlighten	Positive action	Guide

Escort	Positive action Guide
Furnish	Positive action Guide
Guide-line	Positive action Guide
Handl	Positive action Guide
Help	Positive action Guide
Helpful	Positive action Guide
Lead	Positive action Guide
Let	Positive action Guide
Maintain	Positive action Guide
Maintenanc	Positive action Guide
Pacify	Positive action Guide
Pardon	Positive action Guide
Protect	Positive action Guide
Protectiv	Positive action Guide
Provid	Positive action Guide
Reform	Positive action Guide
Reinforc	Positive action Guide
Saf	Positive action Guide
Safeguard	Positive action Guide
Safety	Positive action Guide
Shield	Positive action Guide
Supplement	Positive action Guide
Suppli	Positive action Guide
Supply	Positive action Guide
Sustain	Positive action Guide
Treat	Positive action Guide
Treatment	Positive action Guide
Assign	Positive action Control
Bend	Positive action Control
Bent	Positive action Control
Bind	Positive action Control
Channel	Positive action Control
Command	Positive action Control
Control	Positive action Control
Dictat	Positive action Control
Direct	Positive action Control
Ensur	Positive action Control
Forceful	Positive action Control
Insist	Positive action Control
Insistanc	Positive action Control
Manag	Positive action Control
Manageab	Positive action Control
Manageabl	Positive action Control
Manipulat	Positive action Control
Overrid	Positive action Control
Permiss	Positive action Control
Persistanc	Positive action Control
Potent	Positive action Control
Prevail	Positive action Control
Reduct	Positive action Control
Repair	Positive action Control
Shut	Positive action Control

Strength	Positive	action	Control
Summon	Positive	action	Control
Accompany	Positive	action	Combine
Agre	Positive	action	Combine
Assimilat	Positive	action	Combine
Associat	Positive	action	Combine
Attach	Positive	action	Combine
Combin	Positive	action	Combine
Combinat	Positive	action	Combine
Cooperat	Positive	action	Combine
Cooperation	Positive	action	Combine
Coordinat	Positive	action	Combine
Mobilizat	Positive	action	Combine
Organiz	Positive	action	Combine
Regroup	Positive	action	Combine
Oversimplifi	Positive	action	Incompetence
Oversimplificat	Positive	action	Incompetence
Oversimplify	Positive	action	Incompetence
Congenial	Positive	action	Bad
Hard	Positive	action	Bad
Terrib	Positive	action	Bad
Terribl	Positive	action	Bad
Go	Positive	action	Avoid
Gon	Positive	action	Avoid
Leav	Positive	action	Avoid
Repel	Positive	action	Avoid
Resign	Positive	action	Avoid
Resignat	Positive	action	Avoid
Retir	Positive	action	Avoid
Sank	Positive	action	Avoid
Trail	Positive	action	Avoid
Went	Positive	action	Avoid
Contest	Positive	action	Opposition
Incite	Positive	action	Opposition
Mad	Positive	action	Hatred
Relent	Positive	action	Hatred
Encounter	Positive	action	Attack
Hit	Positive	action	Attack
Hunt	Positive	action	Attack
Intrus	Positive	action	Attack
Shoot	Positive	action	Attack
Tackl	Positive	action	Attack
Undo	Positive	action	Attack
Validity	Positive	action	Attack
Vi	Positive	action	Attack
Blew	Positive	action	Expel
Blow	Positive	action	Expel
Hurl	Positive	action	Expel
Pitch	Positive	action	Expel
Push	Positive	action	Expel
Releas	Positive	action	Expel
Remov	Positive	action	Expel

Send	Positive	action	Expel
Sent	Positive	action	Expel
Threw	Positive	action	Expel
Throw	Positive	action	Expel
Tos	Positive	action	Expel
L	Positive	action	Danger theme
Lightn	Positive	action	Danger theme
Plung	Positive	action	Danger theme
Surviv	Positive	action	Danger theme
Survival	Positive	action	Danger theme
Fruitles	Positive	action	Distress
Helples	Positive	action	Distress
Strain	Positive	action	Distress
Strenuous	Positive	action	Distress
Stres	Positive	action	Distress
Terrified	Positive	action	Distress
Terrify	Positive	action	Distress
Conclus	Positive	action	Death theme
Don	Positive	action	Death theme
Stop	Positive	action	Death theme
Admirab	Positive	action	Positive
Admirabl	Positive	action	Positive
Affection	Positive	action	Positive
Affectionat	Positive	action	Positive
Beautiful	Positive	action	Positive
Beauty	Positive	action	Positive
Belov	Positive	action	Positive
Best	Positive	action	Positive
Better	Positive	action	Positive
Charm	Positive	action	Positive
Cherish	Positive	action	Positive
Clean	Positive	action	Positive
Cordial	Positive	action	Positive
Correct	Positive	action	Positive
Correctnes	Positive	action	Positive
Dear	Positive	action	Positive
Decent	Positive	action	Positive
Delicat	Positive	action	Positive
Earnest	Positive	action	Positive
Excellenc	Positive	action	Positive
Excellent	Positive	action	Positive
Favorit	Positive	action	Positive
Fin	Positive	action	Positive
Fond	Positive	action	Positive
Fortunat	Positive	action	Positive
Generou	Positive	action	Positive
Gentl	Positive	action	Positive
Good	Positive	action	Positive
Goodnes	Positive	action	Positive
Goodwil	Positive	action	Positive
Graciou	Positive	action	Positive
Grand	Positive	action	Positive

Grateful	Positive	action	Positive
Gratitud	Positive	action	Positive
Happily	Positive	action	Positive
Honest	Positive	action	Positive
Honesty	Positive	action	Positive
Hospitality	Positive	action	Positive
Host	Positive	action	Positive
Kind	Positive	action	Positive
Kindnes	Positive	action	Positive
Lovely	Positive	action	Positive
Merit	Positive	action	Positive
Mild	Positive	action	Positive
Modest	Positive	action	Positive
Moral	Positive	action	Positive
Morality	Positive	action	Positive
Nic	Positive	action	Positive
Optimistic	Positive	action	Positive
Optimism	Positive	action	Positive
Patienc	Positive	action	Positive
Perfect	Positive	action	Positive
Prais	Positive	action	Positive
Preciou	Positive	action	Positive
Sincer	Positive	action	Positive
Sincerity	Positive	action	Positive
Solemn	Positive	action	Positive
Suitabl	Positive	action	Positive
Sweet	Positive	action	Positive
Tender	Positive	action	Positive
Tru	Positive	action	Positive
Truly	Positive	action	Positive
Truth	Positive	action	Positive
Useful	Positive	action	Positive
Valid	Positive	action	Positive
Valuabl	Positive	action	Positive
Valu	Positive	action	Positive
Virtuou	Positive	action	Positive
Virtu	Positive	action	Positive
Worth	Positive	action	Positive
Worthines	Positive	action	Positive
Worthy	Positive	action	Positive
Adequat	Positive	action	Regular
Candid	Positive	action	Regular
Familiar	Positive	action	Regular
Genuin	Positive	action	Regular
Indissociabl	Positive	action	Regular
Normal	Positive	action	Regular
Objectiv	Positive	action	Regular
Occurenc	Positive	action	Regular
Standard	Positive	action	Regular
Status-quo	Positive	action	Regular
Able-bodied	Positive	action	Competence
Accuracy	Positive	action	Competence

Accurat	Positive	action	Competence
Clever	Positive	action	Competence
Comparitiv	Positive	action	Competence
Compatibl	Positive	action	Competence
Competenc	Positive	action	Competence
Competent	Positive	action	Competence
Confident	Positive	action	Competence
Consistent	Positive	action	Competence
Constant	Positive	action	Competence
Dependabl	Positive	action	Competence
Durabl	Positive	action	Competence
Efficaciou	Positive	action	Competence
Efficacy	Positive	action	Competence
Efficiency	Positive	action	Competence
Efficient	Positive	action	Competence
Energetic	Positive	action	Competence
Energi	Positive	action	Competence
Expert	Positive	action	Competence
Incorruptibl	Positive	action	Competence
Indispensabl	Positive	action	Competence
Integrity	Positive	action	Competence
Keen	Positive	action	Competence
Logical	Positive	action	Competence
Maturity	Positive	action	Competence
Pervad	Positive	action	Competence
Pervas	Positive	action	Competence
Practicabl	Positive	action	Competence
Practical	Positive	action	Competence
Prim	Positive	action	Competence
Primari	Positive	action	Competence
Prioriti	Positive	action	Competence
Priority	Positive	action	Competence
Qualifi	Positive	action	Competence
Qualify	Positive	action	Competence
Rational	Positive	action	Competence
Replac	Positive	action	Competence
Satisfactory	Positive	action	Competence
Sensibl	Positive	action	Competence
Smart	Positive	action	Competence
Sober	Positive	action	Competence
Steady	Positive	action	Competence
Steady	Positive	action	Competence
Task	Positive	action	Competence
Tireles	Positive	action	Competence
Trustworthy	Positive	action	Competence
Truthful	Positive	action	Competence
Unfalter	Positive	action	Competence
Usefulnes	Positive	action	Competence
Vigilanc	Positive	action	Competence
Accept	Positive	action	Approve
Acceptabl	Positive	action	Approve
Acceptanc	Positive	action	Approve

Advantageous	Positive	action	Approve
Advisable	Positive	action	Approve
Affirm	Positive	action	Approve
Affirmance	Positive	action	Approve
Affirmative	Positive	action	Approve
Appreciate	Positive	action	Approve
Approve	Positive	action	Approve
Approval	Positive	action	Approve
Attachment	Positive	action	Approve
Attractive	Positive	action	Approve
Bless	Positive	action	Approve
Boost	Positive	action	Approve
Commend	Positive	action	Approve
Condon	Positive	action	Approve
Confidence	Positive	action	Approve
Crusade	Positive	action	Approve
Deserve	Positive	action	Approve
Effectual	Positive	action	Approve
Effectuate	Positive	action	Approve
Embrace	Positive	action	Approve
Favor	Positive	action	Approve
Favorable	Positive	action	Approve
Favorably	Positive	action	Approve
Friendship	Positive	action	Approve
Friend	Positive	action	Approve
Friendlier	Positive	action	Approve
Friendly	Positive	action	Approve
Friendliness	Positive	action	Approve
Permissible	Positive	action	Approve
Pleasant	Positive	action	Approve
Preference	Positive	action	Approve
Tribute	Positive	action	Approve
Willingness	Positive	action	Approve
Yes	Positive	action	Approve
Amuse	Positive	action	Pleasure
Celebrate	Positive	action	Pleasure
Cheer	Positive	action	Pleasure
Cheerful	Positive	action	Pleasure
Comfort	Positive	action	Pleasure
Comfortable	Positive	action	Pleasure
Delight	Positive	action	Pleasure
Delightful	Positive	action	Pleasure
Ease	Positive	action	Pleasure
Enjoy	Positive	action	Pleasure
Enjoyment	Positive	action	Pleasure
Gay	Positive	action	Pleasure
Glad	Positive	action	Pleasure
Goodwill	Positive	action	Pleasure
Good-will	Positive	action	Pleasure
Gratify	Positive	action	Pleasure
Gratification	Positive	action	Pleasure

Gratify	Positive	action	Pleasure
Happier	Positive	action	Pleasure
Happiness	Positive	action	Pleasure
Happy	Positive	action	Pleasure
Joy	Positive	action	Pleasure
Love	Positive	action	Pleasure
Lover	Positive	action	Pleasure
Luscious	Positive	action	Pleasure
Merry	Positive	action	Pleasure
Passion	Positive	action	Pleasure
Passionate	Positive	action	Pleasure
Pleasant	Positive	action	Pleasure
Pleasure	Positive	action	Pleasure
Pride	Positive	action	Pleasure
Rapture	Positive	action	Pleasure
Satisfact	Positive	action	Pleasure
Satisfi	Positive	action	Pleasure
Satisfy	Positive	action	Pleasure
Surpris	Positive	action	Pleasure
Thrill	Positive	action	Pleasure
Well-being	Positive	action	Pleasure
Admir	Positive	action	Glorious
Admirat	Positive	action	Glorious
Almighty	Positive	action	Glorious
Applaus	Positive	action	Glorious
Brav	Positive	action	Glorious
Bravery	Positive	action	Glorious
Breath-taking	Positive	action	Glorious
Bright	Positive	action	Glorious
Brilliant	Positive	action	Glorious
Champion	Positive	action	Glorious
Congratulat	Positive	action	Glorious
Courag	Positive	action	Glorious
Courageou	Positive	action	Glorious
Courageous	Positive	action	Glorious
Culminat	Positive	action	Glorious
Distinguished	Positive	action	Glorious
Divin	Positive	action	Glorious
Elat	Positive	action	Glorious
Eminenc	Positive	action	Glorious
Exalt	Positive	action	Glorious
Exceptional	Positive	action	Glorious
Extraordinary	Positive	action	Glorious
Fabulou	Positive	action	Glorious
Famou	Positive	action	Glorious
Fantastic	Positive	action	Glorious
First-class	Positive	action	Glorious
Foremost	Positive	action	Glorious
Gallant	Positive	action	Glorious
Geniu	Positive	action	Glorious
Glori	Positive	action	Glorious
Gloriou	Positive	action	Glorious

Glory	Positive	action	Glorious
Glow	Positive	action	Glorious
Golden	Positive	action	Glorious
Grandeur	Positive	action	Glorious
Greatest	Positive	action	Glorious
Greatnes	Positive	action	Glorious
Handsom	Positive	action	Glorious
Hero	Positive	action	Glorious
Heroic	Positive	action	Glorious
Heroin	Positive	action	Glorious
Heroism	Positive	action	Glorious
Highest	Positive	action	Glorious
Honor	Positive	action	Glorious
Honorab	Positive	action	Glorious
Honorabl	Positive	action	Glorious
Joyful	Positive	action	Glorious
Joyou	Positive	action	Glorious
Jubilant	Positive	action	Glorious
Magnificent	Positive	action	Glorious
Marvelou	Positive	action	Glorious
Measureles	Positive	action	Glorious
Mighty	Positive	action	Glorious
Mightiest	Positive	action	Glorious
Miracl	Positive	action	Glorious
Momentous	Positive	action	Glorious
Nobl	Positive	action	Glorious
Noblest	Positive	action	Glorious
Omnipotent	Positive	action	Glorious
Omnipresent	Positive	action	Glorious
Outstand	Positive	action	Glorious
Overjoy	Positive	action	Glorious
Paramount	Positive	action	Glorious
Preeminenc	Positive	action	Glorious
Priz	Positive	action	Glorious
Prominent	Positive	action	Glorious
Proud	Positive	action	Glorious
Rejoic	Positive	action	Glorious
Remarkabl	Positive	action	Glorious
Rever	Positive	action	Glorious
Reward	Positive	action	Glorious
Rich	Positive	action	Glorious
Shin	Positive	action	Glorious
Shon	Positive	action	Glorious
Splendid	Positive	action	Glorious
Splendor	Positive	action	Glorious
Success	Positive	action	Glorious
Successful	Positive	action	Glorious
Superior	Positive	action	Glorious
Superiority	Positive	action	Glorious
Suprem	Positive	action	Glorious
Supremacy	Positive	action	Glorious
Terrific	Positive	action	Glorious

Treasur	Positive	action	Glorious
Triumph	Positive	action	Glorious
Triumphal	Positive	action	Glorious
Ultimat	Positive	action	Glorious
Unprecedented	Positive	action	Glorious
Unsurpassab	Positive	action	Glorious
Unsurpassabl	Positive	action	Glorious
Utopia	Positive	action	Glorious
Victor	Positive	action	Glorious
Victori	Positive	action	Glorious
Victoriou	Positive	action	Glorious
Victory	Positive	action	Glorious
Wonderful	Positive	action	Glorious
Certain	Positive	action	Very
Committed	Positive	action	Very
Eligibl	Positive	action	Very
Emphasis	Positive	action	Very
Enormou	Positive	action	Very
Especial	Positive	action	Very
Evident	Positive	action	Very
Evidently	Positive	action	Very
Excessiv	Positive	action	Very
Inde	Positive	action	Very
Inordinat	Positive	action	Very
Manifest	Positive	action	Very
Unusual	Positive	action	Very
Very	Positive	action	Very
Aliv	Positive	action	Vital
Ardent	Positive	action	Vital
Crucial	Positive	action	Vital
Enthusiasm	Positive	action	Vital
Enthusiastic	Positive	action	Vital
Essential	Positive	action	Vital
Importanc	Positive	action	Vital
Important	Positive	action	Vital
Indispensibl	Positive	action	Vital
Insistent	Positive	action	Vital
Insistenc	Positive	action	Vital
Main	Positive	action	Vital
Necessari	Positive	action	Vital
Necessary	Positive	action	Vital
Necessiti	Positive	action	Vital
Necessity	Positive	action	Vital
Primary	Positive	action	Vital
Significant	Positive	action	Vital
Significanc	Positive	action	Vital
Signify	Positive	action	Vital
Signifi	Positive	action	Vital
Spirited	Positive	action	Vital
Urgency	Positive	action	Vital
Urgent	Positive	action	Vital
Vigor	Positive	action	Vital

Vigorous	Positive action	Vital
Vigorous	Positive action	Vital
Vital	Positive action	Vital
Vitality	Positive action	Vital
Zeal	Positive action	Vital
Aid	Positive action	Status
Apologize	Positive action	Status
Apologize	Positive action	Status
Apology	Positive action	Status
Bestow	Positive action	Status
Compliance	Positive action	Status
Concessions	Positive action	Status
Confess	Positive action	Status
Esteem	Positive action	Status
Follow	Positive action	Status
Higher	Positive action	Status
Homage	Positive action	Status
Humble	Positive action	Status
Humbly	Positive action	Status
Humility	Positive action	Status
Imitate	Positive action	Status
Precedence	Positive action	Status
Primacy	Positive action	Status
Privilege	Positive action	Status
Reign	Positive action	Status
Serve	Positive action	Status
Strong	Positive action	Status
Stronger	Positive action	Status
Strongest	Positive action	Status
Supervise	Positive action	Status
Worship	Positive action	Status
Accelerate	Positive action	Progress
Advancement	Positive action	Progress
Advantage	Positive action	Progress
Ambitious	Positive action	Progress
Arise	Positive action	Progress
Ascendancy	Positive action	Progress
Ascendant	Positive action	Progress
Aspirate	Positive action	Progress
Beneficial	Positive action	Progress
Benefit	Positive action	Progress
Betterment	Positive action	Progress
Bloom	Positive action	Progress
Blossom	Positive action	Progress
Bountiful	Positive action	Progress
Bounty	Positive action	Progress
Break-through	Positive action	Progress
Broaden	Positive action	Progress
Broader	Positive action	Progress
Broadest	Positive action	Progress
Build	Positive action	Progress
Builder	Positive action	Progress

Building-up	Positive action	Progress
Built	Positive action	Progress
Carri	Positive action	Progress
Civiliz	Positive action	Progress
Civilizat	Positive action	Progress
Civilization	Positive action	Progress
Construct	Positive action	Progress
Constructiv	Positive action	Progress
Contribut	Positive action	Progress
Deliver	Positive action	Progress
Develop	Positive action	Progress
Developing	Positive action	Progress
Development	Positive action	Progress
Drew	Positive action	Progress
Dynamic	Positive action	Progress
Dynamism	Positive action	Progress
Elevat	Positive action	Progress
Emerg	Positive action	Progress
Emergent	Positive action	Progress
Enrich	Positive action	Progress
Erect	Positive action	Progress
Establish	Positive action	Progress
Expand	Positive action	Progress
Expans	Positive action	Progress
Expend	Positive action	Progress
Flew	Positive action	Progress
Flourish	Positive action	Progress
Flower	Positive action	Progress
Foster	Positive action	Progress
Fruitful	Positive action	Progress
Fulfill	Positive action	Progress
Gav	Positive action	Progress
Given	Positive action	Progress
Goal	Positive action	Progress
Grew	Positive action	Progress
Grow	Positive action	Progress
Grown	Positive action	Progress
Growth	Positive action	Progress
Improv	Positive action	Progress
Improvement	Positive action	Progress
Made	Positive action	Progress
Met	Positive action	Progress
Operat	Positive action	Progress
Oppportuniti	Positive action	Progress
Oppportunity	Positive action	Progress
Outcom	Positive action	Progress
Pas	Positive action	Progress
Peac	Positive action	Progress
Peaceful	Positive action	Progress
Perform	Positive action	Progress
Performanc	Positive action	Progress
Progressiv	Positive action	Progress

Prosperity	Positive	action	Progress
Rearrangement	Positive	action	Progress
Render	Positive	action	Progress
Richer	Positive	action	Progress
Richnes	Positive	action	Progress
Strengthen	Positive	action	Progress
Terminat	Positive	action	Progress
Thriv	Positive	action	Progress
Transform	Positive	action	Progress
Align	Positive	action	International
Aligned	Positive	action	International
Armistic	Positive	action	International
Disarm	Positive	action	International
Disarmament	Positive	action	International
Peacetim	Positive	action	International
Decolonization	Positive	action	Imperialism
Decolonize	Positive	action	Imperialism
Settl	Positive	action	Imperialism
Settler	Positive	action	Imperialism
Settlement	Positive	action	Imperialism
Vanguard	Positive	action	Class
Peace-lov	Positive	action	Nationalism
Kissi	Positive	action	Tribalism
Savag	Positive	action	Tribalism
Race	Positive	action	Race
Fraternal	Positive	action	Unity
Clear	Positive	action	Freedom
Unconditional	Positive	action	Freedom
Majority	Positive	action	Democracy
Endors	Positive	action	Political
Guidelin	Positive	action	Political
Justifiab	Positive	action	Political
Justifiabl	Positive	action	Political
Justly	Positive	action	Political
Movement	Positive	action	Political
Reconversion	Positive	action	Political
Vigilant	Positive	action	Party
Arbitrat	Positive	action	Government
Commitment	Positive	action	Government
Cop	Positive	action	Government
Devot	Positive	action	Government
Directiv	Positive	action	Government
Treasurer	Positive	action	Government
Charitabl	Positive	action	Social welfare
Humanitarian	Positive	action	Social welfare
Asses	Positive	action	Finance
Asset	Positive	action	Finance
Audit	Positive	action	Finance
Cash	Positive	action	Finance
Birth	Positive	action	Health
Cur	Positive	action	Health
Buyer	Positive	action	Economic

Consum	Positive action	Economic
Prosperous	Positive action	Economic
Professional	Positive action	Industrial
Protectionist	Positive action	Industrial
Flood-control	Positive action	Agriculture
Water	Positive action	Agriculture
Academy	Positive action	Ignorance
Actor	Positive action	Ignorance
Actres	Positive action	Ignorance
Graduat	Positive action	Ignorance
Humanity	Positive action	Ignorance
Performer	Positive action	Ignorance
Support	Positive action	Legitimacy

His	Negative action	They
Boy	Negative action	Individual
Egocentric	Negative action	Individual
Egoism	Negative action	Individual
Egoistic	Negative action	Individual
Individualism	Negative action	Individual
Individualistic	Negative action	Individual
Individualiz	Negative action	Individual
Particularism	Negative action	Individual
Self-love	Negative action	Individual
Self-seekers	Negative action	Individual
Self-seeking	Negative action	Individual
Alon	Negative action	Quantity
Drastic	Negative action	Quantity
Infini	Negative action	Quantity
Mer	Negative action	Quantity
Minority	Negative action	Quantity
Apart	Negative action	Space
Bottom	Negative action	Space
Clos	Negative action	Space
Down	Negative action	Space
Interior	Negative action	Space
Low	Negative action	Space
Nowher	Negative action	Space
Anachronistic	Negative action	Past
Archaic	Negative action	Past
Backward	Negative action	Past
Intermediat	Negative action	Present
Unfinish	Negative action	Present
Subject	Negative action	Structure
Block	Negative action	Obstacle
Constraint	Negative action	Obstacle
Fetter	Negative action	Obstacle
Hamper	Negative action	Obstacle
Hinder	Negative action	Obstacle
Hindranc	Negative action	Obstacle
Hindrance	Negative action	Obstacle

Impair	Negative	action	Obstacle
Impassabl	Negative	action	Obstacle
Imped	Negative	action	Obstacle
Impedance	Negative	action	Obstacle
Impediment	Negative	action	Obstacle
Impenetrabl	Negative	action	Obstacle
Impossibl	Negative	action	Obstacle
Inaccessibl	Negative	action	Obstacle
Limit	Negative	action	Obstacle
Limitat	Negative	action	Obstacle
Obstacl	Negative	action	Obstacle
Obstruct	Negative	action	Obstacle
Camouflag	Negative	action	Defense-mech.
Denial	Negative	action	Defense-mech.
Displac	Negative	action	Defense-mech.
Displacement	Negative	action	Defense-mech.
Regres	Negative	action	Defense-mech.
Repres	Negative	action	Defense-mech.
Sublimat	Negative	action	Defense-mech.
Withdrawal	Negative	action	Defense-mech.
Cannot	Negative	action	Not
Doubtful	Negative	action	Not
Negation	Negative	action	Not
Negativ	Negative	action	Not
Neither	Negative	action	Not
Never	Negative	action	Not
Nil	Negative	action	Not
No	Negative	action	Not
Non	Negative	action	Not
Nor	Negative	action	Not
Not	Negative	action	Not
Noth	Negative	action	Not
Unequal	Negative	action	Not
Convict	Negative	action	Think
Dilemmas	Negative	action	Think
Doubt	Negative	action	Think
Subjectivity	Negative	action	Think
Allegat	Negative	action	Communicate
Argu	Negative	action	Communicate
Argument	Negative	action	Communicate
Demand	Negative	action	Communicate
Disagre	Negative	action	Communicate
Disclosur	Negative	action	Communicate
Display	Negative	action	Communicate
Imperceptib	Negative	action	Communicate
Imperceptibl	Negative	action	Communicate
Rebuk	Negative	action	Communicate
Refusal	Negative	action	Communicate
Ne	Negative	action	Wish
Restlessnes	Negative	action	Wish
Commit	Negative	action	Initiate action
Dar	Negative	action	Initiate action

Dare	Negative	action	Initiate	action
Interferenc	Negative	action	Initiate	action
Interven	Negative	action	Initiate	action
Intervention	Negative	action	Initiate	action
Regain	Negative	action	Initiate	action
Struggl	Negative	action	Initiate	action
Subscrib	Negative	action	Initiate	action
Inflat	Negative	action	Approach	
Beat	Negative	action	Move	
Break	Negative	action	Move	
Brok	Negative	action	Move	
Broken	Negative	action	Move	
Dash	Negative	action	Move	
Descend	Negative	action	Move	
Disposit	Negative	action	Move	
Haggl	Negative	action	Move	
Ridden	Negative	action	Move	
Slip	Negative	action	Move	
Watch	Negative	action	Move	
Borrow	Negative	action	Get	
Captur	Negative	action	Get	
Grasp	Negative	action	Get	
Seiz	Negative	action	Get	
Steal	Negative	action	Get	
Drunk	Negative	action	Possess	
Scheme	Negative	action	Guide	
Arrest	Negative	action	Control	
Assertiv	Negative	action	Control	
Authoritarian	Negative	action	Control	
Bar	Negative	action	Control	
Beaten	Negative	action	Control	
Bound	Negative	action	Control	
Compel	Negative	action	Control	
Decreas	Negative	action	Control	
Forbid	Negative	action	Control	
Forc	Negative	action	Control	
Impos	Negative	action	Control	
Prevent	Negative	action	Control	
Prohibit	Negative	action	Control	
Refus	Negative	action	Control	
Resist	Negative	action	Control	
Restrain	Negative	action	Control	
Restraint	Negative	action	Control	
Restrict	Negative	action	Control	
Restriction	Negative	action	Control	
Restrictiv	Negative	action	Control	
Stern	Negative	action	Control	
Annexation	Negative	action	Combine	
Abnormal	Negative	action	Incompetence	
Awkward	Negative	action	Incompetence	
Baffled	Negative	action	Incompetence	
Bor	Negative	action	Incompetence	

Breakdown	Negative	action	Incompetence
Bumbl	Negative	action	Incompetence
Bungl	Negative	action	Incompetence
Careles	Negative	action	Incompetence
Carelessnes	Negative	action	Incompetence
Clumsy	Negative	action	Incompetence
Compulsiv	Negative	action	Incompetence
Conformist	Negative	action	Incompetence
Confused	Negative	action	Incompetence
Confusion	Negative	action	Incompetence
Contradict	Negative	action	Incompetence
Crazy	Negative	action	Incompetence
Defect	Negative	action	Incompetence
Defectiv	Negative	action	Incompetence
Deficienci	Negative	action	Incompetence
Deficiency	Negative	action	Incompetence
Deficient	Negative	action	Incompetence
Delinquency	Negative	action	Incompetence
Disorder	Negative	action	Incompetence
Disorganized	Negative	action	Incompetence
Dull	Negative	action	Incompetence
Dumb	Negative	action	Incompetence
Er	Negative	action	Incompetence
Erroneous	Negative	action	Incompetence
Error	Negative	action	Incompetence
Fail	Negative	action	Incompetence
Failur	Negative	action	Incompetence
Fallacy	Negative	action	Incompetence
Feebl	Negative	action	Incompetence
Fool	Negative	action	Incompetence
Foolish	Negative	action	Incompetence
Fumbl	Negative	action	Incompetence
Illogical	Negative	action	Incompetence
Imperfect	Negative	action	Incompetence
Imperfection	Negative	action	Incompetence
Impotence	Negative	action	Incompetence
Impotency	Negative	action	Incompetence
Impractical	Negative	action	Incompetence
Imprecis	Negative	action	Incompetence
Impotent	Negative	action	Incompetence
Inability	Negative	action	Incompetence
Inactivity	Negative	action	Incompetence
Inaccurat	Negative	action	Incompetence
Inadequaci	Negative	action	Incompetence
Inadequacy	Negative	action	Incompetence
Inadequat	Negative	action	Incompetence
Inarticulat	Negative	action	Incompetence
Incapabl	Negative	action	Incompetence
Incapability	Negative	action	Incompetence
Incapaciti	Negative	action	Incompetence
Incapacity	Negative	action	Incompetence
Incompetenc	Negative	action	Incompetence

Incompetent	Negative action	Incompetence
Inconsistent	Negative action	Incompetence
Incorrect	Negative action	Incompetence
Indifferenc	Negative action	Incompetence
Indolenc	Negative action	Incompetence
Indolent	Negative action	Incompetence
Ineffectiv	Negative action	Incompetence
Inefficiency	Negative action	Incompetence
Inefficient	Negative action	Incompetence
Inept	Negative action	Incompetence
Ineptitud	Negative action	Incompetence
Inexact	Negative action	Incompetence
Inexpedient	Negative action	Incompetence
Inexperienc	Negative action	Incompetence
Inflexible	Negative action	Incompetence
Irrational	Negative action	Incompetence
Irresponsibl	Negative action	Incompetence
Irresponsibility	Negative action	Incompetence
Lack	Negative action	Incompetence
Lackadaisacal	Negative action	Incompetence
Lag	Negative action	Incompetence
Lazines	Negative action	Incompetence
Lazy	Negative action	Incompetence
Lethargy	Negative action	Incompetence
Limitation	Negative action	Incompetence
Loaf	Negative action	Incompetence
Lost	Negative action	Incompetence
Maladjusted	Negative action	Incompetence
Meagr	Negative action	Incompetence
Mediocr	Negative action	Incompetence
Miscalculation	Negative action	Incompetence
Misled	Negative action	Incompetence
Miscarry	Negative action	Incompetence
Misguid	Negative action	Incompetence
Misrepresentat	Negative action	Incompetence
Miss	Negative action	Incompetence
Mistak	Negative action	Incompetence
Mistakedly	Negative action	Incompetence
Mistaken	Negative action	Incompetence
Mistook	Negative action	Incompetence
Misunderstand	Negative action	Incompetence
Misunderstood	Negative action	Incompetence
Muddl	Negative action	Incompetence
Negligenc	Negative action	Incompetence
Obsolete	Negative action	Incompetence
Odd	Negative action	Incompetence
Peculiar	Negative action	Incompetence
Poorly	Negative action	Incompetence
Powerless	Negative action	Incompetence
Rigid	Negative action	Incompetence
Shiftles	Negative action	Incompetence
Slow	Negative action	Incompetence

Spoil	Negative action	Incompetence
Stupid	Negative action	Incompetence
Unabl	Negative action	Incompetence
Unacceptabl	Negative action	Incompetence
Uncertainty	Negative action	Incompetence
Unconvinc	Negative action	Incompetence
Uncreativ	Negative action	Incompetence
Unimaginativ	Negative action	Incompetence
Unimportant	Negative action	Incompetence
Uninformed	Negative action	Incompetence
Unintelligent	Negative action	Incompetence
Unprepared	Negative action	Incompetence
Unprofessional	Negative action	Incompetence
Unqualified	Negative action	Incompetence
Unreliabl	Negative action	Incompetence
Unremarkabl	Negative action	Incompetence
Unresourceful	Negative action	Incompetence
Unsatisfactorily	Negative action	Incompetence
Unsatisfactory	Negative action	Incompetence
Unsteady	Negative action	Incompetence
Unsteadily	Negative action	Incompetence
Unsuccessful	Negative action	Incompetence
Unsuitabl	Negative action	Incompetence
Unsystematic	Negative action	Incompetence
Untalented	Negative action	Incompetence
Unwis	Negative action	Incompetence
Unworkmanlike	Negative action	Incompetence
Useles	Negative action	Incompetence
Uselessness	Negative action	Incompetence
Wasteful	Negative action	Incompetence
Wasters	Negative action	Incompetence
Wrong	Negative action	Incompetence
Accusat	Negative action	Bad
Anarchical	Negative action	Bad
Arbitrary	Negative action	Bad
Awful	Negative action	Bad
Bad	Negative action	Bad
Badly	Negative action	Bad
Bitter	Negative action	Bad
Brutal	Negative action	Bad
Coars	Negative action	Bad
Collaps	Negative action	Bad
Con	Negative action	Bad
Crude	Negative action	Bad
Deceiv	Negative action	Bad
Degenerat	Negative action	Bad
Deplor	Negative action	Bad
Deteriorat	Negative action	Bad
Deviant	Negative action	Bad
Discredit	Negative action	Bad
Dismal	Negative action	Bad
Dreadful	Negative action	Bad

Fallaciou	Negative	action	Bad
Gloom	Negative	action	Bad
Grim	Negative	action	Bad
Harden	Negative	action	Bad
Hardest	Negative	action	Bad
Harmful	Negative	action	Bad
Harshest	Negative	action	Bad
Hideou	Negative	action	Bad
Horribl	Negative	action	Bad
Imbalanc	Negative	action	Bad
Impatient	Negative	action	Bad
Imperiou	Negative	action	Bad
Inconvenient	Negative	action	Bad
Inexcusab	Negative	action	Bad
Inexcusabl	Negative	action	Bad
Infamous	Negative	action	Bad
Iniquitou	Negative	action	Bad
Insolubl	Negative	action	Bad
Instability	Negative	action	Bad
Intolerabl	Negative	action	Bad
Lousy	Negative	action	Bad
Maliciou	Negative	action	Bad
Misde	Negative	action	Bad
Misdeed	Negative	action	Bad
Monstrous	Negative	action	Bad
Murder	Negative	action	Bad
Murderer	Negative	action	Bad
Nihilism	Negative	action	Bad
Nihilistic	Negative	action	Bad
Offenc	Negative	action	Bad
Perniciou	Negative	action	Bad
Petty	Negative	action	Bad
Queer	Negative	action	Bad
Relentles	Negative	action	Bad
Relentless	Negative	action	Bad
Rough	Negative	action	Bad
Rumor	Negative	action	Bad
Ruthles	Negative	action	Bad
Seduc	Negative	action	Bad
Seductiv	Negative	action	Bad
Selfish	Negative	action	Bad
Shameless	Negative	action	Bad
Shortcom	Negative	action	Bad
Stigma	Negative	action	Bad
Surrender	Negative	action	Bad
Termerity	Negative	action	Bad
Tyranni	Negative	action	Bad
Tyrannical	Negative	action	Bad
Ugly	Negative	action	Bad
Unattractiv	Negative	action	Bad
Undemocratic	Negative	action	Bad
Unfair	Negative	action	Bad

Unhappier	Negative	action	Bad
Unhappiness	Negative	action	Bad
Unpopular	Negative	action	Bad
Unsolv	Negative	action	Bad
Unworthy	Negative	action	Bad
Vil	Negative	action	Bad
Vulgar	Negative	action	Bad
Wors	Negative	action	Bad
Worst	Negative	action	Bad
Worthles	Negative	action	Bad
Brib	Negative	action	Corruption
Bribery	Negative	action	Corruption
Cartel	Negative	action	Corruption
Chicanery	Negative	action	Corruption
Contempt	Negative	action	Corruption
Corrupt	Negative	action	Corruption
Corrupter	Negative	action	Corruption
Crim	Negative	action	Corruption
Debauchery	Negative	action	Corruption
Decadent	Negative	action	Corruption
Deceit	Negative	action	Corruption
Delay	Negative	action	Corruption
Delinquent	Negative	action	Corruption
Delus	Negative	action	Corruption
Deviat	Negative	action	Corruption
Dictator	Negative	action	Corruption
Dictatorship	Negative	action	Corruption
Dishonesty	Negative	action	Corruption
Disloyalty	Negative	action	Corruption
Distort	Negative	action	Corruption
Drunken	Negative	action	Corruption
Evil	Negative	action	Corruption
Extravaganc	Negative	action	Corruption
Extravagant	Negative	action	Corruption
Fals	Negative	action	Corruption
Fault	Negative	action	Corruption
Fraud	Negative	action	Corruption
Frivolous	Negative	action	Corruption
Gossip	Negative	action	Corruption
Greed	Negative	action	Corruption
Idl	Negative	action	Corruption
Idleness	Negative	action	Corruption
Ignobl	Negative	action	Corruption
Illegal	Negative	action	Corruption
Illegitimat	Negative	action	Corruption
Immoderat	Negative	action	Corruption
Immobil	Negative	action	Corruption
Impostor	Negative	action	Corruption
Impostur	Negative	action	Corruption
Improper	Negative	action	Corruption
Inertia	Negative	action	Corruption
Injustic	Negative	action	Corruption

Li	Negative	action	Corruption
Liar	Negative	action	Corruption
Maladjustment	Negative	action	Corruption
Misinform	Negative	action	Corruption
Misl	Negative	action	Corruption
Mislead	Negative	action	Corruption
Mistrust	Negative	action	Corruption
Misus	Negative	action	Corruption
Neglect	Negative	action	Corruption
Nepotism	Negative	action	Corruption
Obscur	Negative	action	Corruption
Obscurity	Negative	action	Corruption
Ostentatious	Negative	action	Corruption
Parasitism	Negative	action	Corruption
Patronag	Negative	action	Corruption
Plunder	Negative	action	Corruption
Pretentiousnes	Negative	action	Corruption
Retrogress	Negative	action	Corruption
Rob	Negative	action	Corruption
Scandal	Negative	action	Corruption
Scandalou	Negative	action	Corruption
Schem	Negative	action	Corruption
Self-enrichment	Negative	action	Corruption
Selfishnes	Negative	action	Corruption
Selfishness	Negative	action	Corruption
Shameful	Negative	action	Corruption
Smuggl	Negative	action	Corruption
Squander	Negative	action	Corruption
Stagnat	Negative	action	Corruption
Stol	Negative	action	Corruption
Stolen	Negative	action	Corruption
Theft	Negative	action	Corruption
Thief	Negative	action	Corruption
Totalitarian	Negative	action	Corruption
Totalitarianism	Negative	action	Corruption
Treachery	Negative	action	Corruption
Trivialiti	Negative	action	Corruption
Triviality	Negative	action	Corruption
Tyranny	Negative	action	Corruption
Ungratful	Negative	action	Corruption
Unjust	Negative	action	Corruption
Vic	Negative	action	Corruption
Wast	Negative	action	Corruption
Wick	Negative	action	Corruption
Abandon	Negative	action	Avoid
Absenc	Negative	action	Avoid
Absent	Negative	action	Avoid
Apathy	Negative	action	Avoid
Avoid	Negative	action	Avoid
Avoidanc	Negative	action	Avoid
Ceas	Negative	action	Avoid
Censorship	Negative	action	Avoid

Cessat	Negative action	Avoid
Deni	Negative action	Avoid
Deny	Negative action	Avoid
Depart	Negative action	Avoid
Detach	Negative action	Avoid
Difficulti	Negative action	Avoid
Difficulty	Negative action	Avoid
Disappear	Negative action	Avoid
Disregard	Negative action	Avoid
Drag	Negative action	Avoid
Fl	Negative action	Avoid
Forsak	Negative action	Avoid
Forsaken	Negative action	Avoid
Incompatibl	Negative action	Avoid
Non-cooperat	Negative action	Avoid
Postpon	Negative action	Avoid
Postponement	Negative action	Avoid
Resistanc	Negative action	Avoid
Retreat	Negative action	Avoid
Unconscious	Negative action	Avoid
Withdraw	Negative action	Avoid
Withdrew	Negative action	Avoid
Withheld	Negative action	Avoid
Withhold	Negative action	Avoid
Abolish	Negative action	Opposition
Abolit	Negative action	Opposition
Abolitionist	Negative action	Opposition
Abus	Negative action	Opposition
Accomplic	Negative action	Opposition
Adversari	Negative action	Opposition
Adversary	Negative action	Opposition
Agent	Negative action	Opposition
Agents-provocateurs	Negative action	Opposition
Aggressor	Negative action	Opposition
Agitat	Negative action	Opposition
Agitator	Negative action	Opposition
Anarchism	Negative action	Opposition
Anarchy	Negative action	Opposition
Assail	Negative action	Opposition
Assassinat	Negative action	Opposition
Berat	Negative action	Opposition
Betrayal	Negative action	Opposition
Betrayer	Negative action	Opposition
Cliqu	Negative action	Opposition
Conspiraci	Negative action	Opposition
Conspiracy	Negative action	Opposition
Contrary	Negative action	Opposition
Counter-revolution	Negative action	Opposition
Counter-revolutionaries	Negative action	Opposition
Counter-revolutionary	Negative action	Opposition
Coup-d-etats	Negative action	Opposition
Criminal	Negative action	Opposition

Deceiver	Negative	action	Opposition
Decept	Negative	action	Opposition
Denunciat	Negative	action	Opposition
Destructiv	Negative	action	Opposition
Detractor	Negative	action	Opposition
Devil	Negative	action	Opposition
Disagreement	Negative	action	Opposition
Disavow	Negative	action	Opposition
Disrupt	Negative	action	Opposition
Disruptiv	Negative	action	Opposition
Dissatisfi	Negative	action	Opposition
Elitism	Negative	action	Opposition
Enemi	Negative	action	Opposition
Enemy	Negative	action	Opposition
Estrang	Negative	action	Opposition
Estrangement	Negative	action	Opposition
Expatriate	Negative	action	Opposition
Grievanc	Negative	action	Opposition
Grumbl	Negative	action	Opposition
Henchman	Negative	action	Opposition
Henchmen	Negative	action	Opposition
Heresi	Negative	action	Opposition
Heresy	Negative	action	Opposition
Intervent	Negative	action	Opposition
Intrigu	Negative	action	Opposition
Liquidate	Negative	action	Opposition
Obstructionist	Negative	action	Opposition
Oppportunism	Negative	action	Opposition
Oppres	Negative	action	Opposition
Oppress	Negative	action	Opposition
Opponent	Negative	action	Opposition
Oppos	Negative	action	Opposition
Opposit	Negative	action	Opposition
Outlaw	Negative	action	Opposition
Overtthrow	Negative	action	Opposition
Perpetrator	Negative	action	Opposition
Plot	Negative	action	Opposition
Profiteer	Negative	action	Opposition
Radical	Negative	action	Opposition
Rascal	Negative	action	Opposition
Reactionari	Negative	action	Opposition
Reactionary	Negative	action	Opposition
Rebell	Negative	action	Opposition
Revolt	Negative	action	Opposition
Rivalri	Negative	action	Opposition
Rivalry	Negative	action	Opposition
Rival	Negative	action	Opposition
Rumormonger	Negative	action	Opposition
Rumor-monger	Negative	action	Opposition
Rumor-mongering	Negative	action	Opposition
Sabotag	Negative	action	Opposition
Sedit	Negative	action	Opposition

Separatism	Negative	action	Opposition
Subvers	Negative	action	Opposition
Subversion	Negative	action	Opposition
Subversiv	Negative	action	Opposition
Subversive	Negative	action	Opposition
Subvert	Negative	action	Opposition
Terrorism	Negative	action	Opposition
Thieves	Negative	action	Opposition
Traitor	Negative	action	Opposition
Treason	Negative	action	Opposition
Trickery	Negative	action	Opposition
Undermin	Negative	action	Opposition
Unseat	Negative	action	Opposition
Wolves	Negative	action	Opposition
Abhorrenc	Negative	action	Hatred
Abominab	Negative	action	Hatred
Abominabl	Negative	action	Hatred
Alienat	Negative	action	Hatred
Anger	Negative	action	Hatred
Angry	Negative	action	Hatred
Antagonism	Negative	action	Hatred
Appal	Negative	action	Hatred
Arroganc	Negative	action	Hatred
Boil	Negative	action	Hatred
Burn	Negative	action	Hatred
Condemnat	Negative	action	Hatred
Contemptuous	Negative	action	Hatred
Deadly	Negative	action	Hatred
Despis	Negative	action	Hatred
Despot	Negative	action	Hatred
Despotism	Negative	action	Hatred
Detest	Negative	action	Hatred
Dirty	Negative	action	Hatred
Dislik	Negative	action	Hatred
Displeas	Negative	action	Hatred
Distrust	Negative	action	Hatred
Embitter	Negative	action	Hatred
Eni	Negative	action	Hatred
Enviou	Negative	action	Hatred
Envy	Negative	action	Hatred
Furiou	Negative	action	Hatred
Fury	Negative	action	Hatred
Grudg	Negative	action	Hatred
Hatr	Negative	action	Hatred
Hostil	Negative	action	Hatred
Hostiliti	Negative	action	Hatred
Hostility	Negative	action	Hatred
Indignant	Negative	action	Hatred
Irritat	Negative	action	Hatred
Jealou	Negative	action	Hatred
Jealousy	Negative	action	Hatred
Lynch	Negative	action	Hatred

Malevolent	Negative	action	Hatred
Oppressiv	Negative	action	Hatred
Oppressor	Negative	action	Hatred
Repudiat	Negative	action	Hatred
Repugnant	Negative	action	Hatred
Sulk	Negative	action	Hatred
Temper	Negative	action	Hatred
Touchy	Negative	action	Hatred
Viciou	Negative	action	Hatred
Vindictiv	Negative	action	Hatred
Accus	Negative	action	Attack
Against	Negative	action	Attack
Aggress	Negative	action	Attack
Aggressiv	Negative	action	Attack
Aggressivenes	Negative	action	Attack
Annoy	Negative	action	Attack
Annoyanc	Negative	action	Attack
Antagoniz	Negative	action	Attack
Anti	Negative	action	Attack
Armageddon	Negative	action	Attack
Assault	Negative	action	Attack
Attack	Negative	action	Attack
Battl	Negative	action	Attack
Belittl	Negative	action	Attack
Belligerent	Negative	action	Attack
Betray	Negative	action	Attack
Blam	Negative	action	Attack
Blast	Negative	action	Attack
Bother	Negative	action	Attack
Clash	Negative	action	Attack
Combat	Negative	action	Attack
Condemn	Negative	action	Attack
Confiscat	Negative	action	Attack
Counterattack	Negative	action	Attack
Counter-attack	Negative	action	Attack
Criticism	Negative	action	Attack
Criticiz	Negative	action	Attack
Cruel	Negative	action	Attack
Curs	Negative	action	Attack
Damag	Negative	action	Attack
Damn	Negative	action	Attack
Defeat	Negative	action	Attack
Denounc	Negative	action	Attack
Destroy	Negative	action	Attack
Destruct	Negative	action	Attack
Deter	Negative	action	Attack
Deterr	Negative	action	Attack
Deterrenc	Negative	action	Attack
Deterrant	Negative	action	Attack
Disapprov	Negative	action	Attack
Disapproval	Negative	action	Attack
Disprov	Negative	action	Attack

Disput	Negative	action	Attack
Embargo	Negative	action	Attack
Embarras	Negative	action	Attack
Expos	Negative	action	Attack
Fighter	Negative	action	Attack
Fierc	Negative	action	Attack
Fight	Negative	action	Attack
Fought	Negative	action	Attack
Harm	Negative	action	Attack
Hurt	Negative	action	Attack
Insult	Negative	action	Attack
Interfer	Negative	action	Attack
Intimidat	Negative	action	Attack
Invad	Negative	action	Attack
Invas	Negative	action	Attack
Irk	Negative	action	Attack
Mischieviou	Negative	action	Attack
Mistreat	Negative	action	Attack
Mock	Negative	action	Attack
Offensiv	Negative	action	Attack
Overcom	Negative	action	Attack
Pettines	Negative	action	Attack
Prob	Negative	action	Attack
Protest	Negative	action	Attack
Punish	Negative	action	Attack
Punishment	Negative	action	Attack
Quarrel	Negative	action	Attack
Raid	Negative	action	Attack
Ravag	Negative	action	Attack
Rearm	Negative	action	Attack
Rearmament	Negative	action	Attack
Rebel	Negative	action	Attack
Ridicul	Negative	action	Attack
Scapegoat	Negative	action	Attack
Scorn	Negative	action	Attack
Seizur	Negative	action	Attack
Shot	Negative	action	Attack
Slanderou	Negative	action	Attack
Smash	Negative	action	Attack
Strif	Negative	action	Attack
Strik	Negative	action	Attack
Struck	Negative	action	Attack
Tear	Negative	action	Attack
Trap	Negative	action	Attack
Unconquerabl	Negative	action	Attack
Uproot	Negative	action	Attack
Usurp	Negative	action	Attack
Vilificat	Negative	action	Attack
Violat	Negative	action	Attack
Violenc	Negative	action	Attack
Violent	Negative	action	Attack
War	Negative	action	Attack

Warfar	Negative	action	Attack	
Warmonger	Negative	action	Attack	
Wreck	Negative	action	Attack	
Ban	Negative	action	Expel	
Discharg	Negative	action	Expel	
Dispel	Negative	action	Expel	
Dispos	Negative	action	Expel	
Disposal	Negative	action	Expel	
Drain	Negative	action	Expel	
Drop	Negative	action	Expel	
Eliminat	Negative	action	Expel	
Eradicat	Negative	action	Expel	
Exclud	Negative	action	Expel	
Expel	Negative	action	Expel	
Reject	Negative	action	Expel	
Relinquish	Negative	action	Expel	
Riddanc	Negative	action	Expel	
Scatter	Negative	action	Expel	
Spit	Negative	action	Expel	
Accident	Negative	action	Danger	theme
Alarm	Negative	action	Danger	theme
Alarmed	Negative	action	Danger	theme
Alarming	Negative	action	Danger	theme
Bear	Negative	action	Danger	theme
Beast	Negative	action	Danger	theme
Blaz	Negative	action	Danger	theme
Burst	Negative	action	Danger	theme
Cag	Negative	action	Danger	theme
Chain	Negative	action	Danger	theme
Cris	Negative	action	Danger	theme
Crisi	Negative	action	Danger	theme
Danger	Negative	action	Danger	theme
Dangerou	Negative	action	Danger	theme
Endanger	Negative	action	Danger	theme
Flood	Negative	action	Danger	theme
Ghost	Negative	action	Danger	theme
Gun	Negative	action	Danger	theme
Hazard	Negative	action	Danger	theme
Jeopardiz	Negative	action	Danger	theme
Menac	Negative	action	Danger	theme
Menace	Negative	action	Danger	theme
Miscalculat	Negative	action	Danger	theme
Nak	Negative	action	Danger	theme
Nazi	Negative	action	Danger	theme
Ominou	Negative	action	Danger	theme
Peril	Negative	action	Danger	theme
Poison	Negative	action	Danger	theme
Precarious	Negative	action	Danger	theme
Prison	Negative	action	Danger	theme
Prisoner	Negative	action	Danger	theme
Raw	Negative	action	Danger	theme
Reckles	Negative	action	Danger	theme

Recklessnes	Negative	action	Danger	theme
Risk	Negative	action	Danger	theme
Risky	Negative	action	Danger	theme
Threat	Negative	action	Danger	theme
Threaten	Negative	action	Danger	theme
Trick	Negative	action	Danger	theme
Unknown	Negative	action	Danger	theme
Wild	Negative	action	Danger	theme
Afraid	Negative	action	Distress	
Anxieti	Negative	action	Distress	
Anxiety	Negative	action	Distress	
Anxiou	Negative	action	Distress	
Apprehension	Negative	action	Distress	
Asham	Negative	action	Distress	
Bl	Negative	action	Distress	
Ble	Negative	action	Distress	
Burden	Negative	action	Distress	
Burnt	Negative	action	Distress	
Complain	Negative	action	Distress	
Conflict	Negative	action	Distress	
Confus	Negative	action	Distress	
Crash	Negative	action	Distress	
Cri	Negative	action	Distress	
Cry	Negative	action	Distress	
Deject	Negative	action	Distress	
Depress	Negative	action	Distress	
Depressed	Negative	action	Distress	
Despair	Negative	action	Distress	
Desperat	Negative	action	Distress	
Despondency	Negative	action	Distress	
Despondent	Negative	action	Distress	
Difficult	Negative	action	Distress	
Disappoint	Negative	action	Distress	
Disappointing	Negative	action	Distress	
Disappointment	Negative	action	Distress	
Disaster	Negative	action	Distress	
Discomfort	Negative	action	Distress	
Discourag	Negative	action	Distress	
Disgust	Negative	action	Distress	
Dishearten	Negative	action	Distress	
Dishonor	Negative	action	Distress	
Disillusionment	Negative	action	Distress	
Distres	Negative	action	Distress	
Disturb	Negative	action	Distress	
Disturbanc	Negative	action	Distress	
Dread	Negative	action	Distress	
Embarrassment	Negative	action	Distress	
Emergenci	Negative	action	Distress	
Emergency	Negative	action	Distress	
Endur	Negative	action	Distress	
Faint	Negative	action	Distress	
Fear	Negative	action	Distress	

Fearful	Negative	action	Distress
Fever	Negative	action	Distress
Feverish	Negative	action	Distress
Formidabl	Negative	action	Distress
Fright	Negative	action	Distress
Frighten	Negative	action	Distress
Frustrat	Negative	action	Distress
Futil	Negative	action	Distress
Futility	Negative	action	Distress
Gloomy	Negative	action	Distress
Grief	Negative	action	Distress
Groan	Negative	action	Distress
Guilt	Negative	action	Distress
Guilty	Negative	action	Distress
Hardship	Negative	action	Distress
Haras	Negative	action	Distress
Harras	Negative	action	Distress
Harassment	Negative	action	Distress
Hesitant	Negative	action	Distress
Hesitat	Negative	action	Distress
Hopeles	Negative	action	Distress
Horror	Negative	action	Distress
Horrifi	Negative	action	Distress
Howl	Negative	action	Distress
Indecision	Negative	action	Distress
Inflict	Negative	action	Distress
Injur	Negative	action	Distress
Injury	Negative	action	Distress
Insecur	Negative	action	Distress
Insecurity	Negative	action	Distress
Jam	Negative	action	Distress
Lonelines	Negative	action	Distress
Miserabl	Negative	action	Distress
Miseri	Negative	action	Distress
Misery	Negative	action	Distress
Misfortun	Negative	action	Distress
Mistreatment	Negative	action	Distress
Nervou	Negative	action	Distress
Offend	Negative	action	Distress
Pain	Negative	action	Distress
Perturb	Negative	action	Distress
Piti	Negative	action	Distress
Pity	Negative	action	Distress
Plagu	Negative	action	Distress
Problem	Negative	action	Distress
Ruinous	Negative	action	Distress
Sad	Negative	action	Distress
Scar	Negative	action	Distress
Scream	Negative	action	Distress
Sham	Negative	action	Distress
Shock	Negative	action	Distress
Sorrow	Negative	action	Distress

Sorry	Negative	action	Distress
Suffer	Negative	action	Distress
Terrifi	Negative	action	Distress
Terror	Negative	action	Distress
Torn	Negative	action	Distress
Trembl	Negative	action	Distress
Troubl	Negative	action	Distress
Uncertain	Negative	action	Distress
Uncomfortabl	Negative	action	Distress
Uneasines	Negative	action	Distress
Unfortunat	Negative	action	Distress
Unhappy	Negative	action	Distress
Unjustifi	Negative	action	Distress
Upset	Negative	action	Distress
Vexatiou	Negative	action	Distress
Vicissitud	Negative	action	Distress
Weep	Negative	action	Distress
Worri	Negative	action	Distress
Worrisome	Negative	action	Distress
Worry	Negative	action	Distress
Wound	Negative	action	Distress
Buri	Negative	action	Death theme
Burial	Negative	action	Death theme
Bury	Negative	action	Death theme
Crush	Negative	action	Death theme
Dark	Negative	action	Death theme
Darknes	Negative	action	Death theme
Decay	Negative	action	Death theme
Di	Negative	action	Death theme
Drown	Negative	action	Death theme
Dust	Negative	action	Death theme
Expir	Negative	action	Death theme
Expirat	Negative	action	Death theme
Fatal	Negative	action	Death theme
Fate	Negative	action	Death theme
Freez	Negative	action	Death theme
Froz	Negative	action	Death theme
Frozen	Negative	action	Death theme
Grav	Negative	action	Death theme
Griev	Negative	action	Death theme
Hell	Negative	action	Death theme
Kill	Negative	action	Death theme
Mourn	Negative	action	Death theme
Perish	Negative	action	Death theme
Perishabl	Negative	action	Death theme
Slain	Negative	action	Death theme
Slay	Negative	action	Death theme
Slew	Negative	action	Death theme
Strangl	Negative	action	Death theme
Suicid	Negative	action	Death theme
Suicidal	Negative	action	Death theme
Tragedy	Negative	action	Death theme

Tragic	Negative action	Death theme
Tragical	Negative action	Death theme
Victim	Negative action	Death theme
Warhead	Negative action	Death theme
Fair	Negative action	Positive
Ordinary	Negative action	Regular
Enduranc	Negative action	Competence
Unreservedly	Negative action	Approve
Incomparab	Negative action	Glorious
Incomparabl	Negative action	Glorious
Tremendous	Negative action	Glorious
Drastical	Negative action	Very
Elaborat	Negative action	Very
Frightfully	Negative action	Very
Unqualifi	Negative action	Very
Audacious	Negative action	Vital
Indispensabl	Negative action	Vital
Bondag	Negative action	Status
Borrower	Negative action	Status
Captiv	Negative action	Status
Degrad	Negative action	Status
Depend	Negative action	Status
Dependenc	Negative action	Status
Dependency	Negative action	Status
Dependent	Negative action	Status
Depriv	Negative action	Status
Deprivat	Negative action	Status
Disadvantag	Negative action	Status
Enslav	Negative action	Status
Enslavement	Negative action	Status
Handicap	Negative action	Status
Handicapp	Negative action	Status
Have-not	Negative action	Status
Humiliat	Negative action	Status
Indignity	Negative action	Status
Inequaliti	Negative action	Status
Inequality	Negative action	Status
Inequitabl	Negative action	Status
Inequiti	Negative action	Status
Inferior	Negative action	Status
Inferiority	Negative action	Status
Insufficient	Negative action	Status
Master	Negative action	Status
Mastership	Negative action	Status
Minoriti	Negative action	Status
Mister	Negative action	Status
Repress	Negative action	Status
Secondary	Negative action	Status
Servant	Negative action	Status
Serving-boy	Negative action	Status
Servitud	Negative action	Status
Sir	Negative action	Status

Slav	Negative	action	Status
Slavery	Negative	action	Status
Subdu	Negative	action	Status
Submis	Negative	action	Status
Submission	Negative	action	Status
Submissiv	Negative	action	Status
Submit	Negative	action	Status
Subordinat	Negative	action	Status
Subserviency	Negative	action	Status
Vasselage	Negative	action	Status
Yield	Negative	action	Status
Yok	Negative	action	Status
Bomb	Negative	action	International
Alien	Negative	action	Imperialism
Anti-american	Negative	action	Imperialism
Anticolonialism	Negative	action	Imperialism
Bully	Negative	action	Imperialism
Client-state	Negative	action	Imperialism
Coloni	Negative	action	Imperialism
Colonial	Negative	action	Imperialism
Colonialist	Negative	action	Imperialism
Colonialism	Negative	action	Imperialism
Colonist	Negative	action	Imperialism
Colonial-office	Negative	action	Imperialism
Coloniz	Negative	action	Imperialism
Colonizat	Negative	action	Imperialism
Colonizer	Negative	action	Imperialism
Colony	Negative	action	Imperialism
Empir	Negative	action	Imperialism
Exploit	Negative	action	Imperialism
Exploitable	Negative	action	Imperialism
Exploiter	Negative	action	Imperialism
Exploitat	Negative	action	Imperialism
Fascist	Negative	action	Imperialism
Foreign	Negative	action	Imperialism
Foreigner	Negative	action	Imperialism
Hegemony	Negative	action	Imperialism
Imperial	Negative	action	Imperialism
Imperialism	Negative	action	Imperialism
Imperialist	Negative	action	Imperialism
Imperialistic	Negative	action	Imperialism
Mother-country	Negative	action	Imperialism
Neo-colonial	Negative	action	Imperialism
Neo-colonialism	Negative	action	Imperialism
Neo-colonialist	Negative	action	Imperialism
Paternalism	Negative	action	Imperialism
Paternalistic	Negative	action	Imperialism
Shackl	Negative	action	Imperialism
Subjugat	Negative	action	Imperialism
Suppres	Negative	action	Imperialism
Suppress	Negative	action	Imperialism
Britain	Negative	action	Britain

British	Negative	action	Britain
England	Negative	action	Britain
English	Negative	action	Britain
Federation-of-france-oversea	Negative	action	France
French	Negative	action	France
French-community	Negative	action	France
French-national-assembly	Negative	action	France
Elit	Negative	action	Class
French-equatorial-africa	Negative	action	Africa
French-west-africa	Negative	action	Africa
Chauvinism	Negative	action	Nationalism
Fatherland	Negative	action	Nationalism
Incest	Negative	action	Tribalism
Apartheid	Negative	action	Race
Bigotry	Negative	action	Race
Black	Negative	action	Race
Discriminat	Negative	action	Race
Discriminatory	Negative	action	Race
Intoleranc	Negative	action	Race
Prejudic	Negative	action	Race
Racialism	Negative	action	Race
Racial	Negative	action	Race
Racism	Negative	action	Race
Racist	Negative	action	Race
Yes-yes	Negative	action	Race
Balkan	Negative	action	Divide
Balkanizat	Negative	action	Divide
Breach	Negative	action	Divide
Disaccord	Negative	action	Divide
Discord	Negative	action	Divide
Disharmony	Negative	action	Divide
Disintegrat	Negative	action	Divide
Disorganiz	Negative	action	Divide
Disunion	Negative	action	Divide
Disunit	Negative	action	Divide
Disunity	Negative	action	Divide
Divid	Negative	action	Divide
Fractional	Negative	action	Divide
Fractionalis	Negative	action	Divide
Fractur	Negative	action	Divide
Polaris	Negative	action	Divide
Polariz	Negative	action	Divide
Secess	Negative	action	Divide
Segregat	Negative	action	Divide
Separat	Negative	action	Divide
Split	Negative	action	Divide
Unbind	Negative	action	Freedom
Unti	Negative	action	Freedom
Deadlock	Negative	action	Political
Apostat	Negative	action	Party
Renegad	Negative	action	Party
Saboteur	Negative	action	Party

Prosecut	Negative action	Judicial
Trial	Negative action	Judicial
Arm	Negative action	Military
Armament	Negative action	Military
Armi	Negative action	Military
Army	Negative action	Military
Arsenal	Negative action	Military
Ballistic	Negative action	Military
Battlefield	Negative action	Military
Militaristic	Negative action	Military
Military	Negative action	Military
Regimentat	Negative action	Military
Wartim	Negative action	Military
Weapon	Negative action	Military
Insufficiency	Negative action	Social welfare
Depreciat	Negative action	Finance
Blind	Negative action	Health
Cripppl	Negative action	Health
Disabl	Negative action	Health
Diseas	Negative action	Health
Germ	Negative action	Health
Deplet	Negative action	Economic
Anti-labor	Negative action	Industrial
Anti-trust	Negative action	Industrial
Antitrust	Negative action	Industrial

Observer	Passive	They
Another	Passive	Quantity
Any	Passive	Quantity
Big	Passive	Quantity
Proport	Passive	Quantity
Specific	Passive	Quantity
Thin	Passive	Quantity
Acros	Passive	Space
Along	Passive	Space
Among	Passive	Space
Area	Passive	Space
Around	Passive	Space
Asid	Passive	Space
Atmospher	Passive	Space
Away	Passive	Space
Back	Passive	Space
Behind	Passive	Space
Besid	Passive	Space
Between	Passive	Space
Beyond	Passive	Space
Situat	Passive	Space
Ag	Passive	Past
Ago	Passive	Past
Already	Passive	Past
Always	Passive	Past
Annual	Passive	Past

Autumn	Passive	Past
Befor	Passive	Past
Precedent	Passive	Past
Again	Passive	Present
Always	Passive	Present
Awhil	Passive	Present
Wait	Passive	Present
Consequent	Passive	Future
Forseeabl	Passive	Future
Implicat	Passive	Future
Implication	Passive	Future
Trend	Passive	Future
Balanc	Passive	Structure
Classifi	Passive	Structure
Experienc	Passive	Structure
Fact	Passive	Structure
Structur	Passive	Structure
Substanc	Passive	Structure
System	Passive	Structure
Theoretical	Passive	Structure
Theori	Passive	Structure
Theory	Passive	Structure
Way	Passive	Structure
Ambivalenc	Passive	Defense-mech.
Ambivalent	Passive	Defense-mech.
Rationalizat	Passive	Defense-mech.
Reservat	Passive	Defense-mech.
Almost	Passive	If
Circumstanc	Passive	If
Condit	Passive	If
Might	Passive	If
Prospect	Passive	If
Conscience	Passive	Dught
Must	Passive	Dught
Dught	Passive	Dught
Shall	Passive	Dught
Should	Passive	Dught
Supposed	Passive	Dught
Would	Passive	Dught
Identical	Passive	Equal
Resembl	Passive	Equal
Sam	Passive	Equal
Similar	Passive	Equal
Similariti	Passive	Equal
Similarity	Passive	Equal
Differ	Passive	Not
Differenc	Passive	Not
Different	Passive	Not
Acquaint	Passive	Sense
Appear	Passive	Sense
Appearanc	Passive	Sense
Awar	Passive	Sense

Awarenes	Passive	Sense
Consciou	Passive	Sense
Feel	Passive	Sense
Feelings	Passive	Sense
Feels	Passive	Sense
Felt	Passive	Sense
Gaz	Passive	Sense
Glanc	Passive	Sense
Glimps	Passive	Sense
Hear	Passive	Sense
Heard	Passive	Sense
Listen	Passive	Sense
Look	Passive	Sense
Notic	Passive	Sense
Observ	Passive	Sense
Observat	Passive	Sense
Outlook	Passive	Sense
Realiz	Passive	Sense
Realizat	Passive	Sense
Regard	Passive	Sense
Saw	Passive	Sense
See	Passive	Sense
Seem	Passive	Sense
Seen	Passive	Sense
Sees	Passive	Sense
Sens	Passive	Sense
Sight	Passive	Sense
Touch	Passive	Sense
Visualiz	Passive	Sense
Abstract	Passive	Think
Analogi	Passive	Think
Analogou	Passive	Think
Analogous	Passive	Think
Analogy	Passive	Think
Analys	Passive	Think
Analysi	Passive	Think
Analyst	Passive	Think
Analytic	Passive	Think
Analyz	Passive	Think
Ascertain	Passive	Think
Aspect	Passive	Think
Assum	Passive	Think
Assumpt	Passive	Think
Attitud	Passive	Think
Calculat	Passive	Think
Choic	Passive	Think
Compos	Passive	Think
Comprehend	Passive	Think
Conceiv	Passive	Think
Concentrat	Passive	Think
Concept	Passive	Think
Concern	Passive	Think

Consciousnes	Passive	Think
Consider	Passive	Think
Constru	Passive	Think
Contemplat	Passive	Think
Contemplati	Passive	Think
Decid	Passive	Think
Defin	Passive	Think
Definit	Passive	Think
Devis	Passive	Think
Differentiat	Passive	Think
Discover	Passive	Think
Envisag	Passive	Think
Estimat	Passive	Think
Evaluat	Passive	Think
Examin	Passive	Think
Examination	Passive	Think
Exempl	Passive	Think
Formulat	Passive	Think
Foresight	Passive	Think
Gues	Passive	Think
Illus	Passive	Think
Imagin	Passive	Think
Imaginat	Passive	Think
Imaginativ	Passive	Think
Indirect	Passive	Think
Informat	Passive	Think
Insight	Passive	Think
Inspir	Passive	Think
Knew	Passive	Think
Know	Passive	Think
Knowledg	Passive	Think
Known	Passive	Think
Mean	Passive	Think
Meanining	Passive	Think
Meant	Passive	Think
Notion	Passive	Think
Perceiv	Passive	Think
Percept	Passive	Think
Perceptib	Passive	Think
Perceptibl	Passive	Think
Proposal	Passive	Think
Prov	Passive	Think
Proven	Passive	Think
Recal	Passive	Think
Reflect	Passive	Think
Remember	Passive	Think
Scrutinize	Passive	Think
Scrutiny	Passive	Think
Suppos	Passive	Think
Survey	Passive	Think
Suspect	Passive	Think
Think	Passive	Think

Thought	Passive	Think
Aloud	Passive	Communicate
Ask	Passive	Communicate
Communicat	Passive	Communicate
Confirm	Passive	Communicate
Convers	Passive	Communicate
Conversat	Passive	Communicate
Declar	Passive	Communicate
Describ	Passive	Communicate
Description	Passive	Communicate
Discus	Passive	Communicate
Discuss	Passive	Communicate
Explain	Passive	Communicate
Express	Passive	Communicate
Illustrat	Passive	Communicate
Indicat	Passive	Communicate
Inform	Passive	Communicate
Inquiry	Passive	Communicate
Interact	Passive	Communicate
Interview	Passive	Communicate
Mention	Passive	Communicate
Nam	Passive	Communicate
Perspectiv	Passive	Communicate
Preach	Passive	Communicate
Prophesi	Passive	Communicate
Prophecy	Passive	Communicate
Question	Passive	Communicate
Quot	Passive	Communicate
Recall	Passive	Communicate
Refer	Passive	Communicate
Referenc	Passive	Communicate
Register	Passive	Communicate
Relat	Passive	Communicate
Remark	Passive	Communicate
Remind	Passive	Communicate
Reminder	Passive	Communicate
Renounc	Passive	Communicate
Repeat	Passive	Communicate
Repli	Passive	Communicate
Reply	Passive	Communicate
Report	Passive	Communicate
Request	Passive	Communicate
Respons	Passive	Communicate
Restat	Passive	Communicate
Restatement	Passive	Communicate
Retort	Passive	Communicate
Reveal	Passive	Communicate
Said	Passive	Communicate
Say	Passive	Communicate
Show	Passive	Communicate
Shown	Passive	Communicate
Sign	Passive	Communicate

Signal	Passive	Communicate
Sound	Passive	Communicate
Speak	Passive	Communicate
Speech	Passive	Communicate
Spok	Passive	Communicate
Spoken	Passive	Communicate
Statement	Passive	Communicate
Suggest	Passive	Communicate
Talk	Passive	Communicate
Tel	Passive	Communicate
Tell	Passive	Communicate
Tendency	Passive	Communicate
Told	Passive	Communicate
Translat	Passive	Communicate
Utter	Passive	Communicate
Bas	Passive	Cause
Basi	Passive	Cause
Basic	Passive	Cause
Basical	Passive	Cause
Basis	Passive	Cause
Consequenc	Passive	Cause
Doctrin	Passive	Cause
Dogma	Passive	Cause
Dogmatism	Passive	Cause
Evok	Passive	Cause
Faith	Passive	Cause
Idea	Passive	Cause
Impuls	Passive	Cause
Desir	Passive	Wish
Desirabl	Passive	Wish
Dream	Passive	Wish
Dreamt	Passive	Wish
Inclinat	Passive	Wish
Inspirat	Passive	Wish
Intend	Passive	Wish
Intent	Passive	Wish
Wish	Passive	Wish
Wishful	Passive	Wish
Yearn	Passive	Wish
Await	Passive	Initiate action
Bid	Passive	Initiate action
Call	Passive	Initiate action
Inquir	Passive	Initiate action
Purpos	Passive	Initiate action
Reconsider	Passive	Initiate action
Sought	Passive	Initiate action
Tactic	Passive	Initiate action
Tactical	Passive	Initiate action
Awak	Passive	Approach
Could	Passive	Approach
Forgiv	Passive	Approach
Forgiven	Passive	Approach

Forgiveness	Passive	Approach
Guarantee	Passive	Approach
Guarantor	Passive	Approach
Influx	Passive	Approach
Manifestation	Passive	Approach
Propose	Passive	Approach
Relaxation	Passive	Approach
Awake	Passive	Move
Count	Passive	Move
Drift	Passive	Move
Investigation	Passive	Move
Maneuver	Passive	Move
Maneuver	Passive	Move
Meet	Passive	Move
Meets	Passive	Move
Suspend	Passive	Move
Found	Passive	Get
Receive	Passive	Get
Reserve	Passive	Possess
Encourage	Passive	Guide
Guard	Passive	Guide
Guardian	Passive	Guide
Guardianship	Passive	Guide
Guide	Passive	Guide
Influence	Passive	Guide
Persuade	Passive	Guide
Persuasion	Passive	Guide
Reassurance	Passive	Guide
Tend	Passive	Guide
Decide	Passive	Control
Permit	Passive	Control
Concur	Passive	Combine
Illusion	Passive	Incompetence
Illusory	Passive	Incompetence
Unnecessary	Passive	Incompetence
Pretense	Passive	Bad
Pretext	Passive	Bad
Overlook	Passive	Corruption
Forget	Passive	Avoid
Forgot	Passive	Avoid
Forgotten	Passive	Avoid
Ignore	Passive	Avoid
Suspicion	Passive	Avoid
Swear	Passive	Hatred
Bit	Passive	Attack
Interrupt	Passive	Attack
Warn	Passive	Danger theme
Bitten	Passive	Distress
Decline	Passive	Distress
Exasperation	Passive	Distress
Melt	Passive	Distress
Passive	Passive	Distress

Regret	Passive	Distress
Regrettab	Passive	Distress
Regrettabl	Passive	Distress
Decisiv	Passive	Positive
Relevanc	Passive	Regular
Relevant	Passive	Regular
Semblanc	Passive	Regular
Dedicat	Passive	Competence
Explicit	Passive	Competence
Faithful	Passive	Competence
Predict	Passive	Competence
Predictab	Passive	Competence
Predictabl	Passive	Competence
Systematic	Passive	Competence
Consent	Passive	Approve
Intrust	Passive	Approve
Promis	Passive	Approve
Relax	Passive	Pleasure
Rest	Passive	Pleasure
Influential	Passive	Glorious
Remarkab	Passive	Glorious
Undoubted	Passive	Very
Undoubtedly	Passive	Very
Appeas	Passive	Status
Appeasement	Passive	Status
Appeaser	Passive	Status
Reli	Passive	Status
Devolv	Passive	Progress
Explanat	Passive	Progress
Ideai	Passive	Progress
Atomic	Passive	International
Counterbalanc	Passive	International
Belgian	Passive	Imperialism
Belgian-congo	Passive	Imperialism
America	Passive	West
American	Passive	West
Argentina	Passive	West
Atlantic-alliance	Passive	West
Australia	Passive	West
Austria	Passive	West
Belgium	Passive	West
Albania	Passive	East
Algeria	Passive	Neutral
Neutral	Passive	Neutral
Bechuanaland	Passive	Africa
Imag	Passive	Nationalism
Anloga	Passive	Tribalism
Black-africa	Passive	Race
Toleranc	Passive	Race
Tolerant	Passive	Race
Tolerat	Passive	Race
Divis	Passive	Divide

Familiarity	Parochial	Regular
Companionship	Parochial	Approve
Maid	Parochial	Status
Bandung	Parochial	Neutral
Bourgeois	Parochial	Class
Bourgeoisie	Parochial	Class
Clas	Parochial	Class
Guerze	Parochial	Guinea
Guinea-of-the-foutah	Parochial	Guinea
Guinea-of-the-mandings	Parochial	Guinea
Aboso	Parochial	Tribalism
Achimota	Parochial	Tribalism
Akasombo	Parochial	Tribalism
Akuse	Parochial	Tribalism
Ankase	Parochial	Tribalism
Asamankese	Parochial	Tribalism
Asantenan-council	Parochial	Tribalism
Asanwinso	Parochial	Tribalism
Ashanti	Parochial	Tribalism
Assin-foso	Parochial	Tribalism
Baga	Parochial	Tribalism
Bamako	Parochial	Tribalism
Baolule	Parochial	Tribalism
Baram-bakie	Parochial	Tribalism
Bekima	Parochial	Tribalism
Bights-of-benim	Parochial	Tribalism
Bobikuma	Parochial	Tribalism
Ceremoni	Parochial	Tribalism
Ceremonial	Parochial	Tribalism
Ceremony	Parochial	Tribalism
Chief	Parochial	Tribalism
Chiefdom	Parochial	Tribalism
Chiefs-of-circumscription	Parochial	Tribalism
Clan	Parochial	Tribalism
Cottag	Parochial	Tribalism
Council-of-notables	Parochial	Tribalism
Council-of-villages	Parochial	Tribalism
Custom	Parochial	Tribalism
Dioula	Parochial	Tribalism
Drum	Parochial	Tribalism
Drumbeat	Parochial	Tribalism
Elder	Parochial	Tribalism
Ethnic	Parochial	Tribalism
Ethnocentric	Parochial	Tribalism
Ethnocentrism	Parochial	Tribalism
Fami	Parochial	Tribalism
Famili	Parochial	Tribalism
Folk	Parochial	Tribalism
Folksong	Parochial	Tribalism
Foulah	Parochial	Tribalism
Handicraft	Parochial	Tribalism
Horn	Parochial	Tribalism

House-of-chiefs	Parochial	Tribalism
Hut	Parochial	Tribalism
Joint-provincial-council-of-	Parochial	Tribalism
Koukou	Parochial	Tribalism
Kulungugu	Parochial	Tribalism
Kumasi	Parochial	Tribalism
Lion	Parochial	Tribalism
Magic	Parochial	Tribalism
Magician	Parochial	Tribalism
Malinke	Parochial	Tribalism
Marabout	Parochial	Tribalism
Mask	Parochial	Tribalism
Obuasi	Parochial	Tribalism
Ouolof	Parochial	Tribalism
Paintings	Parochial	Tribalism
Peul	Parochial	Tribalism
Polygamy	Parochial	Tribalism
Ritual	Parochial	Tribalism
Sorcerer	Parochial	Tribalism
Sousou	Parochial	Tribalism
Soussou	Parochial	Tribalism
Spear	Parochial	Tribalism
Statuettes	Parochial	Tribalism
Tom-tom	Parochial	Tribalism
Trib	Parochial	Tribalism
Tribal	Parochial	Tribalism
Tribalism	Parochial	Tribalism
Villag	Parochial	Tribalism
Wizard	Parochial	Tribalism
Xenophobia	Parochial	Tribalism
Balkanization	Parochial	Divide
Bimbila	Parochial	Divide
County	Parochial	Government
Compan	Parochial	Military
Compani	Parochial	Military
Company	Parochial	Military
Hom	Parochial	Social welfare
Estat	Parochial	Agriculture
Hous	Parochial	Urbanization
Household	Parochial	Urbanization
Resident	Parochial	Urbanization
Backwardnes	Parochial	History
Cultur	Parochial	History
Cultural	Parochial	History
Customary	Parochial	History
Descendant	Parochial	History
Feudal	Parochial	History
Feudalism	Parochial	History
Feudalist	Parochial	History
Forefather	Parochial	History
Heir	Parochial	History
Heritag	Parochial	History

Hierarchi	Parochial	History
Hierarchy	Parochial	History
Historic	Parochial	History
Historical	Parochial	History
History	Parochial	History
Inherit	Parochial	History
Kingdom	Parochial	History
Legacy	Parochial	History
Legend	Parochial	History
Memori	Parochial	History
Memory	Parochial	History
Myth	Parochial	History
Mythical	Parochial	History
Patrimony	Parochial	History
Primitiv	Parochial	History
Regress	Parochial	History
Superstit	Parochial	History
Superstiti	Parochial	History
Traditional	Parochial	History
Abod	Parochial	Local
Ancestor	Parochial	Local
Coastal-guinea	Parochial	Local
Countrysid	Parochial	Local
Decentraliz	Parochial	Local
Decentralizat	Parochial	Local
District	Parochial	Local
Forestal-guinea	Parochial	Local
Local	Parochial	Local
Lower-guinea	Parochial	Local
Northern-territor	Parochial	Local
Parochialism	Parochial	Local
Precinct	Parochial	Local
Provinc	Parochial	Local
Provincial	Parochial	Local
Reg	Parochial	Local
Region	Parochial	Local
Regional	Parochial	Local
Regional-assemb	Parochial	Local
Regional-assembli	Parochial	Local
Regionalist	Parochial	Local
Regionalizat	Parochial	Local
Regionalism	Parochial	Local
Rural	Parochial	Local
Sect	Parochial	Local
Section	Parochial	Local
Sectional	Parochial	Local
Sector	Parochial	Local
Tradit	Parochial	Econ. develop.

Appendix VI

Significant Variables in the Analysis of Variance

Significant Variables from Pirro Dictionary

The values tabled here are such that the probability corresponding to the F-ratio is less than the entry. If a given value is underlined, it satisfies the decision rule of a probability less than .02. If not underlined, it lies between .02 and .10 and has been retained in the table for interest only.

	<u>Country</u>	<u>Time</u>	<u>CxT</u>
1. Self (01)	<u>.001</u>		
2. We (02)	<u>.004</u>		
3. Individual (04)	<u>.001</u>		
4. Mass (06)	<u>.001</u>	.048	
5. Space (08)	<u>.001</u>		
6. Structure (12)	<u>.001</u>	.087	.032
7. Obstacle (13)		<u>.019</u>	
8. Defense mechanism (14)	<u>.001</u>		
9. Ought (16)	<u>.005</u>		
10. Not (18)	<u>.001</u>	<u>.005</u>	
11. Think (20)	<u>.001</u>		.079
12. Initiate action (24)	<u>.004</u>		
13. Guide (29)	<u>.001</u>		.086
14. Danger theme (40)	<u>.004</u>		
15. Positive (43)	<u>.002</u>		
16. Regular (44)	<u>.001</u>		

Significant Variables from Pirro Dictionary

Continued

	<u>Country</u>	<u>Time</u>	<u>CxT</u>
17. Competence (45)		<u>.005</u>	<u>.002</u>
18. Very (49)	.073	<u>.019</u>	<u>.013</u>
19. Progress (52)		<u>.001</u>	
20. International (53)	<u>.006</u>		
21. France (56)	<u>.001</u>	<u>.001</u>	<u>.001</u>
22. The West (57)	<u>.001</u>		.091
23. Neutral (59)	<u>.005</u>		
24. Ghana (61)	<u>.001</u>		
25. Guinea (62)	<u>.001</u>	.034	.039
26. Nationalism (64)		<u>.015</u>	
27. Unity (68)	<u>.001</u>		<u>.017</u>
28. Freedom (69)		<u>.001</u>	
29. Socialism (71)	<u>.001</u>	.059	.073
30. Government (75)	<u>.001</u>		
31. Finance (80)	<u>.014</u>		
32. Economic (82)	<u>.002</u>		
33. Industrial (83)	<u>.001</u>		
34. Agriculture (84)	<u>.001</u>		
35. Ignorance (86)		<u>.014</u>	
36. Legitimacy (89)	<u>.004</u>	<u>.001</u>	<u>.005</u>

Significant Variables from Pirro Dictionary

Continued

	<u>Country</u>	<u>Time</u>	<u>CxT</u>
37. Economic development (90)	<u>.001</u>		
38. Integration (91)	<u>.001</u>	.030	<u>.011</u>
39. Distribution (94)	<u>.024</u>	<u>.011</u>	
40. Passive (97)	<u>.003</u>		

Significant Variables from the Alker Dictionary

The values tabled here are such that the probability corresponding to the F-ratio is less than the entry. If a given value is underlined, it satisfies the decision rule of a probability less than .02. If not underlined, it lies between .02 and .10 and has been retained in the table for interest only.

	<u>Country</u>	<u>Time</u>	<u>CxT</u>
1. Power/other (01)	.086	<u>.002</u>	
2. Power/auth (02)			
3. Power/coop (03)			
4. Power/conflict (04)			
5. Power/doctrine (05)	.098		
6. Power/arena (06)		<u>.001</u>	
7. Power/indulg (07)			
8. Power/depriv (08)			
9. Power/scope			
10. Power/gen. pct.	.035	.040	
11. Power/auth part.			
12. Power/natl leader			.078
13. Power		.075	
14. Rect./scope			
15. Rectitude	.034		
16. Respect	<u>.001</u>		
17. Affection			
18. Wealth/other	<u>.001</u>		
19. Wealth/trans			
20. Wealth/partic.	<u>.006</u>		
21. Wealth	<u>.001</u>		
22. Well-being/somatic		.053	<u>.018</u>
23. Well-being/psychic		.091	
24. Well-being		.027	.029
25. Enlightenment/other	.059		
26. Enlightenment/scope	.050		<u>.018</u>
27. Enlightenment			
28. Skill	<u>.006</u>	.051	
29. Transaction/indulg		.089	
30. Transaction/depriv.			
31. Transaction	<u>.015</u>		
32. Scope		.033	
33. Base	<u>.007</u>		.036
34. Arena	<u>.001</u>	.027	
35. Participant			

Significant Variables from the Alker Dictionary

Continued

	<u>Country</u>	<u>Time</u>	<u>CxT</u>
36. Positive affect		<u>.012</u>	
37. Negative affect			
38. Anomie			
39. Self/selves	<u>.001</u>		.090
40. Other			
41. Time/past			.048
42. Time/present, future	<u>.001</u>		
43. Time			
44. Ideal-value	<u>.022</u>		
45. Action-norm	.030		
46. Arousal/urge	<u>.001</u>		
47. Affection			
48. Pleasure			
49. Distress			
50. Anger			
51. Good	.060		
52. Bad			<u>.001</u>
53. Ought	<u>.001</u>		
54. Communicate			
55. Approach		.031	
56. Guide	<u>.006</u>		
57. Control	<u>.004</u>		
58. Follow	.031		
59. Attack		.072	
60. Avoid	<u>.001</u>		
61. Attempt	.097		
62. Get/Possess			
63. Community	<u>.001</u>		
64. Economic	<u>.001</u>		
65. Legal			
66. Military			
67. Political		.064	
68. Technology	<u>.001</u>		
69. Higher Status			
70. Peer Status			
71. Lower Status			.053
72. Strong			
73. Weak		.099	
74. Accept	<u>.008</u>		
75. Reject			
76. Danger/Death			

Significant Variables from the Alker Dictionary

Continued

	<u>Country</u>	<u>Time</u>	<u>CxT</u>
77. Unification			
78. Nation-Nationalistic			
79. Nation-State		<u>.017</u>	<u>.003</u>
80. UN Family			
81. Unprocesses	<u>.008</u>		
82. Regional organizations		<u>.001</u>	
83. Non-Communist Europe	.028	<u>.001</u>	<u>.001</u>
84. East Europe/USSR	<u>.005</u>		
85. North America	.060		
86. Latin America			
87. Africa			.042
88. North Africa/Near East			
89. Non-Communist Asia	<u>.002</u>	.081	.079
90. Communist Asia	<u>.003</u>		
91. Colonialism			
92. Human Rights			
93. Arms Control			
94. Cold War	<u>.014</u>		
95. Undefined		<u>.013</u>	
96. Undefinable			
97. Abstraction	<u>.001</u>		<u>.012</u>
98. Random-A			
99. Random-B		.046	

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